

## Summary of the

# ECONOMIC SURVEY



India to witness GDP growth of 6.0 per cent to 6.8 per cent in 2023-24, depending on the trajectory of economic and political developments globally.

India will remain fastest growing major economy in the world



#### India's GDP growth is expected to remain 1000 The forecast remains well within the range of estimates GDP forecast builds on a completed recovery 5.7 12 OECD 6.8 6.1 7.0 6.0 93.7 6.5 Per cent

---- Forecast range

FY23

(FAE)

FY24

(E)

-4

-8

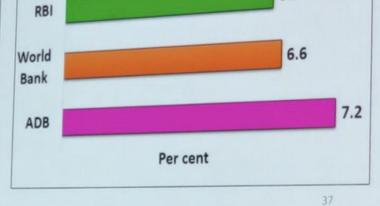
FY20

FY21

(1st RE)

FY22

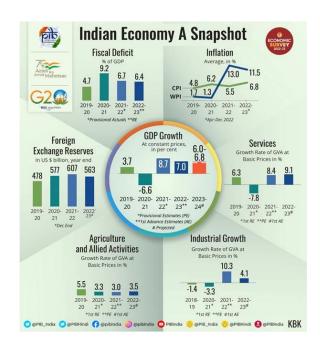
(PE)

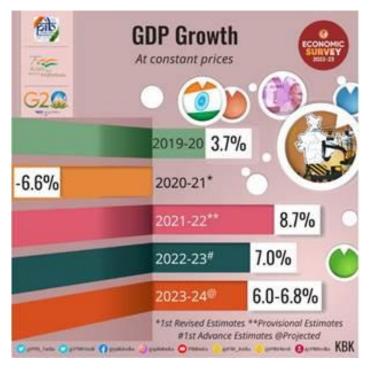


### BASELINE GDP GROWTH OF 6.5 PER CENT IN REAL TERMS IN 2023-24

India to witness GDP growth of 7 per cent in 2022-23

India saw GDP growth of 8.7 per cent in FY 2022





### Projections for various sectors for FY 2022-23

Services sector -9.1%

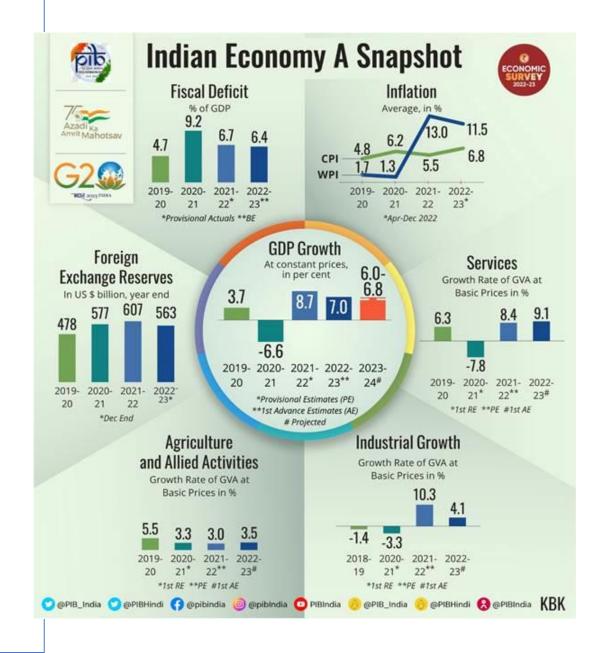
Industrial growth – 4.1%

Agriculture and allied sector – 3.5%

Inflation projection – 6.8% (CPI) & 11.5% (WPI)

Foreign exchange reserves – 563 Billion USD

Fiscal deficit – 6.4% of the GDP

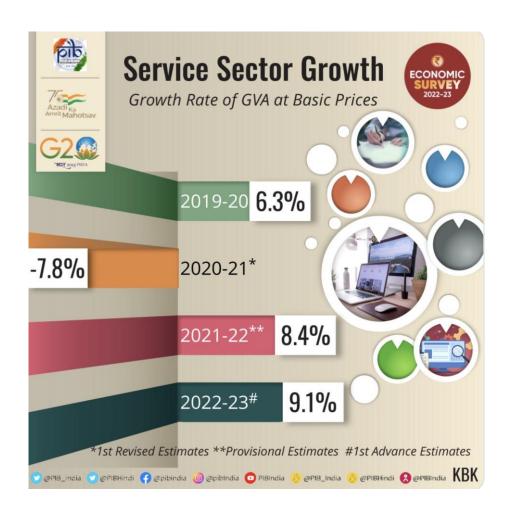


#### ECONOMIC SURVEY 2022-23

#### SERVICES SECTOR GREW AT 8.4 % (YoY) IN FY 22

As per the First Advance Estimates, Gross Value Added (GVA) in the services sector is estimated to grow at 9.1% in FY23, driven by 13.7% growth in the contact-intensive services sector.

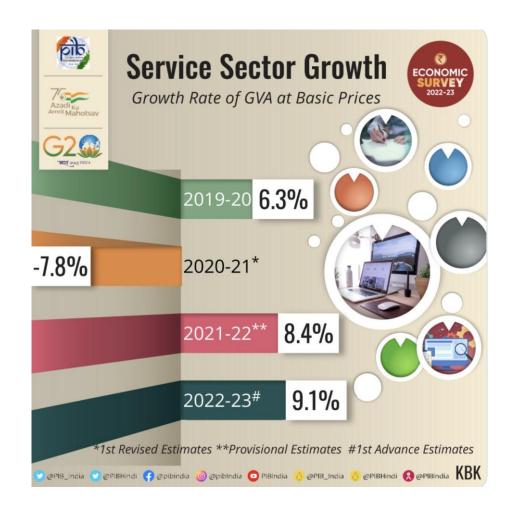
India received the highest-ever FDI inflows of US\$ 84.8 billion including US\$ 7.1 billion FDI equity inflows in the services sector in FY22.



India's e-commerce market is projected to post impressive gains and grow at 18% annually through 2025. The Government E-Marketplace (GeM) attained an annual procurement of ₹1 lakh crore within FY22, representing a 160% growth compared to last FY.

India is ranked 10<sup>th</sup> out of the top 46 countries in the World in the Medical Tourism Index FY21

India's fintech adoption rate of 87%, substantially higher than the world average of 64% as per the latest Global FinTech Adoption Index.









SERVICES: SOURCE OF STRENGTH

> Strong Growth in Services sector in FY23

- PMI Services witnessed strongest expansion since July 22
- Credit growth to services above 16% since July-22
- 75 Digital Banking Units announced for transforming financial services
- Fashion, grocery, and general merchandise to capture nearly two-thirds of the Indian e-commerce market by 2027

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India is a significant player in services trade, being among the top ten services exporter countries in 2021".

Services exports registered growth of 27.7% during April-December 2022

# Between FY17 and FY23 (as of 5 January 2023), under PMKVY 2.0 about 1.1 crore persons have trained: 83 per cent certified and about 21.4 lakh placed.

Progress of Skill India Mission	
Skill Development Scheme	Progress
PMKVY was first launched in 2015. Presently, the third phase of PMKVY, i.e., PMKVY 3.0 is being implemented across the country since January 2021	Between FY17 and FY23 (as of 5 January 2023), under PMKVY 2.0 about 1.1 crore persons have trained: 83 per cent certified and about 21.4 lakh placed. Under PMKVY 3.0, during FY21 to FY23 (as on 5 January 2023) 7.4 lakh persons have been trained, 66
PMKVY has two training components, viz., Short Term Training (STT) and Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL).	per cent certified and 41,437 placed.  PMKVY also provided training to Shramiks (migrant labourers) affected due to Covid- 19. This component covered 116 districts of 6 States, viz., Assam, Bihar, Madhya Pradesh, Odisha, Rajasthan, and Uttar Pradesh. As on 31 October 2022, 1.3 lakh
Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Kendra set up at District level, are envisaged as state of the art, visible and aspirational model training Centres	migrants have been trained/ oriented (0.88 lakh in STT and 0.38 lakh in RPL).

Jan Shikshan Sansthan Scheme provides for a lump sum annual grant is released to Jan Shikshan Sansthans (NGOs) for skill training to non-literate, neo-literates, persons with a rudimentary level of education and school dropouts up to class XII in the age group of 15-45 years. The priority groups are women, SC, ST, and other backward sections of society.	•
National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme provides financial support to industrial establishments undertaking apprenticeship programmes under the Apprentices Act, 1961.	Since the launch of the scheme in 2016, as on 31 December 2022, 21.4 lakh apprentices have been engaged by Industries
Craftsmen Training Scheme provides long-term training in 149 trades through 14,938 Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs) across the country	Since 2015, 91.7 lakh students have been trained as on 30 October 2022.
Craft Instructor Training Scheme provides comprehensive training both in skills and training methodology is imparted to the instructor trainees to make them conversant with the methodology of teaching and techniques of transferring hands-on skills, to train skilled manpower for the industry.	During the year FY22, a total of 8,847 trainees have been trained in various National Skill Training Institutes and Institute of Training of Trainers

	With an aim to make India a Skill Capital of the World and improve mobility of Skilled manpower the National Skill Development Corporation (NSDC) International has been set up, which aims to create a network of institutions across India. This network of institutions will be called as Skill India International (SII) Network. It shall be created through the empanelment of state-of-the-art government and private institutions.  MSDE has also signed MoUs with 11 countries, Australia, Belarus, China, Denmark, France, Germany, Japan, Qatar, Switzerland, UAE, and the United Kingdom in the field of skill development and vocational education training.  NSDC has also signed 18 B2B MoUs with countries like Australia, Canada, Germany, Japan, Malaysia, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, UAE, etc.
(SANKALP) is a World Bank loan-assisted programme launched in 2018 to decentralise skilling initiatives and align skill development programmes with	

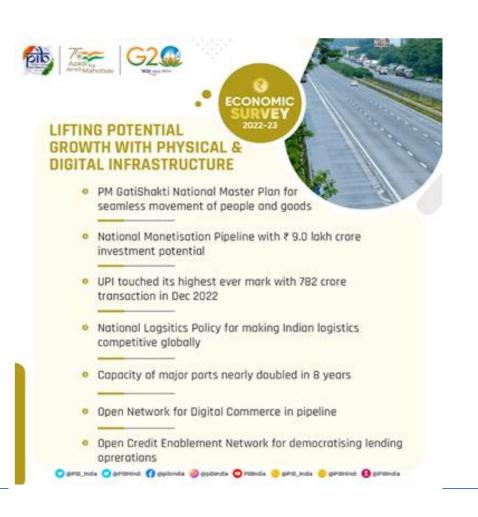
• The Survey says, the credit growth to the Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSME) sector has been remarkably high, over 30.6 per cent, on average during Jan-Nov 2022, supported by the extended Emergency Credit Linked Guarantee Scheme (ECLGS) of the Union government.

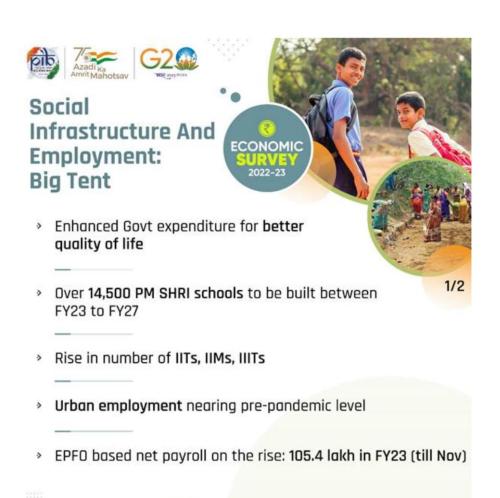
• The Capital Expenditure (Capex) of the central government, which increased by 63.4 per cent in the first eight months of FY23, was another growth driver of the Indian economy in the current year.

Dwelling on halt in construction activities during the Pandemic, the Survey underscores that vaccinations have facilitated the return of migrant workers to cities to work in construction sites as the rebound in consumption spilled over into the housing market.

This is evident in the housing market witnessing a significant decline in inventory overhang to 33 months in Q3 of FY23 from 42 months last year.

## Private Consumption as a percentage of GDP stood at 58.4 per cent in Q2 of FY23, the highest among the second quarters of all the years since 2013-14













GVA of the Industrial Sector rose by 3.7 per cent for the first half of FY 22-23



 Exports of goods and services as a share of GDP have been the highest since FY16 in H1 of FY 22-23

ECONOMIC

2022-23

- PMI manufacturing has remained in the expansion zone.
- · Healthy IIP indicates the beginning of a virtuous investment cycle
- Credit to MSMEs has grown by around 30% since Jan 2022
- Electronics exports rise nearly threefold in FY22
- FDI flows into the Pharma Industry has risen four times in FY22













- Merchandise exports were US\$ 332.8 bn for April-Dec 2022 exhibiting a growth of 16% from April-Dec 2021
- India is 7th Largest Service Exporter in the world
- Largest recipient of remittances in the world in 2022 (Estimated by World bank)
- India better placed in terms of comfortable forex reserve and low external debt ratio.























 Govt on track to achieve the fiscal deficit target for FY23

Sustained revenue buoyancy over last 2 years

Increasing average monthly gross GST collections

Govt capital expenditure as a percent of GDP on the rise

**ECONOMIC** 

Modest growth in debt to GDP(%) for India relative to peers

Positive growth-interest rate differential keeps Govt debt sustainable









INDUSTRY: STEADY RECOVERY

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1/2

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