

WEEKEND SPECIAL



HISTORY & MERGER OF INDIAN BANKS (INCLUDING RBI AND SBI)

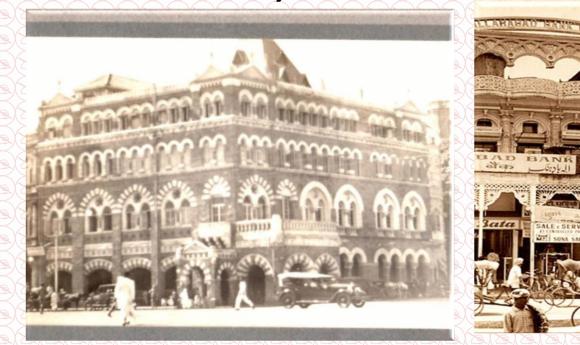




HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

1770:- Bank of Hindustan was established (First bank in India)

1865:- Allahabad Bank was established. (Oldest commercial bank in India.)





HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

Punjab National Bank was established in 1894 at Lahore.



BANK OF INDIA = 1906 OVERSEASE BRANCH IN LONDON = 1946

बैंक आफ़ इंडिया Bank of India

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA = 1911 1st Swadeshi Bank



UNION BANK OF INDIA = 1919

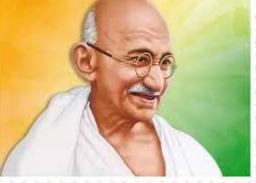


भारत सरकार का उपक्रम

A Government of India Undertaking

अन्द्रा Andhra





Recommended by Hilton Young commission (1926),

RBI: AN INTRODUCTION

भारतीय रिज़र्व बैंक Reserve Bank of India India's Central Bank

ड वागक भारतीय रिजव वेव

Established on April 1, 1935 in accordance with the provisions of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

The Central Office was initially established in Calcutta but was permanently moved to Mumbai in 1937

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA GOVEBNOBS

Sir Osborne Smith





01-04-1935 to 30-06-1937

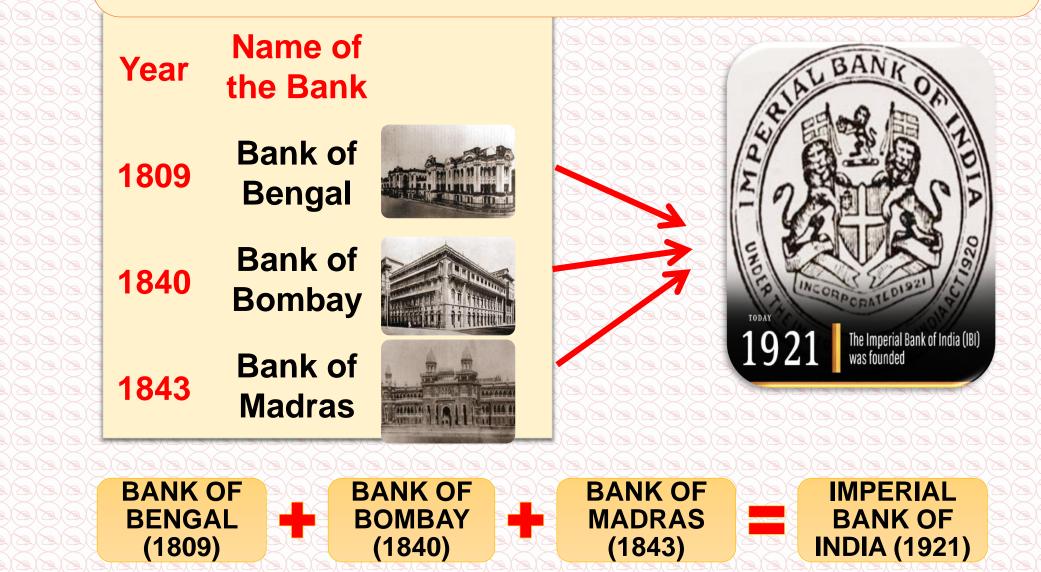


Sir James Braid Taylor July 1, 1937 to February 17,1943

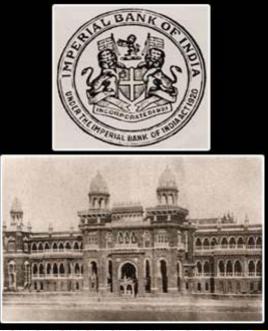




The Imperial Bank of India came into existence on 27th January, 1921. The three Presidency Banks were reorganized & amalgamated to form a single banking entity. It was subsequently transformed into State Bank of India in 1955.







1955- Imperial Bank was taken over by RBI and renamed as SBI. In 1959- 8 associates attached with SBI.

MERGER IN SBI

1963 – State Bank of Bikaner merged in State Bank of Jaipur to become State Bank of Bikaner and Jaipur 2008 - State Bank of saurashtra 2010- State Bank of Indore 2017- State Bank Hyderabad **2017- State Bank Patiala** 2017- State Bank Mysoor **2017- State Bank Travancore 2017-State Bank of Bikaner and Jaipur**



JULY 19, 1969: THE DAY INDIAN BANKING CHANGED

 A Baksi
 The then RBI

 PM said it was necessary to take banking to rural areas, but has been accused of pushing it for political gains
 A Baksi
 The then RBI

 DN Ghosh
 Described in
 Described in

LK Jha | Oversaw the nationalisation process as RBI governor; entered the scene at the last minute

scene at the last minute **IG Patel** Like Jha, was not in the picture initially, the then economic affairs secretary was asked to

ours contest election ment **Morarji Desai** | Resigned as FM a week before

his autobiography how he

was in the thick of action

as deputy secretary in

the announcement to register his dissent with the plan Nationalization

14 banks with deposits above ₹. 50 crores were Nationalized. 6 banks with deposits above ₹. 200 crores were Nationalized

19 July 1969

1969

1980

- 1. Allahabad Bank
- 2. Bank of Baroda
- 3. Bank of Maharashtra
- 4. Canara Bank
- 5. Central Bank of India
- 6. Dena Bank
- 7. Indian Bank
- 8. Indian Overseas Bank
- 9. Punjab National Bank
- 10. Syndicate Bank
- 11. Union Bank
- 12 United Dank
- 12. United Bank of India
- 13. UCO Bank
- 14. Bank of India

15 April 1980

- 1. Andhra Bank
- 2. Corporation Bank
- 3. New Bank of India
- 4. Oriental Bank of Commerce
- 5. Punjab & Sindh Bank
- 6. Vijaya Bank



Nationalization of banks in India-

14 Major Banks with minimum capital of 50 crore on

19 July 1969.

06 Major Banks with minimum capital of 200 crore on 15 April 1980.

the then economic affairs secretary was asked to draft legislation 24 hours before the announcement **PN Haksar** The then principal secretary to PM was overseeing the implementation



Merger of Nationalised Banks

- New Bank of India was merged in P.N.B.
 on September 4, 1993
- Bank of Baroda, Vijaya Bank and Dena Bank on September 17, 2018
- Being merged (Operational from 1st April 2020)
 - Canara Bank Syndicate Bank
 - Indian Bank Allahabad Bank
 - Punjab National Bank Oriental Bank of Commerce - United Bank of India
 - Union Bank of India Andhra Bank -Corporation Bank

