



मिशन SSC 2023



GENERAL STUDIES - POLITY

भारत का संविधान (INDIAN CONSTITUTION)

पिछली परीक्षा में पूछे गए प्रश्नों के आधार पर

सभी SSC की परीक्षाओं हेतु उपयोगी

BY GS GURU

(((•))) **LIVE** | 04:00 PM



Q1- The Idea of a constituent Assembly was put forward for the first time by:(SSC-CGL 2012)

संविधान सभा का विचार पहली बार किसके द्वारा प्रस्तुत किया गया था-

Swamy Prasad

↓
1924

T.N. Sanyal

↓
1935

(1) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar

(2) Pt. Jawahar lal Nehru

(3) M. N. Roy

(4) Sardar Patel



Q2- हमारे संविधान में न्यायिक पुनरावलोकन की संकल्पना किसके संविधान से ली गई है?

The Concept of Judicial Review in our Constitution has been taken form the Constitution of; (SSC-CHSL 2006)

(1) Canada ✓

(2) England ✓

✓ (3) USA — FR, Post office ✓

(4) Australia ✓
Constitutional
Judicial Review



Q3- The first Session of the Constitutional Assembly was held on-
संविधान सभा का पहला सत्र आयोजित किया गया था?(SSC-MTS 2009)

- Place → Delhi.
members → 21
T.P. → Dr. Sachidanand
+ Sinha
- Permanent President
↓
Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
P.P. → Delhi
- ~~(1)~~ 8th December 1946
 - ~~(2)~~ 9th December 1946
 - ~~(3)~~ 11th December 1946 21
 - ~~(4)~~ 13th December 1946



Q4- The Government of India Act, 1935 led to the establishment of which among the Following institutions? (SSC-CPO-2016)

भारत सरकार अधिनियम, 1935 ने निम्नलिखित में से किस संस्था की स्थापना की?

1935
↓
Dohi

- (1) Federal Court
 - (2) Reserve Bank of India
 - (3) Federal Public Service Commission
 - (4) Council of India
- (1) 1 and 4 only
(2) 2, 3 and 4 only
(3) 1, 2, 3 and 4
 (4) 1, 2 and 3 only



Q5- Who was the Chairman of the Union Power Committee of Constituent Assembly of India? (SSC- CHSL- 2003)

भारत की संविधान सभा की संघ शक्ति समिति के अध्यक्ष कौन थे?

- (1) K. M. Munshi *Order of Business Committee*
- (2) Sardar Patel *Principles Committee*
- (3) Sir Alladi Krishnaswami Ayyar
- ~~(4) Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru~~



Q6- The first day session of Indian Constituent Assembly was chaired by- (SSC- CGL-2016)

भारतीय संविधान सभा के पहले दिन के सत्र की अध्यक्षता किसने की थी?

- (1) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
- (2) Pt. Jawahar lal Nehru
- (3) Dr. Sachchidananda sinha
- (4) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar



Q7- How much time the Constituent Assembly took to frame the constitution of India?(SSC-GD-2015)

भारत का संविधान बनाने में संविधान सभा को कितना समय लगा

- (1) 2 years 7 months 23 days
- (2) 2 years 11 months 18 days
- (3) 3 years 11 months 14 days
- (4) 3 years 11 months 5 days



Q8- The number of members included in the Constitution Drafting committee was; (SSC-CGL 2008)

संविधान सभा के प्रारूप समिति में शामिल सदस्यों की संख्या थी;

141

- ① D R Ambedkar (Chairman)
 - ② N Gopalaswami Ayyangar
 - ③ K M. Munshi (1) 6
 - ④ Syed Mohammad Saadullah (2) 7
 - ⑤ Alladi Krishnaswami Aiyar (3) 8
 - ⑥ N Madhaviah (B L Mulla) (4) 9
 - ⑦ T T Krishnamachari
- ↓
K. P. Thiruvengadam
↓
D. P. Khosla 1948



Q9- How many members were initially there in the Constituent Assembly on India?(SSC-MTS-2011)

भारत की संविधान सभा में प्रारंभ में कितने सदस्य थे?

- British India → 293
दोहा Ruler प्रमुख state → 93
Chief Commissioner 79
Delhi, Pomer-maxon
Coorg 7 Andhra
Pakichistan
- (1) 379
(2) 385
(3) 388
(4) 389



Q10- Who among the following was the Constitutional Advisor of the Constituent Assembly? (SSC-CHSL 2015)

निम्नलिखित में से कौन संविधान सभा का संवैधानिक सलाहकार था?

(1) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar

(2) K. M. Munshi

(3) Sir B. N. Rau

(4) Sardar Patel



Q11- What was the basis for constituting the constituent assembly of india?(SSC-MTS 2004)

भारत की संविधान सभा के गठन का आधार क्या था?

24 मार्च 1946
VICEROY → Lord Wavell
member →
① Sir Patrick Lawrence
② A. V. Alexander
③ Sir Stafford Cripps

- (1) August Offer of 1940
- (2) Cripps proposal of 1942
- (3) The Cabinet Mission plan of 1946
- (4) The Shimla Conference of 1945



Q12- How many times was the Indian Constitution read before it was implemented?
(SSC-CHSL 2013)

भारतीय संविधान को लागू करने से पहले कितनी बार पढ़ा गया था?

1st Reading → 4 November 1948 to 9 Nov 1948
2nd Reading → 15 Nov 1948 to 17 Oct 1949
3rd Reading → 14 Nov 1949 to 26 Nov 1949

15 Jan '50

(1) 1 times

(2) 2 times

(3) 3 times

(4) 4 times



Q13- The Constitution of India was adopted on---(SSC-CPO 2009)

भारत के संविधान को अपनाया गया था --

↓
15 Aug -
↓
Answer

- (1) 26th January 1950
- (2) 26th January 1949
- (3) 26th November 1949
- (4) 15th August 1945



Q14- How many women members were there Constitution in the constituent Assembly?(SSC-GD2019)

संविधान सभा में कितनी महिला सदस्य थीं?

(1) 10

(2) 12

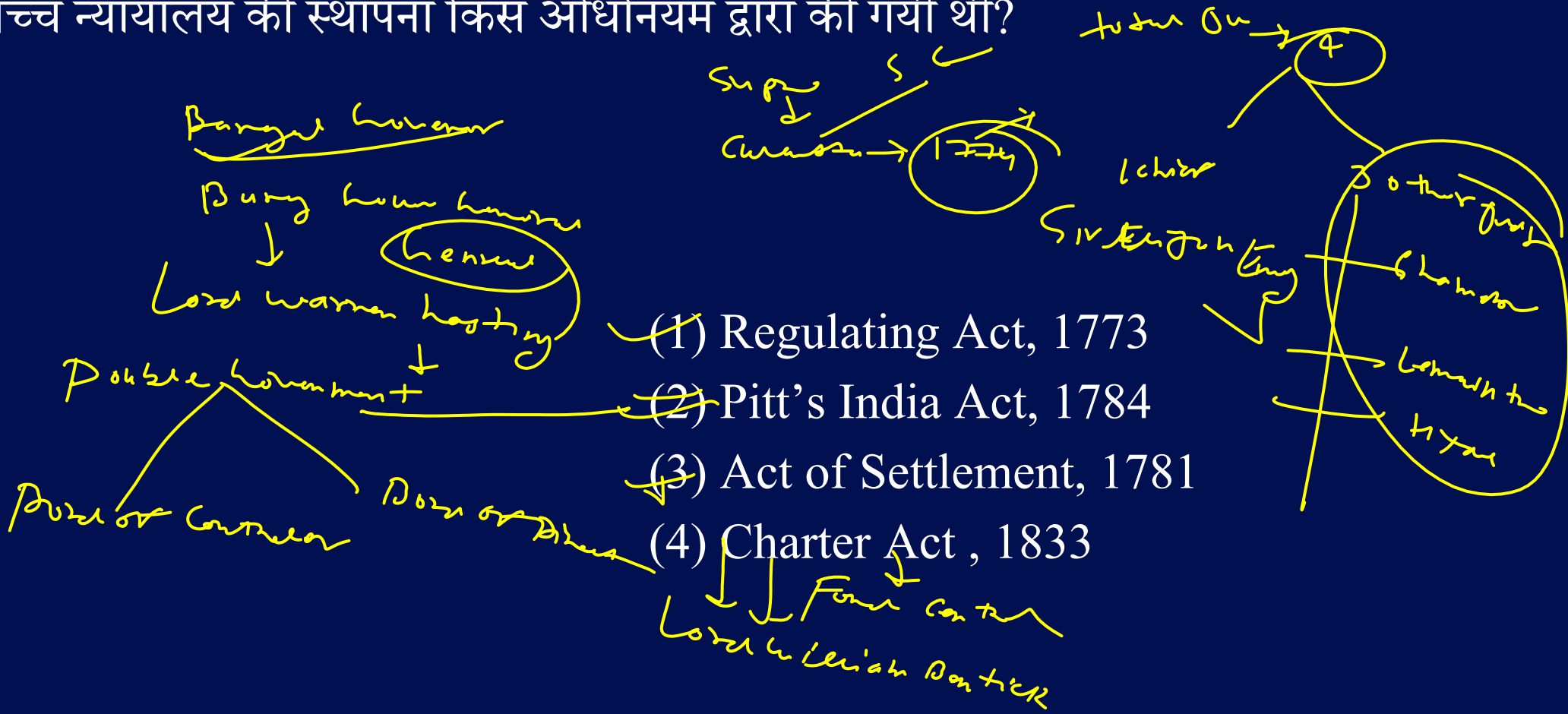
(3) 13

~~(4) 15~~



Q15- The Supreme Court of India was set up by the---(SSC-CGL 2007)

भारत के सर्वोच्च न्यायालय की स्थापना किस अधिनियम द्वारा की गयी थी?





Q16- Who was the Chairman of the House Committee of Constituent Assembly of India?
(SSC- CHSL2014)

भारत की संविधान सभा की सदन समिति के अध्यक्ष कौन थे?

*Fundamental Right
Sub Committee*

(1) Dr. Rajendra Prasad

(2) B. Pattabhi Sitaramaya

(3) J. V. Kriplani

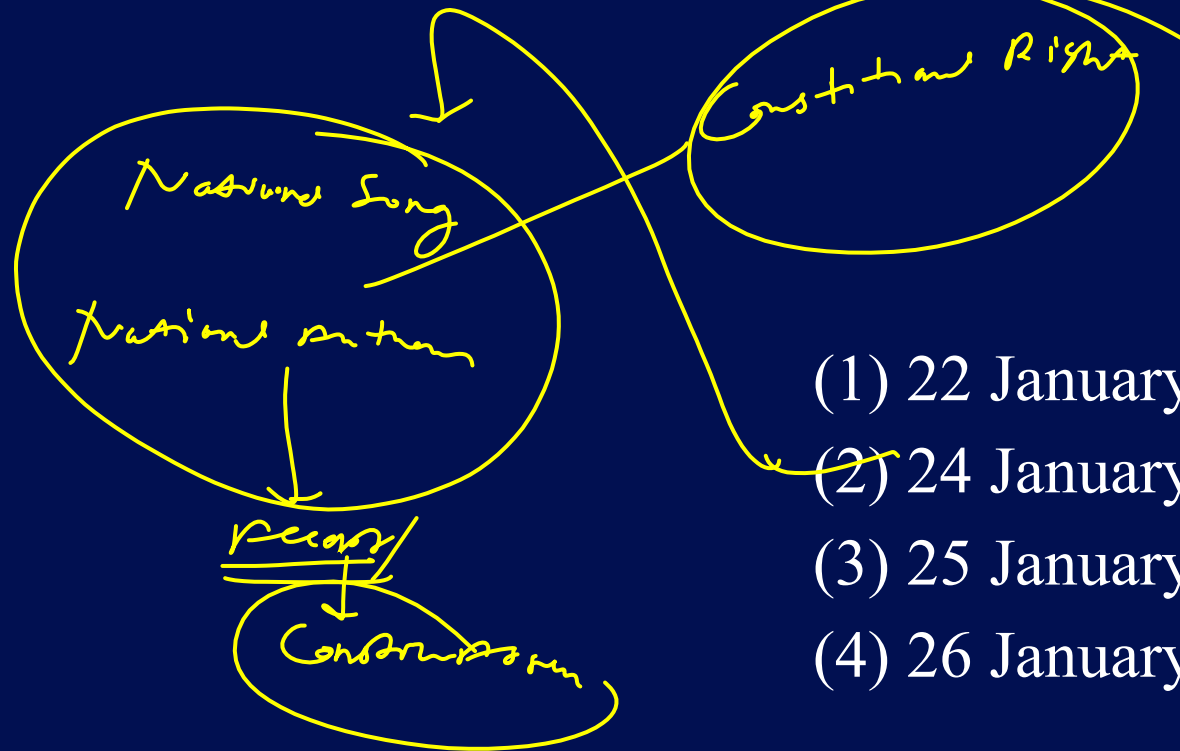
(4) Sardar Patel

Rule of procedure Committee

Parliamentary Committee



Q17- The Last Session of the Constitution Assembly was held on-
संविधान सभा का अंतिम सत्र आयोजित किया गया था-(SSC-MTS2013)



(1) 22 January 1950

(2) 24 January 1950

(3) 25 January 1950

(4) 26 January 1950



Q18- When was Hindi accepted as the official language?

हिन्दी को राजकीय भाषा के रूप में कब स्वीकार किया गया?(SSC-GD2010)

(1) 14 September 1946

(2) 14 September 1947

(3) 14 September 1948

(4) 14 September 1949

Hindi Diwas



Q19- What was the number of Scheduled Tribes in the Constituent Assembly? (SSC-MTS2011)

संविधान सभा में अनुसूचित जनजाति की संख्या कितनी थी?

(1) 15

(2) 20

(3) 33

(4) 43



Q20. Who was the Secretary to the Constituent Assembly?
संविधान सभा के सचिव कौन थे?(SSC-CGL 2013)

- (1) B. N. Rao
- (2) H. V. R. Iyengar
- (3) M. N. Roy
- (4) Sardar Patel