



THE HINDU

EDITORIAL ANALYSIS



- IMPORTANT NEWS READING
- GRAMMAR



5 February



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@englishbyshalinimam



Discussion / Doubt Solving

Direct Interaction with me

Quiz

Polls







VOCABULARY

WOES

Parts of Speech Noun

Meaning: Suffering, troubles, or problems, typically causing distress or unhappiness.

Synonym: Troubles, hardships, difficulties, miseries.

Antonym: Joys, blessings, happiness, prosperity.

Example Sentence: The economic downturn brought about financial woes for many families, leading to job losses and financial instability.



TRAWLING

Parts of Speech: Noun (can also be used as a verb)

Meaning: (As a Noun: The method of fishing that involves dragging a net

through the water to catch fish. Verb: The act of fishing using a trawl, or more

broadly, searching or examining thoroughly and systematically.

Synonym: Noun) Trawl fishing, dragging. Verb: Searching, combing, scouring.

Antonym: Noun: Catch and release, Verb; Ignoring, neglecting.

Example Sentence:

Noun: The fishermen set out early in the morning for a day of trawling, hoping for a bountiful catch.

Verb. The detective spent hours trawling through the evidence to uncover the crucial information needed to solve the case.

INTERVENTIONS

Parts of Speech: Noun

Meaning: Actions or steps taken to actively interfere or come between in order to modify, influence, or manage a situation.

Synonym: Interference, involvement, mediation, action.

Antonym: Non-interference, abstention, inactivity.

Example Sentence: The counselor recommended timely interventions to address the student's academic challenges and provide necessary support.

STAGGERING

Parts of Speech, Adjective

Meaning: Extremely surprising, shocking, or overwhelming in magnitude, quantity, or effect.

Synonym: Astonishing, astounding, stunning, overwhelming.

Antonym: Expected, ordinary, unremarkable, commonplace.

Example Sentence: The company reported a staggering increase in profits, far exceeding the expectations of both analysts and stakeholders.

POACHING

Parts of Speech Noun

Meaning: The illegal hunting, capturing, or taking of wildlife, especially on another's property or in violation of hunting laws.

Synonym:

Illegal hunting, game theft, illicit hunting.

Antonym:

Legal hunting, wildlife conservation.

Example Sentence:

The national park authorities implemented strict measures to combat the poaching of endangered species.

CONFISCATION

Parts of Speech: (Noun

Meaning: The act of seizing or taking possession of something, often as a penalty or legal action.

Synonym: Seizure, appropriation, expropriation,

impoundment.

Antonym (Return restitution, release)

Example Sentence: The government ordered the confiscation of the smuggled goods as part of its efforts to combat illegal trade activities.

NAUTICAL

Parts of Speech: Adjective

Meaning: Relating to ships, navigation, or maritime activities.

Synonym: Maritime, naval, seafaring, marine.

Antonym: Land-based, terrestrial.

Example Sentence: The captain possessed extensive nautical knowledge, allowing the ship to navigate safely through the challenging waters.

CONSISTENCY

Parts of Speech: Noun

Meaning: The quality of being consistent, reliable, and uniform; the degree of agreement or harmony between parts or elements.

Synonym: Reliability, uniformity, coherence, constancy, steadiness.

Antonym: Inconsistency, variability, unpredictability, instability.

Example Sentence: The success of the project can be attributed to the team's consistency in adhering to the established guidelines and maintaining a unified approach throughout the process.

INCENTIVISE

Parts of Speech: Verb

Meaning: To provide motivation or incentives to encourage certain behavior or actions.

Synonym. Motivate encourage, stimulate, inspire,

spur.

Antonym: Discourage, demotivate, deter.

Example Sentence: The company decided to incentivize its employees by offering performance bonuses to boost productivity and morale.

PERILIOUS

Parts of Speech: Adjective

detrimenta Meaning: Full of danger or risk; hazardous; fraught with peril. Dangerous, risky, hazardous, precarious, onym: Safe, secure, harmless, secure, stable. **Example Sentence: Navigating through the treacherous** mountain pass proved to be a perilous journey, requiring utmost caution and skill.

PHRASAL VERBS

Act against: to take action in opposition to someone or something

Restoring to: to turn to and adopt a prticular method or course of action, especially one that is not preferred

Agreed upon: to have reached a mutual understanding about something.

Given up to abandon something





TONE OF THE PASSAGE

- 1. APOLOGETIC
- 2. OPTIMISTIC
- 3. CONCERNED
 - 4. INFORMATIVE
- 5. NEUTRAL



