



 *Mahendra's*

# THE HINDU

## *Editorial Analysis*

GRAMMAR

READING SKILLS

VOCAB

SPOKEN ENGLISH

BANK | SSC | UPSC | STATE EXAMS



**LIVE** 07:30 AM  24 SEP 2022


By Shalini Mahendras




# THE HINDU





# Champions


 **Twinklr Gupta** 20 hours ago  
Condonation - absolution, amnesty, forgiveness, remission, excuse, Pardon  
Mudslinging - libel, slander, smearing, vilification  
Very nice session ma'am..and you really do work hard to teach us... And learn us for our success and selection...  
Read more  
1 REPLY


 **monika kumari** 12 hours ago  
Condonation(noun):-  
Synonyms:- forgiveness ,absolution  
Antonyms:- accusation,arraignment


Mudslinging (noun):-  
Synonyms:- defamation ,slander  
Antonyms:- approval, praise


 **Ashish Thakur** 12 hours ago  
Condonation - forgiveness, pardon  
Mudslinging -slander, libel  
REPLY

 **Kamlesh Prajapati** 19 hours ago  
Condonation -( माफी) exemption, remittal  
Mudslinging (अपवाद) slander, infamy, exclusion  
REPLY

 **preeti** 20 hours ago  
Condonation: voluntary over looking pardon of an offence.  
Synonyms: absolution, forgiveness pardon, remission  
1 REPLY

 **Laxmikant Pal** 20 hours ago  
Condonation -Absolution, pardon  
Mudslinging-Libel, slander

 **Achim Kom** 20 hours ago  
1)Condonation .....  
Forgiving, excusing or overlooking a wrong doing.  
2)Mudslinging.....  
Make malicious or scandalous.

 **Muskan Rai** 20 hours ago  
condonation- absolution ,forgiveness ,pardon ,remission  
mudslinging -libel ,slander ,smearing ,defamation

**Condonation (Noun):** माफी The act of forgiving, excusing or overlooking a **wrong-doing**.

**Mudslinging(verb):** बदनामी Saying insulting or unfair things about someone else

# THE HINDU EDITORIAL

DAILY 7:30 AM

24 SEP 2022

701 *Vacancy*  
*Forest Inspector*

 VOCABULARY

 GRAMMAR SKILLS

 EDITORIAL

ANALYSIS

 LEARNING

 CORNER

# TODAY'S SUMMARY

✓  
**QUOTE OF THE DAY**

✓  
**VOCABULARY (REVISION  
AND NEW WORDS)**

✓  
**EDITORIAL  
ANALYSIS**

✓  
**QUIZ QUESTIONS**



# TODAY'S QUOTE

**THERE IS  
NO EXCUSE  
FOR NOT  
TRYING**



# REVISION

Reluctant

अनिच्छुक Feeling or showing aversion, hesitation, or unwillingness

Stake(Noun) risk losing or damaging something valuable.

Interim

The time between two particular periods or events

Fiefdoms

जागीर An area over which a person has control





# REVISION

Incumbent

पदधारी One who holds a  
public office

Absurd

बेतुका Ridiculous or  
completely unreasonable

Charismatic  
(Adj.)

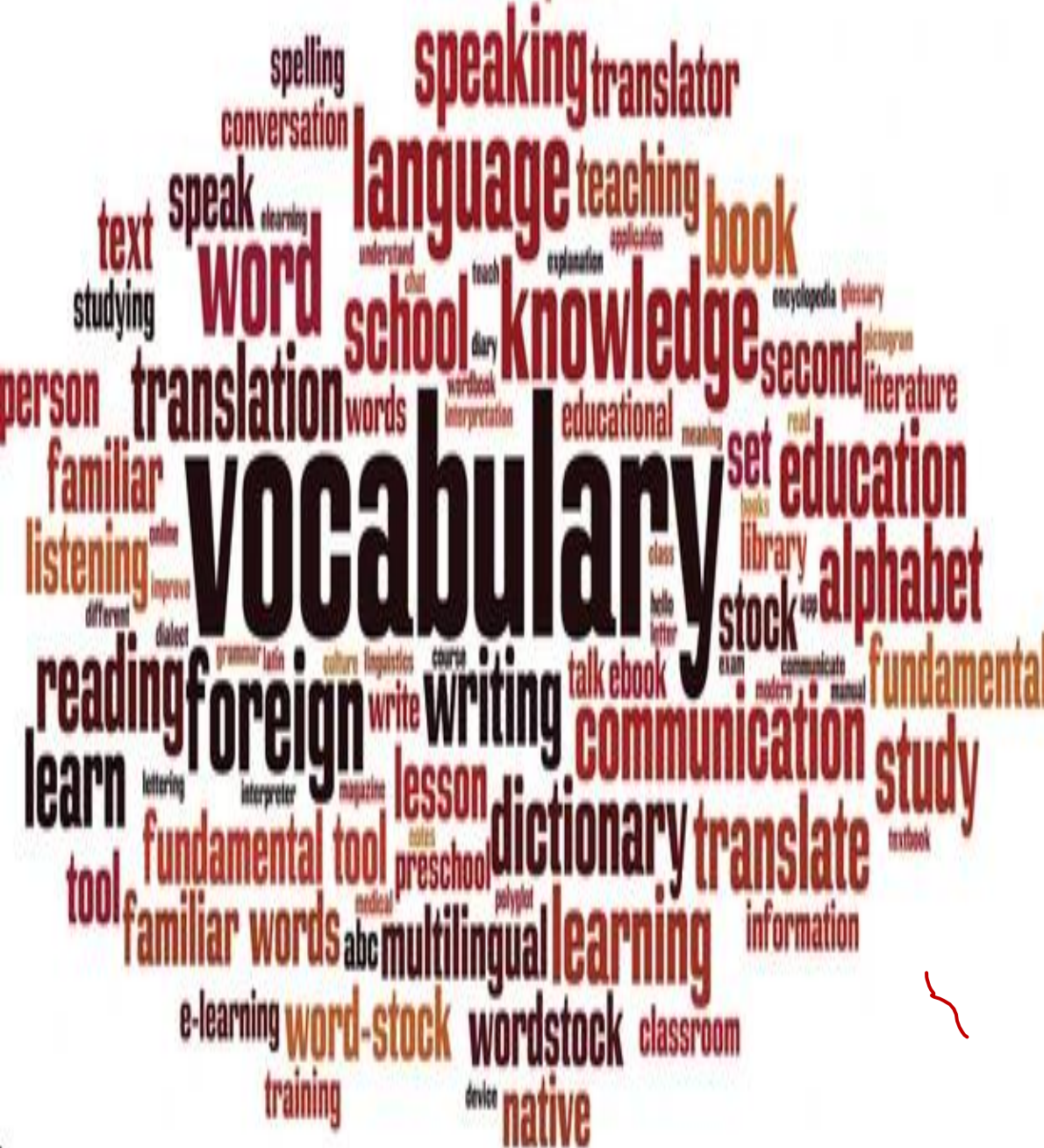
चमत्कारी Hypnotic

Contentious

जागीर Bilious







# THE HINDU VOCABULARY

**Traitors(Noun): धोखेबाज** A person who is not loyal to his/her country, friends, etc.

**Synonyms:** Quisling, Conspirator

**Antonyms:** Loyalist, Patriot

**Seizure(Noun): अभिग्रहण** Taking hold or possession of something

**Synonyms:** Convulsion, Access

**Antonyms:** Liberation, Release







# THE HINDU EDITORIAL ANALYSIS



# ARTICLE

## Ageing regime: On Iran's hijab protests

Iran's failure to usher in political and social reforms is triggering violent protests

The death of a young Iranian-Kurdish woman while in the custody of the morality police has triggered nationwide protests in the Islamic Republic, bringing the clerical regime under public pressure yet again.



# ARTICLE



Twenty-two-year-old Mahsa Amini had been detained earlier this month for allegedly wearing the *hijab* (headscarf) in an “improper” way. The authorities attributed her death three days later to a heart attack while being trained on *hijab* rules, but her parents and activists say she was beaten to death. The incident triggered widespread anger in a country where state suppression of women’s rights and resistance has always been a big political issue. Several cities, including Tehran, the capital, and Mashhad, a conservative city that hosts one of Shia Islam’s holiest shrines, saw demonstrators chanting slogans against the clerical establishment and women publicly burning *hijabs*.

# ARTICLE



Rights groups say some 36 people, including security personnel, have been killed in seven days. These are the most notable mass protests since the 2019 agitations sparked by a rise in fuel prices, and a key political challenge for President Ebrahim Raisi, who took office last year. As in the past, the regime has made it clear that it would use force to quell the protests, with the Revolutionary Guard Corps terming the protesters “traitors” and urging the authorities to “crush” them.

The mandatory *hijab* rules were introduced in 1981, two years after the revolution that saw the fall of the Pahlavi monarchy and the seizure of power by the Shia clergy.

# ARTICLE



While the Mullahs have since built a system of clerical dictatorship with limited democratic practices, two things have remained constant — state-sponsored conservatism and social repression. This model also produced constant tensions between the rulers and the ruled; those tensions have become more prominent in recent years as the political experiments to reform the system from within failed and economic miseries mounted because of American sanctions. The lack of reforms and ballooning economic and political pressure often triggered large-scale protests and violent repression — in 2009, 2019, and now in 2022.

# ARTICLE

Protests are part of the political culture in democracies. But in a dictatorship that claims the legacy of a politico-religious revolution, repeated protests chanting slogans such as “death to the dictator” are signs that the Islamic revolution is ageing. Iran’s clergy should learn from the social strife and be ready to address the larger problems that its state and society face.

**LETTER AND ESSAY WRITING**

1. Build proper structure of the Essay
2. Memorize proper **Letter Writing Formats**

1	Address Heading – Writer's Full Address
2	Date
3	Inside Address – Recipient Full Name and Address
4	Greeting – Dear [name of recipient]
5	Subject Line – Main subject of the letter
6	Body Content
7	Closing ("Yours truly", "Sincerely", "Regards", "Yours faithfully")

**3. Write Impressive Introduction**

**4. Revise Statistics and Facts of Important Topics**

**5. Be precise and stick to the word limit**

**6. Revise the important topics**

**Important Essay Topics**

<b>1</b>	<b>✓ Recovery of Indian Economy after COVID-19 pandemic</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>✓ GST and its long-term effects</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>✓ Benefits of Mutual Fund Investments</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>✓ Is India a safe place for women?</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>✓ Effect of cryptocurrency on economy</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>✓ The Seventh Pay Commission</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>✓ Digital India</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>✓ Benefits of Sustainable Development</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>✓ Role of Effective Credit Rating</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>✓ Banking Risk and Management</b>

## Important Formal Letter Topics

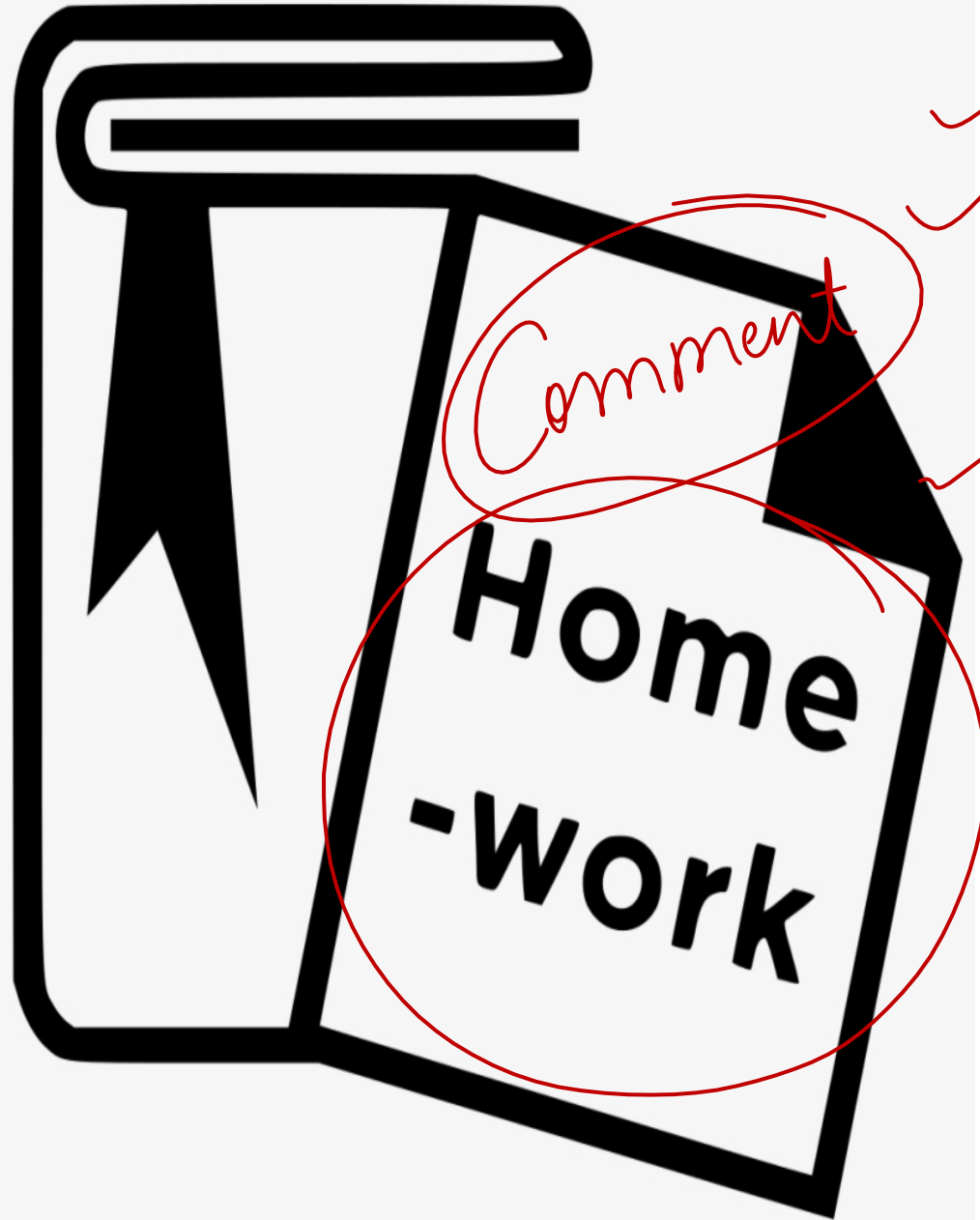
1	Letter to the Bank Manager to share a new idea on file management system in banks and how to implement it.
2	Complain letter regarding trouble faced by common people due to demonetisation.
3	Letter to the Client of your bank who got a car loan from the bank 2 years ago and has sold the car now without redeeming the loan amount.
4	Complaint Letter to the Branch Manager for the rude behavior of one of the bank employee.
5	Letter to Regional Manager for changing the Bank Timings, as the current timings are inconvenient for customers.

Formal  
or  
Informal



## Important Informal Letter Topics for SBI PO Mains 2021 Exam

1	Letter to your friend telling him the advantages of PPF Account and suggesting him to open a PPF Account.
2	Letter to your sister to inform her about the benefits of <u>choosing Fixed Deposit Service</u> in the bank.
3	Letter to your father asking him to <u>guide</u> you in making the <u>career choice</u> in Banking & Finance Sector.
4	Letter to your brother advising him to take steps to improve <u>his Health</u> .
5	Letter to your <u>mother</u> her <u>advising</u> <u>on</u> her retirement plans.



*Comment*

UNEQUIVOCAL

TIGHTROPE



# DEGREE OF COMPARISON

## RULE

When different qualities of the same person are compared we should use (more+ positive degree) instead of just using a comparative degree.

## EXAMPLE

✓ *Rani* 1. She is wiser than fairer.

✓ 2. She is shorter than fat.

*more wise*  
*more short*



