

## THEHINDU

## EDITORIAL ANALYSIS

**READING SKILLS** 

**GRAMMAR** 

**SPOKEN ENGLISH** 

VOCAB

BANK | SSC | UPSC | STATE EXAMS





**BY RISHIKA MAHENDRAS** 

## THE MAINTING HIS HINDU

**DAILY 7:30 AM** 

26 APRIL 2023



BANK (PO / CLERK) I SSC I UPSC I State PSC I CAT I CTET I RAILWAY I CDS I TET I NDA / AIRFORCE I NET, OTHER COMPETITIVE EXAMS

- VOCABULARY
- SYNONYMS & ANTONYMS
- WORD USAGE
- READING & SKIMMING
- IDIOMS & PHRASES
- ONE-WORD SUBSTITUTION
- GRAMMAR SKILLS

Beauty isn't about having a pretty face. It's about having an open mind, a kind heart, and most importantly, a beautiful soul.





Riya Mandaokar 3 hours ago (edited)

Thank you ma'am for the session ans is Adament= refusing to be persuaded or to change one's minc Syno= unshakeable, immovable, sturborn,rigid

Anto= unsure

Indolent= wanting to avoid activity or exertion; lazy.

Syno= slothful,lazy,idle, apathetic,sleepy

Anto= industrious, energetic





Reply



Khushboo Mandal < 7 hours ago



Adamant- very sure, refusing to change your mind Synonym- imaginable, unshakable, intransigent, resolute, rigid, Antonym- unsure, flexible, easygoing, yielding Indolent- not wanting to work...

Read more





Reply



AKSahu Vlogs 14 hours ago

ADAMANT - refusing to be persuaded or to change one's mind

INDOLENT - wanting to avoid activity or exertion





Reply



Chandrika Gore 15 hours ago

1. Adamant: (adj) impossible to persuade, or unwilling to change an opinion or decision Synonyms: unyielding, determined, insistent, resolute, rigid, stubborn, uncompromising Antonyms: flexible, irresolute, lenient, weak, willing, yielding, indefinite, movable, soft, unfixed Sentence: I've told her she should stay at home and rest but she's adamant that she's coming. ...

#### Read more





Reply



MO ANAS CHAUDHARY 15 hours ago

Adamant(Adjective) Syno...Hard wilful inflexible.

Anto...Amenable flexible.

Sentence......The editors are explicit and Adamant in their claim that this is not a book about policy.

Read more



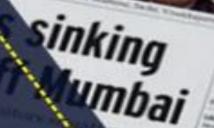






## Oil leak stops as THE HINDU **EDITORIAL VOCABULARY**





THE

Come to the dialogue ta Mamata tells Maoists

FOR SURVIVORS

Games: 'guilty will be punished'



1. Litigate (Verb) : मुक़दमा

Meaning: To engage in a legal proceeding to resolve a dispute

Synonyms: Sue, prosecute, bring to court

Antonyms: Settle, resolve, arbitrate, negotiate

Sentence: The two parties decided to litigate their dispute in court instead of attempting to settle it out of court.



🕲 2. Endorse (Verb): पुष्टि करना, समर्थन करना

Meaning: To give support or approval to something or someone

Synonyms: Approve, support, sanction, validate

Antonyms: Oppose, reject, disapprove, condemn

Sentence: The celebrity endorsed the new product on social media, which led to an increase in its sales.



#### 3. Anthropogenic (Adjective): मानवजनित

Meaning: Relating to or resulting from the influence of human beings on nature or the environment

Synonyms: Human-caused, human-made, man-made, artificial, synthetic

Antonyms: Natural, organic, non-anthropogenic

Sentence: Climate change is largely caused by anthropogenic factors such as burning fossil fuels and deforestation.



4. Signatory (Noun): साक्षरकर्ता

Meaning: A person, organization or country that has signed an official document, agreement, or treaty

Synonyms: Signer, party to the agreement, endorser

Antonyms: Non-signatory, dissenting party

Sentence: The signatories of the peace treaty agreed to cease hostilities and work towards a peaceful resolution of the conflict.





#### 5. Dismantle (Verb): अलग करना

Meaning: To take apart or pull down; to strip furniture, equipment, or fittings; to disassemble

Synonyms: Deconstruct, demolish, take apart

Antonyms: Assemble, construct, build, put together

Sentence: The workers were instructed to dismantle the old machinery before installing the new one.



#### 6. Deleterious (Adjective): हानिकारक

Meaning: Harmful or injurious to health, wellbeing, or morals; causing damage or harm

Synonyms:/injurious, pernicious, detrimental

Antonyms: Beneficial, advantageous, helpful

Sentence: Smoking is a deleterious habit that can lead to various health problems, including lung cancer and heart disease.



#### 7. Undermine (Verb): कमजोर करना

Meaning: To weaken, erode or sabotage something or someone, especially gradually or secretly

Synonyms: Weaken, sabotage, subvert, undercut

Antonyms: Strengthen, support, reinforce

Sentence: The negative comments about the company made by the ex-employee began to undermine the reputation of the company.





#### 8. Put The Card Before The Horse (Idiom)

Meaning: to do things in the wrong order, or to prioritize things incorrectly.

Synonyms: to reverse the order, to get things backward

**Antonym: to prioritize correctly** 

Sentence: Aren't you putting the cart before the horse by deciding what to wear for the wedding before you've even been invited to it?

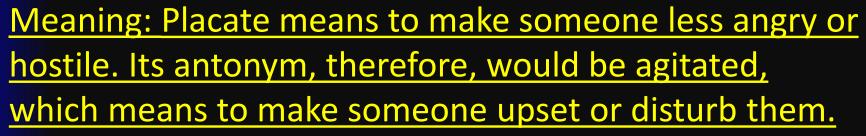
## WEST YOUR KNOWLEDGE





#### Antonym of **PLACATE**

- 1. Agitate
- 2. Anger
- 3. Displease
- 4. Annoy



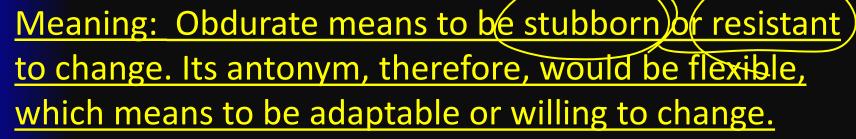
**Solution: 1. Agitate** 





#### **Antonym of OBDURATE**

- 1. Fix
- 2. Generous
- 3. Rigid
- 4. Flexible



**Solution: 4. Flexible** 





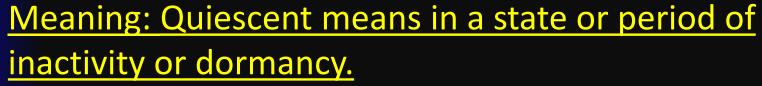
#### Antonym of QUIESCENT





3. Restless directant

4. Trace



**Solution: 1. Active** 

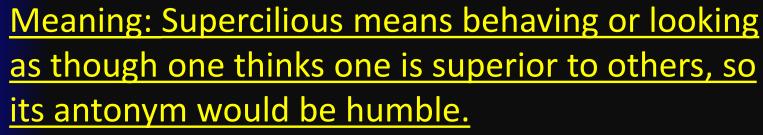




#### Antonym of **SUPERCILIOUS**



- 2. Arrogant
- 3. Irritated
- 4. Introvert



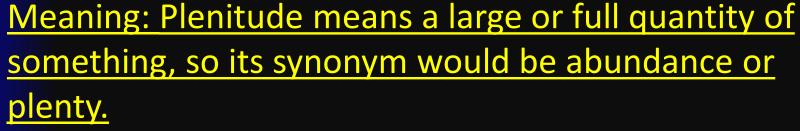
**Solution: 1. Humble** 





#### Synonym of **PLENITUDE**

- 1. Scarcity
- 2. Abundance
- 3. Lack
- 4. Insufficiency



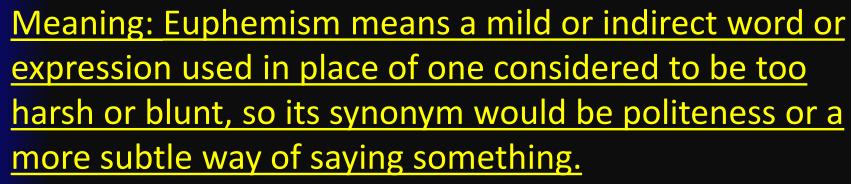
**Solution: 2. Abundance** 





#### Synonym of **EUPHEMISM**

- 1. Bluntness
- 2. Exaggeration
- 3. Sarcasm
- 4. Politeness



**Solution: 4. Politeness** 





#### Synonym of ABERRATION

- 1. Deviation
- 2. Consistency
- 3. Regularity
- 4. Normality

Meaning: Aberration means a departure from what is normal, usual, or expected, so its synonym would be deviation or a departure from the norm.

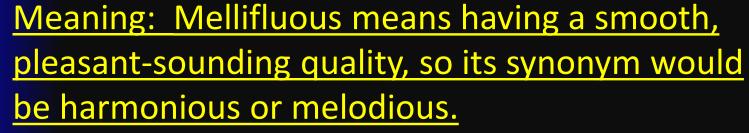
**Solution: 1. Deviation** 





#### Synonym of MELLIFLUOUS

- 1. Harmonious
- 2. Cacophonous
- 3. Mute
- 4. Violent



**Solution: 1. Harmonious** 





#### **A Wet Blanket**

- 1. Overly emotional or dramatic.
- 2. Unfocused and easily distracted.
- 3. Someone who spoils other people's fun by their negative attitude
- 4. Someone who is constantly seeking attention.

Solution: 3. A source of negativity or dampen the mood of a situation.





#### **Have A Screw Loose**

- 1. Physically weak or frail.
- 2. Mentally unstable or crazy.
- 3. Overly emotional and sensitive.
- 4. Irresponsible and unreliable.

Solution: 2. Mentally unstable or crazy





#### **Throw Caution To The Wind**

- 1. To be very cautious and hesitant.
- 2. Take risks without considering the consequences.
- 3. Plan ahead and prepare for any possible outcome.
- 4. To be impulsive and act without thinking.

Solution: 2. take risks without considering the consequences





#### **To Have A Monkey On One's Back**

20)

- 1. To be burdened with a difficult problem or addiction.
- 2. To be surrounded by mischievous people.
- 3. To be in a state of extreme happiness.
- 4. To be indecisive and unable to make a choice.

Solution: 1. To be burdened with a difficult problem or addiction.



#### **ONE WORD SUBSTITUTION**

- One whose motive is merely to get money -Mercenary
- 2. Government by the wealthy Plutocracy
- 3. Fear or hatred of books Bibliophobia



4. A news article that reports the recent death of a person - Obituary

### TODAY'S EDITORIAL TOPIC

The right to litigate: On limiting the industrial exploitation of nature

Use of legal remedies to limit exploitation of nature is at the core of a democracy



The Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) seems to have been overzealous in registering a case against environmental lawyer Ritwick Dutta and his organisation, Legal Initiative for Forest and Environment, for violating Foreign Contribution (Regulation) Act (FCRA) provisions. The gist of the allegations is their using foreign funds to encourage litigation that will stall existing and prospective coal-fired plants in India. While the sourcing of foreign funds and use is certainly something to keep an eye on, any criminalising of the act of opposition to coal plants, when pursued via legal means, is an absurd stance for a government to adopt.



As a signatory to the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change and various key agreements, India has undertaken to gradually reduce its reliance on fossil fuel sources and be 'net zero', or source almost all power from non-fossil fuel sources by 2070. India has also consistently endorsed reports by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) that speak of the urgency of ensuring global temperatures do not exceed 1.5°C of pre-industrial times, necessitating that global net anthropogenic CO2 emissions decline by about 45% from 2010 levels by 2030.



However, under principles of 'Common Differentiated Responsibility', India has maintained its right to rely on coal plants in the interim as it is still a developing economy. The true cost of renewable sources (solar, wind and nuclear) remains much more than that of fossil-fuel power. The industrialised West, while slowing its fossil fuel consumption, continues to be reliant on natural gas and keeps falling short on its commitments to transfer technology and finance to developing countries to accelerate clean adoption. Thus, coal is a necessary evil, but still evil, and seeing it any other way belies scientific evidence.

India has 28.5 GW of coal power capacity planned and 32 GW of plants are under construction. The commissioning of many has been delayed due to insufficient environment clearances, land acquisition, and redevelopment and rehabilitation-related problems. These, however, follow from rulings by the National Green Tribunal or from a lack of adherence to norms prescribed mainly under provisions of the Environment Protection and related legislation. Funding for new coal plants is increasingly difficult with multilateral funding agencies refusing to fund such plants. Many coal plants run inefficiently and rely on lenient environmental curbs as they are critical to India's power needs. Using legal remedies to limit the industrial exploitation of nature and ensuring just compensation is at a civilised democracy; and efforts at



# 1. Animus 2. Raiment

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