# $\blacksquare$



SMahe<u>ndra</u>'s

## **Keasoning** TOPIC BOOSTER MANS MANA-MSGELLANEOUS-2 LIVE 09:00 AM





'P\$Q' means 'P is smaller than Q'
'P©Q' means P is greater than Q'
'P#Q' means P is equal to Q'
'P@Q' means P is either equal to or greater than Q
'P\*Q' means P is either equal to or less than Q
Statements: R @ S @ T © U © X; T \$ V \$ W
Conclusions:

- I. R©X
- II. X \$ W
- 1. if only Conclusion I is true
- 2. if only Conclusion II is true
- 3. if either Conclusion I or II is true.
- 4. if neither Conclusion I or II is true
  - if both conclusion I and II are true

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Statements: E # F \$ G \$ H; G @ I
Conclusions:

- I. H© I
- II. E @ I
- 1. if only Conclusion I is true
- 2. if only Conclusion II is true
- 3. if either Conclusion I or II is true.
- 4. if neither Conclusion I or II is true
  - if both conclusion I and II are true

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Statements: A © B © F © C; D © E © C
Conclusions:

- I. C \$ A
- II. B©D
- 1. if only Conclusion I is true
- 2. if only Conclusion II is true
- 3. if either Conclusion I or II is true.
- 4. if neither Conclusion I or II is true
  - if both conclusion I and II are true

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'P\*Q' means P is either equal to or less than Q
Statements: K \* L \* M # N; P @ O @ M

- I. K \$ P
- **II.** K # P
- 1. if only Conclusion I is true
- 2. if only Conclusion II is true
- 3. if either Conclusion I or II is true.
- 4. if neither Conclusion I or II is true
  - if both conclusion I and II are true

'P\$Q' means 'P is smaller than Q'
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'P\*Q' means P is either equal to or less than Q
Statements: D \$ E \$ F \$ G; K © F
Conclusions:

- I. K \* G
- II. K © D
- 1. if only Conclusion I is true
- 2. if only Conclusion II is true
- 3. if either Conclusion I or II is true.
- 4. if neither Conclusion I or II is true
  - if both conclusion I and II are true





X \* Y means X is to the west of Y at a distance of 7m.
X # Y means X is to the south direction of Y at a distance of 5m.
X @ Y means X is to the east of Y at a distance of 3m.
X % Y means X is to the north direction of Y at a distance of 9m.

X \* Y का अर्थ है कि X, Y के पश्चिम ओर 7 मीटर की दूरी पर है।
X # Y का अर्थ है कि X, Y के दक्षिण दिशा में 5 मीटर की दूरी पर है।
X @ Y का अर्थ है कि X, Y के पूर्व ओर 3 मीटर की दूरी पर है।
X % Y का अर्थ है कि X, Y के उत्तर दिशा में 9 मीटर की दूरी पर है।







X \* Y means X is to the west of Y at a distance of 7m.
X # Y means X is to the south direction of Y at a distance of 5m.
X @ Y means X is to the east of Y at a distance of 3m.
X % Y means X is to the north direction of Y at a distance of 9m.
B @ D % V # H @ K,

then in which direction is K with respect to D?
a) North
b) East
c) South-west
d) North-West

e) None of these







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X # Y means X is to the south direction of Y at a distance of 5m.
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X % Y means X is to the north direction of Y at a distance of 9m.
M % N, Q \* M, N % G, L \* Q

then find the minimum distance between Q and N (approx.)? a)  $\sqrt{12}$  m b)  $\sqrt{130}$  m c)  $\sqrt{81}$  m d)  $\sqrt{49}$  m e)  $\sqrt{100}$  m







X \* Y means X is to the west of Y at a distance of 7m.
X # Y means X is to the south direction of Y at a distance of 5m.
X @ Y means X is to the east of Y at a distance of 3m.
X % Y means X is to the north direction of Y at a distance of 9m.
S @ T \* R % M \* U,

then T is in which direction with respect to U? a) South

- b) North-West
- c) West
- d) North-East
- e) East







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X # Y means X is to the south direction of Y at a distance of 5m.
X @ Y means X is to the east of Y at a distance of 3m.
X % Y means X is to the north direction of Y at a distance of 9m.
E # F \* H %G \* I

then find the distance between E and H? a)  $\sqrt{72}$  m b) 9 m c)  $3\sqrt{2}$  m d)  $\sqrt{74}$  m e) None of these







X \* Y means X is to the west of Y at a distance of 7m.
X # Y means X is to the south direction of Y at a distance of 5m.
X @ Y means X is to the east of Y at a distance of 3m.
X % Y means X is to the north direction of Y at a distance of 9m.
R # M @ N \* O % P # Q,

then Q in which direction with respect to R?

- a) South
- **b) North-West**
- c) West
- d) North-East
- e) East





Study the given information

carefully and the questions given below it:

In a certain code language,

the symbol for 0 (zero) is% and that for 1 is & There are no other symbols for numbers and all numbers greater than 1 are written using these two symbols only, the value of the symbol for 1 doubling itself every time it shifts one place to the left. Thus:'

- **0** is written %
- **1** is written **&**
- 2 is written &%
- **3** is written **&&**
- 4 is written &%% and so on







IBPS

How will 57 be coded as in the same code language?

- A. &%%%&&&
- **B.**  $\& \frac{0}{0} \frac{0}{0} \frac{0}{0} & \frac{0}{0} \frac{0}{0}$

- **E**. &&%%&&%%









Which of the following will represent &&%&%&%?

- **A.** 101
- **B.** 103
- **C.** 106
- **D.** 105
- **E.** 98





**&%&&** is multiplied to **&&%&** what will be the resultant?

- A. &%%%%%%&&&&&
- **B.** &&&%%&%%&&

- E. &%%%&&%%&&











### If &%&&%& is divided by &%%& what will be the resultant?

- A. & % %
- **B.** &&%
- **C.** &%&
- E. %&&









IBPS

Which of the following will represent 2/5<sup>th</sup> of 45 in that code?

- A. &&^/\_&%
- **B.** & % % %
- **C.** & % & % &
- E. &&&&%





Eight persons – A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting on a straight bench facing North. Each have scored different marks viz. 10, 12, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20, but not necessarily in the same order. A has not scored 17 marks. The person who has scored 12 marks is sitting immediate left to that person who has scored 18 marks. D is sitting between A and G. Only one person is sitting between the one who has scored 10 marks and the one who has scored 19 marks. F has scored 19 marks. Only two persons are sitting between B and the one who scored 18 marks. B is an immediate neighbour of F and E. D is sitting immediate right of A. The one who has scored 20 marks, is not sitting on extreme end of the row. F is not sitting on extreme end of the row. B is not sitting extreme end of the row. D has scored 14 marks. H has not scored 18 marks. A is sitting extreme end of the row. B has not scored 20 marks. Five persons are sitting between A and B.



आठ व्यक्ति – A, B, C, D, E, F, G और H एक सीधी बेंच पर उत्तर की ओर मुँख करके बैठे हैं। प्रत्येक ने अलग-अलग अंक प्राप्त किए हैं। 10, 12, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19 और 20, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। A ने 17 अंक प्राप्त नहीं किए हैं। जिस व्यक्ति ने 12 अंक प्राप्त किए हैं वह उस व्यक्ति के ठीक बाएं बैठा है जिसने 18 अंक प्राप्त किए हैं। D, A और G के बीच में बैठा है। 10 अंक प्राप्त करने वाले और 19 अंक प्राप्त करने वाले के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति बैठा है। F ने 19 अंक प्राप्त किए हैं। B और 18 अंक प्राप्त करने वाले व्यक्ति के मध्य केवल दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। B, F और E का निकटतम पड़ोसी है। D, A के ठीक दायें बैठा है। जिसने 20 अंक प्राप्त किए हैं, वह पंक्ति के अंतिम छोर पर नहीं बैठा है। F पंक्ति के अंतिम छोर पर नहीं बैठा है। B पंक्ति के अंतिम छोर पर नहीं बैठा है। D ने 14 अंक प्राप्त किए हैं। H ने 18 अंक प्राप्त नहीं किए हैं। A पंक्ति के अंतिम छोर पर बैठा है। B ने 20 अंक प्राप्त नहीं किए हैं। A और B के बीच पांच व्यक्ति बैठे हैं।



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01. None02. 303. 204. 105. None of these.



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01. C 02. A 03. F 04. B 05. G



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01. A, F 02. A, C 03. A, B 04. A, G 05. A, E



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01. I 02. L 03. H 04. G 05. None of these



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01. J 02. K 03. L 04. M 05. F and L



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 01. G
 02. K

 03. H
 04. L

 05. None of these











उतारंश

