







GK/GS

Fundamental Duties एकदम शुरु से...









### **FUNDAMENTAL DUTIES**

Q1. WHEN WERE THE FUNJDAMENTAL DUTIES INCORPORATED IN THE CONSTITUTION?

Q1. Q1. संविधान में मौलिक कर्तव्यों को कब शामिल किया गया था?

A. 1979

B. 1978

C. 1976

D. 1977



ANSWER: C 1976

42nd Amendment Act of 1976 added
 Fundamental Duties to the Indian Constitution.



- Q2. WHICH ONE OF THE FOLLOWING RECOMMENDED THE INCLUSION OF FUNDAMENTAL DUTIES IN THE CONSTITUION?
- •प्रश्न 2. निम्नलिखित में से किसने संविधान में मौलिक कर्तव्यों को शामिल करने की सिफारिश की?
  - A. ASHOK MEHTA COMMITTEE
  - **B.** BALRAM JAKHAR COMMITTEE
    - C. SARKARIA COMMITTEE
    - D. SWARAN SINGH COMMITTEE



## ANSWER: D

 Swaran Singh Committee in 1976 recommended Fundamental Duties, the necessity of which was felt during the internal emergency of 1975-77.



## Q3.WHICH ARTICLE OF INDIAN CONSTITUION ENUMERSTES FUNDAMENTAL DUTIES OF INDIAN CITIZENS?

Q3.भारतीय संविधान का कौन सा अनुच्छेद भारतीय नागरिकों के मौलिक कर्तव्यों की गणना करता है?

A. 51A

B. 51B

C. 50A

**D.** 50B



## ANSWER: A 51A

 The Fundamental Duties are dealt with Article 51A under Part-IV A of the Indian Constitution.



# Q4.IN 1976 HOW MANY FUNDAMENTAL DUTIES WERE ADDED IN PART 4A OF CONSTITUTION?

Q4.1976 में संविधान के भाग 4A में कितने मौलिक कर्तव्य जोड़े गए थे?

A. 11

B. 09

C. 10

D. 12



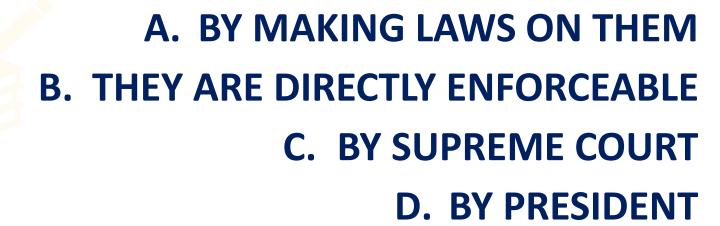
## ANSWER: C

•Originally 10 in number, one more duty was added through the 86<sup>th</sup> Constitutional Amendment Act, 2002. All the **eleven duties** are listed in **Article 51-A** of the Constitution (the sole Article in Part-IV-A).



## Q5. HOW CAN WE ENFORCE THE FUNDAMENTAL DUTIES ON GROUND LEVEL?

प्रश्न5. हम बुनियादी कर्तव्यों को जमीनी स्तर पर कैसे लागू कर सकते हैं?





## ANSWER: A

They are enforceable by law.





- Q6. WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING ARE JUSTICIABLE IN NATURE?
- प्रश्न6. निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा प्रकृति में न्यायसंगत है?



A. DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES

**B. FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS** 

C. FUNDAMENTAL DUTIES

D. ALL OF THE ABOVE

## ANS: B FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS

The Directive Principles, the duties are also **non-justiciable** in nature.



# Q7. WHEN WAS 11<sup>TH</sup> FUNDAMENTAL DUTY WAS ADDED?

प्रश्न 7. 11वां मौलिक कर्तव्य कब जोड़ा गया था ?

A. 2000

B. 2002

C. 2001

D. 2003



## ANSWER: B 2002

 Provide opportunities for education to his child or ward between the age of six and fourteen years. This duty was added by the 86th Constitutional Amendment Act, 2002

- Q8.THE FUNDAMENTAL DUTY TO UPHOLD AND PROTECT THE SOVEREIGNTY, UNITY AND INTEGRITY OF INDIA IS MENTIONED AT NUMBER?
- Q8. भारत की संप्रभुता, एकता और अखंडता को बनाए रखने और उसकी रक्षा करने के मौलिक कर्तव्य का उल्लेख संख्या पर किया गया है?

A. FOUR

B. THREE

C. TWO

D. ONE



## ANSWER: B THREE

 To uphold and protect the sovereignty, unity and integrity of India;



- Q9. PROTECTION OF WHICH ONE OF THE FOLLOWING IS A FUNDAMENTAL DUTY OF AN INDIAN CITIZEN?
- प्रश्न 9. निम्निखित में से किसकी सुरक्षा एक भारतीय नागरिक का मौतिक कर्तव्य है?

A. VILLAGE PANCHAYAT

B. NATIONAL FLAG

C. SCHEDULED CASTES/SCHEDULED TRIBES

D. WILDLIFE



## ANSWER: B

 To abide by the Constitution and respect its ideals and institutions, the National Flag and the National Anthem







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SNO.	11 Fundamental Duties
1.	Abide by the <u>Indian Constitution</u> and respect its ideals and institutions, the National Flag and the National Anthem
2.	Cherish and follow the noble ideals that inspired the national struggle for freedom
3.	Uphold and protect the sovereignty, unity and integrity of India
4.	Defend the country and render national service when called upon to do so
5.	Promote harmony and the spirit of common brotherhood amongst all the people of India transcending religious, linguistic and regional or sectional diversities and to renounce practices derogatory to the dignity of women



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6.	Value and preserve the rich heritage of the country's composite culture
7.	Protect and improve the natural environment including forests, lakes, rivers and wildlife and to have compassion for living creatures
8.	Develop scientific temper, humanism and the spirit of inquiry and reform
9.	Safeguard public property and to abjure violence
10.	Strive towards excellence in all spheres of individual and collective activity so that the nation constantly rises to higher levels of endeavour and achievement
11.	Provide opportunities for education to his child or ward between the age of six and fourteen years. <b>This duty was added by the</b>

- Gujarat's Dang to be declared 100 per cent organic farming district
- Dang, a tribal district in eastern Gujarat was declared a 100 per cent organic farming district on 19 November 2021.
- The state government has taken steps to encourage farmers to avoid the use of chemical fertilizers and pesticides on the entire cultivable area.
- The government is providing a subsidy of Rs 10,000 per hectare for a maximum of two hectares to each farmer for it

गुजरात के डांग को शत-प्रतिशत जैविक खेती वाला जिला घोषित किया जाएगा पूर्वी गुजरात के एक आदिवासी जिले डांग को 19 नवंबर 2021 को 100 प्रतिशत जैविक खेती वाला जिला घोषित किया गया था।

राज्य सरकार ने किसानों को पूरे खेती योग्य क्षेत्र में रासायनिक उर्वरकों और कीटनाशकों के उपयोग से बचने के लिए प्रोत्साहित करने के लिए कदम उठाए हैं। सरकार इसके लिए प्रत्येक किसान को अधिकतम दो हेक्टेयर के लिए 10,000 रुपये प्रति हेक्टेयर की



- Patalpani railway station in Indore to be named after tribal icon Tantya Bhil
- Tantya Bhill was born in Birda village of west Nimar in Madhya Pradesh in the 18th century and was only 25-year-old when the 1857 mutiny broke out

इंदौर में पातालपानी रेलवे स्टेशन का नाम आदिवासी आइकन तांत्या भील के नाम पर रखा जाएगा टंटया भील का जन्म 18वीं शताब्दी में मध्य प्रदेश के पश्चिम निमाड के बिरदा गांव में हआ था और 1857 के विद्रौह के समय वह केवल 25 वर्ष के थे।



- Kaiser-i-Hind is Arunachal's State butterfly
- Indian Army conducted Military exercise 'Dakshin Shakti' in Jaisalmer, Rajasthan on November 20-26, 2021

कैसर-ए-हिंद अरुणाचल की राज्य तितली है भारतीय सेना ने 20-26 नवंबर, 2021 को राजस्थान के जैसलमेर में सैन्य अभ्यास 'दक्षिण शक्ति' का आयोजन



- Uttar Pradesh's first air pollution control tower opened in Noida on Wednesday November 17,2021.
- Located in the posh Sector 16A, the 20-metrehigh tower with a diameter of nine metres can filter air in an area of one square kilometre around it.
- The tower has come up with joint efforts of the Bharat Heavy Electricals Limited and the Noida Authority.



- उत्तर प्रदेश का पहला वायु प्रदूषण नियंत्रण टॉवर नोएडा में बुधवार 17 नवंबर, 2021 को खोला गया।
- पॉश सेक्टर 16ए में स्थित, नौ मीटर व्यास वाला 20 मीटर ऊंचा टावर अपने चारों ओर एक वर्ग किलोमीटर के क्षेत्र में हवा को फ़िल्टर कर सकता है।
- टावर भारत हेवी इलेक्ट्रिकल्स लिमिटेड और नोएडा प्राधिकरण के संयुक्त प्रयासों से आया है।