



# MISSION IBPS 2024



# English

# TOPIC BOOSTER



# ADJECTIVE THROUGH EXERCISE



 LIVE 10:00 AM



# ADJECTIVE

- Order
- Size
- Color
- Shape
- Age

Purpose  
Material

It qualifies or modifies a noun.  
noun / noun phrase / pronoun

adds extra info to that noun.

She is a girl

→ quality quantity

She is a beautiful girl.

adj.

quality



# ADJECTIVE

Types

(Poss. Adj) My | Our | Their | Yours

Descriptive → quality / emphasis → Large / careful

Numeral → Five, Six, few

Quantitative → Some / Much / Little

Demonstrative → This / That / These / Those

Interrogative → What / how

Proper → French wines / Indian tea



# ADJECTIVE

Many + a + <sup>Plural</sup> noun

<sup>verb</sup> Singular

Many <sup>Singular</sup> a ~~students~~ are ~~(a)~~ present here (b) today for watching (c) the cricket match (d). No error (e)

Student — is

Many a student is / Many students are

**SOLUTION :** 'Many a' is followed by a singular noun and

singular verb. We can also use 'many students are' if needed. 'Many a student is' should be used in place of 'many a students are'.



# ADJECTIVE

She does not have some (a)/ <sup>any</sup> time to prepare for (b)/ the examination, so (c)/ she is anxious (d)/. No error (e)

*Some* → positive sentence

*Any* → negative sentence

**SOLUTION** 'Any' is used in negative sentences, and 'some' is used in positive sentences. So, 'any' is the correct usage here.

'any' should be used in place of 'some'



# ADJECTIVE

Fingers bowl is typically served (a)/ before the dessert course arriving (b)/ with the dessert plate and with a (c)/ linen doily between plate and bowl (d)/. No error (e)

**SOLUTION :** use 'finger' instead of 'fingers'. 'Finger bowl' should be used in place of 'fingers bowl'..



# ADJECTIVE

There is not many (a)/ traffic along the (b)/ street where my (c)/ friends live nearby (d)/. No error (e).

Many → Countable nouns

**SOLUTION:** Traffic is an uncountable noun. So, we use

Much → Uncountable  
much instead of many. So, 'not much' should be used in place of 'not many'.



# ADJECTIVE

Harish ran to the (a) / nearest nearing general store to (b) / buy biscuits as his (c) / parents were expecting guests in his home(d) /. No error (e).

**SOLUTION :** To qualify a noun (here general store), we must use an adjective. So, 'nearest' is the correct answer.





# ADJECTIVE

*Some* *Countable*  
*topics*  
A few topic of (a)/ this book are important (b)/ from the examination (c)/ point of view (d)/. No error (e).

**SOLUTION :** 'A few' is always followed by a plural noun. 'A few topics' should be used in place of 'a few topic'.



# ADJECTIVE

The credit unions are the (a)/ co-operative financial institutions similarly (b)/ to a bank but unlike banks the credit unions ~~(c)/~~ <sup>bank</sup> are owned by a group of people (d)/. No error (e).

**SOLUTION** : to qualify a noun (the credit unions) with another noun (banks), an adjective should be used



# ADJECTIVE

Definite  
numeral adj

A five-miles walk (a)/ is really a (b)/ herculean task for (c)/ someone of her age(d)/. No error (e).

five-mile

**SOLUTION** : Hyphenated adjectives are always used in singular form. So, 'five-mile walk' should be used in place of 'five-miles walk'.



# ADJECTIVE

These sort of people achieve (a)/ their goals by hook or by crook (b)/ so they do not (c)/ deserve any applause (d)/. No error (e).

**SOLUTION :** Words like sort, kind, etc. are used in plural form, when they are used as an adjective to qualify a plural noun.



# ADJECTIVE

My all friends (a)/ and relatives will come (b)/  
tomorrow to attend (c)/ my brother's wedding (d)/.  
No error (e).

Homework

**SOLUTION** : 'All my friends' is the correct usage here.



# ADJECTIVE

In the Sunday market were (a)/ the more popular encyclopedias (b)/ and science journals (c)/ available for the students (d)/. No error (e).

**SOLUTION :** 'Most popular' suits best for the sentence



# ADJECTIVE

This book is undoubtedly (a)/ preferable than that (b)/ and its content (c)/ and concepts are also comparatively good (d)/. No error (e).

**SOLUTION :** The word 'preferable' is followed by 'to'. So, 'to' should be used in place of 'than'



# ADJECTIVE

The number of (a)/ cases of robbery has (b)/ risen this year by (c)/ as many as 50 percent (d)/. No error (e).

**SOLUTION :** 'Much' is used when we are speaking about a singular noun (here the number of robbery cases). So, 'as much as' should be used in place of 'as many as'.





# ADJECTIVE

This book is undoubtedly (a)/ preferable than that (b)/ and its content (c)/ and concepts are also comparatively good (d)/. No error (e).

**SOLUTION :** The word 'preferable' is followed by 'to'. So, 'to' should be used in place of 'than'



# ADJECTIVE

A diamond is (a)/ harder than (b)/ any other metal (c)/ in the world (d)/. No error (e).

**SOLUTION :** Diamond is not a metal. As we cannot compare a diamond with other metals head-to-head, we use 'any metal' instead of 'any other metal'.



**MISSION BANK-2024**

**रुक्ष्य बच**



**THANK  
YOU**