



SMahendra's



Eight persons in three generation of the family. K is daughter in law of G. M is father of L, who is daughter-in-law of P. H is brother-in-law of G and only son of F. T is grandson of F. H is unmarried. G is male. M has two child. परिवार की तीन पीढ़ियों में आठ व्यक्ति। K, G की बह है। M, L का पिता है, जो P की बह है। H, G का ब्रदर-इन-लॉ है और F का इकलौता पुत्र है। T, F का पोता है। H अविवाहित है। जी पुरुष है। M के दो बच्चे हैं।



Eight persons in three generation of the family. K is daughter in law of G. M is father of L, who is daughter-in-law of P. H is brother-in-law of G and only son of F. T is grandson of F. H is unmarried. G is male. M has two child.

How is M related to G? (a) Father (b) Brother (c) Father-in- law (d) Brother-in-law (e) None of these





Eight persons in three generation of the family. K is daughter in law of G. M is father of L, who is daughter-in-law of P. H is brother-in-law of G and only son of F. T is grandson of F. H is unmarried. G is male. M has two child.

How is K related to L? (a) Daughter (b) Daughter-in-law (c) Mother-in-law (d) Sister (e) None of these



Eight persons in three generation of the family. K is daughter in law of G. M is father of L, who is daughter-in-law of P. H is brother-in-law of G and only son of F. T is grandson of F. H is unmarried. G is male. M has two child.

Who among the following is son of M?
(a) H
(b) G
(c) T
(d) L
(e) None of these



Statements: $H < Y < U \ge Q = N > R; S = T \ge G = V > H$ Conclusions: I. U < RII. $S \ge U$

None is True
 Both I and II are True
 Only II is True
 Only I is True
 Either I or II is True





Statements: $T \ge M = K < B = G < P \ge V > L; X > Z > T$ Conclusions: I. X > PII. $P \ge T$

None is True
 Both I and II are True
 Only II is True
 Only I is True
 Either I or II is True





Statements: $P < Q \ge G; G \ge I \ge E; C \le P; C > U$ **Conclusions:** I. U>I II. $P \leq E$ I. None is True 2. Both I and II are True 3. Only II is True 4. Only I is True 5. Either I or II is True





There are 6 persons namely A, B, C, D, E and F. They all are sitting around a circular table facing the centre. Each one of them likes a fruit namely, Apple, Banana, Guava, Mango, Papaya and Orange but not necessarily in the same order. A likes apples and is sitting second to the left of B. The one who likes mango sits between the one who likes apple and B. C who likes papaya sits opposite to E. Two persons are sitting between B and F. The one who likes guava sits immediately to the left of the one who likes apples. D and B do not like mango. D sits second to the right of E and likes orange. यहाँ 6 व्यक्ति अर्थात् A, B, C, D, E और F हैं। वे सभी केंद्र की ओर मुख करके एक वृत्ताकार मेज के चारों ओर बैठे हैं। उनमें से प्रत्येक को एक फल अर्थात् सेब, केला, अमरूद, आम, पपीता और संतरा पसंद है लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हो। A को सेब पसंद है और वह B के बायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। वह व्यक्ति जिसे आम पसंद है वह सेब पसेंद करने वाले और B के बीच बैठा है। C जिसे पपीता पसंद है वह E के विपरीत बैठा है। B और F के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। जिसे पसंद है वह अमरूद सेब पसंद करने वाले व्यक्ति के ठीक बाईं ओर बैठा है। D और B को आम पसंद नहीं है। D, E के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है और नारंगी रंग पसंद करता है।



There are 6 persons namely A, B, C, D, E and F. They all are sitting around a circular table facing the centre. Each one of them likes a fruit namely, Apple, Banana, Guava, Mango, Papaya and Orange but not necessarily in the same order. A likes apples and is sitting second to the left of B. The one who likes mango sits between the one who likes apple and B. C who likes papaya sits opposite to E. Two persons are sitting between B and F. The one who likes guava sits immediately to the left of the one who likes apples. D and B do not like mango. D sits second to the right of E and likes orange. Which fruit does F like?

- a) Mango
- b) Apple
- c) Guava
- d) Banana
- e) Papaya





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- a) Two
- b) Three
- c) One
- d) Four
- e) None





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Who is sitting opposite to the one who likes orange?

- a) C b) E
 -) E The ex
- c) The one who likes mango
- d) The one who likes apple

e) F



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a) D
b) A
c) E
d) B
e) F



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- a) F-Apple
- b) D Guava
- c) B Mango
- d) A Papaya
- e) B Banana





'value theme particle around' is written as 'tfk dm un ssd'
'song new theme sing' is written as 'dj xy tfk src'
'sing loud particle mix' is written as 'ssd bt src hnm'
'around theme mix song' is written as 'xy un tfk bt'
What is the code of 'around'?

Un
 Dm
 Dj
 Src
 ssd





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In the coded language, _____ is coded as 'hnm'.

Theme
 Particle
 Around
 Loud
 value





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'around theme mix song' is written as 'xy un tfk bt'
What is the code of 'theme sing value'?

un xy bt
 tfk src dm
 src tfk dj
 dm src ssd
 dj hnm bt





the given word 'ALONGSIDE' the In consonants are written first and vowels are written second in alphabetical order then the vowels are changed to the next letter and the consonants are changed to the previous letters as per the alphabetical series, then which letter is fifth from the left end. दिए गए शब्द 'ALONGSIDE' में वर्णमाला के क़ुम में पहले व्यंजन और दूसरे में स्वर लिखे जाते फिर है स्वरों को अगले वर्णें में बदल दिया जाता है और व्यंजन को वर्णानुक्रम में पिछले अक्षरों में बदल दिया है, तो कौन सा अक्षर वर्णान्क्रम से पाँचवाँ है जाता बायां छोर। **I. R 2. C** 3. B **4**. � 5.



How many such pairs of digits are there in the number '73951286', each of which has as many digits between them in the number (both forward and backward direction) as they have between them in the Numeric Series? संख्या '73951286' में अंकों के ऐसे कितने जोड़े हैं, जिनमें से प्रत्येक के बीच संख्या में (आगे और पीछे दोनों दिशाओं में) उतने ही अंक हैं जितने उनके बीच संख्यात्मक श्रृंखला में हैं?

- I. Two
- 2. Three
- 3. Four
- 4. More than Four
- 5. None





There is family of seven member having three generations. There are more than four females in the family. A is the father of B. L is married to the only son of G. L has an unmarried sibling K. B is the nephew of K. C is the child of A. G is the mother of A. H is the parent of L. clien पीढियों वाले सात सदस्यों का परिवार है। परिवार में चार से अधिक महिलाएं हैं। A, B का पिता है। L का विवाह G के इकलौते पुत्र से हुआ है। L का एक अविवाहित सहोदर K है। B, K का अतीजा है। C, A का बच्चा है। G,A की माँ है। H, L का माता-पिता है।





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- a) Sister in- law
- b) Brother in- law
- c) Son
- d) Daughter
- e) Cannot be determined





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- a) Grandmother
- b) Daughter
- c) Granddaughter
- d) Sister
- e) Cannot be determined





छह व्यक्तियों (C, D, E, F, J, K) का जन्म तीन अलग-अलग महीनों की दो अलग-अलग तारीखों 5, 12 को हुआ था। मार्च, मई और सितंबर। केवल एक व्यक्ति का जन्म एक महीने की एक तारीख को हुआ था। J का जन्म 30 दिनों वाले महीने की 5 तारीख को हुआ था। F और E के बीच दो से अधिक व्यक्तियों का जन्म नहीं हुआ है। C का जन्म एक सम संख्या वाली तारीख पर लेकिन K के तुरंत बाद हुआ था। J और C के बीच केवल दो व्यक्तियों का जन्म हुआ था। D का जन्म E से पहले किसी महीने में हुआ था। K का जन्म E से पहले हुआ था। F लेकिन D के बाद नहीं। F के बाद कम से कम दो लोगों का जन्म हुआ।



How many persons born between C and F?

- a) Two
- b) More than three
- c) Three
- d) One
- e) Cannot determined

arring by basantsir @



Who among the following was born immediately before E?

a) K b) C c) J d) F e) D





Which of the following is the birth date of C?

- a) 12 May
- b) 12 March
- c) 5 September
- d) 5 March
- e) 5 May



Which of the following statements is true?

- a) J and F both were born in the same month
- b) F was born on an odd-numbered date
- c) E was born on the 5th of a month.
- d) E was born on the 12th of a month
- e) All are true.



Four of the five are alike in a certain way and thus form a group. Find the option which does not belong to the group

a) K b) C c) D d) F e) I





There are six persons namely A, B, C, D, E and F. They are arranged in descending order of their age from left to right. No two persons have the same age. E is younger than A but elder to B. B is not the youngest. E is 25 years old. The difference of ages of D and E is20 years. C is the second youngest person. छह व्यक्ति अर्थात A, B, C, D, E और F हैं। उन्हें

छह व्याक्त अथात A, B, C, D, E आर F ह। उन्ह उनकी उम के अनुसार बाएं से दाएं अवरोही क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया गया है। किसी भी दो व्यक्तियों की आयु समान नहीं होती है। E, A से छोटा है लेकिन B से बड़ा है। B सबसे छोटा नहीं है। E की उम 25 वर्ष है। D और E की आयु का अंतर 20 वर्ष है। C दूसरा सबसे छोटा व्यक्ति है।



There are six persons namely A, B, C, D, E and F. They are arranged in descending order of their age from left to right. No two persons have the same age. E is younger than A but elder to B. B is not the youngest. E is 25 years old. The difference of ages of D and E is20 years. C is the second youngest person.

If the sum of ages of A and E is 70 and the sum of ages of F and D is 89 years then what is the age of D?

a) 55 years
b) 20 years
c) 15 years
d) 5 years
e) 10 years





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of ages of F and D is 89 then what is the possible age of C?

a) 45 years
b) 10 years
c) 26 years
d) 2 years
e) 30 years



In a bank meeting, the eight bank employees Q, R, U, P, D, H, L, and C hold different positions -Managing Director (MD), Executive Director (ED), Chief General Manager (CGM), General Manager (GM),Assistant General Manager (AGM), Divisional Manager (DM), Marketing Officer (MO) and Clerk but not necessarily in the same order. All the positions are in increasing order where Clerk is junior to all and MD is senior to all. U is just one position senior to R. D is junior to Q. Q is senior to only three persons. L is neither Chief General Manager nor Managing Director. P is senior to Divisional Manager but junior to Managing Director. H is not junior to P. D is not the most junior. C is an Executive Director. एक बैंक बैठक में, आ़ठ बैंक कर्मचारी Q, R, U, P, D, H, L, और C विभिन्न पर्दो पर हैं - प्रबंध निदेशक (MD), कार्यकारी निदेशक (ED), मुख्य महाप्रबंधक (CGM), महाप्रबंधक (जीएम), सहायक महाप्रबंधक, (एजीएम), मंडल प्रबंधक (डीएम), विपणन, अधिकारी (एमओ) और कलके लेकिन आवृश्यक नहीं इसी क्रम में हो। सभी पद बढ़ते कम में हैं जहां क्लके सभी से कनिष्ठ है और एमडी सभी से वरिष्ठ है। U, R से केवल एक स्थान वरिष्ठ है। D, Q से कनिष्ठ है। Q केवल तीन व्यक्तियों से वरिष्ठ है। L न तो मुख्य महाप्रबंधक है और न ही प्रबंध निदेशक। P, मंडल प्रबंधक से वरिष्ठि है लेकिन प्रबंध निदेशक से कनिष्ठ है। H, P से कनिष्ठ नहीं है। D सबसे कनिष्ठ नहीं है। C एक कार्यकारी निदेशक है।

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- I. Managing Director P
- 2. Assistant General Manager Q
- 3. Divisional Manager D
- 4. Clerk R
- 5. Executive Director C

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P
 U
 U
 C
 C
 H
 Q

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L
 C
 C
 P
 P
 R
 Q

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- I. General Manager
- 2. Managing Director
- 3. Chief General Manager
- 4. Clerk
- 5. None of these



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