



Mahendra's



SSC CGL/CPO/CHSL

ENGLISH

PRONOUN

PART-1



LIVE

08:30 PM





VOCAB OF THE DAY



Vocab of the day

⇒ Vocab of the day :-

1. **CONUNDRUM** (NOUN): (पहेली) : problem

Synonyms: difficulty, quandary

Antonyms: answer

Example Sentence: The experts had to face one of the most difficult conundrums.

2. **LAUD** (VERB): (प्रशंसा करना) : praise

Synonyms: extol, hail

Antonyms: condemn

Example Sentence: The obituary lauded him as a great statesman and soldier.

3. **TACTICAL** (ADJECTIVE): (चातुर्यपूर्ण) : calculated

Synonyms: planned, plotted

Antonyms: unwise

Example Sentence: In a tactical retreat, she moved into a hotel with her daughters.



PRONOUN **(सर्वनाम)**



ENGLISH GRAMMAR PRONOUN (सर्वनाम)

Definition :- The words which are used on the place of **Noun** known as **Pronoun**.

- Eg :-** (1) **He** is writing a letter to the Principle.
(2) **She** is cooking food in the kitchen.

Types of Pronoun :-

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| (1) Personal Pronoun | (6) Indefinite Pronoun |
| (2) Relative Pronoun | (7) Interrogative Pronoun |
| (3) Reflexive Pronoun | (8) Emphatic Pronoun |
| (4) Reciprocal Pronoun | (9) Distributive Pronoun |
| (5) Demonstrative Pronoun | |



ENGLISH GRAMMAR PRONOUN (सर्वनाम)

Classification of Pronoun :-

(1) Personal Pronoun :-

Nominative/Subjective Case	Objective Case	Possessive Case	
		Adjective	Pronoun
I	me	my	mine
We	us	our	ours
You	you	your	yours
They	them	their	theirs
He	him	his	his
She	her	her	hers
It	it	its	✗



ENGLISH GRAMMAR PRONOUN (सर्वनाम)

Some important rules :-

RULE (1) :- Use of Pronoun with Let/Prepositions.

NOTE :- We can't use **subjective case** with Let/Prepositions and we have to use **noun** with **possessive adjectives** always.

Eg :- (1) Let **she** complete this work. (**Incorrect**)

=> Let **her** complete this work. (**Correct**)

=> Let **her employees** complete this work. (**Correct**)

(2) Mohan has to give this money to **he**. (**Incorrect**)

=> Mohan has to give this money to **him**. (**Correct**)

=> Mohan has to give this money to **his friends**. (**Correct**)



ENGLISH GRAMMAR PRONOUN (सर्वनाम)

RULE (2) :- Beginning of sentences.

NOTE :- We can't start any statement with **objective case** in any case.

Eg :- (1) **Renu** and **me** are going to decorate this place. (**Incorrect**)
=> **Renu** and **I** are going to decorate this place. (**Correct**)

(2) **You** and **him** were not completing this project. (**Incorrect**)
=> **You** and **she** were not completing this project. (**Correct**)

NOTE :- We have to learn this :-

=> **"I & We"** => **1st person.**

=> **"You"** => **2nd person.**

=> **"It, He, She, They"** => **3rd person.**



ENGLISH GRAMMAR PRONOUN (सर्वनाम)

Some important formations :-

Formation (1) :- (123) [Used for unpleasant sense, mistake, guilty & crime]

Eg :- (1) Radhika, I and You are blamed for this mistake. (**Incorrect**)

=> I, You and Radhika are blamed for this mistake. (**Correct**)

(2) Monu and I will not help anyone here. (**Incorrect**)

=> I and Monu will not help anyone here. (**Correct**)

Formation (2) :- (231) [Used for general or pleasant sense]

Eg :- (1) I, You and Roahan are planning this trip. (**Incorrect**)

=> You, Rohan and I are planning this trip. (**Correct**)



ENGLISH GRAMMAR PRONOUN (सर्वनाम)

(2) **Radhika** and **You** are decorating this place for the party. (**Incorrect**)
=> **You** and **Radhika** are decorating this place for the party. (**Correct**)

Formation (3) :- (123) [Used for showing both pleasant or unpleasant sense in case of **Plural subjects**]

Eg :- (1) **They, We** and **You** are going to invest in this scheme. (**Incorrect**)
=> **We, You** and **They** are going to invest in this scheme. (**Correct**)

(2) **They** and **You** don't take interest in this job. (**Incorrect**)
=> **You** and **They** don't take interest in this job. (**Correct**)



PRACTICE QUESTIONS



ENGLISH GRAMMAR PRONOUN (EXERCISE)

⇒ Practice Exercise :-

Ques. (1) :- I, you and he (a)/ must attend (b)/ the seminar (c)/ on career guidance. (d)/ No Error (e)

Sol. :- Error in (a) part, 'You, he and I' in the place of 'I, you and he'.

Ques. (2) :- The Party Chief (a)/ and the Chief Minister (b)/ expressed his views (c)/ on demonetization in India. (d)/ No Error (e)

Sol. :- Error in (c) part, 'their' in place of 'his'.

Quest. (3) :- His elder (a)/ brother and her (b)/ are trying to (c)/ help them in this situation. (d)/ No Error (e)

Sol. :- Error in (b) part, 'she' in the place of 'her'.



ENGLISH GRAMMAR PRONOUN (EXERCISE)

⇒ Practice Exercise :-

Ques. (4) :- Sonu and Monu are my relatives (a)/ and they can help you. (b)/ Let them try to solve (c)/ these questions. (d)/ No error (e).

Sol. Error in (c) part, 'them' in place of 'they'.

Ques. (5) :- I will give you (a)/ some money (b)/ and you have to (c)/ give it to she for this work. (d)/ No error (e).

Sol. Error in (d) part, 'her' in place of 'she'.

Ques. (6) :- Mukesh and me (a)/ visited this place (b)/ together when we (c)/ were in the college. (d)/ No error (e).

Sol. Error in (a) part, 'I' in place of 'me'.

Thank
you

