



# VOCAB OF THE DAY





#### Vocab of the day

# => Vocab of the day :-

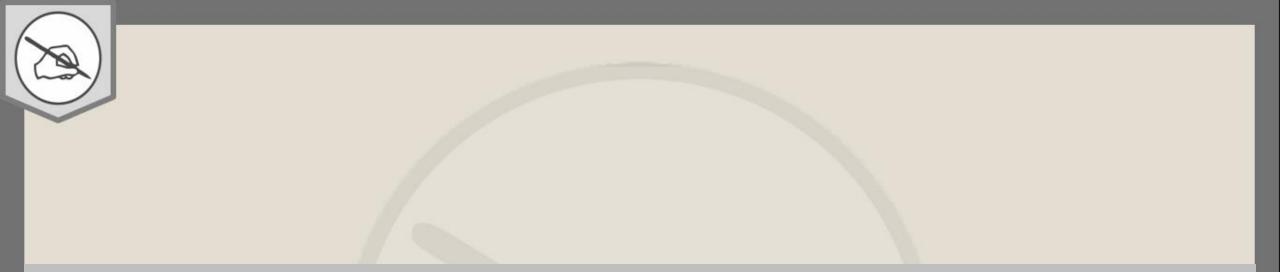
1. ENSUING (ADJECTIVE) : (आगामी) : subsequent Synonyms: following, succeeding Antonyms: previous, prior Example Sentence: The theory was developed subsequent to the earthquake of 1906.

## 2. ENGENDER (VERB) : (पैदा करना) : generate

Synonyms: create, produce Antonyms: stifle, destroy Example Sentence: The issue engendered continuing controversy.

#### 3. ATROCITY (NOUN) : (क्रूरता) : cruelty

Synonyms: abomination, enormity Antonyms: humaneness, mercy Example Sentence: A textbook which detailed war atrocities.



# TENSE



(5) EXCLAMATORY CONDITION :- If starts with "Here! & There!"

Eg :- (1) Here! A taxi comes in evening. (Incorrect) ⇒ Here! Comes a taxi in evening. (Correct)

(2) There! Mohan goes in morning. (Incorrect) => There! Goes Mohan in morning. (Correct)

[NOTE :- In case of noun, Verb पहले आएगी और Subject बाद में]

(1) There! She goes in the party. (Correct)(2) Here! They come for taking lunch. (Correct)

[NOTE :- In case of pronoun, Subject पहले ही आएगा और verb बाद में]

## (5) CONDITIONAL SENTENCES :-

**<u>Rule</u>** (1) :- IF + Present Indefinite [V1 or V1+s/es], Shall/Will + v1

Eg :- 1) If you work hard, You will get success with it.2) If he comes here, She will not scold him for this mistake.

Rule (2) :- IF + Past Indefinite [V2], Would + v1

Eg :- 1) If you worked hard, You would get success with it.2) If he came here, She would not scold him for this mistake.

Rule (3) :- IF + Past Perfect [Had + V3], Would + have + V3

Eg :- 1) If you had worked hard, You would have got success with it.2) If he had come here, She would not have scolded him for this mistake.

⇒ Present Continuous :- [रहा हैं, रही हैं, रहे हैं]

- <u>RULE</u> (1) :- Subject + Is/Am/Are + v1 + ing + Object + etc. [Used for showing +ve sense]
  Eg :- 1) He is writing a letter for this issue.
  2) My friends are playing football in the ground.
- <u>RULE</u> (2) :- Subject + Is/Am/Are + not + v1 + ing + Object + etc. [Used for showing -ve sense]
  Eg :- 1) Monika is not taking her medicine on time.
  2) I am not coming with you for this party.
- <u>RULE</u> (3) :- Is/Am/Are + Subject + v1 + ing + Object + etc ? [Used for showing interrogative sense]
  Eg :- 1) Are you working on this project ?
  2) Is she calling you for this matter ?

<u>RULE</u> (4) :- Wh family + Is/Am/Are + Subject + v1 + ing + Object + etc ? [Used for showing double interrogative sense]
Eg :- 1) Why are they working in this company ?
2) How is Mohan living in this town ?

**POINT** :- Wh family is known as question words <u>like</u> – What, How, Why.....

Special conditions for Present Continuous :-

**Condi. (1) :- Continuous action in Present.** 

- Eg :- (1) My students are reading a book.
  - (2) Mahesh is cooking food for us.
  - (3) I am doing this work only for you.
  - (4) Some employees are taking leave for this festival.



**<u>Condi</u>**. (2) :- For describing fixed plan of future.

<u>NOTE</u> :- जो निश्चित work/action Future में होने वाला हैं with some particular words <u>like</u> – Tomorrow, Next + Time, Day after tomorrow.

Eg :- (1) Aakash is going to Mumbai tomorrow.
(2) My neighbours are leaving India for Australia next year.
(3) Your parents are coming here day after tomorrow.



# **PRACTICE QUESTIONS**





# => <u>Practice Exercise</u> :-

Quest (1) :- If Sonu (a)/ gives me some money, (b)/ I would buy this car. (c)/ No error (d) Sol. Error in (c) part, use 'will' instead of 'would'.

<u>Quest</u> (2) :- Earth is revolving (a)/ around the sun (b)/ in our solar (c)/ system. (d)/ No error (e) Sol. Error in (a) part, use 'revolves' instead of 'is revolving'.

Quest (3) :- They would help (a)/ us if I give (b)/ these documents to him. (c)/ No error (d) Sol. Error in (b) part, use 'gave' instead of 'gives'.



## => <u>Practice Exercise</u> :-

Quest (4) :- There! (a)/ a bus goes for (b)/ taking our employees. (c)/ No error (d) Sol. Error in (b) part, use 'goes a bus' instead of 'a bus goes'.

<u>Quest</u> (5) :- Renu was going (a)/ to join this (b)/ company from Delhi (c)/ to Mumbai tomorrow. (d)/ No error (e) Sol. Error in (a) part, use 'is going' instead of 'was going'.

Quest (6) :- There! Go they (a)/ for attending (b)/ this marriage. (c)/ No error (d) Sol. Error in (a) part, use 'They go' instead of 'go they'.

