



THE HINDU

EDITORIAL ANALYSIS

&

VOCABULARY

- **IMPORTANT NEWS**
- **READING**
- **GRAMMAR**
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TOPICS TO BE COVERED

- **EXAM-BASED WORDS**
- **ANTONYMS – SYNONYMS**
- **EDITORIAL ANALYSIS**



VOCABULARY



RESTORATION(NOUN)

Meaning: the act or process of bringing something back to its original condition, state, or form, often involving repair, renovation, or renewal.

Synonym: Renovation, renewal, rehabilitation, repair, rejuvenation.

Antonym: Deterioration, decay, damage, destruction.

Example Sentence: The community fundraised for the restoration of the local park, enhancing its amenities for residents.



ABROGATE(VERB)

Meaning: to officially revoke, repeal, or abolish a law, agreement, or decision, typically through a formal process or authoritative action.

Synonyms: Repeal, revoke, annul, cancel, nullify.

Antonyms: Establish, enact, ratify, endorse, validate.

Example Sentence:

Legal experts argued that it was necessary to
abrogate the treaty due to changing geopolitical
circumstances.



INCONGRUOUS(noun)

Meaning: something that is not in harmony, agreement, or consistent with its surroundings.

Synonyms: Incompatible, discordant, inconsistent, out of place, jarring.

Antonyms: Harmonious, congruent, consistent, compatible, fitting.

Example Sentence: The bright, modern artwork seemed incongruous in the traditional art gallery filled with classical pieces.



FRUITION (NOUN)

Meaning: the realization or fulfillment of something,
especially a plan, project, or goal.

Synonyms: Realization, accomplishment, fulfillment,
attainment, completion

Antonyms: Failure, setback, frustration, unfulfillment,
non-realization.

Example Sentence: The scientist's groundbreaking
research finally reached fruition with the publication of
the groundbreaking study.



AUTONOMY (NOUN)

Meaning: the ability or right of an individual, organization, or entity to govern itself or make independent decisions without external control or influence.

Synonyms: Independence, self-government, self-rule, sovereignty, freedom.

Antonyms: Dependency, subordination, control, submission, restriction.

Example Sentence:

The newly formed nation sought autonomy from external political interference.



INTEGRATION (NOUN)

Meaning: the process of combining or coordinating different components, elements, or systems to work together harmoniously as a unified whole.

Synonyms: Incorporation, assimilation, amalgamation, unity, blending.

Antonyms: Disintegration, segregation, separation, division, isolation.

Example Sentence:

Successful cultural integration in the workplace fosters collaboration and understanding among diverse teams.



ERSTWHILE (ADJ.)

Meaning: former or in the past, referring to something that was the case at a previous time.

Synonyms: Former, previous, past, one-time, ex.

Antonyms: Current, present, existing, contemporary.

Example Sentence:

The historic building, once an erstwhile palace, was now open to the public as a museum.



DISENCHANTMENT (NOUN)

Meaning: the feeling of disappointment or disillusionment, often arising from unmet expectations or the realization that something is not as good as one believed.

Synonyms: Désillusionment, disappointment, discouragement, dissatisfaction, discontent.

Antonyms: Enchantment, satisfaction, contentment, delight, approval.

Example Sentence:

The public's disenchantment with the political leaders was evident in the low approval ratings.



DEBILITATE (VERB)

Meaning: to weaken or make someone or something feeble, infirm, or less effective.

Synonyms: Weaken, enfeeble, disable, undermine, exhaust.

Antonyms: Strengthen, invigorate, fortify, empower.

Example Sentence: Continuous stress can debilitate the immune system, making the body more susceptible to illness.



EXORBITANT (ADJ.)

Meaning: something that is unreasonably high, excessive, or beyond what is considered reasonable or appropriate, especially in terms of cost or price.

Synonyms: Excessive, extravagant, overpriced, outrageous, inflated, steep, lavish.

Antonyms: Reasonable, moderate, affordable, economical, budget-friendly.

Example Sentence: Despite the exorbitant fees charged by the exclusive spa, it remained popular among the wealthy clientele.

ARTICLE ANALYSIS

THE HINDU EDITORIAL





What is the tone used in the passage by the author?

1. **CRITICAL**
2. **ENTHUSIASTIC**
3. **INFORMATIVE**
4. **CUMULATIVE**
5. **INTROSPECTIVE**



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THANK
YOU