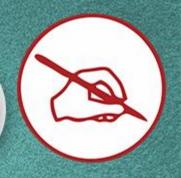


CUET EXAM 2022





- **EXAM PATTERN**
- SYLLABUS
- PREPARATION TIPS

EVERYTHING YOU WANT TO KNOW



SSC MTS/HAWALDAR/CHSL



(ENGLISH)

CHANGE THE VOICE

PART-1



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UPCOMING ONLINE BATCHES



01 June 2022

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM BANK ONLINE LIVE CLASS

03:00 PM to 05:00 PM SSC ONLINE LIVE CLASS

BILINGUAL

08 June 2022

01:00 PM to 03:00 PM BANK ONLINE LIVE CLASS

07:30 PM to 09:30 PM SSC ONLINE LIVE CLASS

BILINGUAL

15 June 2022

05:30 PM to 07:30 PM BANK ONLINE LIVE CLASS

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM SSC ONLINE LIVE CLASS

BILINGUAL



















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The voice is that form of the verb by which we come to know whether the subject performs an action or the action is being performed on it;

There are two types:

1. Active Voice 2. Passive Voice



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A sentence is said to be in active voice if the subject performs the action.

A sentence is said to be in the passive voice if the subject does not perform the action actively instead it remains passive.



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Active: The subject actively performs the action so the sentence is active.

Voice

Passive: The subject remains passive and the action impacts on the subject.



FUNCTION



The passive voice is usually used in the following cases:

- 1. When the actual subject is hidden:
- > This fort was demolished ten years ago.
- 2. When object is to be stressed:
- > The Pokhran explosions were carried by A.B. Vajpayee.
- 3. To indicate historical or scientific facts:
- The dynamo was invented by Michael Faraday.

RULES FOR CHANGE OF VOICE:

- 1. Rule: Subject and object interchange their places:
- Rajini sang a song. (Active)
- > A song was sung by Rajini. (Passive)
- He eats an apple. (Active)
- > An apple is eaten by him. (Passive)
- 2. Rule: The 3rd form of the verb is used with is/am/ are / was / were / been / being according to the tense.



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- 3. Rule: The verb is made singular or plural according to the new subject used in the passive voice.
- > Ravi is teaching the students. (Active)
- > The students are being taught by Ravi. (Passive)
- 4. Rule: 'By' is used in the passive voice before the agent (doer / performer) and is placed before the object according to need.



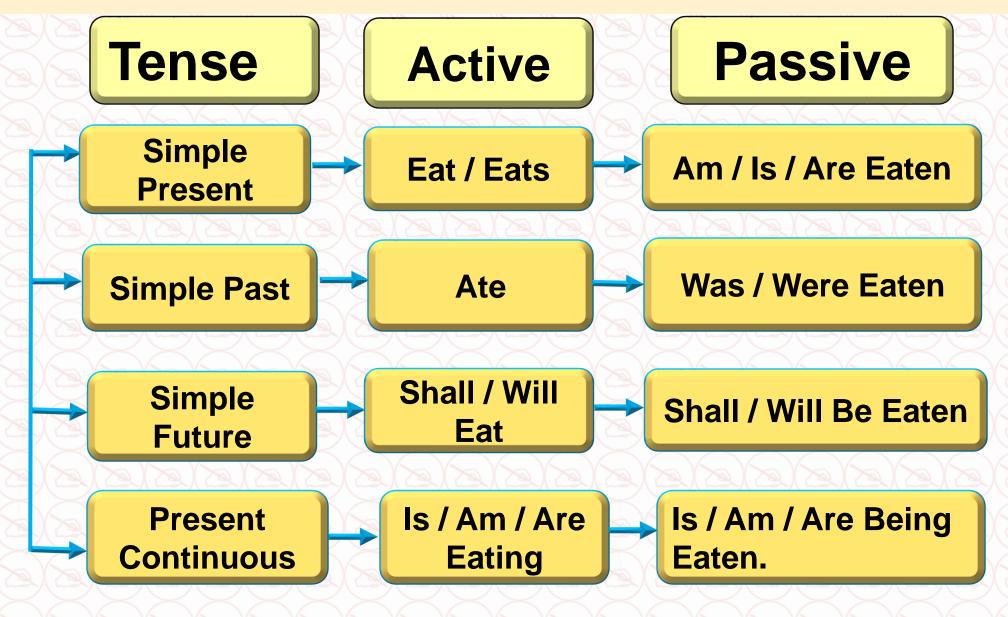
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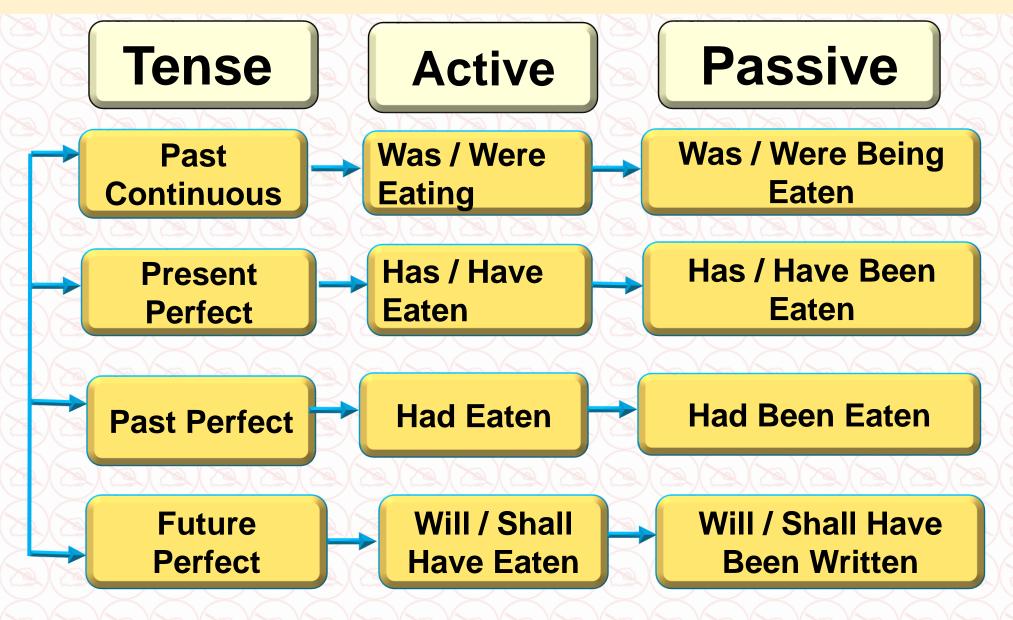


- 5. Rule: Intransitive verbs do not have passive form. (e.g. verbs like laugh, come, see, sleep, come, sit etc.)
- > They sat. (No passive)
- > Ravi laughed. (No passive)
- Note: However, if a preposition is used with an intransitive verb we can form its passive voice.
- > They sat upon the chair. (Active)
- > The chair was sat upon by them. (Passive)
- > He laughed at the beggar. (Active)
- > The beggar was laughed at by them. (Passive)

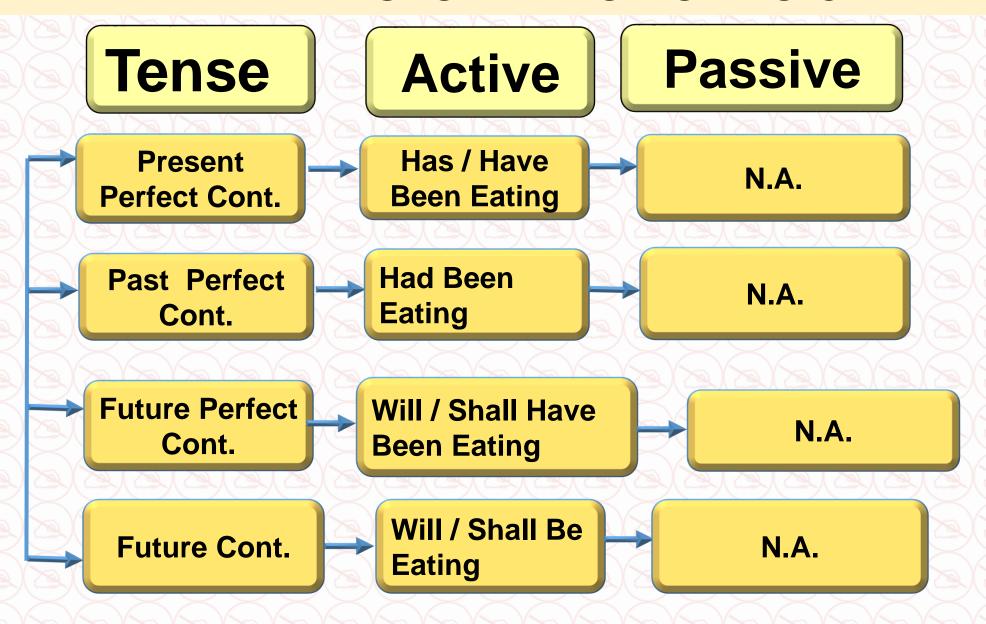
TRANSFORMATION OF VERBS



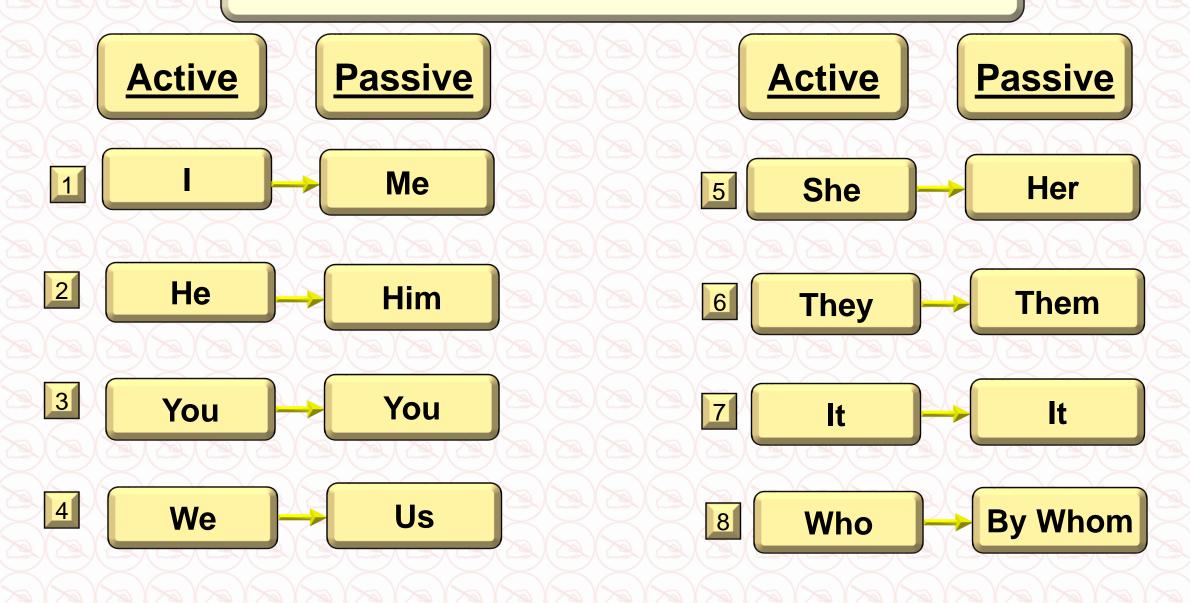
TRANSFORMATION OF VOICE



TRANSFORMATION OF VOICE



TRANSFORMATION OF THE SUBJECT





















Shank 401