

SBICLERK 2023 (SB)



⊚Mahe<u>ndra</u>'s

REASONING PAPER - 6

EXAM से पहले इसे जरूर देखें।



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एक कंपनी के आठ कर्मचारी हैं और वे सभी एक बैंक के आठ अलग-अलग पदनामों पर काम कर रहे हैं। अध्यक्ष, सीएफओ, जीएम, डीजीएम, एजीएम, प्रबंधक, किन प्रबंधक और क्लर्क। दिए गए सभी पदनामों पर एक दिए गए क्रम में विचार किया जाना है (क्योंकि अध्यक्ष को सबसे वरिष्ठ माना जाता है और क्लर्क को सबसे किन माना जाता है)। B से केवल दो व्यक्ति वरिष्ठ हैं। B और G के बीच एक पदनाम है। G से किन प्रवास की संख्या C से वरिष्ठ व्यक्तियों की संख्या के समान है। H केवल E से वरिष्ठ है, लेकिन C से किन है। चार से अधिक पदनाम H और F के बीच स्थित है। D, A से किन है।



How many persons are junior to H?

- (a) None
- (b) One
- (c) More than four
- (d) Four
- (e) Three



Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence they form a group. Which one of the following does not belong to that group?

- (a) A-F
- (b) **B-A**
- (c) H-D
- (d) G-A
- (e) E-H



How many designation gaps are between A and D?

- (a) More than three
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) One
- (e) None



Who among the following is just senior to B?

- (a) A
- (b) **D**
- (c) C
- (d) E
- (e) None of these



Who among the following is AGM?

- (a) F
- (b) B
- (c) G
- (d) **D**
- (e) None of these



Statements:

Some Banana are Orange. All Orange are Apple.

Conclusions:

- I. Some Banana are not Apple.
- II. Some Orange are Banana.
- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.



Statements:

Only a few East are North. Few North are South. All South are West.

Conclusions:

- I. All East being North is a possibility. II. Some East are West.
- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.



Statements:

Only a few Song are Melody. Only a few Melody are Film. No Film is Award.

Conclusions:

- I. All Song being Film is a possibility. II. Some Melody are not Award.
- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.



"Club house near located" is coded as "ol gp ox ot" both club view near" is coded as "mt ox sq ot" make located house view" is coded as "nk ol gp sq" near club view area" is coded as "ot ox sq tm"

What is the code for "both" in the given code language?

- (a) ox
- (b) sq
- (c) mt
- (d) ot
- (e) Either (b) or (c)



"Club house near located" is coded as "ol gp ox ot" "both club view near" is coded as "mt ox sq ot" "make located house view" is coded as "nk ol gp sq" "near club view area" is coded as "ot ox sq tm"

What is the code for "house" in the given code language?

- (a) ol
- (b) **o**x
- (c) **gp**
- (d) Either
- (a) or (c) (e) None of these



"Club house near located" is coded as "ol gp ox ot" "both club view near" is coded as "mt ox sq ot" "make located house view" is coded as "nk ol gp sq" "near club view area" is coded as "ot ox sq tm"

The code "nk" is stands for?

- (a) make
- (b) both
- (c) area
- (d) club
- (e) None of these



"Club house near located" is coded as "ol gp ox ot" both club view near" is coded as "mt ox sq ot" "make located house view" is coded as "nk ol gp sq" "near club view area" is coded as "ot ox sq tm"

What may be the possible code for "both house" in the given code language?

- (a) gp mt
- (b) mt nk
- (c) mt sq
- (d) ox mt
- (e) gp sq



There are eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H sitting around a circular table facing towards the centre of the table but not necessarily in the same order. B sits third to the right of A. Only one person sits between B and D. E faces C who is not an immediate neighbour of B. G sits third to the left of F. A is not an immediate neighbour of F. आठ व्यक्ति A, B, C, D, E, F, G और H एक गोलाकार मेज के चारों ओर मेज के केंद्र की ओर मख करके बैठे हैं लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। B, A के दाएं तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। B और D के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति बैठा है। E का मुख C की ओर है जो B का निकटतम पड़ोसी नहीं है। G, F कें बाएं तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। A, F का निकटतम पड़ोसी नहीं है।



There are eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H sitting around a circular table facing towards the centre of the table but not necessarily in the same order. B sits third to the right of A. Only one person sits between B and D. E faces C who is not an immediate neighbour of B. G sits third to the left of F. A is not an immediate neighbour of F. Who among the following sits to the immediate left of C?

- (a) G
- (b) **D**
- (c) F
- (d) H
- (e) None of these



There are eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H sitting around a circular table facing towards the centre of the table but not necessarily in the same order. B sits third to the right of A. Only one person sits between B and D. E faces C who is not an immediate neighbour of B. G sits third to the left of F. A is not an immediate neighbour of F. Who among the following sits to the opposite of A?

- (a) H
- (b) **G**
- (c) F
- (d) **D**
- (e) None of these



There are eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H sitting around a circular table facing towards the centre of the table but not necessarily in the same order. B sits third to the right of A. Only one person sits between B and D. E faces C who is not an immediate neighbour of B. G sits third to the left of F. A is not an immediate neighbour of F. How many persons sit between H and G when counted from the left of G?

- (a) Two
- (b) One
- (c) Three
- (d) Four
- (e) None of these



There are eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H sitting around a circular table facing towards the centre of the table but not necessarily in the same order. B sits third to the right of A. Only one person sits between B and D. E faces C who is not an immediate neighbour of B. G sits third to the left of F. A is not an immediate neighbour of F. If all the persons sit around the circle in clockwise direction by their names according to English alphabetical order starting from A, then how many persons remain unchanged except A?

- (a) Four
- (b) One
- (c) Three
- (d) Two
- (e) None of these





There are eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H sitting around a circular table facing towards the centre of the table but not necessarily in the same order. B sits third to the right of A. Only one person sits between B and D. E faces C who is not an immediate neighbour of B. G sits third to the left of F. A is not an immediate neighbour of F. What is the position of B with respect to H?

- (a) Fourth to the left
- (b) Fourth to the right
- (c) Third to the right
- (d) Both (a) and (c)
- (e) Both (a) and (b)



बिंदु E, बिंदु D के 15 मीटर उत्तर में है। बिंदु F, बिंदु C के 20 मीटर उत्तर में है। बिंदु A, बिंदु F के 35 मीटर पूर्व में है। बिंदु P, बिंदु A के 25 मीटर दक्षिण में है। बिंदु E, बिंदु P के 20 मीटर पूर्व में है।



What is the direction of point F with respect to point P?

- (a) North-west
- (b) North-east
- (c) South-west
- (d) South-east
- (e) North



Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence they form a group. Which one of the following does not belong to that group?

- (a) C-P
- (b) A-E
- (c) A-C
- (d) **P-D**
- (e) F-E



If point X is 20m south of point C, then what is the total distance between point X and point D?

- (a) 40m
- (b) 35m
- (c) 55m
- (d) 65m
- (e) 85m



What is the sum of the 3rd digit of second number from left and 2nd digit of third number from right? बायों ओर से दूसरी संख्या के तीसरे अंक और दायें से तीसरी संख्या के दूसरे अंक का योग क्या है?

- (a) 10
- (b) 15
- (c) 14
- (d) 12
- (e) None of these



If the position of first and third digits of each of the numbers are interchanged, then which among the following is the highest number? यदि प्रत्येक संख्या के पहले और तीसरे अंक की स्थित को आपस में बदल दिया जाए, तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी संख्या सबसे बड़ी है?

- (a) 258
- (b) 469
- (c) 189
- (d) 427
- (e) 625



If all the digits in the number are arranged in the descending order within the number from left to right, then which among the following will be the lowest number after rearrangement? यदि संख्या के सभी अंकों को संख्या के भीतर बाएं से दाएं अवरोही क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाता है, तो पुनर्व्यवस्था के बाद निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी संख्या सबसे कम होगी?

- (a) 427
- (b) 189
- (c) 258
- (d) 625
- (e) 469



What is the product of 3rd digit of 2nd lowest number and 1st digit of 2nd highest number? दूसरी सबसे छोटी संख्या के तीसरे अंक और दूसरी सबसे बड़ी संख्या के पहले अंक का गुणनफल क्या है?

- (a) 32
- (b) 72
- (c) 24
- (d) 36
- (e) None of these



If 2 is subtracted from each number then how many numbers thus formed are odd numbers? यदि प्रत्येक संख्या में से 2 घटा दिया जाए तो इस प्रकार बनी कितनी संख्याएँ विषम संख्याएँ होंगी?

- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) More than three
- (e) None



How many such numerals are there in the number '645903287' which will remain at the same position when arranged in ascending order from left to right?

संख्या '645903287' में ऐसे कितने अंक हैं जो बाएं से दाएं आरोही क्रम में व्यवस्थित करने पर एक ही स्थान पर रहेंगे?

- (a) Three
- (b) Two
- (c) One
- (d) Four
- (e) None of these



Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are buying some products one after another but not necessarily in the same order. At most two persons are buying products before F. Only one person is buying between D and F. C is buying just before H. One person is buying between C and D. A is buying just before E. B is buying before G and after E. आठ व्यक्ति A, B, C, D, E, F, G और H एक के बाद एक कुछ उत्पाद खरीद रहे हैं लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। अधिकतम दो व्यक्ति F से पहले उत्पाद खरीद रहे हैं। D और F के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति खरीद रहा है। C, H से ठीक पहले खरीद रहा है। C और D के बीच एक व्यक्ति खरीद रहा है। A. E से ठीक पहले खरीद रहा है। B, G से पहले और E के बाद खरीद रहा है.



Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are buying some products one after another but not necessarily in the same order. At most two persons are buying products before F. Only one person is buying between D and F. C is buying just before H. One person is buying between C and D. A is buying just before E. B is buying before G and after E. How many persons are buying their products after **D**?

- (a) None
- (b) Two
- (c) More than three
- (d) One
- (e) None of these



Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are buying some products one after another but not necessarily in the same order. At most two persons are buying products before F. Only one person is buying between D and F. C is buying just before H. One person is buying between C and D. A is buying just before E. B is buying before G and after E. Who among the following is buying just after G?

- (a) **E**
- (b) **F**
- (c) B
- (d) C
- (e) None of these



Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are buying some products one after another but not necessarily in the same order. At most two persons are buying products before F. Only one person is buying between D and F. C is buying just before H. One person is buying between C and D. A is buying just before E. B is buying before G and after E. If all the persons are arranged in alphabetical order from left to right starting from A, then find how many persons remains at the same position (excluding A)?

- (a) One
- (b) None
- (c) Two
- (d) Four
- (e) More than Four





Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are buying some products one after another but not necessarily in the same order. At most two persons are buying products before F. Only one person is buying between D and F. C is buying just before H. One person is buying between C and D. A is buying just before E. B is buying before G and after E. Who among the following is buying exactly between D and F?

(a) E

(b) **B**

(c) A

(d) H

(e) None of these



Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are buying some products one after another but not necessarily in the same order. At most two persons are buying products before F. Only one person is buying between D and F. C is buying just before H. One person is buying between C and D. A is buying just before E. B is buying before G and after E. How many persons are buying between E and C?

- (a) Five
- (b) Four
- (c) Three
- (d) None
- (e) Two

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