



Mahendra's



SSC CGL/CPO/CHSL

ENGLISH

TENSE

PART-1

LIVE

08:30 PM





VOCAB OF THE DAY



Vocab of the day

⇒ Vocab of the day :-

1. **VEHEMENCE (NOUN)** : (जुनून) : **passion**

Synonyms: force, ardour

Antonyms: apathy

Example Sentence: There was a lot of vehemence in his reaction.

2. **BLISTERING (ADJECTIVE)** : (बर्बर) : **savage**

Synonyms: vicious, fierce

Antonyms: mild

Example Sentence: There was a blistering attack on the government's transport policy.

3. **PROTRACT (VERB)** : (बढ़ाना) : **prolong**

Synonyms: extend, draw out

Antonyms: curtail

Example Sentence: He had certainly taken his time, even protracting the process.



TENSE



ENGLISH GRAMMAR TENSE

⇒ There are 3 types of Tense :-

- ❑ Present Tense :- वर्तमान काल
- ❑ Past Tense :- भूतकाल
- ❑ Future Tense :- भविष्य काल

⇒ There are 4 conditions of Tense :-

- Continuous :- Follows **continuation** in the sent.
- Indefinite :- Generally follows the **Habitual Action** in the sent.
- Perfect :- Follows the **completion of action** in the sent.
- Perfect Continuous :- Follows the **continuation with time** in the sent.

Note :- All 3 types has 4 conditions separately.



ENGLISH GRAMMAR TENSE

⇒ PRESENT INDEFINITE :- [ता है, ती है, ते हैं]

RULE (1) :- Subject + **v1** + Object + etc.

[Used for **plural subjects** like – I, We, You, They]

RULE (2) :- Subject + **v1** + **s/es** + object + etc.

[Used for **singular subjects** like – He, She, It, Name]

POINT :- (1) V1 + s ⇒ {End with **consonants**. **Eg** :- Walks, Talks}

(2) V1 + es ⇒ {End with **vowels**. **Eg** :- Goes, Does}

Eg :- (1) Mohan **does** this work for his family.

(2) My friends **go** to play cricket in this park.

Note :- Both **RULE (1)** and **(2)** are used for showing **+ve sense**.



ENGLISH GRAMMAR TENSE

RULE (3) :- Subject + **Do/Does** + not + **v1** + Object + etc.
[Used for showing **-ve sense**]

POINT :- **Do** ⇒ Used with **plural subjects**. [I, We, You, They]
Does ⇒ Used with **singular subjects**. [He, She, It, Name]

Eg :- (1) This man **does not complete** his work on time.
(2) People **do not help** us in this town.

RULE (4) :- **Do/Does** + Subject + **v1** + Object + etc ?
[Used for showing **Interrogative sense**]

Eg :- (1) **Does Akash steal** money from my pocket ?
(2) **Do you want** to work with me here ?



ENGLISH GRAMMAR TENSE

RULE (5) :- WH family + **Do/Does** + Subject + **v1** + Object + etc ?
[Used for showing **Double Interrogative sense**]

WH Family means :- What, Where, How , When, Why & etc.....

Eg :- (1) How **does** Monika **enter** in my cabin ?

(2) Where **do** they **play** cricket in this ground ?

⇒ Special conditions of Present Indefinite :-

(1) **HABITUAL ACTION** :- [**Every/Per + Time, Daily**]

Eg :- (1) Sonali comes here for buying milk **daily**.

(2) They give 10,000rs. **per month** for this shop.

(3) Monika celebrates this festival **every year** with us.



ENGLISH GRAMMAR TENSE

(2) UNIVERSAL TRUTH :- [जग जाहिर]

- Eg :-** (1) Sun **rises** in the east.
(2) Moon **revolves** around the earth.

(3) IDIOM & PHRASES :- [मुहावरे एवं लोकोक्तियाँ]

- Eg :-** (1) It **takes** two to tango.
(2) A lazy man always **quarrels** with his tools.

(4) Some verbs are generally followed by **Indefinite Tense** :-

Like :- See, Attract, Want, Meet, Tell, Like, Feel, Love, Believe, Try, Propose, Agree, Trust, Marry, Doubt, Know, Cheat, Fight, Suggest, Separate, Satisfy & so on.



PRACTICE QUESTIONS



ENGLISH GRAMMAR TENSE (EXERCISE)

⇒ Practice Exercise :-

Quest (1) :- He do not (a)// help anybody for completing (b)// this project. (c)// No error (d).

Sol. Error in (a) part, use 'does' instead of 'do'.

Quest (2) :- I am going (a)// there for helping (b)// them everyday. (c)// No error (d)

Sol. Error in (a) part, use 'go' instead of 'am going'.

Quest (3) :- The colour of (a)// milk is appearing (b)// white. (c)// No error (d)

Sol. Error in (b) part, use 'appears' instead of 'is appearing'.



ENGLISH GRAMMAR TENSE (EXERCISE)

⇒ Practice Exercise :-

Quest (4) :- Why does (a)/ suraj buying these (b)/ clothes for him. (c)/ No error (d).

Sol. Error in (b) part, use 'buy' instead of 'buying'.

Quest (5) :- I know him (a)/ and he (b)/ pluck mango from (c)/ this garden. (d)/ No error (e)

Sol. Error in (c) part, use 'plucks' instead of 'pluck'.

Quest (6) :- How does (a)/ Meenakshi cook this tasty (b)/ food for all of us. (c)/ No error (d)

Sol. Error in (d) part, **No Error**.

Thank
you

