# RBI ASSISTANT 2023 

MOST EXPECTED Direction, Distance QUESTIONS

देखो, सीखो और सफल हो जाओ REASONING
(Lve) 12:00 PM © ())
QMahendra's

A man standing at point M, walks to point N, located 8 km east of M . He takes a left turn from N and reaches at $\mathbf{O}$ after 2 km . He walks straight 2 km to reach P . He then turns left and reaches at $\mathbf{Q}$ after 3 km . He moves 2 km in left direction and stops at $R$.
बिंदु $M$ पर खड़ा एक व्यक्ति, बिंदु $N$ तक चलता है, जो $M$ से 8 किमी पूर्व में स्थित है। वह N से बाएं मुड़ता है और 2 किमी के बाद O पर पहुंचता है। वह $P$ तक पहुँचने के लिए सीधे 2 किमी चलता है। फिर वह बाएँ मंड़ता है और 3 किमी के बाद $Q$ पर पहुंचता है। वह बाएं दिशा में 2 किमी चलता है और $R$ पर रुकता है।

A man standing at point $M$, walks to point $N$, located 8 km east of M . He takes a left turn from N and reaches at O after 2 km . He walks straight 2 km to reach P . He then turns left and reaches at Q after 3 km . He moves 2 km in left direction and stops at $R$.
What is the total distance between P and N ?
$P$ और $N$ के बीच की कुल दूरी कितनी है?

1) $5 \mathrm{~km} / 5$ किमी
2) $2 \mathrm{~km} / 2$ किमी
3) $3 \mathrm{~km} / 3$ किमी
4) $4 \mathrm{~km} / 4$ किमी
5) None of these / इनमें से कोई नहीं

A man standing at point M , walks to point N , located 8 km east of M . He takes a left turn from N and reaches at O after 2 km . He walks straight 2 km to reach P . He then turns left and reaches at Q after 3 km . He moves 2 km in left direction and stops at $R$.
What is the direction of $P$ with respect to $M$ ? $M$ के सन्दर्भ में $P$ की दिशा क्या है?

1) North east / उत्तर पूर्व
2) North / उत्तर
3) South / दक्षिण
4) North west / उत्तर पश्चिम
5) None of these / इनमें से कोई नहीं

A man standing at point $M$, walks to point $N$, located 8 km east of M . He takes a left turn from N and reaches at O after 2 km . He walks straight 2 km to reach P . He then turns left and reaches at Q after 3 km . He moves 2 km in left direction and stops at $R$.
If that person starts walk in south direction from R to S for 4 km then, what is the distance between Q and S ?

1) $5 \mathrm{~km} / 5$ किमी
2) $6 \mathrm{~km} / 6$ किमी
3) $7 \mathrm{~km} / 7$ किमी
4) $4 \mathrm{~km} / 4$ किमी
5) None of these / इनमें से कोई नहीं

Rahul starts walking from point Q . He walks 10 m towards south to point $P$, then he takes a right turn and walks 18 m to point R. Again he turns to his left and walks 8 m to point $T$ which is 18 m to the west of point S and stops there. राहुल बिंदु $Q$ से चलना शुरू करता है। वह बिंदु $P$ की ओर दक्षिण में 10 मीटर चलता है, फिर वह दाएं मुड़ता है और $R$ की ओर 18 मीटर चलता है। फिर से वह अपने बाएं मुड़ता है और बिदु $T$ की ओर 8 मीटर चलता है, जो बिंदु S के पश्चिम में 18 मीटर की दूरी पर है और वहीं रुक जाता है। south to point $P$, then he takes a right turn and walks 18 m to point R. Again he turns to his left and walks 8 m to point $T$ which is 18 m to the west of point S and stops there. What is the shortest distance between $R$ and $Q$ ?
$\mathbf{R}$ और $\mathbf{Q}$ के बीच न्यूनतम दूरी कितनी है?

1) $28 \mathrm{~m} / 28$ मीटर
2) $18 \mathrm{~m} / 18$ मीटर
3) $\sqrt{ } 424 m / \sqrt{ } 424$ मीटर
4) $10 \mathrm{~m} / 10$ मीटर
5) None of these / इनमें से कोई नहीं south to point $P$, then he takes a right turn and walks 18 m to point R. Again he turns to his left and walks 8 m to point $T$ which is 18 m to the west of point S and stops there. Q is in which direction with respect to S and how far?
$\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{S}$ के संबंध में किस दिशा में है और कितनी दूरी पर है?
6) 18 m, south / 18 मीटर, दक्षिण
7) 15 m ,south / 15 मीटर, दक्षिण
8) 10 m ,east / 10 मीटर, पूर्व
9) 18 m , north / 18 मीटर, उत्तर
10) None of these / इनमें से कोई नहीं

Rahul starts walking from point Q. He walks 10 m towards south to point $P$, then he takes a right turn and walks 18 m to point R. Again he turns to his left and walks 8 m to point $T$ which is 18 m to the west of point S and stops there.
Which direction is T with respect to Q?
$Q$ के संबंध में $T$ किस दिशा में स्थित है?

1) South-west / दक्षिण-पश्चिम
2) North-west / उत्तर-पश्चिम
3) South / दक्षिण
4) East / पूर्व
5) None of these / इनमें से कोई नहीं south to point $P$, then he takes a right turn and walks 18 m to point R. Again he turns to his left and walks 8 m to point $T$ which is 18 m to the west of point S and stops there. Which direction is T with respect to Q?
$Q$ के संबंध में $T$ किस दिशा में स्थित है?
6) South-west / दक्षिण-पश्चिम
7) North-west / उत्तर-पश्चिम
8) South / दक्षिण
9) East / पूर्व
10) None of these / इनमें से कोई नहीं

Point $G$ is 8 m north of Point $F$ which is 9 m west of Point $B$. Point $B$ is 6 m north of Point K. Point T is 15 m west of Point K. Point M is exactly in the middle of Point $S$ and $G$. Point $M$ is north of Point T. Point S is 12 m west of Point G . If the person walks towards south from Point A, after walking 3m to reach point C. Now he turns to his right and walks for 5 m to reach point $R$, then he walks 7 m in south direction to reach point $L$. Point $L$ is north of $B$ and east of Point $G$, बिंदु $G$, बिंदु $F$ से 8 मीटर उत्तर में है जो बिंदु $B$ से 9 मीटर पश्चिम में है। बिंदु $B$, बिंदु $K$ से 6 मीटर उत्तर में है। बिंदु $T$, बिदु $K$ से 15 मीटर पश्चिम में है। बिंदु $M$, बिंदु $S$ और $G$ के ठीक मध्य में है। बिदु $M$ है बिंदु $T$ के उत्तर में। बिंदु $S$, बिंदु $\mathcal{G}$ से 12 मीटर पश्चिम में है। यदि व्यक्ति बिंदु $A$ से दक्षिण की ओर चलता है, तो बिंदु C तक पहुंचने के लिए 3 मीटर चलने के बादा अब वह अपने दाई ओर मुड़ता है और बिंदु $R$ तक पहुंचने के लिए 5 मीटर चलता है, फिर वह चलता है बिंदु $L$ तक पहुचने के लिए दक्षिण दिशा में 7 मीटर की दूरी पर हों बिंदु $L$, बिंदु $B$ के उत्तर में और बिदु $G$ के पूर्व में है।

Point $G$ is 8 m north of Point $F$ which is 9 m west of Point $B$. Point $B$ is 6 m north of Point K. Point T is 15 m west of Point K. Point M is exactly in the middle of Point $S$ and $G$. Point $M$ is north of Point T. Point S is 12 m west of Point G . If the person walks towards south from Point A, after walking 3 m to reach point C . Now he turns to his right and walks for 5 m to reach point $R$, then he walks 7 m in south direction to reach point $L$. Point $L$ is north of $B$ and east of Point $G$. Four of the following are alike in a certain way. Which of the following does not belongs to the group?
निम्नलिखित में से चार एक निश्चित तरीके से समान हैं। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा समूह से संबंधित नहीं है?
A.AG
B.CF
C.BT
D.CG
E.SK

Point $G$ is 8 m north of Point $F$ which is 9 m west of Point $B$. Point $B$ is 6 m north of Point K. Point T is 15 m west of Point K. Point M is exactly in the middle of Point $S$ and G . Point $M$ is north of Point T. Point S is 12 m west of Point G . If the person walks towards south from Point A, after walking 3m to reach point C. Now he turns to his right and walks for 5 m to reach point $R$, then he walks 7 m in south direction to reach point $L$. Point $L$ is north of $B$ and east of Point $G$. What is the direction and distance of R with respect to K ?
K के सन्दर्भ में R की दिशा और दूरी क्या है?
A. 22 m towards south
B. 20 m towards north
C. 21 m towards north
D. 20 m towards south
E. 18 m towards north

Point $G$ is 8 m north of Point $F$ which is 9 m west of Point $B$. Point $B$ is 6 m north of Point K. Point T is 15 m west of Point K. Point M is exactly in the middle of Point $S$ and $G$. Point $M$ is north of Point T. Point S is 12 m west of Point G . If the person walks towards south from Point A, after walking 3m to reach point C. Now he turns to his right and walks for 5 m to reach point $R$, then he walks 7 m in south direction to reach point $L$. Point $L$ is north of $B$ and east of Point $G$. What is the shortest distance between M and T ?
$M$ और $T$ के बीच न्यूनतम दूरी क्या है?
A. 15 m
B. 14 m
C. 16 m
D. 12 m
E. None of the above

On the Beach, some persons are standing at a certain distance. Ram stands 15km south-west of Ragu. Raji stands 12 km south of Pavi and 14 km north of Raju. Arun stands south of Ragu and east of Raju. Kavi stands 10 km east of Arun. Pavi stands 30 km west of Ragu. Kannan stands 21 km east of Raju and south of Ram.
समुद्र तट पर कुछ व्यक्ति एक निश्चित दूरी पर खड़े हैं। राम रागु से 15 किमी दक्षिण-पश्चिम में स्थित है। राजी, पावीं से 12 किमी दक्षिण में और राज से 14 किमी उत्तर में स्थित है। अरुण रागु के दक्षिण में और राज के पर्व में खड़ा है। कवि अरुण से 10 किमी पूर्व में खड़ा है। पावी रागु से 30 किमी पश्चिम में स्थित है। कन्नन, राजू से 21 किमी पूर्व और राम के दक्षिण में स्थित है।

On the Beach, some persons are standing at a certain distance. Ram stands 15 km south-west of Ragu. Rajl stands 12 km south of Pavi and 14km north of Raju. Arun stands south of Ragu and east of Raju. Kavi stands 10km east of Arun. Pavi stands 30km west of Ragu. Kannan stands 21 km east of Raju and south of Ram.
What is the distance between Kannan and Kavi?
कन्नन और कवि के बीच की दूरी क्या है?
A. 13 km
B. 15 km
C. 19 km
D. 18 km
E.Can't be determined

On the Beach, some persons are standing at a certain distance. Ram stands 15 km south-west of Ragu. Raji stands 12 km south of Pavi and 14 km north of Raju. Arun stands south of Ragu and east of Raju. Kavi stands 10 km east of Arun. Pavi stands 30km west of Ragu. Kannan stands 21km east of Raju and south of Ram.
If Mahi stands north of Ram and west of Ragu, then what is the distance between Ragu and Mahi?
यदि माही राम के उत्तर में और रागु के पश्चिम में खड़ी है, तो रागु और माही के बीच की दूरी क्या है?
A. 6 km
B. 9 km
C. 10 km
D. 7 km
E. None of the above

On the Beach, some persons are standing at a certain distance. Ram stands 15 km south-west of Ragu. Raji stands 12 km south of Pavi and 14 km north of Raju. Arun stands south of Ragu and east of Raju. Kavi stands 10 km east of Arun. Pavi stands 30 km west of Ragu. Kannan stands 21 km east of Raju and south of Ram.
What is the direction of Kavi with respect to Ram?
राम के सन्दर्भ में कवि की दिशा क्या है?
A. East
B. North-West
C. South-East
D. South
E. South-west

A person from point $G$ walks towards north for $3 m$ to reach point S , where he turns to his right and walks for 12 m to reach point C. From point C, he turns to his left and walks 10 m to reach point $D$ and turns to his left again to walk for 6 m and reach point W . Then he walks 4 m after turning to his right and reaches point H where he again turns to his right and walks 10 m to reach point $T$. At point $T$, he turns to his right and walks 9 m to reach point $R$ where he turns to his left and walks 8 m to reach point $P$. Then he walks 5 m to reach point J after taking a left turn. Finally, he turns to his right and walks 7 m to reach point V .

RBI ASSISTANT 2023 COMPLETE PREPARATION BATCH स्थाज 6 मीटर तक चलने के लिए फिर से बाएं मुड़े और बिंदु $W$ पर पहुचें फिर वह अपनी दाई ओर मुड़ने के बाद 4 मीटर चलता है और बिद्ध $H$ पर पहुच्ता है, जहां वह फिर से अपनी दाई और मुड़ता है और बिंदु पर पहुचने के लिए 10 मीटर चलता है। बिंदु पर, वह अपने दाई और मुड़ता है और चलता है बिंदु R तक पहुचने के लिए वह 9 मीटर चलता है, जहां वह अपनी बाई और मुड़ता है और बिदु $P$ तक पहुचने के लिए 8 मीटर चलता है। फिर वह बाई और मुड़ने के बाद बेंदु J तक पह्रचने के लिए 5 मीटर चलता है। अंत में, वह अपनी दाई और मुड़ता है और बिंदु $V$ पर पहुंचने के लिए 7 मीटर चलता है।

A person from point $G$ walks towards north for 3 m to reach point S , where he turns to his right and walks for 12 m to reach point C. From point C, he turns to his left and walks 10 m to reach point $D$ and turns to his left again to walk for 6 m and reach point $W$. Then he walks 4 m after turning to his right and reaches point $H$ where he again turns to his right and walks 10 m to reach point $T$. At point $T$, he turns to his right and walks 9 m to reach point $R$ where he turns to his left and walks 8 m to reach point P . Then he walks 5 m to reach point J after taking a left turn. Finally, he turns to his right and walks 7 m to reach point V.
In which direction is point $J$ with respect to point $D$ ?
बिंदु $D$ के सन्दर्भ में बिंदु $J$ किस दिशा में है?
A. Northeast
B. Southeast
C. East
D. West
E. None of these

A person from point $G$ walks towards north for $3 m$ to reach point $S$, where he turns to his right and walks for 12 m to reach point C. From point C, he turns to his left and walks 10 m to reach point $D$ and turns to his left again to walk for 6 m and reach point W . Then he walks 4 m after turning to his right and reaches point H where he again turns to his right and walks 10 m to reach point $T$. At point $T$, he turns to his right and walks 9 m to reach point $R$ where he turns to his left and walks 8 m to reach point $P$. Then he walks 5 m to reach point J after taking a left turn. Finally, he turns to his right and walks 7 m to reach point V.
What is the approximate shortest distance between the points C and R?
बिंदु C और P के बीच लगभग न्यूनतम दूरी क्या है?
A. 12 m
B. 13 m
C. 14 m
D. 11 m
E.None of these

A person from point $G$ walks towards north for 3 m to reach point S , where he turns to his right and walks for 12 m to reach point C. From point C, he turns to his left and walks 10 m to reach point $D$ and turns to his left again to walk for 6 m and reach point $W$. Then he walks 4 m after turning to his right and reaches point $H$ where he again turns to his right and walks 10 m to reach point $T$. At point $T$, he turns to his right and walks 9 m to reach point $R$ where he turns to his left and walks 8 m to reach point P . Then he walks 5 m to reach point J after taking a left turn. Finally, he turns to his right and walks 7 m to reach point V.
If point $Q$ is the midpoint of the points $T$ and $R$, then in which direction is point $W$ with respect to point $Q$ ?
यदि बिंदु $Q$, बिंदु $T$ और $R$ का मध्यबिंदु है, तो बिंदु $Q$ के संबंध में बिंदु $W$ किस दिशा में है?
A. West
B. East
C. Southwest
D. Northwest
E. None of these

A person from point G walks towards north for 3 m to reach point S , where he turns to his right and walks for 12 m to reach point C. From point C, he turns to his left and walks 10 m to reach point D and turns to his left again to walk for 6 m and reach point W . Then he walks 4 m after turning to his right and reaches point $H$ where he again turns to his right and walks 10 m to reach point $T$. At point $T$, he turns to his right and walks 9 m to reach point $R$ where he turns to his left and walks 8 m to reach point $P$. Then he walks 5 m to reach point J after taking a left turn. Finally, he turns to his right and walks 7 m to reach point $V$.

If point $N$ is the midpoint of the points $S$ and $C$, then what is the approximate shortest distance between the point N and $T$ ?
A. 17 m
B. 18 m
C. 16 m
D. 19 m
E. 15 m

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