## QSBl CLERK 2023@

## REASONING <br> MOBK IESTPAPER-6

# EXAM से पहले इसे जरूर देखें। 

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There are eight employees of a company and all of them are working on eight different designation of a bank viz. Chairman, CFO, GM, DGM, AGM, Manager, Junior Manager and Clerk. All the designations given are to be considered in a given order (as Chairman is considered as Senior most and Clerk is considered as the Junior-most). Only two persons are senior to B. One designation lies between B and G. The number of persons junior to G is same as the number of persons senior to C . H is just senior to E , but junior to C . More than four designations lie between H and F. D is junior to $\mathbf{A}$.

एक कंपनी के आठ कर्मचारी हैं और वे सभी एक बैंक के आठ अलग-अलग पदनामों पर काम कर रहे हैं। अध्यक्ष, सीएफओ, जीएम, डीजीएम, एनीएम, प्रबंधक, कनिष्ठ प्रबंधक और क्लर्क। दिए गए सभी पदनामों पर एक दिए गए क्रम में विचार किया जाना है (क्योंकि अध्यक्ष को सबसे वरिष्ठ माना जाता है और क्लर्क को सबसे कनिष्ठ माना जाता है)। B से केवल दो व्यक्ति वरिष्ठ हैं। B और G के बीच एक पदनाम है। G से कनिष्ठ व्यक्तियों की संख्या C से वरिष्ठ व्यक्तियों की संख्या के समान है। H केवल E से वरिष्ठ है, लेकिन C से कनिष्ठ है। चार से अधिक पदनाम H और F के बीच स्थित है। $\mathrm{D}, \mathrm{A}$ से कनिष्ठ है।

There are eight employees of a company and all of them are working on eight different designation of a bank viz. Chairman, CFO, GM, DGM, AGM, Manager, Junior Manager and Clerk. All the designations given are to be considered in a given order (as
Chairman is considered as Senior most and Clerk is considered as the Junior-most). Only two persons are senior to B. One designation lies between B and G. The number of persons junior to G is same as the number of persons senior to C . H is just senior to E , but junior to C . More than four designations lie between H and F. D is junior to A.

How many persons are junior to H?
(a) None
(b) One
(c) More than four
(d) Four
(e) Three

There are eight employees of a company and all of them are working on eight different designation of a bank viz. Chairman, CFO, GM, DGM, AGM, Manager, Junior Manager and Clerk. All the designations given are to be considered in a given order (as Chairman is considered as Senior most and Clerk is considered as the Junior-most). Only two persons are senior to B. One designation lies between $B$ and $G$. The number of persons junior to G is same as the number of persons senior to C . H is just senior to E , but junior to C . More than four designations lie between H and F . D is junior to A .
Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence they form a group. Which one of the following does not belong to that group?
(a) A-F
(b) B-A
(c) H-D
(d) G-A
(e) E-H

There are eight employees of a company and all of them are working on eight different designation of a bank viz. Chairman, CFO, GM, DGM, AGM, Manager, Junior Manager and Clerk. All the designations given are to be considered in a given order (as
Chairman is considered as Senior most and Clerk is considered as the Junior-most). Only two persons are senior to B. One designation lies between B and G. The number of persons junior to G is same as the number of persons senior to C . H is just senior to E, but junior to C. More than four designations lie between H and F. D is junior to A.

How many designation gaps are between $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{D}$ ?
(a) More than three
(b) Two
(c) Three
(d) One
(e) None

There are eight employees of a company and all of them are working on eight different designation of a bank viz. Chairman, CFO, GM, DGM, AGM, Manager, Junior Manager and Clerk. All the designations given are to be considered in a given order (as
Chairman is considered as Senior most and Clerk is considered as the Junior-most). Only two persons are senior to B. One designation lies between B and G. The number of persons junior to G is same as the number of persons senior to C . H is just senior to E, but junior to C. More than four designations lie between H and F. D is junior to A.

Who among the following is just senior to B?
(a) A
(b) D
(c) C
(d) E
(e) None of these

There are eight employees of a company and all of them are working on eight different designation of a bank viz. Chairman, CFO, GM, DGM, AGM, Manager, Junior Manager and Clerk. All the designations given are to be considered in a given order (as
Chairman is considered as Senior most and Clerk is considered as the Junior-most). Only two persons are senior to B. One designation lies between B and G. The number of persons junior to G is same as the number of persons senior to C . H is just senior to E, but junior to C. More than four designations lie between H and F. D is junior to A.

Who among the following is AGM?
(a) F
(b) B
(c) G
(d) D
(e) None of these

Statements:
Some Banana are Orange.
All Orange are Apple.
Conclusions:
I. Some Banana are not Apple.
II. Some Orange are Banana.
(a) If only conclusion I follows.
(b) If only conclusion II follows.
(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

Statements:
Only a few East are North.
Few North are South.
All South are West.

Conclusions:
I. All East being North is a possibility. II. Some East are West.
(a) If only conclusion I follows.
(b) If only conclusion II follows.
(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

Statements:
Only a few Song are Melody.
Only a few Melody are Film.
No Film is Award.
Conclusions:
I. All Song being Film is a possibility.
II. Some Melody are not Award.
(a) If only conclusion I follows.
(b) If only conclusion II follows.
(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

In a certain code language:
"Club house near located" is coded as "ol gp ox ot" "both club view near" is coded as "mt ox sq ot" "make located house view" is coded as "nk ol gp sq" "near club view area" is coded as "ot ox sq tm"

What is the code for "both" in the given code language?
(a) $0 x$
(b) sq
(c) mt
(d) ot
(e) Either (b) or (c)

In a certain code language:
"Club house near located" is coded as "ol gp ox ot" "both club view near" is coded as "mt ox sq ot" "make located house view" is coded as "nk ol gp sq" "near club view area" is coded as "ot 0 x sq tm"

What is the code for "house" in the given code language?
(a) 01
(b) $0 x$
(c) gp
(d) Either
(a) or (c) (e) None of these

In a certain code language:
"Club house near located" is coded as "ol gp ox ot" "both club view near" is coded as "mt ox sq ot" "make located house view" is coded as "nk ol gp sq" "near club view area" is coded as "ot ox sq tm"

The code " $n \mathrm{k}$ " is stands for?
(a) make
(b) both
(c) area
(d) club
(e) None of these

In a certain code language:
"Club house near located" is coded as "ol gp ox ot" "both club view near" is coded as "mt ox sq ot" "make located house view" is coded as "nk ol gp sq" "near club view area" is coded as "ot ox sq tm"

What may be the possible code for "both house" in the given code language?
(a) gp mt
(b) mt nk
(c) mt sq
(d) $0 \times \mathrm{mt}$
(e) gp sq

There are eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H sitting around a circular table facing towards the centre of the table but not necessarily in the same order. B sits third to the right of A. Only one person sits between B and D. E faces C who is not an immediate neighbour of B. G sits third to the left of F . A is not an immediate neighbour of F . आठ व्यक्ति $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{F}, \mathrm{G}$ और H एक गोलाकार मेज के चारों ओर मेज के केद्र की ओर मुख करके बैठे हैं लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। $\mathbf{B}, \mathrm{A}$ के दाएं तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। B और D के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति बैठा है। E का मुख C की ओर है जो B का निकटतम पड़ोसी नहीं है। G, F के बाएं तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। A, F का निकटतम पड़ोसी नहीं है।

There are eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H sitting around a circular table facing towards the centre of the table but not necessarily in the same order. B sits third to the right of A. Only one person sits between B and D. E faces C who is not an immediate neighbour of B. G sits third to the left of F . A is not an immediate neighbour of F .
Who among the following sits to the immediate left of C?
(a) G
(b) D
(c) F
(d) H
(e) None of these

There are eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H sitting around a circular table facing towards the centre of the table but not necessarily in the same order. B sits third to the right of A. Only one person sits between B and D. E faces C who is not an immediate neighbour of B. G sits third to the left of F . A is not an immediate neighbour of F .
Who among the following sits to the opposite of A?
(a) H
(b) G
(c) F
(d) D
(e) None of these

There are eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H sitting around a circular table facing towards the centre of the table but not necessarily in the same order. B sits third to the right of A. Only one person sits between B and D. E faces C who is not an immediate neighbour of B. G sits third to the left of F . A is not an immediate neighbour of F . How many persons sit between $H$ and $G$ when counted from the left of G?
(a) Two
(b) One
(c) Three
(d) Four
(e) None of these

There are eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H sitting around a circular table facing towards the centre of the table but not necessarily in the same order. B sits third to the right of A. Only one person sits between B and D. E faces C who is not an immediate neighbour of B. G sits third to the left of F . A is not an immediate neighbour of F . If all the persons sit around the circle in clockwise direction by their names according to English alphabetical order starting from $A$, then how many persons remain unchanged except A?
(a) Four
(b) One
(c) Three
(d) Two
(e) None of these

There are eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H sitting around a circular table facing towards the centre of the table but not necessarily in the same order. B sits third to the right of A. Only one person sits between B and D. E faces C who is not an immediate neighbour of B. G sits third to the left of F . A is not an immediate neighbour of F . What is the position of B with respect to H ?
(a) Fourth to the left
(b) Fourth to the right
(c) Third to the right
(d) Both (a) and (c)
(e) Both (a) and (b)

Point E is in 15 m north of Point D . Point F is in 20 m north of Point C. Point A is in 35 m east of Point F. Point $P$ is in 25 m south of Point A. Point E is in 20 m east of Point P .

बिंदु E , बिंद D के 15 मीटर उत्तर में है। बिंदु F , बिंद C के 20 मीटर उत्तर में है। बिंदु $A$, बिंद $F$ के 35 मीटर पर्व में है। बिंदु $P$, बिंदु $A$ के 25 मीटर दक्षिण में है। बिंदु E , बिंदु P के 20 मीटर पूर्वं में है।

Point E is in 15 m north of Point D . Point F is in 20 m north of Point C. Point A is in 35 m east of Point F. Point P is in 25 m south of Point A. Point E is in 20 m east of Point P .

What is the direction of point F with respect to point $P$ ?
(a) North-west
(b) North-east
(c) South-west
(d) South-east
(e) North

Point E is in 15 m north of Point D . Point F is in 20 m north of Point C. Point A is in 35 m east of Point F. Point $P$ is in 25 m south of Point A. Point E is in 20 m east of Point P .

Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence they form a group. Which one of the following does not belong to that group?
(a) C-P
(b) $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{E}$
(c) A-C
(d) P-D
(e) F-E

Point E is in 15 m north of Point D . Point F is in 20 m north of Point C. Point $A$ is in 35 m east of Point F. Point P is in 25 m south of Point A. Point E is in 20 m east of Point P .

If point X is 20 m south of point C , then what is the total distance between point X and point D ?
(a) 40 m
(b) 35 m
(c) 55 m
(d) 65 m
(e) 85 m

## $\begin{array}{lllll}625 & 427 & 189 & 258 & 469\end{array}$

What is the sum of the 3rd digit of second number from left and 2 nd digit of third number from right? बायीं ओर से दसरी संख्या के तीसरे अंक और दायें से तीसरी संख्या के दूसरे अंक का योग क्या है?
(a) 10
(b) 15
(c) 14
(d) 12
(e) None of these

## $\begin{array}{lllll}625 & 427 & 189 & 258 & 469\end{array}$

If the position of first and third digits of each of the numbers are interchanged, then which among the following is the highest number? यदि प्रत्येक संख्या के पहले और तीसरे अंक की स्थिति को आपस में बदल दिया जाए, तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी संख्या सबसे बड़ी है?
(a) 258
(b) 469
(c) 189
(d) 427
(e) 625

## $\begin{array}{lllll}625 & 427 & 189 & 258 & 469\end{array}$

QSBI
If all the digits in the number are arranged in the descending order within the number from left to right, then which among the following will be the lowest number after rearrangement?
यदि संख्या के सभी अंकों को संख्या के भीतर बाएं से दाएं अवरोही क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाता है, तो पुनर्यवस्था के बाद निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी संख्या सबसे कम होगी?
(a) 427
(b) 189
(c) 258
(d) 625
(e) 469

## $\begin{array}{lllll}625 & 427 & 189 & 258 & 469\end{array}$

What is the product of 3rd digit of 2nd lowest number and 1st digit of 2 nd highest number? दसरी सबसे छोटी संख्या के तीसरे अंक और दसरी सबसे बड़ी संख्या के पहले अंक का गुणनफल क्या है?
(a) 32
(b) 72
(c) 24
(d) 36
(e) None of these

## $\begin{array}{lllll}625 & 427 & 189 & 258 & 469\end{array}$

If $\mathbf{2}$ is subtracted from each number then how many numbers thus formed are odd numbers? यदि प्रत्येक संख्या में से 2 घटा दिया जाए तो इस प्रकार बनी कितनी संख्याएँ विषम संख्याएँ होंगी?
(a) One
(b) Two
(c) Three
(d) More than three
(e) None

How many such numerals are there in the number ' 645903287 ' which will remain at the same position when arranged in ascending order from left to right?
संख्या ' 645903287 ' में ऐसे कितने अंक हैं जो बाएं से दाएं आरोही क्रम में ठ्यवस्थित करने पर एक ही स्थान पर रहेंगे?
(a) Three
(b) Two
(c) One
(d) Four
(e) None of these

Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are buying some products one after another but not necessarily in the same order. At most two persons are buying products before F. Only one person is buying between D and F . C is buying just before H . One person is buying between C and D . A is buying just before E. B is buying before $\mathbf{G}$ and after E. आठ व्यक्ति A, B, C, D, E, F, G और H एक के बाद एक कुछ उत्पाद खरीद रहे हैं लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। अधिकतम दो व्यक्ति F से पहले उत्पाद खरीद रहे हैं। D और F के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति खरीद रहा है। $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}$ से ठीक पहले खरीद रहा है। C और D के बीच एक व्यक्ति खरीद रहा है। A , E से ठीक पहले खरीद रहा है। $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{G}$ से पहले और E के बाद खरीद रहा है .

Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are buying some products one after another but not necessarily in the same order. At most two persons are buying products before F. Only one person is buying between D and F . C is buying just before H . One person is buying between C and D . A is buying just before E. B is buying before G and after E. How many persons are buying their products after D?
(a) None
(b) Two
(c) More than three
(d) One
(e) None of these

Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are buying some products one after another but not necessarily in the same order. At most two persons are buying products before F. Only one person is buying between D and F . C is buying just before H . One person is buying between C and D . A is buying just before E. B is buying before G and after E. Who among the following is buying just after G?
(a) E
(b) F
(c) B
(d) C
(e) None of these

Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are buying some products one after another but not necessarily in the same order. At most two persons are buying products before F. Only one person is buying between D and F . C is buying just before H . One person is buying between C and D . A is buying just before E. B is buying before G and after E. If all the persons are arranged in alphabetical order from left to right starting from $A$, then find how many persons remains at the same position (excluding A)?
(a) One
(b) None
(c) Two
(d) Four
(e) More than Four

Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are buying some products one after another but not necessarily in the same order. At most two persons are buying products before F. Only one person is buying between D and F . C is buying just before H . One person is buying between C and D . A is buying just before E. B is buying before G and after E.
Who among the following is buying exactly between D and F?
(a) E
(b) B
(c) A
(d) H
(e) None of these

Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are buying some products one after another but not necessarily in the same order. At most two persons are buying products before F. Only one person is buying between D and F . C is buying just before H . One person is buying between C and D . A is buying just before E. B is buying before G and after E. How many persons are buying between E and C ?
(a) Five
(b) Four
(c) Three
(d) None
(e) Two

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