



1. Roshanara garden is a...

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- (a). Persian era garden.
- (b). Mughal era garden.
- (c). British era garden.
- (d). None of the above.



2. Which one of the following garden is near to Dal lake?



- (a). Roshanara Bagh.
- (b). Naseem Bagh.
- (c). Mehtab Bagh.
- (d). Aam Khas Bagh.

3. Which one of the following is the main component of Naseem Baagh?



- (a). Chinar tree.
- (b). Maple tree.
- (c). Apple tree.
- (d). Pine trees.





4. The famous Mehtab Bagh or Mehtab garden is the garden of..



- (a). Red Fort, Delhi.
- (b). Char Minar, Hyderabad.
- (c). Taj Mahal, Agra.
- (d). None of the above.



5. Mehtab Bagh is also known as...



- (a). Moonlight garden.
- (b). Sunlight garden.
- (c). Starlight garden.
- (d). Garden of heaven.

6. Which one is not an example of Mughal garden?



- (a). Achabal.
- (b). Chashme Shahi.
- (c). Qudsia Bagh.
- (d). Narendra Narayan Park.

7. Sarad Khana in Aam Khas Bagh Complex is a..



- (a). A place for tea ceremony.
- (b). A perfect air conditioning system.
- (c). A place for meditation.
- (d). None of the above.

8. Who is the founder of Chashme Shahi?



- (a). Akbar the great.
- (b). Shah Jahan.
- (c). Babur.
- (d). Aurangzeb.

9. Which is known as 'the places of the princes'?



- (a). Dara Shikoh.
- (b). Qudsia Bagh.
- (c). Achabal.
- (d). Roshanara Bagh

10. Biodiversity Park, Visakhapatnam is a...



- (a). In situ conservation park.
- (b). Ex situ conservation park.
- (c). Both a and b.
- (d). None of the above.

11. What is the present name of Royal Botanical Garden, Kolkata?



- (a). Narendra narayan park.
- (b). Sim's park.
- (c). Ekamra kanan.
- (d). AJCBIBG.

12. Who founded AJCBIBG in Kolkata?

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- (a). Jagadish Chandra Bose.
- (b). Richard Axelby.
- (c). Robert Kyd.
- (d). George King.

Acharya Jagadish Chandra Bose Indian Botanic Garden: Situated in Kolkata, West Bengal



It was founded in 1787 by East India Company.

The aim was to boost the herbal industry. Now, the Botanical Survey of India is in charge of it.

It is indeed a 269-acre property with around 1200 tree species. One of India's biggest banyan trees may be found here

13. Who is the architect of Government Botanical Garden, Ooty?



- (a). Frank Lloyd Wright.
- (b). Bernard Tschumi.
- (c). William Graham McIvor.
- (d). Renzo Piano.

It is managed by the Tamil Nadu Horticulture Department and spans 135 acres.



This botanical garden was designed and made by William Graham McIvor. It was established in 1847.

New Garden, Lower Garden, Italian Garden, Nurseries, and Fountain Terrace are the six divisions of this garden.

At the heart of the garden sits a 20-million-year-old tree trunk

14. Location of Lal Bagh is...

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- (a). Mumbai.
- (b). Bangalore.
- (c). Delhi.
- (d). Kolkata.

15. Who commissioned the building of Lal Bagh?



- (a). Tipu Sultan.
- (b). Shah Jahan.
- (c). Hyder Ali.
- (d). No of the above.

16. Which is the characteristic feature of Lal Bagh?.



- (a). The Lal Bagh Rock.
- (b). The Lal Bagh Glass house.
- (c). Both a and b.
- (d). None of the above.



Hyder Ali, Bangalore's main commander, constructed this park around 1760.

It is inhabited by over 1000 varieties of greenery, many of which are over a century old.

This site is known for its glasshouse, which was completed in 1889.



17. Which is the main event of Sim's Park?



- (a). Annual fruit show.
- (b). Annual vegetable show.
- (c). Both a and b.
- (d). Annual flower show.

It was founded in 1874 by Major Murray.



It spans 29 acres and is home to over 1000 plant varieties.

The climate in this garden is subtropical mountainous, which is ideal for producing greenery.

Annually in May, it undertakes comprehensive fruit and vegetable exhibitions.



18. Which is 'The Garden of Delight'?

- (a). Nishant Bagh.
- (b). Mehtab Bagh.
- (c). Shalimar.
- (d). Red fort.



19. Shalimar Bagh is also known as...



- (a). Farah Baksh.
- (b). Faiz Baksh.
- (c). Both a and b.
- (d). None of the above.

20. Which one of the following belongs to Uttar Pradesh?



- (a). Khusro Bagh.
- (b). Chandrashekhar Azad Park.
- (c). Son View Point.
- (d). All of the above.

21. The main attraction of the Brindavan park is the..



- (a). Musical fountain.
- (b). Topiary.
- (c). Bonsai.
- (d). None of the above

This park was constructed near Krishnarajasagara Dam by the diwan of Mysore in 1932.



The care of this garden is the responsibility of the Karnataka government.

It is well-known for its stunning architecture and musical fountain.



22. Sarita Udyan is situated in

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- 1. Gandhinagar
- 2. Bhopal
- 3. Jodhpur
- 4. Kolkata

Sarita Udyan: Situated in Gandhinagar, Gujarat

It is situated on the Sabarmati River's banks.

This was one of Gandhinagar's most famous gardens, attracting many visitors all year.



23. Rao Jodha Desert Rock Park is situated in



- 1. Jaipur
- 2. Jaisalmer
- 3. Jodhpur
- 4. Boondi

 It was founded in 2005 to help rehabilitate Mehrangarh Fort's environment, which had become degraded.



The Geological Survey of India is in charge of it.

 The 177-acre park has unusual volcanic rocks that date back upwards of 700 million years.

 There are around 250 natural flowering plants in just this reserve, including over 200+ migratory birds.

24. Chambal Garden is situated in



- 1. Jaipur
- 2. Bhopal
- 3. Kota
- 4. Bundelkhand

Chambal Garden: Situated in Kota, Rajasthan It's a riverside garden

The presence of many gharials is the primary attraction around here.



25. Auroville Botanical Gardens is situated in



- 1. Tamil Nadu
- 2. Telangana
- 3. Rajasthan
- 4. West bengal

Auroville Botanical Gardens: Situated in Auroville, Tamil Nadu



It was founded in the year 2000.

It's a 50-acre cashew garden with over 310 different tree kinds.

