

# IBPS CLERK 2023 (b)





अति संभावित प्रश्न

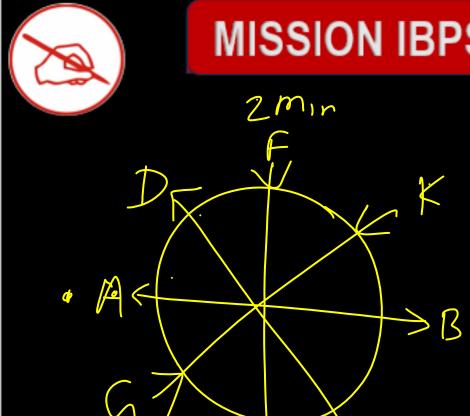
BASED ON PREVIOUS YEAR PAPERS

१५ जुलाई

REASONING

🔀 सुबह ११ बजे

15 दिन लगातार, IBPS CLERK 2023 पार



Eight persons A, B, D, F, G, H, J and K sitting around a circular table with equal distance between each other but not necessarily in the same order. Some of them are facing the centre while some are facing outside the centre. The one who is on the immediate left of K is not facing the centre. D and B are facing the same direction but D is an immediate neighbour of A. B sits on the immediate left of J. Only two people sit between H and D. G and H are facing in the direction which is opposite of A (i.e. if A faces the centre then G and H face outside and Vice-Versa). F sits opposite of H and second left of B. J sits on the immediate right of H. Both the immediate neighbours of B



आठ व्यक्ति A, B, D, F, G, H, J और K एक गोलाकार मेज के चारों ओर एक दूसरे के बीच समान दूरी पर बैठे हैं लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। उनमें से कुछ का मुख केंद्र की ओर है जबकि कुछ का मुख केंद्र के बाहर की ओर है। जो व्यक्ति K के निकटतम बाईं ओर है वह केंद्र की ओर मुख नहीं कर रहा है। D और B एक ही दिशा की ओर उन्मुख हैं लेकिन D, A का निकटतम पड़ोसी है। B, J के ठीक बायीं ओर बैठता है। H और D के बीच केवल दो लोग बैठे हैं। यदि A का मुख केंद्र की ओर है तो G और H का मुख बाहर की ओर है और इसके विपरीत)। F, H के विपरीत और B के बार्ये दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। G, F के दाएं तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। K का मुख केंद्र की



The one who is on the immediate left of K is not facing the centre. D and B are facing the same direction but D is an immediate neighbour of A. B sits on the immediate left of J. Only two people sit between H and D. G and H are facing in the direction which is opposite of A (i.e. if A faces the centre then G and H face outside and Vice-Versa). F sits opposite of H and second left of B. J sits on the immediate right of H. Both the immediate neighbours of B face opposite directions (i.e. if one neighbour faces the centre then the other neighbour faces outside and Vice-Versa). G sits third right of F. K faces towards the centre.

Who amongst the following sits opposite of A?

- (1)H
- (2) F
- (3) B
- 4) K



The one who is on the immediate left of K is not facing the centre. D and B are facing the same direction but D is an immediate neighbour of A. B sits on the immediate left of J. Only two people sit between H and D. G and H are facing in the direction which is opposite of A (i.e. if A faces the centre then G and H face outside and Vice-Versa). F sits opposite of H and second left of B. J sits on the immediate right of H. Both the immediate neighbours of B face opposite directions (i.e. if one neighbour faces the centre then the other neighbour faces outside and Vice-Versa). G sits third right of F. K faces towards the centre.

Who amongst the following sits third to the right of G?

(1)A

(2) F

(3) B



The one who is on the immediate left of K is not facing the centre. D and B are facing the same direction but D is an immediate neighbour of A. B sits on the immediate left of J. Only two people sit between H and D. G and H are facing in the direction which is opposite of A (i.e. if A faces the centre then G and H face outside and Vice-Versa). F sits opposite of H and second left of B. J sits on the immediate right of H. Both the immediate neighbours of B face opposite directions (i.e. if one neighbour faces the centre then the other neighbour faces outside and Vice-Versa). G sits third right of F. K faces towards the centre.

Who amongst the following sits exactly between F and A when counted from the left of A?

- (1) H
- (2) F
- (3) K



The one who is on the immediate left of K is not facing the centre. D and B are facing the same direction but D is an immediate neighbour of A. B sits on the immediate left of J. Only two people sit between H and D. G and H are facing in the direction which is opposite of A (i.e. if A faces the centre then G and H face outside and Vice-Versa). F sits opposite of H and second left of B. J sits on the immediate right of H. Both the immediate neighbours of B face opposite directions (i.e. if one neighbour faces the centre then the other neighbour faces outside and Vice-Versa). G sits third right of F. K faces towards the centre.

Who among the following sits second to the left of

**X**?

(1) H

(2) D

(3) G



The one who is on the immediate left of K is not facing the centre. D and B are facing the same direction but D is an immediate neighbour of A. B sits on the immediate left of J. Only two people sit between H and D. G and H are facing in the direction which is opposite of A (i.e. if A faces the centre then G and H face outside and Vice-Versa). F sits opposite of H and second left of B. J sits on the immediate right of H. Both the immediate neighbours of B face opposite directions (i.e. if one neighbour faces the centre then the other neighbour faces outside and Vice-Versa). G sits third right of F. K faces towards the centre.

Who amongst the following faces the centre?

- (1) G
- (2) A
- (3) J
- (4) D



How many such pair of letters are there in the word "MORTEIN" each of which has as many letters between them in the word as in the

English alphabet?

शब्द "MORTEIN" में अक्षरों के ऐसे कितने जोड़े हैं जिनमें से प्रत्येक के बीच शब्द में उतने ही अक्षर हैं जितने अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला में होते हैं?

- (1)One
- (2)Two
- (3)Three
- (4)Four
- (5) More than Four



The position of how many numbers will remain unchanged if each of the digit in number '6152924873' is arranged in ascending order from left to right? यदि संख्या '6152924873' के प्रत्येक अंक को बाएँ से दाएँ आरोही क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाए तो कितनी संख्याओं की स्थिति अपरिवर्तित रहेगी?

- (1) Four
  - (2) Three
  - (3) None
  - (4) One
  - (5) Two





These questions are based on following five numbers.

243, 525, 246, 143, 625

What is the difference between the highest number and lowest number? उच्चतम संख्या और सबसे छोटी संख्या के बीच क्या अंतर है?

**\(1)** 182

(2)218

(3)482

(4) 189

(5) 257





These questions are based on following five numbers.

243, 525, 246, 143, 625



If all the numbers are arranged in ascending order then what will be the difference between the third digit of second number and second digit of fifth number?

यदि सभी संख्याओं को आरोही क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाए तो दूसरी संख्या के तीसरे अंक और पाँचवीं संख्या के दूसरे अंक के बीच क्या अंतर होगा?

- (1)1
- (2)2
- (3)3
- (4)4





These questions are based on following five pumbers.

243, 525, 246, 143, 625

If the first and second digits of each number are interchanged, which of the following will be the second largest number? यदि प्रत्येक संख्या के पहले और दूसरे अंक को आपस में बदल दिया जाए, तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी दूसरी सबसे बड़ी संख्या होगी?

(1)525

**(2)** 246

(3)143

(4)243



These questions are based on following five numbers.

243, 525, 246, 143, 625

If all the numbers are arranged in descending order then what will be the difference between the third digit of second number and second digit of fifth number? यदि सभी संख्याओं को अवरोही क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाए तो दूसरी संख्या के तीसरे अंक और पाँचवीं संख्या के दूसरे अंक के बीच क्या अंतर होगा?

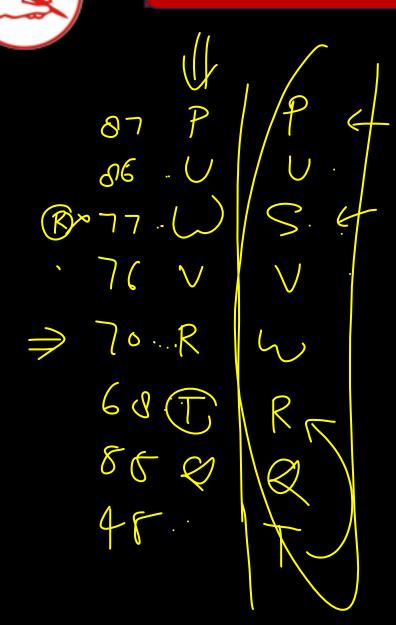
- (1)1
- (2) 2
- (3)3
- (4)4



In some of the following logic ENGLISH is coded as SJQLOEP following the same logic HISTORY will be coded as-निम्नलिखित कुछ तकोंं में ENGLISH को SJQLOEP के रूप में कोडित किया गया है, उसी तर्क का अनुसरण करते हुए HISTORY को इस प्रकार की द्वित किया जाएगा-

- (1) POEEIFX
- (2) POEDIFX
- (3) PQEDIFX
- (4) POEDEFV
- (5) POEDIFY





Eight boys- P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W; are of different weights (in kg)- 68, 77, 76, 55, 70, 87, 45 and 86, but not necessarily in the same order. T is not heavier than R. W is heavier than R and T. The weight of R is not 77 kg. The

Weight of V is 76kg. P is heavier than U and T. The weight of U is 86 kg. The weight of Q is 55 kg. S is heavier than V.

आठ लड़के- P, Q, R, S, T, U, V और W; अलग-अलग वजन के हैं (किलो में) - 68, 77, 76, 55, 70, 87, 45 और 86, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। T, R से भारी नहीं है। W, R और T से भारी है। R का वजन 77 किलोग्राम नहीं है। V का वजन 76 किग्रा है। P, U और T से भारी है। U का वजन 86 किलोग्राम है। Q का वजन 55 किलोग्राम है। S. V से भारी है



Eight boys- P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W; are of different weights (in kg)- 68, 77, 76, 55, 70, 87, 45 and 86, but not necessarily in the same order. T is not heavier than R. W is heavier than R and T. The weight of R is not 77 kg. The

Weight of V is 76kg. P is heavier than U and T. The weight of U is 86 kg. The weight of Q is 55 kg. S is heavier than V.

The weight of S is\_\_\_\_kg.

- (1)55
- *(*2) 68
- (3)45
- (4) 70
- (5) 77



Eight boys- P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W; are of different weights (in kg)- 68, 77, 76, 55, 70, 87, 45 and 86, but not necessarily in the same order. T is not heavier than R. W is heavier than R and T. The weight of R is not 77 kg. The

Weight of V is 76kg. P is heavier than U and T. The weight of U is 86 kg. The weight of Q is 55 kg. S is heavier than V.

The weight of W is\_\_\_\_kg.

- (1)55
- (2)68
- (3)45
- (4) 70
- (5) 77



Eight boys- P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W; are of different weights (in kg)- 68, 77, 76, 55, 70, 87, 45 and 86, but not necessarily in the same order. T is not heavier than R. W is heavier than R and T. The weight of R is not 77 kg. The

Weight of V is 76kg. P is heavier than U and T. The weight of U is 86 kg. The weight of Q is 55 kg. S is heavier than V.

R is heavier than \_\_\_\_persons.

- (1)2
- (2)0
- (3) 1
- (4) 3
- (5)4



Eight boys- P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W; are of different weights (in kg)- 68, 77, 76, 55, 70, 87, 45 and 86, but not necessarily in the same order. T is not heavier than R. W is heavier than R and T. The weight of R is not 77 kg. The

Weight of V is 76kg. P is heavier than U and T. The weight of U is 86 kg. The weight of Q is 55 kg. S is heavier than V.

What is the difference between T and P's weight?

- (1)45
- (2)62
- (3) 42
- (4) 70
- (5)77





There are seven persons A, B, C, D, E, F and G. C is the only son and brother-in-law of E and D respectively. G is the wife of D who is the brother of F. F is the mother of B who is

only granddaughter of E. A is the son of D. C has no siblings.

सात व्यक्ति A, B, C, D, E, F और G हैं। C क्रमशः E और D का इकलौता बेटा और साला है। G, D की पत्नी है जो F का भाई है। F, B की माँ है जो E की इकलौती पोती है। A, D का पुत्र है। C का कोई भाई-बहन नहीं है।



There are seven persons A, B, C, D, E, F and G. C is the only son and brother-in-law of E and D respectively. G is the wife of D who is the brother of F. F is the mother of B who is

only granddaughter of E. A is the son of D. C has no siblings.

- Who among the following is male?
  - (1) F
  - (2) G
  - (3)D
  - (4) B
  - (5) None of these



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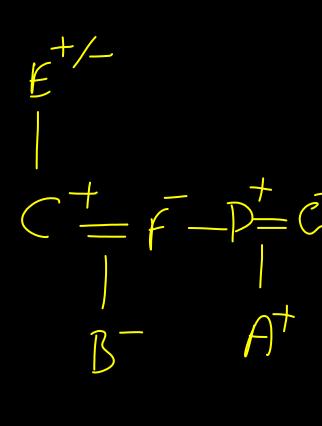
>who is

only granddaughter of E. A is the son of D. C has no siblings.

Who is the sibling of D?

- (1) F
- (2)C
- (3)G
- (4)A
- (5) None of these





There are seven persons A, B, C, D, E, F and G. C is the only son and brother-in-law of E and D respectively. G is the wife of D who is the brother of F. F is the mother of B who is

→ only granddaughter of E. A is the son of D. C

→ has no siblings.

How many male members are there in the family?

- (1) Three
- (2) Four
- (3) Five
- (4) Either 01 or 02
- (5) None of these



Point K is 20m east of point J. Point G is 30m west of point B. Point K is 10m west of point D. Point J is 15m south of point M. Point M is 25m north of point G. Point L is 25m north of point B.

बिंदु K, बिंदु J से 20 मीटर पूर्व में है। बिंदु G, बिंदु B से 30 मीटर पश्चिम में है। बिंदु K, बिंदु D से 10 मीटर पश्चिम में है। बिंदु J, बिंदु M से 15 मीटर दक्षिण में है। बिंदु M, बिंदु G से 25 मीटर उत्तर में है। बिंदु L 25 मीटर पर है बिंदु B के उत्तर में



Point K is 20m east of point J. Point G is 30m west of point B. Point K is 10m west of point D. Point J is 15m south of point M. Point M is 25m north of point G. Point L is 25m north of point B.

What is the distance between points M and K?

- (1) 21m
- (2) 30m
- (3) 15m
- (4) 20m
- (5) 25m



Point K is 20m east of point J. Point G is 30m west of point B. Point K is 10m west of point D. Point J is 15m south of point M. Point M is 25m north of point G. Point L is 25m north of point B.

In which direction is point M with respect to point B?

- (1) South-east
- (2) North-west
- (3) North-east
- (4) South
- (5) West



Point K is 20m east of point J. Point G is 30m west of point B. Point K is 10m west of point D. Point J is 15m south of point M. Point M is 25m north of point G. Point L is 25m north of point B.

What is the distance between points J and D?

- (1) 21m
- (2) 30m
- (3) 15m
- (4) 20m
- (5) 25m



#### **Statements:**

Only a few O are K.

Only G is L.

Some G are K.

- I. Some O being L is a possibility.
- II. Some K are not O.
- (1) Only I conclusion follows.
- (2) Only II conclusion follows.
- (3) Either conclusion I or II follows.
- (4) None conclusion follows.
- (5) Both conclusions I and II follow



#### Statements:

Only a few P are A.

All A are F.

Only F is L

- I. Some P are F.
- II. All L can be A.
- (1) Only I conclusion follows.
- (2) Only II conclusion follows.
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- (4) None conclusion follows.
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#### **Statements:**

Only a few C are B.

All B are M.

No M is T.

- I. Some C being M is a possibility.
- II. All C are B.
- (1) Only I conclusion follows.
- (2) Only II conclusion follows.
- (3) Either conclusion I or II follows.
- (4) None conclusion follows.
- (5) Both conclusions I and II follow



