



REASONING

PRACTICE SET (PAPER 3)

पुरा पेपर उड़ा दोगे, चुटिकयों में...





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Quiz



Polls







Statements:

Only summer is hot. Only a few summer is rainy. Some winter is rainy.

- I. All hot can be winter.
- II. Some rainy is not summer.
- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.





Statements:

All bus is train.
Only a few bikes are train.
Some bikes is not car.

- I. All bus being car is a possibility II. No bus is bikes.
- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.





Statements:

No chocolates are biscuits. Only a few biscuits are chips. Some chips are juices.

- I. Some biscuits are juices.
- II. No biscuits are juices.
- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.



Six persons are going to the six different cities on two different dates i.e. 7th and 16th of three different months i.e. March, April and May of the same year. B goes in the month which has an odd number of days and on odd number date. Two persons go in between B and the one who goes to Pune. Only two persons go after the one who goes to Varanasi. A goes to Delhi on an odd-numbered date. Only one person goes between A and F. As many people who go before F, as many people go after C. More than two persons go in between D and the E who goes to Indore. F does not go to Chennai. One of the persons visits Jaipur.

छह व्यक्ति एक ही वर्ष के तीन अलग-अलग महीनों यानी मार्च, अप्रैल और मई की दो अलग-अलग तारीखों यानी 7 और 16 तारीख को छह अलग-अलग शहरों में जा रहे हैं। B उस महीने में जाता है जिसमें दिनों की संख्या विषम है और तारीख विषम है। B और पुणे जाने वाले व्यक्ति के बीच दो व्यक्ति जाते हैं। वाराणसी जाने वाले व्यक्ति के बाद केवल दो व्यक्ति जाते हैं। A एक विषम संख्या वाली तारीख को दिल्ली जाता है। A और F के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति जाता है। जितने लोग F से पहले जाते हैं, उतने ही लोग C के बाद जाते हैं। D और E जो इंदौर जाता है, के बीच दो से अधिक व्यक्ति जाते हैं। F चेन्नई नहीं जाता है. एक व्यक्ति जयपुर जाता है।



Six persons are going to the six different cities on two different dates. 7th and 16th of three different months i.e. March, April and May of the same year. B goes in the month which has an odd number of days and on odd number date. Two persons go in between B and the one who goes to Pune. Only two persons go after the one who goes to Varanasi. A goes to Delhi on an odd-numbered date. Only one person goes between A and F. As many people who go before F, as many people go after C. More than two persons go in between D and the E who goes to Indore. F does not go to Chennai. One of the persons visits Jaipur.

Who among the following goes on 16th March?

- (a) The one who goes to Jaipur
- (b) A
- (c) F
- (d) The one who goes to Pune
- (e) None of these



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The one who goes on 7th May, goes to which city?

- (a) Jaipur
- (b) Chennai
- (c) Indore
- (d) Pune
- (e) None of these



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Which of the following statement is not true about E?

- (a) B goes just before E
- (b) E goes to Pune
- (c) Only two persons go between E and F
- (d) More than one person goes between E and D
- (e) Both (b) and (d)



Six persons are going to the six different cities on two different dates i.e. 7th and 16th of three different months i.e. March, April and May of the same year. B goes in the month which has an odd number of days and on odd number date. Two persons go in between B and the one who goes to Pune. Only two persons go after the one who goes to Varanasi. A goes to Delhi on an odd-numbered date. Only one person goes between A and F. As many people who go before F, as many people go after C. More than two persons go in between D and the E who goes to Indore. F does not go to Chennai. One of the persons visits Jaipur.

Which of the combination is true?

- (a) D-7th March
- (b) B- Jaipur
- (c) C-16th April
- (d) D- Varanasi
- (e) None of these



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Who among the following person goes to Varanasi?

- (a) **D**
- **(b)** C
- (c) F
- (d) B
- (e) None of these





Statement:

- I. H>F
- II. K≤G
- (a) if only conclusion I is true
- (b) if only conclusion II is true
- (c) if either conclusion I or conclusion II is true
- (d) if neither conclusion I nor conclusion II is true
- (e) if both conclusions I and II are true





Statement:

Conclusions:

I. **P>Q**

II. Q≥X

- (a) if only conclusion I is true
- (b) if only conclusion II is true
- (c) if either conclusion I or conclusion II is true
- (d) if neither conclusion I nor conclusion II is true
- (e) if both conclusions I and II are true





Statement:

Conclusions:

I. Q≤N II. W≥O

- (a) if only conclusion I is true
- (b) if only conclusion II is true
- (c) if either conclusion I or conclusion II is true
- (d) if neither conclusion I nor conclusion II is true
- (e) if both conclusions I and II are true



How many such pairs of digits are there in the given number '73951286' each of which has as many digits between them in the number as in the Number series (From both backward and forward)?

- (a) Two
- (b) One
- (c) Four
- (d) Three
- (e) More than four



If vowels are arranged in alphabetical increasing order from left to right and then consonants are arranged in alphabetical increasing order from left to right in the given word 'ALONGSIDE'. Then which letter is 4th from the left side in the new word?

- (a) A
- (b) I
- (c) S
- (d) O
- (e) None of these



A certain number of persons sit in a linear row. All of them faces in the north direction. P sits third to the right of S. Only three persons sit between P and Q. U sits third to the left of Q. U sits fifth from the left end of the row. R sits third to the left of U. Only three persons sit between W and T who is an immediate neighbor of R. Only six persons sits to the right of W. M sits immediate left of O. Only three person sits between M and H. O does not sit left of P. H does not sit at the extreme end of the row.

एक निश्चित संख्या में व्यक्ति एक रैखिक पंक्ति में बैठते हैं। उन सभी का मुख उत्तर दिशा की ओर है। P, S के दायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। P और Q के बीच केवल तीन व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। U, Q के बायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। R, U के बाई ओर तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। W और T के बीच केवल तीन व्यक्ति बैठे हैं, जो R का निकटतम पड़ोसी है। W के दाई ओर केवल छह व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। M, O के ठीक बाई ओर बैठा है। M और H के बीच केवल तीन व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। .O, P के बायीं ओर नहीं बैठा है। H पंक्ति के अंतिम छोर पर नहीं बैठा है।



A certain number of persons sit in a linear row. All of them faces in the north direction. P sits third to the right of S. Only three persons sit between P and Q. U sits third to the left of Q. U sits fifth from the left end of the row. R sits third to the left of U. Only three persons sit between W and T who is an immediate neighbor of R. Only six persons sits to the right of W. M sits immediate left of O. Only three person sits between M and H. O does not sit left of P. H does not sit at the extreme end of the row.

How many persons sit in the row?

- (a) Eleven
- (b) Thirteen
- (c) Fourteen
- (d) Ten
- (e) Twelve



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How many persons sit to the left of S?

- (a) R
- (b) **T**
- (c) H
- (d) W
- (e) None



A certain number of persons sit in a linear row. All of them faces in the north direction. P sits third to the right of S. Only three persons sit between P and Q. U sits third to the left of Q. U sits fifth from the left end of the row. R sits third to the left of U. Only three persons sit between W and T who is an immediate neighbor of R. Only six persons sits to the right of W. M sits immediate left of O. Only three person sits between M and H. O does not sit left of P. H does not sit at the extreme end of the row.

How many persons sit between U and S?

- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) None
- (d) Three
- (e) More than three





- A % B means A is the wife of B.
- A @ B means A is the son of B.
- A \$ B means A is the brother of B.
- A & B means A is the daughter of B.
- A * B means A is the sister of B.
- A # B means A is husband of B.

If B#A&R%Q@S then how is R related to B?

- a) Sister-in-law
- b) Father
- c) Mother-in-law
- d) Mother
- e) None of these





- A % B means A is the wife of B.
- A @ B means A is the son of B.
- A \$ B means A is the brother of B.
- A & B means A is the daughter of B.
- A * B means A is the sister of B.
- A # B means A is husband of B.

If Q#S&P%T@B%A then how is B related to S?

- a) Sister
- b) Father
- c) Brother
- d) Grandmother
- e) None of these





MPRV GLSW

RQTF KIJV

If the third letter of each word is replaced by next letter in dictionary order, then how many 4 letter meaningful words can be formed using the third letter of the newly formed words?

- a) 0
- **b**) 1
- c) 2
- d) 3
- e) more than 3





MPRV GLSW RQTF KIJV

If the letters of the word are arranged in alphabetical order from left to right and the words thus formed are arranged in the dictionary order, then which of the following word corresponds to the word that will be placed third in the dictionary?

- a) MPRV
- b) GLSW
- c) RQTF
- d) KIJV
- e) Cannot be determined





MPRV GLSW RQTF KIJV

If the first and second letter of each word is changed to next letter and the third and fourth letters of each word is replaced by previous letter, then how many words have one or more than one vowel after the rearrangement?

- a) 1
- **b)** 2
- c) 3
- d) 4
- e) 0





MPRV GLSW

RQTF

KIJV

If the second and fourth letter of each word is changed to previous letter in dictionary, then how many meaningful words are formed after the rearrangement?

- a) 2
- b) 3
- c) 4
- d) 1
- e) 0





MPRV GLSW RQTF

QTF KIJV

Each letter within the word are arranged in alphabetical order from left to right and the word thus formed are arranged as per the English dictionary then which is the second letter from the right end of the second word (from left end) after the rearrangement?

- a) S
- b) M
- c) P
- d) Q
- e) V

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Quiz



Polls

