



MISSION SSC 2024



TOPIC BOOSTER



MATHS

ALGEBRA (PART 3)

 LIVE 05:00 PM





ALGEBRAIC IDENTITIES

1. $(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2 = (-a - b)^2$
2. $(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$
3. $(a - b)(a + b) = a^2 - b^2$
4. $(a + b + c)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 2ab + 2bc + 2ca$
5. $(a + b - c)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 2ab - 2bc - 2ca$
6. $(a - b + c)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - 2ab - 2bc + 2ca$
7. $(-a + b + c)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - 2ab + 2bc - 2ca$
8. $(a - b - c)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - 2ab + 2bc - 2ca$
9. $(a + b)^3 = a^3 + b^3 + 3ab(a + b)$
10. $(a - b)^3 = a^3 - b^3 - 3ab(a - b)$
11. $a^3 + b^3 = (a + b)^3 - 3ab(a + b)$
 $= (a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$
12. $a^3 - b^3 = (a - b)^3 + 3ab(a - b)$
 $= (a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$
13. $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc = (a + b + c)(a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - ab - bc - ca)$
if $a + b + c = 0$ then $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = 3abc$



Q1. If $x + \frac{1}{x} = 5$ then find the value of $x^2 - \frac{1}{x^2}$

- a. $5\sqrt{21}$
- b. 5
- c. $-5\sqrt{21}$
- d. 7



Q2.If $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} = 194$ then find the value of $x^3 - \frac{1}{x^3}$.

a. $30\sqrt{3}$

b. $30\sqrt{2}$

c. 14

d. 25



Q3. $\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) \left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right) \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} - 1\right) \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 1\right)$

- a. $x^6 + \frac{1}{x^6}$
- b. $x^8 + \frac{1}{x^8}$
- c. $x^8 - \frac{1}{x^8}$
- d. $x^6 - \frac{1}{x^6}$



Q4.If $a = \sqrt{7 + 2\sqrt{12}}$ and $b = \sqrt{7 - 2\sqrt{12}}$, then $(a^3 + b^3)$ is equal to

- a. 40
- b. 44
- c. 48
- d. *not*



Q5. If $x = \sqrt[3]{2 + \sqrt{3}}$, then the value of $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}$ is

- a. 8
- b. 9
- c. 2
- d. 4



Q6. If $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc = 0$ and $a + b + c \neq 0$ find relation

a. $a = b = c$

b. $a + b = c$

c. $a + c = b$

d. $a = b + c$



Q7.If $a=25$, $b=15$ and $c= -10$, $a^3+b^3+ c^3-3abc/(a-b)^2 +(b-c)^2 +(c-a)^2$

a. 15

b. 10

c. 1

d. 0



Q8.If $a=997$, $b=998$ and $c=999$, $a^3+b^3+ c^3-3abc =?$

a. 0

b. 8982

c. 1

d. 4491



Q9. If $\frac{a}{b+c} + \frac{b}{c+a} + \frac{c}{a+b} = 1$, then find value of $\frac{a^2}{b+c} + \frac{b^2}{c+a} + \frac{c^2}{a+b}$

a. 0

b. -1

c. 2

d. 2



Q10. $x + \frac{1}{x} = 1$ then find the value of $x^{17} + \frac{1}{x^{17}}$

- a.* 1
- b.* -1
- c.* 0
- d.* not



Q11. If $x + \frac{1}{x} = \sqrt{3}$ then find $x^{506} + x^{500} + x^{384} + x^{190} + x^{184} + x^{18} + x^{12}$

- a. 3
- b. **1**
- c. 84
- d. *not*



Q12.If $x^{1/3} + y^{1/3} = z^{1/3}$

Find the value $(x+y-z)^3 + 27xyz$

a. 1

b. 0

c. 2

d. -1



Q13. If $x=5+2\sqrt{6}$ and $xy=1$, then find the value of $\frac{x^3+3xy+y^3}{x^2-2xy+y^2}$

- a. $\frac{209}{93}$
- b. $\frac{973}{97}$
- c. $\frac{205}{37}$
- d. not



Q14. If $x + y + z = 19$, $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 133$ and $xz = y^2$, then the difference between z and x is

(a) 10

(b) 12

(c) 9

(d) 5



Q15.If $x^4 + x^{-4} = 194$, $x > 0$, then the value of $(x - 2)^2$

(a) 1

(b) 2

(c) 6

(d) 3



Q16.If $x = 2 - \sqrt{3}$ then the value of $x^3 - x^{-3}$ is

- (a) $-30\sqrt{3}$ (b) $30\sqrt{2}$
- (c) $30\sqrt{3}$
- (d) $-30\sqrt{2}$



Q17. $(x + y)^{\frac{1}{3}} + (y + z)^{\frac{1}{3}} = -(z + x)^{\frac{1}{3}}$, then $x^3 + y^3 + z^3$ can be expressed as:

- (a) $\frac{1}{8}xyz$
- (b) $\frac{3}{8}(x + y)(y + z)(z + x)$
- (c) $(x + y)(y + z)(z + x)$
- (d) $3xyz$



Q18.If x is real, and $x^4 - 5x^2 - 1 = 0$, then the value of $(x^6 - 3x^2 + \frac{3}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^6} + 1)$ is:

(a)110

(b)116

(c)126

(d)96



Q19.If $8(x + y)^3 - (x - y)^3 = (x + 3y)(Ax^2 + Cy^2 + Bxy)$,

then the value of $(A - B - C)$ is

(a)-6

(b)14

(c)-2

(d)10



Q20. If $8(a + b)^3 + (a - b)^3 = (3a + b)(Aa^2 + Cb^2 + Bab)$, then the value of $(A + B - C)$ is:

(a) 10

(b) 4

(c) 2

(d) 11



Q21.If $x = (\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3} / \sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3})$ and y is the reciprocal of x , then what is the value of $(x^3 + y^3)$?

(a)504

(b)476

(c)488

(d)472



Q21.If $(3x - 1)^3 + (4x - 3)^3 + (2x + 1)^3 = 3(3x - 1)(4x - 3)(2x + 1)$ and $x \neq 1/3$, then $x = ?$

(a) $1/2$

(b) $1/4$

(c) 2

(d) 1



Q22.If $x^2 - 3x - 1 = 0$, then the value of

$(x^2 + 8x - 1)\{x^3 + x^{-1}\}^{-1}$ is:

(a) $3/8$

(b) 1

(c) 0

(d) 3



Q23. If $X^2a = Y^2b = Z^2c \neq 0$ and $x^2 = yz$, then the value of $(ab + bc + ca)/bc$ is:

(a) $3ac$

(b) $3ab$

(c) 3

(d) $3bc$



Q24.If $x - y = 4$ and $x^3 - y^3 = 316$, then the value of $x^4 + y^4$ is:

(a)2248

(b)2482

(c)2428

(d)2284



Q25.If $x=16$,find the value of $x^4-17x^3+17x^2-17x+17$

***a.* 0**

***b.* -1**

***c.* 2**

***d.* 1**



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If $\frac{a}{1-a} + \frac{b}{1-b} + \frac{c}{1-c} = 1$, then find value of $\frac{1}{1-a} + \frac{1}{1-b} + \frac{1}{1-c}$

a. 0

b. -1

c. 4

d. 2



$$\text{if } x = \frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{\sqrt{3} - 1}$$

And $xy=1$ then find the value of $\left(\frac{x-y}{x+y}\right)^2$

- a. $3/7$
- b. $3/4$
- c. 0
- d. 1



$4^{2x-y} = 4^{x+y} = \sqrt{64}$ find the value of x

- a.* 1
- b.* 0
- c. 2**
- d.* not



$$\frac{\sqrt{x+2} + \sqrt{x-2}}{\sqrt{x+2} - \sqrt{x-2}} = \frac{3}{2}$$

- a. 13/6
- b. 6/13
- c. 13
- d. *not*



if $a + b + c = 0$ then the value of the $\frac{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}{c^2 - ab}$

a. 2

b. 1

c. $a + b + c$

d. *not*



If $a + b + c = 0$ then the value of the
 $a^2 / bc + b^2 / ca + c^2 / ab$

- a. 3
- b. 1
- c. 2
- d. *not*



$$a + b + c = 0, (a^3 + b^3 + c^3)^2 = ?$$

- (1) $3a^2 b^2 c^2$
- (2) $9abc$
- (3) $27abc$
- (4) $9a^2 b^2 c^2$



If $x = \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{4} + \sqrt{5}$ then

$$x^4 - 8x^3 + 8x^2 + 32x = ?$$

A- 36

B- 39

C-40

D- 54



If $(a^{28} + 1) / a^{14} = 23$
then $(a^{42} + 1) / a^{21} = ?$

A-110

B- 29

C- 52

D- 59



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If $\{(a^2 + b^2 + c^2) / (a^2 - b^2 - c^2)\} + \{(b^2 + c^2 + a^2) / b^2 - c^2 - a^2\} + \{(c^2 + a^2 + b^2) / (c^2 - a^2 - b^2)\} = ?$

A- 0

B- 1

C-3

D-1



If $x = 1 / x = \sqrt{5}$ than $\sqrt{x} (\sqrt{x} - 1) = ?$

A- $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$

B- $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{4}$

C- 1

D- $\frac{10}{\sqrt{5}}$



If $x = (1 / \sqrt{5} - 2)$ then
 $x^4 + 16x^2 - 8x^3 = ?$

A- -1

B - $\sqrt{5}$

C- $2\sqrt{5}$

D- $\sqrt{5} + 2$



If $x = (1 / \sqrt{5} - 2)$ then
 $2x^3 - 5x^2 - 14x - 3 = ?$

A - 0

B - 1

C - 5

D - 3



If $x + (1/x) = 1$ then

$$x^{50} + x^{51} + x^{52} + x^{53} + x^{54} + x^{55} = ?$$

A – 3

B – 6

C – 2

D – 0



If $x + (1 / x) = 0$ then $x^{12} + x^{14} + x^{16} + x^{18} = ?$

A - 0

B - 1

C - 2

D - 4