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J DAYS PAPERS PAPER-23

LIVE | 11:30 AM





Atigya Garg 1 day ago

HW:

18 - C

19 - D

凸 尔 REPLY

View reply from Mahendras : Or



Rityaj Seth 1 day ago

Homework Answer

18. Option C

19. Option D

凸 夘 REPLY

View reply from Mahendras : Or



Ku Anita Rav 1 day ago

Home work Options c- more than eight

凸 夘 REPLY

▼ View reply from Mahendras : Oi



Drishti Singh 1 day ago

Answers of today's homework

18.More than 8

19.P

ら 夕 REPLY

▼ View reply from Mahendras : Online Videos For (



Shefali Thakur 1 day ago

Answer:-

18) C

19)D

占 夘 REPLY

▼ View reply from Mahendras : Online Videos For (



Rahul Bhakat 12 hours ago

19) Option D

5 夘 REPLY

▼ View reply from Mahendras : Online Videos For (



Jyoti Thakur 1 day ago

Home work

18.c

19.D

占 夘 REPLY

▼ View reply from Mahendras : Online Videos For (



mitali apurva 1 day ago (edited)

H.W. ans: option C- More than 8

占 夘 REPLY

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vinita sah 1 day ago

HOME WORK

18.C

19.A

凸 夘 REPLY

▼ View reply from Mahendras : Online Videos For Govt. Exams



Nitika Kamboj 1 day ago

Homework

1. C

2. D

凸 ዏ REPLY

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Rahul Bhakat 12 hours ago

Option C

占 切 REPLY

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Mohit.. 1 day ago

Thank-you Madam for this Wond And

My Answers for today's Homewo 18). Option C= more than 8....

Read more

凸 切 REPLY

View reply from Mahendras



simran Lalwani 1 day ago

H. W Answer:

18.c

19.D

Tysm mam nice session 👍

凸 夘 REPLY

View reply from Mahendra



Nitika Gupta 1 day ago

Homework

С

D

凸 切 REPLY

▼ View reply from Mahendras : Online Videos For Govt. Exams



debasish chakraborty 1 day ago

Homework:

1. More than 8

2. P

Thank you mam. Awesome sess

占 夘 REPLY

View reply from Mahendras



Unnati Bhatnagar 1 day ago

Homework:-

C(more than 8)

D(P)

凸 切 REPLY

▼ View reply from Mahendras : Online Videos For Govt. Exams



Nadeem 1 day ago



Nore tha

O Ans 19 :- Option D :- P

🟶 Thank you Mam 😊 鑜 👸



View reply from Mahendras



Simran Chauhan 1 day ago

Homework

Q.18- C (more than 8)

Q.19-D(P)

占 夘 REPLY

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18. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word "IMPERATIVE", each of which has as many letters between them in the word (in both forward and backward directions) as they have between them in the English alphabetical series?

शब्द "IMPERATIVE" में अक्षरों के ऐसे कितने जोड़े हैं, जिनमें से प्रत्येक के बीच शब्द में (आगे और पीछे दोनों दिशाओं में) उतने ही अक्षर हैं जितने उनके बीच अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला श्रृंखला

- A. Six
- **B.** Seven
- C. More than eight
- D. Less than six
- E. Eight





19. Change all the vowels of the word "PRECIOUS" to its next letters and all the consonants to its previous letters and then arrange them in alphabetical order. Which letter will be 4 th from the right? शब्द "PRECIOUS" के सभी स्वरों को उसके अगले अक्षरों में और सभी व्यंजनों को उसके पिछले अक्षरों में बदलें और फिर उन्हें वर्णानुक्रम में व्यवस्थित करें। कौन सा अक्षर दायें से चौथा होगा?

A. J

B. B

C.O

D. P

E. Q

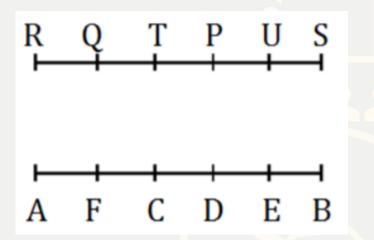


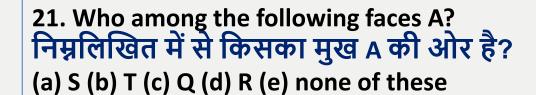
Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people each in such a way that there is an equal distance between adjacent persons. In row 1 - P, Q, R, S, T and U are seated (but not necessarily in the same order) and all of them are facing south. In row 2 - A, B, C, D, E and F are seated (but not necessarily in the same order) and all of them are facing North. Therefore, in the given seating arrangement each member seated in a row faces another member of the other row. P faces P E E E E E but not immediate left. E E sit at one of the ends and diagonally opposite to E E E E but not immediate left. E sit at one of the immediate left to E but does not faces E E E E but not immediate left. E sit at one of them sits at the end. The one who faces E sits E E sit at E E one who faces E sits E and E in the end. The one who faces E sits E and E in the end. The one who faces E is E and E in the end.

बारह व्यक्ति दो समानांतर पंक्तियों में प्रत्येक में छह व्यक्ति इस प्रकार बैठे हैं कि आसन्न व्यक्तियों के बीच समान दूरी है। पंक्ति 1 में - P, Q, R, S, T और U बैठे हैं (लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों) और उन सभी का मुख दक्षिण की ओर है। पंक्ति 2 में - A, B, C, D, E और F बैठे हैं (लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों) और उन सभी का मुख उत्तर की ओर है। इसलिए, दी गई बैठक व्यवस्था में एक पंक्ति में बैठे प्रत्येक सदस्य का मुख दूसरी पंक्ति के अन्य सदस्य की ओर है। P का मुख D की ओर है। U का मुख A की ओर नहीं है, जो E के बायें बैठा है लेकिन ठीक बायें नहीं बैठा है। R एक छोर पर बैठा है और B के तिरछे विपरीत है। B और F के बीच तीन व्यक्ति बैठे हैं, जिसका मुख U की ओर नहीं है। C, D के ठीक बाएं बैठा है लेकिन S की ओर उन्मुख नहीं है। Q और U के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं, उनमें से कोई भी नहीं अंत में बैठता है। वह व्यक्ति जो T की ओर उन्मुख है, A के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है।

Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people each in such a way that there is an equal distance between adjacent persons. In row 1 - P, Q, R, S, T and U are seated (but not necessarily in the same order) and all of them are facing south. In row 2 - A, B, C, D, E and F are seated (but not necessarily in the same order) and all of them are facing North. Therefore, in the given seating arrangement each member seated in a row faces another member of the other row. P faces P E E E E E but not immediate left. E sit at one of the ends and diagonally opposite to E E E E but not immediate left. E sit at one of the immediate left to E but does not faces E E E E but not immediate left. E sit at one of them sits at the end. The one who faces E sits E E sits E E one who faces E sits E and E E one who faces E sits E one who faces E sits E E one who faces E sits E one site E sits E one who faces E sits E one who faces E



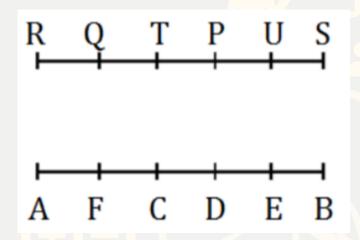




22. How many persons sit to the right of R? R के दायीं ओर कितने व्यक्ति बैठे हैं? (a) No One (b) one (c) two (d) three (e) four

23. Four of the following five form a group, who among the following does not belongs to that group? निम्नलिखित पांच में से चार एक समूह बनाते हैं, निम्नलिखित में से कौन उस समूह से संबंधित नहीं है? (a) U (b) T (c) E (d) F (e) A





24. If in a certain way R is related to C, T is related to E, then who among the following is related to D? यदि एक निश्चित तरीके से R, C से संबंधित है, T, E से संबंधित है, तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन D से संबंधित है?

(a) U (b) T (c) E (d) F (e) Q

25. Who among the following sit 3rd right to U? निम्नलिखित में से कौन U के दायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है?

(a) R (b) T (c) P (d) S (e) Q





20. All the even value digits of the number '746238945' are increased by 1 and all the odd value digits are decreased by 1, then what will be the sum of the 4th number from the right and fifth number from left? संख्या '746238945' के सभी सम मान अंकों को 1 से बढ़ा दिया जाता है और सभी विषम मान अंकों को 1 से घटा दिया जाता है, तो दायें से चौथी संख्या और बायें से पांचवीं संख्या का योग क्या होगा?

A. 8

B. 10

C. 15

D. 11

E. 12



10 people celebrate their birthday on 15th and 20th of 5 months- January, March, April, June and November. R celebrates birthday after Q. L celebrates his birthday on 15th of the month which has 31 days. Exactly 2 persons celebrate their birthdays between that of L and P. Exactly 3 persons celebrate birthday between that of P and O. M celebrate birthday just before T but not in June or November. Also, both M and T celebrate a birthday in the same month. The number of persons celebrating a birthday before O is same as the number of persons celebrates a birthday before S.

5 महीने की 15 और 20 तारीख को 10 लोग अपना जन्मदिन मनाते हैं- जनवरी, मार्च, अप्रैल, जून और नवंबर। R, Q के बाद जन्मदिन मनाता है। L अपना जन्मदिन उस महीने की 15 तारीख को मनाता है। जिसमें 31 दिन होते हैं। ठीक 2 व्यक्ति L और P के बीच अपना जन्मदिन मनाते हैं। ठीक 3 व्यक्ति P और O के बीच जन्मदिन मनाते हैं। M, T से ठीक पहले जन्मदिन मनाते हैं लेकिन जून या नवंबर में नहीं। साथ ही, M और T दोनों एक ही महीने में जन्मदिन मनाते हैं। O से पहले जन्मदिन मनाने वाले व्यक्तियों की संख्या N के बाद जन्मदिन मनाने वाले व्यक्तियों की संख्या के समान है। U और S दोनों एक ही महीने में जन्मदिन मनाते हैं और U, S से पहले जन्मदिन मनाते हैं।





10 people celebrate their birthday on 15th and 20th of 5 months- January, March, **April, June and November. R celebrates** birthday after Q. L celebrates his birthday on 15th of the month which has 31 days. **Exactly 2 persons celebrate their birthdays** between that of L and P. Exactly 3 persons celebrate birthday between that of P and O. M celebrate birthday just before T but not in June or November. Also, both M and T celebrate a birthday in the same month. The number of persons celebrating a birthday before O is same as the number of persons celebrating birthday after N. Both U and S celebrate a birthday in the same month and U celebrates a birthday before S.





Day	People
Jan 15	L
Jan 30	Q
Mar 15	N
Mar 30	Р
Apr 15	М
Apr 30	Т
June 15	R
June 30	0
Nov 15	U
Nov 30	S

21. Who celebrates a birthday on Apr 15th? 15 अप्रैल को जन्मदिन कौन मनाता है?

A. M B. L C. P D. O E. R

22. Who celebrates a birthday just after R? R के ठीक बाद कौन जन्मदिन मनाता है? A. L B. T C. N D. O E. M

23. Who celebrated her birthday before M? M से पहले किसने अपना जन्मदिन मनाया? A. Q B. R C. T D. O E. P





24. How many people celebrated their birthday between Q and O? Q और O के मध्य कितने लोगों ने अपना जन्मदिन मनाया?
A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 2 E. None

25. Who celebrated their birthday just before P? P के ठीक पहले किसने अपना जन्मदिन मनाया? A. N B. Q C. R D. O E. None of these

There are five buses P, Q, R, S, T and they have different number of capacities not necessarily in the same order.

- P has higher capacity than S and T.
- R has less capacity than only Q.
- S carries more passengers than T.



- P की क्षमता S और T से अधिक है।
 R की क्षमता केवल Q से कम है।
 S, T से अधिक यात्रियों को वहन करता है।



A. 53

होगी?

B. 24

C. 71

D. 49

E. None of these

27. Which bus has the least capacity? किस बस की क्षमता सबसे कम है?

A. O

C. R

D. T

E. None of these

28. If P carry 25 passengers and T carry 9 passengers then what would be the capacity of S which is divisible by 3 and not divisible by 5? यदि P 25 यात्रियों को ले जाता है और T 9 यात्रियों को ले जाता है, तो s की क्षमता क्या होगी जो 3 से विभाज्य है और 5 से विभाज्य नहीं है?

A. 15

C. 20

D. 27

E. None of these

'the capital of delhi' is coded as 'jai veru miti viki'.

'many festival in delhi' is coded as 'viki, nic,dic,vij'.

'crowd in the capital' is coded as 'dic, veru, miti, sik'.

'season for festival' is coded as 'nis, tif,vij'.

'delhi for country' is coded as 'viki, noo, tif'.

29. What is the code of 'crowd'?

A. miti B. sik C. dic D. tif E. None of these

30. What can be the code of 'festival in india'?

A. vij, veru, zee

B. vij, miti, zee

C. vij, dic, sik

D. vij, dic, zee

E. None of these

31. What is the code for 'festival in india crowd capital'?

A. vij, dic, veru, sik, miti

B. vij, dic, jai, sik, miti

C. vij, dic, veru, sik, viki

D. vij, dic, mee, sik, tif

E. vij, dic, mee, sik, miti



'the capital of delhi' is coded as 'jai veru miti viki'.

'many festival in delhi' is coded as 'viki, nic,dic,vij'.

'crowd in the capital' is coded as 'dic, veru, miti, sik'.

'season for festival' is coded as 'nis, tif,vij'.

'delhi for country' is coded as 'viki, noo, tif'.

- 32. What is the code of 'capital'?
- A. 'vik' or 'miti'
- B. 'veru' or 'miti'
- C. 'nic' or 'miti'
- D. 'vij' or 'dic'
- E. None of these
- 33. If in a certain code language 'festival' is coded as 'vij' and 'in' is coded as 'dic' in same code language What will be the code of 'delhi'?
- A. viki B. nic C. sik
- D. Can't be determined
- E. None of these



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There are six members in a family. F is the sister of E and A is the brother of C's husband. B is the father of D and grandfather of E. There are two brothers and two fathers in the family. C is married to B. एक परिवार में छह सदस्य हैं। F, E की बहन है और A, C के पित का भाई है। B, D का पिता है और E का दादा है। परिवार में दो भाई और दो पिता हैं। C, B से विवाहित है।

34. Who is F's mother? F की माता कौन है?

A. E B. A

C. B D. Cannot be determined

E. None of these

35. If E is married to an outsider M, how is 'F' related to M? यदि E का विवाह किसी बाहरी व्यक्ति M से हुआ है, तो 'F', M से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?

A. Brother-in-law

B. Sister-in-law

C. Aunt

D. Grandmother

E. None of these



P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, and W are eight different boxes. They are arranged in such a manner that Box 1 is at the bottom, the box 2 is above it and so on such that the topmost box is box number 8. R is box number 3. There are only two boxes between the box R and the box V. Box W is placed immediately above the Box Q. There is only one box between the box T and the box U. Box T is placed above box U. There is only one box between the Box R and Box S. Box S is somewhere below Box T.

P, Q, R, S, T, U, V और W आठ अलग-अलग बॉक्स हैं। उन्हें इस तरह से व्यवस्थित किया गया है कि बॉक्स 1 सबसे नीचे है, बॉक्स 2 इसके ऊपर है और इसी तरह सबसे ऊपर वाला बॉक्स बॉक्स नंबर 8 है। R बॉक्स नंबर 3 है। बॉक्स R और बॉक्स के बीच केवल दो बॉक्स हैं। बॉक्स V. बॉक्स W, बॉक्स Q के ठीक ऊपर रखा गया है. बॉक्स T और बॉक्स U के बीच केवल एक बॉक्स है. बॉक्स T, बॉक्स U के ऊपर रखा गया है. बॉक्स R और बॉक्स S के बीच केवल एक बॉक्स है. S, डिब्बा T के नीचे कहीं है।







P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, and W are eight different boxes. They are arranged in such a manner that Box 1 is at the bottom, the box 2 is above it and so on such that the topmost box is box number 8. R is box number 3. There are only two boxes between the box R and the box V. Box W is placed immediately above the Box Q. There is only one box between the box T and the box U. Box T is placed above box U. There is only one box between the Box R and Box S. Box S is somewhere below Box T.

8 th box	W
7 th box	Q
6 th box	V
5 th box	Р
4 th box	Т
3 rd box	R
2 nd box	U
1st box	S



निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा डिब्बा पाँचवाँ क्रमांक वाला डिब्बा है?

A. S B. Q C. W D. P E. V

37. Which among the following box is exactly between the boxes R and S?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा बॉक्स R और S के ठीक बीच में है?

A. U B. P C. V D. T E. W



38. Which among the following is the topmost box? निम्नलिखित में से सबसे ऊपर वाला डिब्बा कौन सा है?

A. T B. Q C. W D. R E. V

8 th box	W
7 th box	Q
6 th box	V
5 th box	Р
4 th box	Т
3 rd box	R
2 nd box	U
1st box	S



39. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence they form a group. Which one of the following does not belong to that group? निम्नलिखित पांच में से चार एक निश्चित तरीके से समान हैं और इसलिए वे एक समूह बनाते हैं। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा उस समूह से संबंधित नहीं है?

A. R. B. V. C. P. D. S. E. Q.

40. How many boxes are there between box Q and box U?

डिब्बा Q और डिब्बा U के मध्य कितने डिब्बे हैं?

A. None

B. One C. Two D. Three

Ε.

Four





Statements:

Only a few wells are mats.

All pillows are mats.

- (I) Atleast some pillows are wells.
- (II) All wells can never be pillow.
- A. If conclusion I follows
- **B.** If conclusion II follows
- C. Either conclusion I or conclusion II is true
- D. Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II is true
- E. Both conclusion I and II are true

- Statements: T < P ≤ U; L>U ≤ K; P ≥ R
 Conclusions:
 - I. K ≥ R
 - II. L > R
 - A. Only conclusion I is true
 - B. Only conclusion II is true
 - C. Either conclusion I or II is true
 - D. Neither conclusion I nor II is true
 - E. Both conclusions I and II are true

- 7. Statements: H = I ≤ R; M ≥ R<S Conclusions:</p>
 - I. M=I
 - II. M > I
 - A. Only conclusion I is true
 - B. Only conclusion II is true
 - C. Either conclusion I or II is true
 - D. Neither conclusion I nor II is true
 - E. Both conclusions I and II are true







- 8. Statements: D > H ≥ N; S > I ≤ H Conclusions:
 - I. N ≤ S
 - II. N < D
 - A. Only conclusion I is true
 - B. Only conclusion II is true
 - C. Either conclusion I or II is true
 - D. Neither conclusion I nor II is true
 - E. Both conclusions I and II are true

- Statements: P ≤ O < I; P > Y > W
 Conclusions:
 - I. Y ≤ I
 - II. 0 > W
 - A. Only conclusion I is true
 - B. Only conclusion II is true
 - C. Either conclusion I or II is true
 - D. Neither conclusion I nor II is true
 - E. Both conclusions I and II are true
- Statements: A ≥ B > C ≥ F; Z < C ≤ D < E
 Conclusions:
 - I. A > Z
 - II. F > E
 - A. Only conclusion I is true
 - B. Only conclusion II is true
 - C. Either conclusion I or II is true
 - D. Neither conclusion I nor II is true
 - E. Both conclusions I and II are true



There are three generations in a family of ten members. There are three couples in the family. A is G's grandfather. C is B's daughter. H is E's niece. F is I's mother. D is G's father. J is B's granddaughter. Every couple has a son and a daughter. D is J's uncle. दस सदस्यों के एक परिवार में तीन पीढ़ियाँ होती हैं। परिवार में तीन जोड़े हैं। A, G का दादा है। C, B की पुत्री है। H, E की भतीजी है। F, I की माता है। D, G का पिता है। J, B की पोती है। हर जोड़े का एक बेटा और एक बेटी है। D, J का अंकल है।

11. How is F related to J?

A. Father B. Sister C. Mother D. Son-in-law E. Brother

12. How is B related to G?

A. Grandfather B. Grandmother C. Granddaughter D. Grandson E. Son

13. How is D related to A?

A. Daughter-in-law B. Son C. Son-in-law D. Brother-in-law

E. Sister



Statements: All mobiles are smart phones.

Some smart phones are gadgets.

Some gadgets are cheap.

No gadget is sim.

Conclusions:

- I. Some mobiles are sim is a possibility
- II. Some gadgets are both mobiles and smart phones.
- A. Only I follows
- B. Only II follows
- C. Either I or II follows
- D. Neither I nor II follow
- E. Both I and II follow

Statements: All oranges are Bananas.

No banana is an apple.

All apples are fruits.

- I. No orange is a apple
- II. Some oranges are fruits is a possibility
- A. Only I follows
- B. Only II follows
- C. Either I or II follows
- D. Neither I nor II follow
- E. both I and II follow





Statements: All orange are red.

No red is black. Some black are blue.

All blue are pink.

Conclusions:

- I. Some red are orange is a possibility.
- II. All blue are orange is a possibility.
- A. Only I follows
- B. Only II follows
- C. Either I or II follows
- D. Neither I nor II follow
- E. Both I and II follow

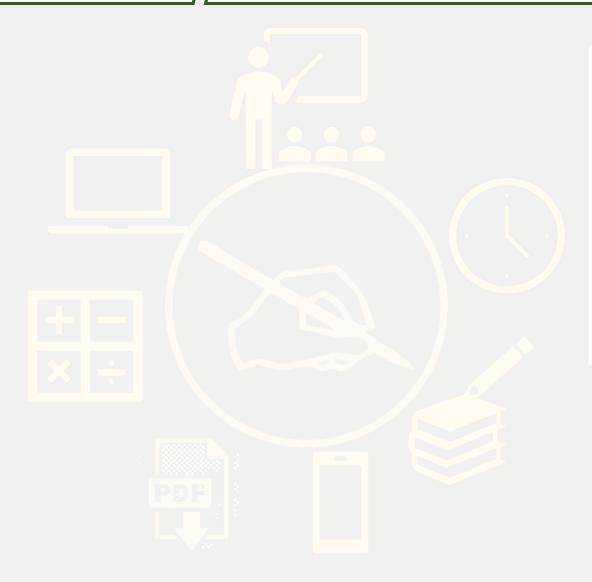
Statements: Some trains are stations.

All stations are platforms. All platforms are tracks.

Some tracks are bogies.

- I. Some tracks are trains.
- II. Some bogies are trains.
- A. Only I follows
- B. Only II follows
- C. Either I or II follows
- D. Neither I nor II follow
- E. Both I and II follow





Statements: All pens are pencils.

Some pencils are boxes. No box is rubber.

- I. Some pencils are rubber is a possibility
- II. Some Boxes are Pen
- A. Only I follow
- B. Only II follows
- C. Either I or II follows
- D. Neither I nor II follow
- E. Both I and II follow



'very large risk associated' is written as 'nu ta ro gl',
'risk is very low; is written as 'gl se nu mi',
'is that also associated' is written as 'ta mi po fu'
'inherent risk also damaging' is Written as 'fu nu di yu'





19. Which of the following is the code of 'damaging'?
A. di B. yu C. nu D. either di or yu E. None of these

20. Which of the following may represent 'risk is very large'?

A. gl mi nu ro B. nu gl ta se C. nu ro se yu

D. ro gl di nu E. None of these

21. Which of the following is the code of 'associated'? A. nu B. po C. ta D. fu E. gi

'very large risk associated' is written as 'nu ta ro gl',
'risk is very low; is written as 'gl se nu mi',
'is that also associated' is written as 'ta mi po fu'
'inherent risk also damaging' is Written as 'fu nu di yu'



- 22. What would be the code for 'inherent large risk'?
- A. yu ro nu
- B. di ro nu
- C. yu fu ro
- D. di ta se
- E. Either A or B
- 23. Which of the following may represent 'low risk associated industry'? A. ta nu gi ro
- B. ta hi nu se
- C. mi ta se fu
- D. di gi ta po
- E. po gi se di





A building has eight floors numbered one to eight, in such a manner that the ground floor is numbered one, the floor above it, numbered two and so on such that the topmost floor is numbered eight. One of the eight persons, viz, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W lives on each floor but not necessarily in the same order. R lives on third floor. Only two persons live between the floors of R and V. W lives on the floor immediately above the floor of Q. Only one person lives between the floors of T and U. T lives above U. Only one person lives between the floors of R and S. S lives on any floor below the floor of T.

एक इमारत में आठ मंजिलों की संख्या एक से आठ इस प्रकार है कि भूतल की संख्या एक है, उसके ऊपर की मंजिल की संख्या दो है और इसी तरह सबसे ऊपरी मंजिल की संख्या आठ है। आठ व्यक्तियों में से एक, अर्थात, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V और W प्रत्येक मंजिल पर रहता है लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं इसी क्रम में हो। R तीसरी मंजिल पर रहता है। R और V के तलों के बीच केवल दो व्यक्ति रहते हैं। W, Q के ठीक ऊपर वाले तल पर रहता है। T और U के तलों के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति रहता है। T, U के ऊपर रहता है। R के तलों के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति रहता है। और S. S, T के तल के नीचे किसी मंजिल पर रहता है।

8	W
7	Q
5	V
5	P
4	Т
3	R
2	U
1	S

24. Who among the following lives on the fifth numbered floor? निम्नलिखित में से कौन पाँचवें क्रमांक वाले तल पर रहता है? A. S B. Q C. W D. P E. V

25. Who among the following lives exactly between the floors of R and S? निम्नलिखित में से कौन R और S के ठीक बीच में रहता है? A. U B. P C. V D. T E. W

26. Who among the following lives on the topmost floor? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सबसे ऊपरी मंजिल पर रहता है?

A. TB. QC. WD. RE. V

_	
8	W
7	Q
6	V
5	P
4	T
3	R
2	U
1	S

27. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence they form a group. Which one of the following does not belong to that group? निम्नलिखित पांच में से चार एक निश्चित तरीके से समान हैं और इसलिए वे एक समूह बनाते हैं। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा उस समूह से संबंधित नहीं है? A. R. B. V. C. P. D. S. E. Q

28. How many persons live between the floors of Q and U? Q और U के तलों के बीच कितने व्यक्ति रहते हैं?

A. None B. One C. Two D. Three E. Four



