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## Statement: <br> Only a few W are M. <br> All P are M.

Conclusions:
I. All W can never be P.
II. At least Some P are W.

1. Only conclusion I follows.
2. Only conclusion II follows.
3. Either conclusion I or II follows.
4. Neither conclusion I nor II follows.
5. Both conclusions I and II follow

## Statement:

Only a few B are L.
No $B$ is $S$.

Conclusions:
I. Some $S$ are definitely not L.
II. All L can never be S.

1. Only conclusion I follows.
2. Only conclusion II follows.
3. Either conclusion I or II follows.
4. Neither conclusion I nor II follows.
5. Both conclusions I and II follow.

## Statement:

Only a few W are C
Some B are W
No $D$ is $C$.

Conclusions:
I. At least some W are D.
II. All C being B is a possibility.

1. Only conclusion I follows.
2. Only conclusion II follows.
3. Either conclusion I or II follows.
4. Neither conclusion I nor II follows.
5. Both conclusions I and II follow.

> Statement:
> Some $P$ are $S$
> Only a few $\mathbf{S}$ are $\mathbf{N}$.
> No $N$ is a $P$.

Conclusions:
I. All N being S is a possibility.
II. Some $S$ are not P.

1. Only conclusion I follows.
2. Only conclusion II follows.
3. Either conclusion I or II follows.
4. Neither conclusion I nor II follows.
5. Both conclusions I and II follow.

## MISSION BANK-2024 रूह्या बेच्य

Statements:
$\mathrm{L}>\mathrm{R}, \mathrm{R} \geq \mathrm{T}, \mathrm{T} \geq \mathrm{M}$
Conclusions:
I. $\mathrm{M} \geq \mathrm{R}$
II. $\mathrm{T}<\mathrm{L}$
(1) Only conclusion II is true.
(2) Only conclusion I is true.
(3) Both conclusions I and II are true.
(4) Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II is true.
(5) Either conclusion I or conclusion II is true.

## MISSION BANK-2024 रूह्या बेच्य

Statements:
$\mathbf{P}=\mathbf{R}, \mathbf{R}<\mathbf{F}, \mathrm{F}<\mathbf{T}$
Conclusions:
I. $\mathbf{T}<\mathbf{R}$
II. $\mathrm{F}<\mathrm{P}$
(1) Only conclusion II is true.
(2) Only conclusion I is true.
(3) Both conclusions I and II are true.
(4) Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II is true.
(5) Either conclusion I or conclusion II is true.

## MISSION BANK-2024 रहृ्या बिच्य

Statements:
$\mathbf{P}<\mathbf{Q}<\mathbf{R}=\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{U}>\mathbf{V}>\mathbf{S}$
Conclusions:
I. $\mathbf{P}<\mathbf{U}$
II. $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{U}$
(1) Only conclusion II is true.
(2) Only conclusion I is true.
(3) Both conclusions I and II are true.
(4) Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II is true.
(5) Either conclusion I or conclusion II is true.

## MISSION BANK-2024 रब

Statements:
$\mathbf{G}=\mathbf{T}, \mathbf{T}<\mathbf{W}, \mathbf{W}>\mathbf{K}$
Conclusions:
I. $\mathbf{W}>\mathbf{G}$
II. $\mathbf{W}=\mathbf{G}$
(1) Only conclusion II is true.
(2) Only conclusion I is true.
(3) Both conclusions I and II are true.
(4) Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II is true.
(5) Either conclusion I or conclusion II is true.

There are a certain number of floors in a building. No floor is vacant. Only one person stays on each floor. The persons living on the floor are given either age or name but not both (Example: If P lives on 1st floor, then his age is not given, similarly, the one whose age is $\mathbf{1 0}$ lives on 2nd floor, His name is not given). The ground floor is numbered one, the one above it is numbered two and so on. There are three floors between V's floor and the floor of the one whose age is 12. The one, whose age is 30 , lives immediately below $V$ 's floor. There are two floors between the one whose age is 12, and the one whose age 17 . The one, whose age is 8 , lives just above U's floor. The one, whose age is 17 , lives just above Z's floor. The age of the person, who lives on the lowermost floor is not given. X lives on the floor which is three floors above the floor of the one, whose age is 8 , lives. The one, whose age is 27 , lives immediately below X 's floor.

एक छमात्रत में मंजिलों की एक निशितित संख्या होती है। कोईई मंजिल खाली नहींदी. है. त्येक मंजिल पर केबल एक व्यति रहता है। मंजिल पर रहने वाले व्यक्तियों को या तो उग्र या नाम दिया गया है, लेकिन दोनों नहीं (उदाहरण: यदि पी पहली मंजिल पर रहता है, तो उसकी उम्र नहीं दी गह़ी है, इसी तरह, जिसकी उम्र 10 है, वह दूसरी मंजिल पर रहता है उसका नाम नहीं दिया गया है) ). भूतल को क्रमांके एक दिया गया है, उसके ऊपर वाले को क्रमांक दो दिया गया है इत्यादि V की मंजिल और 12 वर्ष की आय वाले व्यक्ति की मंजिल के बीच तीन मंजिलें हैं। जिसकी आयु 30 वर्ष है, वह V की मंजिल के ठीक नीचे रहता है। जिसकी आय 12 वर्ष है, और जिसकी आयु 17 वर्ष है, उनके बीच दो मंजिलें हैं। वह, जिसकी आयु 8 है, U की मंजिल के ठीक ऊपर रहता है। वह, जिसकी उप्र 17 वर्ष है, Z की मंजिल के ठीक ऊपर रहता है। सबसे निचली मंजिल पर रहने वाले व्यक्ति की उम्र नहीं दी गई है। X उस मंजिल पर रहता है जो उस व्यक्ति की मंजिल से तीन मंजिल ऊपर है, जिसकी उप्र 8 वर्ष है। वह व्यक्ति, जिसकी उग्र 27 वर्ष है, X की मंजिल के ठीक नीचे रहता है।

There are three floors between V's floor and the floor of the one whose age is 12. The one, whose age is 30, lives immediately below V's floor. There are two floors between the one whose age is 12 , and the one whose age 17 . The one, whose age is 8 , lives just above U's floor. The one, whose age is 17, lives just above Z's floor. The age of the person, who lives on the lowermost floor is not given. X lives on the floor which is three floors above the floor of the one, whose age is 8 , lives. The one, whose age is 27 , lives immediately below X's floor.

Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence form a group. Which of the following does not belong to the group?
(1) The one whose age is 30 years
(2) The one whose age is 27 years
(3) The one whose age is 8 years
(4) The one whose age is 12 years
(5) The one whose age is 17 years

There are three floors between V's floor and the floor of the one whose age is 12. The one, whose age is 30 , lives immediately below V's floor. There are two floors between the one whose age is 12 , and the one whose age 17 . The one, whose age is 8 , lives just above U's floor. The one, whose age is 17 , lives just above Z's floor. The age of the person, who lives on the lowermost floor is not given. X lives on the floor which is three floors above the floor of the one, whose age is 8 , lives. The one, whose age is 27 , lives immediately below X's floor.

How many floors are there between U and V?
(1) One
(2) Two
(3) Three
(4) Four
(5) Five

There are three floors between V's floor and the floor of the one whose age is 12. The one, whose age is 30 , lives immediately below V's floor. There are two floors between the one whose age is 12 , and the one whose age 17 . The one, whose age is 8 , lives just above U's floor. The one, whose age is 17 , lives just above Z's floor. The age of the person, who lives on the lowermost floor is not given. X lives on the floor which is three floors above the floor of the one, whose age is 8 , lives. The one, whose age is 27 , lives immediately below X's floor.

What is the sum of the age of the persons living on the oddnumbered floors?
(1) 25
(2) 20
(3) 39
(4) 29
(5) None of the above

There are three floors between V's floor and the floor of the one whose age is 12. The one, whose age is 30 , lives immediately below V's floor. There are two floors between the one whose age is 12 , and the one whose age 17 . The one, whose age is 8 , lives just above U's floor. The one, whose age is 17 , lives just above Z's floor. The age of the person, who lives on the lowermost floor is not given. X lives on the floor which is three floors above the floor of the one, whose age is 8 , lives. The one, whose age is 27 , lives immediately below X's floor.

Who among the following lives two floors below the floor of V?
(1) X
(2) The one whose age is 8 years
(3) U
(4) The one whose age is 27 years
(5) None of the above

There are three floors between V's floor and the floor of the one whose age is 12 . The one, whose age is 30 , lives immediately below V's floor. There are two floors between the one whose age is 12 , and the one whose age 17 . The one, whose age is 8 , lives just above U's floor. The one, whose age is 17 , lives just above Z's floor. The age of the person, who lives on the lowermost floor is not given. X lives on the floor which is three floors above the floor of the one, whose age is 8 , lives. The one, whose age is 27 , lives immediately below X's floor.

Whose age is 17 years?
(1) The one who lives on the 7th floor
(2) The one who lives on the 5th floor
(3) The one who lives on the 2nd floor
(4) The one who lives on the 8th floor
(5) Can'tbedetermined

Six persons are going to the six different cities on two different dates i.e. 7th and 16th of three different months i.e. March, April and May of the same year. B goes in the month which has an odd number of days and on odd number date. Two persons go in between $B$ and the one who goes to Pune. Only two persons go after the one who goes to Varanasi. A goes to Delhi on an odd-numbered date. Only one person goes between A and F. As many people who go before F , as many people go after C. More than two persons go in between $\mathbf{D}$ and the $\mathbf{E}$ who goes to Indore. F does not go to Chennai. One of the persons visits Jaipur. छह व्यक्ति एक ही वर्ष के तीन अलग-अलग महीनों यानी मार्च, अप्रैल और मई की दो अलग-अलग तारीखों यानी 7 और 16 तारीख को छह अलग-अलग शहरों में जा रहे हैं। B उस महीने में जाता है जिसमें दिनों की संख्या विषम होती है और विषम संख्या वाली तारीख होती है। B और पुणे जाने वाले व्यक्ति के बीच दो व्यक्ति जाते हैं। वाराणसी जाने वाले व्यक्ति के बाद केवल दो व्यक्ति जाते हैं। A विषम संख्या वाली तारीख को दिल्ली जाता है। A और F के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति जाता है। जितने लोग F से पहले जाते हैं, उतने ही लोग C के बाद जाते हैं। D और E के बीच दो से अधिक व्यक्ति जाते हैं, जो इंदौर जाता है। F चेन्नई नहीं जाता है। व्यक्तियों में से एक जयपर जाता है।

Six persons are going to the six different cities on two different dates i.e. 7th and 16th of three different months i.e. March, April and May of the same year. B goes in the month which has an odd number of days and on odd number date. Two persons go in between $B$ and the one who goes to Pune. Only two persons go after the one who goes to Varanasi. A goes to Delhi on an odd-numbered date. Only one person goes between A and F. As many people who go before F , as many people go after C. More than two persons go in between D and the E who goes to Indore. F does not go to Chennai. One of the persons visits Jaipur. Who among the following goes on 16th March?
(a) The one who goes to Jaipur
(b) $\mathbf{A}$
(c) F
(d) The one who goes to Pune
(e) None of these

Six persons are going to the six different cities on two different dates i.e. 7th and 16th of three different months i.e. March, April and May of the same year. B goes in the month which has an odd number of days and on odd number date. Two persons go in between B and the one who goes to Pune. Only two persons go after the one who goes to Varanasi. A goes to Delhi on an odd-numbered date. Only one person goes between $A$ and $F$. As many people who go before F , as many people go after C. More than two persons go in between D and the E who goes to Indore. F does not go to Chennai. One of the persons visits Jaipur. The one who goes on 7th May, goes to which city?
(a) Jaipur
(b) Chennai
(c) Indore
(d) Pune
(e) None of these

Six persons are going to the six different cities on two different dates i.e. 7th and 16th of three different months i.e. March, April and May of the same year. B goes in the month which has an odd number of days and on odd number date. Two persons go in between $B$ and the one who goes to Pune. Only two persons go after the one who goes to Varanasi. A goes to Delhi on an odd-numbered date. Only one person goes between A and F. As many people who go before F , as many people go after C. More than two persons go in between D and the E who goes to Indore. F does not go to Chennai. One of the persons visits Jaipur. Which of the following statement is not true about E?
(a) B goes just before E
(b) E goes to Pune
(c) Only two persons go between E and F
(d) More than one person goes between E and D
(e) None of these

Six persons are going to the six different cities on two different dates i.e. 7th and 16th of three different months i.e. March, April and May of the same year. B goes in the month which has an odd number of days and on odd number date. Two persons go in between B and the one who goes to Pune. Only two persons go after the one who goes to Varanasi. A goes to Delhi on an odd-numbered date. Only one person goes between A and F. As many people who go before F , as many people go after C. More than two persons go in between $\mathbf{D}$ and the E who goes to Indore. F does not go to Chennai. One of the persons visits Jaipur. Which of the combination is true?
(a) D-7th March
(b) B- Jaipur
(c) C-16th April
(d) D- Varanasi
(e) None of these

Six persons are going to the six different cities on two different dates i.e. 7th and 16th of three different months i.e. March, April and May of the same year. B goes in the month which has an odd number of days and on odd number date. Two persons go in between B and the one who goes to Pune. Only two persons go after the one who goes to Varanasi. A goes to Delhi on an odd-numbered date. Only one person goes between A and F. As many people who go before F , as many people go after C. More than two persons go in between $\mathbf{D}$ and the $\mathbf{E}$ who goes to Indore. F does not go to Chennai. One of the persons visits Jaipur. Who among the following person goes to Varanasi?
(a) D
(b) C
(c) F
(d) B
(e) None of these of the sixth to the left of $\mathbf{W}$ in the above arrangement?
उपरोक्त व्यवस्था में निम्नलिखित में से कौन $\mathbf{W}$ के बाएं से छठे के बाएं से चौथा है?

1. U
2. D
3. E
04.7
05.9
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How many such consonants are there in the above arrangement each of which immediately followed by a symbol but not immediately preceded by a number? उपरोक्त ठ्यवस्था में ऐसे कितने ठ्यंजन हैं जिनमें से प्रत्येक के तुरंत बाद एक प्रतीक है लेकिन ठीक पहले एक संख्या नहीं है?

1. None
2. One
3. Two
4. Three
5. More than three
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How many such symbols are there in the above arrangement each of which is immediately preceded by a letter and immediately followed by a number? उपरोक्त व्यवस्था में ऐसे कितने प्रतीक हैं जिनमें से प्रत्येक के ठीक पहले एक अक्ष्र और ठीक बाद एक संख्या है?

1. None
2. One
3. Two
4. Three
5. More than three
@ Reasoningbybasantsir of the seventeenth from the right end in the above arrangement?
उपरोक्त व्यवस्था में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा दायें छोर से सत्रहवें के दायें से नौवां है?
01.N
6. \$
03.4
7. W
8. K
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Six members of a family E, K, O, F, D and W are related to each other. E is the father of K who is the only son of $D$. The only Unmarried sister-in-law of E is $\mathbf{W}$ who has no brother. $\mathbf{O}$ is the only sibling of E . F is the daughter of K . एक परिवार के छह सदस्य $\mathrm{E}, \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{F}, \mathrm{D}$ और W एक दसरे से संबंधित हैं। $\mathrm{E}, \mathrm{K}$ का पिता है जो D का इक्लौता पुत्र है। E की इकलौती अविवाहित भाभी W है जिसका कोई भाई नहीं है। $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{E}$ का इकलौता सहोदर है। $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{K}$ की पुत्री है।

Six members of a family $\mathrm{E}, \mathrm{K}, \mathbf{O}, \mathrm{F}, \mathrm{D}$ and $\mathbf{W}$ are related to each other. E is the father of K who is the only son of D. The only Unmarried sister-in-law of E is W who has no brother. 0 is the only sibling of $\mathrm{E} . \mathrm{F}$ is the daughter of K . How many females are there in the family? 01. One
02. Two
03. Three
04. Four
05. Cannot be determined

Six members of a family $\mathrm{E}, \mathrm{K}, \mathbf{O}, \mathrm{F}, \mathrm{D}$ and $\mathbf{W}$ are related to each other. E is the father of K who is the only son of D. The only Unmarried sister-in-law of E is W who has no brother. 0 is the only sibling of E . F is the daughter of K . If Q is married to K then how is Q related to O?

1. Daughter
2. Sister
3. Mother
4. Niece
5. Daughter-in-law

Six members of a family $\mathrm{E}, \mathrm{K}, \mathbf{O}, \mathrm{F}, \mathrm{D}$ and $\mathbf{W}$ are related to each other. E is the father of K who is the only son of D. The only Unmarried sister-in-law of E is W who has no brother. 0 is the only sibling of E . F is the daughter of K . How is F related to D?

1. Granddaughter
2. Sister
3. Mother
4. Niece
5. Daughter

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