

THEHINDU **Editorial Analysis**

Grammar

Reading Skills

Vocab

Spoken English

BANK / SSC / UPSC / STATE EXAMS

LIVE 8:00 AM 27 April 2022





Thoughts direct your words and deeds.
So don't just work on your words and deeds.
Mind your mind first.



TOPICS WE WOULD COVER

- i. GRAMMAR SKILLS
- ii. THE HINDU VOCABULARY
- iii. CHECK YOUR PROGRESS
- iv. LEARNING VOCAB WITH IMAGES



GRAMMAR SKILLS





GRAMMAR SKILL - 1

'which' is used in place of 'who' when we are referring to a choice between two or more than two things or persons.



(a) Of the(a) / two sisters who(b) / is more intelligent? (c) /No error(b) Who of the boys is your brother.





GRAMMAR SKILL - 2

If two antecedents are joined by 'and' one being a human and other being an animal /non living thing, a relative pronoun 'that' is used.



A. The man and his dog who I saw yesterday have been kidnapped.







THE HINDU VOCABULARY





ABUSE (NOUN): (अनाचार):

Mistreatment

Synonyms: Maltreatment,

Ill-treatment

Antonyms: Care

Example Sentence:

She had a black eye and other signs of physical abuse.





APACE (ADVERB): (झटपट):

Quickly

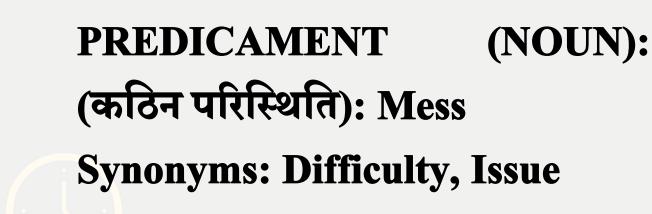
Synonyms: Fast, Swiftly

Antonyms: Slowly

Example Sentence:

Work always continues apace.



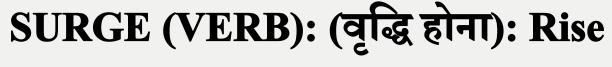


Antonyms: Advantage

Example Sentence:

The club's financial predicament was evident.





Synonyms: Grow, Escalate

Antonyms: Decrease

Example Sentence:

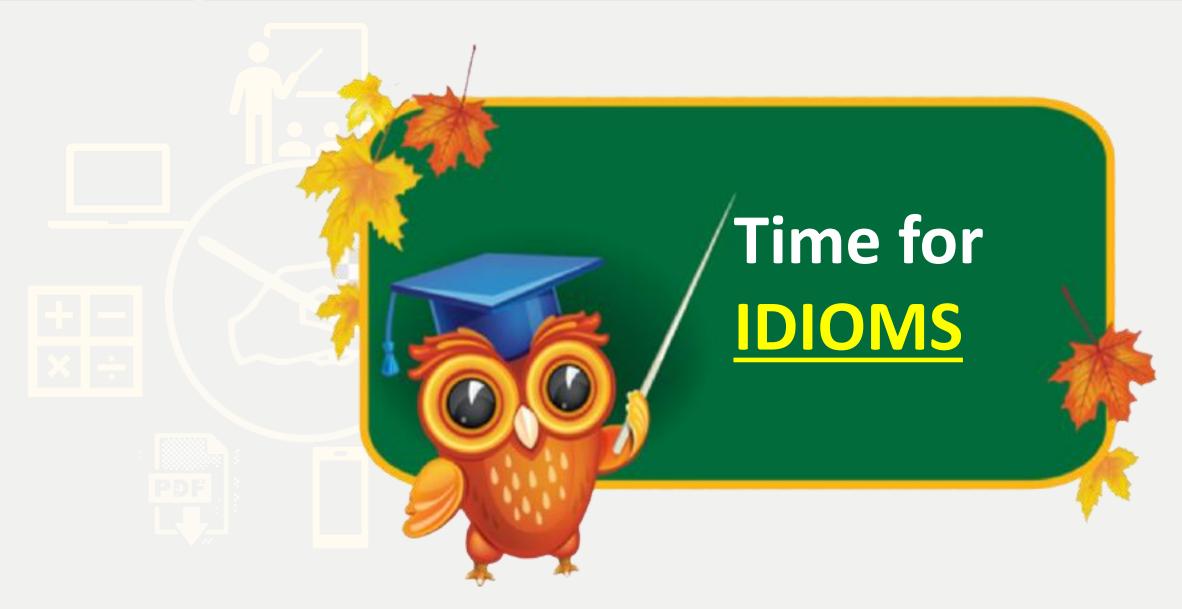
Shares surged to a new high.



LET'S CHECK YOUR PROGRESS









- 1. After breaking his hand, Gordon's dream to play professional basketball went up in smoke.
- A. to accomplish
- **B.** Destroyed
- C. hopeful
- **D.** Continue
- E. None of the above Correct Option: B

Go up in smoke: be destroyed or ruined





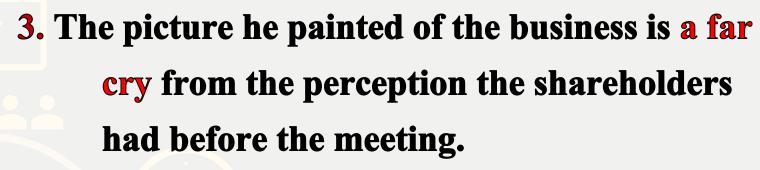


- 2. run-of-the-mill.
- A. Remarkable
- **B.** Expensive
- C. Unlicensed
- **D.** Ordinary
- E. None of the above

Answer: D. Ordinary





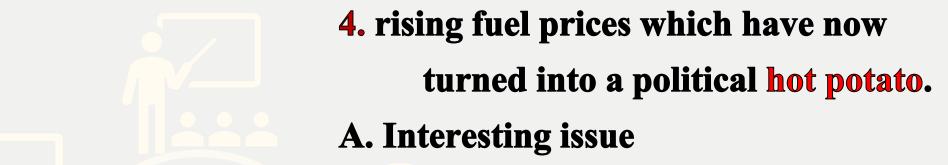


- A. Dedicated yet a failure
- **B.** Very different
- C. Astounding success
- D. Caring and sincere
- E. None of these



Answer: B. Very different





B. Justified matter

C. Court case

D. Burning topic

E. None of these



Answer: D. Burning topic







A. Very expensive

B. Uphill task

C. Tiresome job

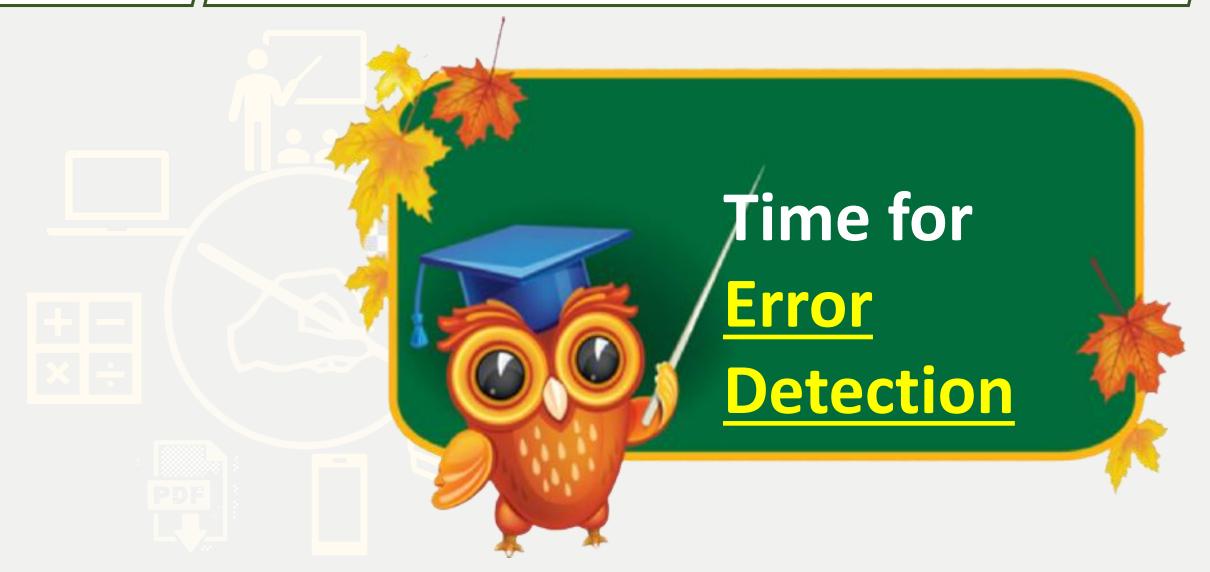
D. Fatal

E. None of these



Answer: A. Very expensive

FOR MORE DISCOUNT VISIT www.mahendras.org & USE PROMO CODE : E10056





6. Our customers are always visit (1) / our branches to (2)/ discuss their problems (3)/ with our stall. (4)

(1) For showing habitual truth, it is proper to use Simple Present Tense. Hence, our customers are always visit should be replaced by our customers always visit.

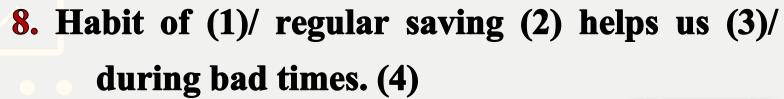




7. Just before the demonstration started (1)/ the police arrive at the site (2)/ as if they had (3)/ received information. (4)

(2) The sentence shows Past event. Hence, the police arrived at the site should be used in place of the police arrive at the site.







(1) A habit of/The habit of is the correct usage.



To know what people react to (1)/ an unforeseen situation (2)/ is very important (3)/ to decide our course of action. (4)

(1) how will replace what because how (Advertised) refers to-in what way/manner

Look at the following sentences:

He did not know how he ought to behave.

I'll show you how to load the software.



10. Some people like (1)/ to do some social (2)/ work even though (3)/ it lacks resources. (4)



(4) Replace it lacks resources by they lack resources as this sentence is related to some people. (Plural Subject)



LEARNING VOCAB WITH IMAGES

ARE
YOU
READYPP



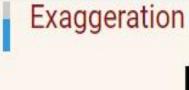


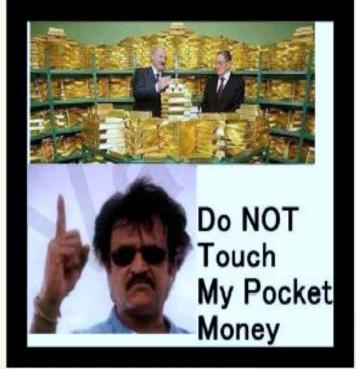
Hypnosis



Definition: an unconscious state in which someone can still see and hear and can be influenced to follow commands or answer questions







Definition: a statement or description that makes something seem larger, better, worse, or more important than it really is





Mimic



Definition: 1) to copy the way someone speaks, moves, behaves, etc., especially in order to makeother people laugh





Home Work

A group of youngsters (1)/ has lend financial assistance (2)/ to the flood-affected (3)/ people of the villages. (4)

