



मिशन CTET / STET 2023

Verb



Verb

A verb is a word or a combination of words that indicates action or a state of being or condition. A verb is the part of a sentence that tells us what the subject performs



BASIC FORMS OF VERBS

There are six basic forms of verbs. These forms are as follows:

- **Base form: Children play in the field.**
- **Infinitive: Tell them not to play**
- **Past tense: They played football yesterday.**
- **Past participle: I have eaten a burger.**
- **Present participle: I saw them playing with him today.**



DIFFERENT TYPES OF VERBS

- **Finite Verbs**
- **Non-finite Verbs**
- **Action Verbs**
- **Linking Verb**
- **Auxiliary Verbs**
- **Modal Verbs**



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**DIFFERENT TYPES OF
VERBS**



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Subject Verb Agreement





Rule - 1

Subjects and verbs must agree in number.

1.If the subject is singular, the verb must be singular too.

Example: She writes every day.

2.If the subject is plural, the verb must also be plural.

Example: They write every day.



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Rule - 2

When the subject of the sentence is composed of two or more nouns or pronouns connected by and, use a plural verb.

Example: The doctoral student and the committee members write every day.



Rule - 3

When there is one subject and more than one verb, the verbs throughout the sentence must agree with the subject.

Example: Interviews are one way to collect data and allow researchers to gain an in-depth understanding of participants.

Example: An assumption is something that is generally accepted as true and is an important consideration when



Rule - 4

When a phrase comes between the subject and the verb, remember that the verb still agrees with the subject, not the noun or pronoun in the phrase following the subject of the sentence.

Example: The student, as well as the committee members, is excited.

Example: The student with all the Master's degrees is very motivated.

Example: Strategies that the teacher uses to encourage classroom participation include using small groups and clarifying expectations.



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Rule - 5

When two or more singular nouns or pronouns are connected by or or nor, use a singular verb.

Example: The chairperson or the CEO approves the proposal before proceeding.



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ERROR DETECTION



1. Sunil would had (1)/ got his offer (2)/ If he had (3)/ attended the interview. (4)

1- (1) 'would had' की जगह 'would have' होगा, क्योंकि Modal Auxiliary Verbs के बाद have का प्रयोग किया जाता है has/had का कभी नहीं।

देखिए

He would has helped me. (x)

He would had helped me. (x)

00:20



2. Did I not informed (1)/ you about the details of (2)/our visit to (3)/ different work stations (4)

2- (1) 'Did I not infromred' की जगह 'Did I not inform' होगा। क्योंकि verb to 'do' (do/does/did) के बाद हमेशा V1 का प्रयोग किया जाता है

He does not goes to school daily. (×)

He does not go to the school daily (□)

They did not taught us. (×)

They did not teach is. (□)

00:20



3. Had they not help (1)/him with money (2)/he would not have (3)/ attained this position? (4)

00:20

3-(1) 'Had they not help' की जगह सिर्फ 'Had they not helped' होगा क्योंकि Verb to 'had' के बाद V3 का प्रयोग किया जाता है।



4. Since she was not (1)/ well yesterday, she (2)/ could not be able to (3)/ attend the office(4)

00:20

4-(3) 'could not be able to' की जगह 'was not able to' होगा क्योंकि can/ could से ability का अर्थ प्रकट होता है तथा able का अर्थ 'योग्य' होता है अतः can/ could के



5. If he does not completes (1)/this assignment no (2)/ other assignment will (3)/ be given to him (4)

00:20

5- (1) 'if he does not completes' की जगह 'if he does not complete' होगा।



**6. We have keep (1)/ our promise
and (2)/ you can expect (3)/ A lot
form us in future (4)**

00:20

**6(1) 'We have keep' की जगह ' We
have kept' होगा।**



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7. Don't offers me (1)/ any explanation now (2)/ I am not going to (3)/ accept it today. (4)

00:20

7 (1) 'Don't offers me' की जगह 'Don't offer me' होगा



8. The book is written(1)/ in a simple and (2)/ lucid manner with a (3)/ number of well-drawn illustrations.(4)

00:20

8.(4) 'Well-drawn illustrations' की जगह 'Well drawn illustrations' होगा क्योंकि drawn, draw का Past Participle है, अतः इसमें ed नहीं जोड़ा जाएगा।



**9. Do you feel that (1)/ yesterday
Rina did not sung (2)/ the poem
properly (3)/ in the classroom? (4)**

00:20

**9.(2) 'did not sung' की जगह 'did
not sing' होगा**



10. The children were (1)/ Playing with a ball (2)/ and run around when (3)/ the accident occurred.(4)

00:20

10.(3) 'and run around' की जगह 'and running around' होगा क्योंकि जब किसी Auxiliary verb के साथ दो Main verbs को किसी Conjunction से जोड़ा जाता है, तो दोनों Main verbs उसी सहायक क्रिया के अनुसार प्रयोग किये जाते हैं।

