

WEEKEND SPECIAL

ENGLISH

PARA-JUMBLES





REARRANGEMENT OF SENTENCES

How to tackle this type of questions?

To tackle these of questions, you have to know three things.

- 1. Theme of the paragraph that might be created on un-jumbling the sentences.
- 2. Initiating sentence, which starts the paragraph
- 3. Links have to be found between two sentences. Once a link of this type is created, it becomes easy to eliminate irrelevant choices.

Structure of a Paragraph

OPENING: GENERAL IDEA,INTRODUCES (APERSON, PLACE, IDEA, COMMITTEE OR CONCEPT)



LINKS/PROGRESSION OF IDEA: (PRONOUN/PROBLEM, TENSES,TIME FCATOR OR CHRONOLOGY)

CLOSING: ADVICE, SUMMARY, CONCLUSION OR SUGGESTION

Here are a few tips to successfully solve Para Jumbles:

- 1. Look for the sentence that clearly introduces a person, place, committee, or concept in the Para Jumble. That will most likely be the opening sentence.
- 2. Always spot the central theme of each Para Jumble. The flow of the story/dialog goes a long way in piecing together the paragraph in the correct order.
- 3. Follow the sequence of activities.

4.Connectives:

There will be sentences having 'connectives' like although, though, if, until, since, but, after, alternatively, besides, then, yet, because, consequently, notwithstanding, and, when, meanwhile, so, however, for, whoever, whatever, whenever, nevertheless, therefore, furthermore, whereas, moreover etc.

5.Articles:

Even articles can help to some extent in these questions. 'The' is a definite article, whereas 'a' and 'an' are indefinite articles. 'The' is used to denote something or someone specific or when the person or thing for which the article has been used has already been introduced. 'A' or 'an' are used while introducing something for the first time and also for stating general facts. Like, 'A hit-and-run case usually has a ten year jail term as punishment in India.'

6.Pronouns:

Pronouns like he, she, they, it, them, their, him, her etc. are used when the person being talked about has already been introduced. Some Para Jumbles can be tackled by taking pronouns as a guide.

7.Adjectives:

Adjectives like 'simpler', 'better', 'cleverer' etc. are comparative. Hence they always hold a relation to other things. Such adjectives can also be of good help in solving Para Jumbles.

EASY LEVEL

Q.1-5. In the following question, a sentence has been given, divided in four parts which are not in a correct order. Rearrange the parts of the sentences to make a meaningful sentence. to boosting credit growth in a slowing economy (A) as the banking regulator attempts to shield banks from risks arising out of (B) the Reserve Bank of India has asked lenders to cut their stakes in insurers to 30% (C) their non-banking businesses and steer focus (D)

- (1) ACDB (2) CBDA (3) BDAC
- (4) CABD (5) DABC

while the single-minded obsession with maximizing market output and profits (A) people feel the elites are not really focused on what matters to them but (B) part of the popular backlash against political and business elites may simply be that (C) is being challenged, a more meaningful replacement is not yet in clear view (D)

- (1)BCAD
- (2)ACBD
- (3)CBAD
- (4)BDAC
- (5)CDAB

capital providers and distributors of insurance products (A) which derive significant income from their insurance units, but also (B) on the insurers themselves as their parent banks are major (C) the move is likely to have far-reaching impact not only on banks (D)

- (1)ACBD
- (2)DCBA
- (3)BDAC
- (4)BCAD
- (5)DBCA

the margins, deposited by brokers only, which (A) brokers themselves keep margins with the exchanges for transactions (B) in the cash market but they cannot force clients to pay (C) remain blocked till the settlement is completed (D)

- (1)ACBD
- (2)CBAD
- (3)BDAC
- (4)BCAD
- (5)DABC

slow down global warming over the next decade (A) the tussle between immediate economic challenges and the demands of transitioning (B) who need to step up their efforts to (C) to a sustainable development path confronts many developing economies (D)

- (1)ACBD
- (2)CBAD
- (3)BDCA
- (4)BCAD
- (5)DABC

Rearrange the following sentences (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph and answer the given questions.

- A. of India to improve digital connectivity and make governance in the country more transparent.
- B. digital India initiative is a very meaningful program introduced by the government
- C.for making bill payments, booking tickets, transferring money and more
- D. digital technologies are increasingly being used by us in day to day life
- E. it is being used in retail stores, government offices and almost everywhere

Rearrange the following sentences (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph and answer the given questions.

A.consequently resulting in raised ocean level and floods

B.results in reduction in the number of marine species like

C.galactic and polar ice is melting as a result of global warming

D.planktons, coral fish, seals, great barrier reef etc.

E.also, the rise in oceanic temperature and plastic pollution

Rearrange the following sentences (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph and answer the given questions.

A. In the late 1980s, when Rajiv Gandhi introduced the Defamation Bill, the media rose in one voice to protest.

B.Not any longer: now, when a politician takes on the media, there is a sizeable audience which cheers from the sidelines, perhaps reflective of ideological cleavages in society.

C. It wasn't always like this. When Indira Gandhi muzzled the media in the Emergency in the mid-1970s, those who stood up to her were celebrated. D.Sadly, rather than defend the media's right to dissent and speak truth to power, there are many who choose to applaud an opaque, authoritarian leadership.

E.In almost every instance of arbitrary use of state power against the media, the citizenry has been on our side.



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