



WBCS PRE 2023



GS-POLITY

POWERS OF PRESIDENT

নতুনদের এই ভিডিওটি দেখতে হবে

BY AYAN MAHENDRAS

04:15 PM |  **LIVE**





WBBCS PRE 2023



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MONDAY

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ENGLISH

TUESDAY

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GS-GEO
GS-HIS

WEDNESDAY

MATHS
CA
INM

THURSDAY

GS-POL
REASONING
GS-HIS

FRIDAY

GS-GEO
CA
GS-SCI-PHY

SATURDAY

STATIC GK
REASONING
GS-SCI-BIO



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THE POWERS OF THE PRESIDENT OF INDIA



- Executive Powers of President

1. For every executive action that the Indian government takes, is to be taken in his name.

2. He appoints the attorney general of India and determines his remuneration

3. He appoints the following people:

1. Comptroller and Auditor General of India (CAG)

2. Chief Election Commissioner and other Election Commissioners

3. Chairman and members of the Union Public Service Commission

4. State Governors

5. Finance Commission of India chairman and members

4. He seeks administrative information from the Union government



1.He appoints National Commissions of:

1.Scheduled Castes

2.Scheduled Tribes

3.Other Backward Classes

2.He appoints inter-state council

3.He appoints administrators of union territories

4.He can declare any area as a scheduled area and has powers with respect to the administration of scheduled areas and tribal areas

LEGISLATIVE POWERS OF PRESIDENT

- 1.He summons or prorogues Parliament and dissolve the Lok Sabha**
- 2.He can call for a joint sitting of Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha.**
- 3.He addresses the Indian Parliament at the commencement of the first session after every general election.**
- 4.He nominates 12 members of the Rajya Sabha**
- 5.He can nominate two members to the Lok Sabha from the Anglo-Indian Community.**

- 1. He consults the Election Commission of India on questions of disqualifications of MPs.**
- 2. He recommends/ permits the introduction of certain types of bills**
- 3. He promulgates ordinances**
- 4. He lays the following reports before the Parliament:**
 - 1. Comptroller and Auditor General**
 - 2. Union Public Service Commission**
 - 3. Finance Commission, etc.**

FINANCIAL POWERS OF PRESIDENT

- 1. To introduce the money bill, his prior recommendation is a must**
- 2. To make a demand for grants, his recommendation is a pre-requisite**
- 3. Contingency Fund of India is under his control**
- 4. He constitutes the Finance Commission every five years**

JUDICIAL POWERS OF PRESIDENT

- 1.He appoints Chief Justice and other judges of Supreme Court and High Court.**
- 2.He takes advice from the Supreme Court, however, the advice is not binding on him**
- 3.He has pardoning power: Under article 72, he has been conferred with power to grant pardon against punishment for an offence against union law, punishment by a martial court, or death sentence.**

- **Pardoning powers of the president includes the following types:**
- **Pardon**
- **Commutation**
- **Remission**
- **Respite**
- **Reprieve**

DIPLOMATIC POWERS OF PRESIDENT

- 1. International Treaties and agreements that are approved by the Parliament are negotiated and concluded in his name**
- 2. He is the representative of India in international forums and affairs**
- 3. He sends ambassadors and receives diplomats**

MILITARY POWERS OF PRESIDENT

- **He is the commander of the defence forces of India. He appoints:**
- **Chief of the Army**
- **Chief of the Navy**
- **Chief of the Air Force**
- **Only the president can declare war or conclude peace, on the advice of the Union Council of Ministers headed by the prime minister.**

EMERGENCY POWERS OF PRESIDENT

- **He deals with three types of emergencies given in the Indian Constitution:**
 - 1. National Emergency (Article 352)**
 - 2. President's Rule (Article 356 & 365)**
 - 3. Financial Emergency (Article 360)**

THANK YOU