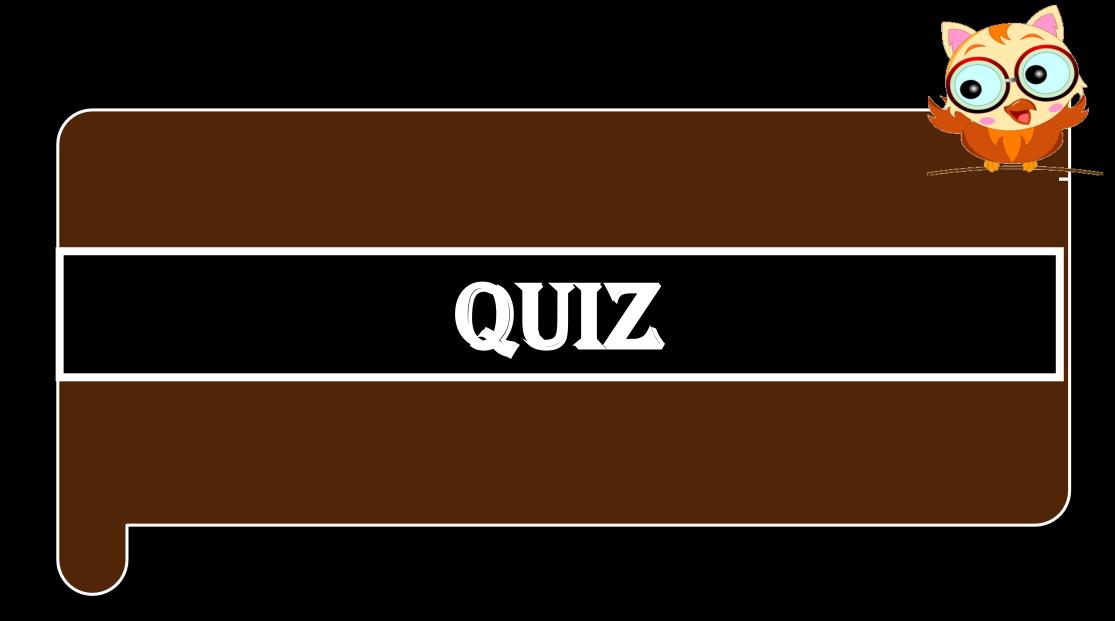




Mahendra's





# SYNONYM OF TYRANNY

- 1. Fairness
- 2. Justice

X

- 3. Persistent
- 4. Despotism
- 5. Moderate

# **SYNONYM OF PALPABLE**

- 1. Intangible
- 2. Evident

X

- 3. Obliterate
- 4. Obscure
- 5. Hidden

# **ANTONYM OF INCLEMENT**

- 1. Severe
- 2. Harsh
- 3. Adverse
- 4. Aversion
- 5. Pleasant

# **ANTONYM OF PROPELLING**

1. Stalling

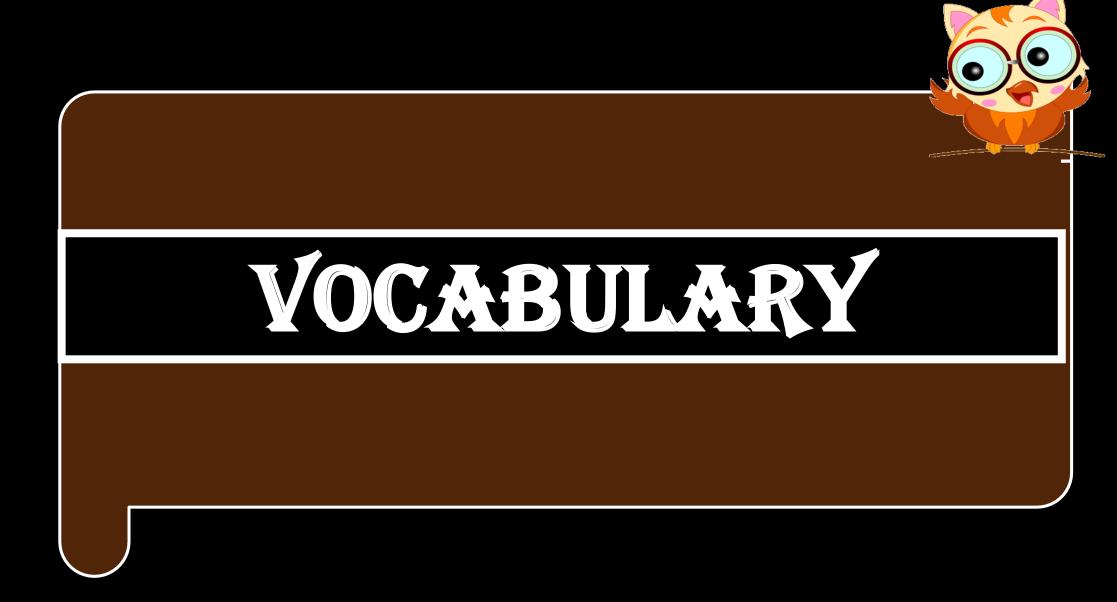
2

- 2. Driving
- 3. Pushing
- 4. Moving
- 5. Unmuted

# **ANTONYM OF STARK**

- 1. Harsh
- 2. Unadorned
- 3. Plain
- 4. Severity
- 5. Ornate







# **EXONERATION**

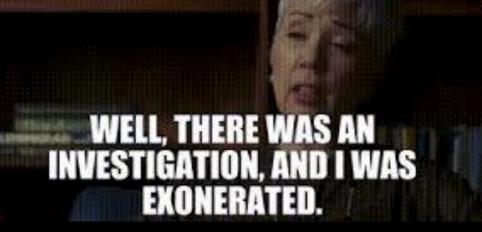
Parts of Speech: NOUN

Meaning: The act of officially absolving someone from blame or guilt; the state of being declared not guilty of a crime.

Synonyms: Absolution, vindication, clearance, acquittal.

Antonyms: Blame, condemnation, conviction.

Sentence: After new evidence came to light, the court granted the exoneration of the wrongly accused man, acknowledging his innocence.









Meaning: A judgment or verdict that a person is not guilty of the crime with which they have been charged.

**Synonyms: Exoneration, clearance, vindication. Antonyms: Conviction, guilty verdict.** 

Sentence: The defense lawyer worked hard to secure an acquittal for her client, presenting evidence that cast doubt on the prosecution's case.





## FLIMSY



Parts of Speech: ADJ. Meaning: Lacking strength or solidity; easily damaged or destroyed; lacking substance or credibility.

Synonyms: Fragile, weak, insubstantial, unsubstantial. Antonyms: Sturdy, robust, strong, substantial.

Sentence: The flimsy cardboard box couldn't withstand the weight of the books, and it collapsed under the pressure..



MA



## INCARCERATED

Parts of Speech: ADJ.

Meaning: Having been imprisoned or confined.

Synonyms: Imprisoned, confined, jailed, detained. Antonyms: Free, liberated, released.

Sentence: The incarcerated individuals were provided with vocational training programs to prepare them for reintegration into society.



## INCARCERATED

Parts of Speech: VERB

Meaning: To imprison or confine someone in a jail or prison.

Synonyms: Imprison, confine, detain, lock up. Antonyms: Release, free, liberate.

Sentence: He was incarcerated for his involvement in the robbery.



## REPUDIATION



Parts of Speech: NOUN Meaning: The act of rejecting or disowning something; the refusal to accept or recognize something as valid or binding. Synonyms: Rejection, denial, disavowal, renunciation.

Antonyms: Acceptance, acknowledgment, endorsement.

Sentence: The company's repudiation of the contract led to a legal dispute between the parties involved.



## **PROSECUTION** Parts of Speech: NOUN

Meaning: The act or process of prosecuting someone, especially in a legal context; the institution and conducting of legal proceedings against someone.

Synonyms: Legal action, indictment, accusation, pursuit.

Antonyms: Defense, acquittal, exoneration.

Sentence: The prosecution presented a compelling case, providing evidence and witnesses to support their allegations against the accused.



# CONSPIRACY

Parts of Speech: NOUN Meaning: A secret plan or agreement between two or more people to commit an unlawful or harmful act, often against a government or authority. Synonyms: Plot, scheme, collusion, intrigue. Antonyms: Openness, transparency, honesty.

Sentence: The authorities uncovered a conspiracy to overthrow the government and arrested those involved in the plot.





# COGNIZANCE

Parts of Speech: NOUN Meaning : Awareness or realization; taking notice or having knowledge of something. Synonyms: Awareness, notice, knowledge, perception. Antonyms: Ignorance, unawareness, disregard.

Sentence: The court took cognizance of the new evidence presented by the prosecution in the ongoing trial.





**REITERATE** Parts of Speech: VERB

Meaning: To say or do something again, often for emphasis or to emphasize a point.

Synonyms: Repeat, reaffirm, emphasize, iterate. Antonyms: Abandon, forget, disregard.

Sentence: The manager had to reiterate the importance of meeting deadlines to the team, hoping to avoid any further delays.



## HASTE

Parts of Speech: NOUN Meaning: Excessive speed or urgency of movement; the act of hurrying.

Synonyms: Swiftness, urgency, speed, quickness. Antonyms: Slowness, deliberation, patience.

Sentence: In his haste to catch the train, he forgot his briefcase at home.

### **PHRASAL VERB**

**BASED ON: FOUNDED OR ESTABLISHED UNDER** 

**CERTAIN PRIMISES** 

ADHERE TO : FOLLOW OR COMPLY WITH

# **IDIOM AND PHRASES**

SHINES ALIGHT ON: DRAWS ATTENTION TO SOMETHING, OFTEN AN ISSUE OR PROBLEM FLIMSY EVIDENCE : WEAK PRROF TO SUPPORT CLAIMS

TAKING COGNIZANCE OF : TAKING FORMAL NOTICE OF SOMETHING



# FREE OF GUILT: ON THE EXONERATION OF FORMER DELHI UNIVERSITY PROFESSOR G.N. SAIBABA AND FIVE OTHERS



The exoneration of former Delhi University professor G.N. Saibaba and five others of the charge of having Maoist links exposes the practice of invoking stringent laws based on nothing more than a person's likely association with or sympathy for extremist groups. Their acquittal by the Bombay High Court is notable for giving full meaning to the procedural safeguards that countervail the stringency of the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act. It also shines a light on the bail-denying features of the law that allows the state to imprison suspects for long years even though the evidence backing their arrest is doubtful or flimsy. In this particular case, five of the accused were arrested in 2013 and continued to be incarcerated since then, and one of them died during the pendency of the appeal. Mr. Saibaba was arrested in 2014. The trial court had convicted the six of them and sentenced five of them to life and awarded a 10-year term to the other.



The case will also be remembered for a dubious reason: the Supreme Court's hasty intervention to stay their discharge by the High Court in 2022. They were discharged on the ground that the sanction given to prosecute them under UAPA was not valid, but an apex court Bench sat the very next morning, a Saturday, to stay the order, and later directed the High Court to pass a fresh judgment on merits. Many had questioned the haste with which the benefit of discharge was reversed.

The latest judgment is a complete repudiation of the prosecution case, holding that the seizure effected from the accused was not proved, the material relied upon by the state was inadequate and that there was nothing to link the accused with any terrorist act, conspiracy or membership of any Maoist organisation.



It also found that the sanction given under UAPA to five of the accused was invalid because the report of the authority meant to review material against them independently was just a green signal for their prosecution, containing no discussion on the nature of the evidence. Further, the trial court had taken cognisance of the charge sheet against Mr. Saibaba even before the sanction, which came later, had been received. In its discussion on the use of UAPA against the accused, the Court has again emphasised that the more stringent a law is, the greater will be the need to adhere to procedural safeguards — the independent review was an additional safeguard introduced in UAPA in 2008. It reiterates the principle that mere possession of literature or publicity material, without any direct evidence linking suspects with a terrorist act, cannot be a ground to convict them under UAPA.

## **TONE OF THE PASSAGE**

- 1. **DISMISSIIVE**
- 2. NEUTRAL

A

- **3. SKEPTICAL**
- 4. CRITICAL
- 5. INFORMATIVE



#