



MISSION BANK 2023



ENGLISH

ERROR DETECTION

**GRAMMAR के सबसे
IMPORTANT CONCEPTS**

IBPS RRB / IBPS PO & CLERK / SBI
BASED ON PREVIOUS YEAR PAPERS

BY ENGLISH GURU



LIVE

3:00 PM



मिशन BANK 2023

ENGLISH

ERROR DETECTION



1. Our customers are always visit
(1) / our branches to (2)/ discuss
their problems (3)/ with our stall.
(4)/ No error (5)

(1) For showing habitual truth, it is proper to use Simple Present Tense. Hence, our customers are always visit should be





2. Although he was expected (1)/ to work quite hard (2)/ he could not do so (3)/ owing to his prolonged illness. (4)/ No error (5)

(5) No error.





3. Just before the demonstration started (1)/ the police arrive at the site (2)/ as if they had (3)/ received information. (4)/ No error (5)



(2) The sentence shows Past event. Hence, the police arrived at the site should be used in place of the police arrive at the site.



4. Habit of (1)/ regular saving (2)
helps us (3)/ during bad times.
(4)/ No error (5)



(1) A habit of/The
habit of is the
correct usage.



5. To know what people react to (1)/ an unforeseen situation (2)/ is very important (3)/ to decide our course of action. (4)/ No

error (5)
(1) how will replace what because how (Adverb) refers to-in what way/manner

Look at the following sentences:
He did not know how he ought to behave.





6. Some people like (1)/ to do some social (2)/ work even though (3)/ it lacks resources. (4)/ No error (5)

(4) Replace it lacks resources by they lack resources as this sentence is related to some people. (Plural Subject)





7. His qualities include (1)/ the ability to take (2)/ right and quickly decisions (3)/on important policies. (4)/ No error (5)



(3) Replace right and quickly decisions by right and quick decisions as the word quickly is an Adverb that modifies a Verb, not a Noun



8. A group of youngsters (1)/ has
lent financial assistance (2)/ to
the flood-affected (3)/ people of
the villages. (4)/ No error (5)



(2) Present Perfect Tense
takes Past Participle form of a
Verb. Here, the Subject is
Plural. Hence, a group of
youngsters have lent financial
assistance will be the correct



9. We must take (1)/ regular exercises (2)/ to keep (3)/ ourself fit. (4)/ No error (5)



(4) The Reflexive form of we is ourselves.



10. If you want to (1)/ ensure prompt service (2)/ please have contact us (3)/ as soon as possible. (4)/ No error (5)



(3) Replace please have contact us by please contact us please do contact us. do (Aux. V.) is used to emphasize



Q.11. She was immensely paid (a) / for how skilful she (b) / handled (c) / the crowd. (d) / No Error (e)



1. (b) Replace 'skilful' with 'skillfully'. 'Skillfully' is an adverb that qualifies the verb 'handled' here



Q.12. I met her (a) / about ten years ago (b) / and have remembered her (c) / ever for. (d) / No Error (e)



2. (d) Replace 'for' with 'since'. 'Since' is used with 'ever' as an adverb. The proper way should be 'ever since'.



Q.13. Rajiv is very senior (a) / to me
(b) / so I dare not (c) / disrespect
him. (d) / No Error (e)

(a) Replace 'very' with
'much'. 'Very' should be
used before Positive degree
and 'much' should be used
before Comparative degree.





Q14. Sooraj said (a) / it was (b) / quite all right (c) / to reject the offer. (d) / No Error (e)



(c) Remove quite. 'Quite all' cannot be used together. Either 'quite right' or 'all right' should be used



Q15. She is too glad (a) / to receive (b) / the offer letter (c) / of this company. (d) / No Error (e)

(a) Replace 'too' with 'very'. 'Too' denotes 'more than required'. It is generally used with unpleasant adjectives





Q.16. His failure (a) / is too much
(b) / painful (c) / for his family.
(d) / No Error (e)

(b) Replace 'too much' with 'much too'. Here, painful is an adjective. 'Much too' is followed by 'adjective'; whereas 'too much' is followed by 'noun'





Q.17. The amount which (a) / the Company has paid (b) / to dependents of the dead worker (c) / is fairly unjustified. (d) / No Error (e)

(d) Replace 'fairly' with 'rather'.

'Fairly' is used with pleasant adjectives e.g. fairly good, fairly wise etc.

'Rather' is used with unpleasant adjectives e.g. rather dull, rather difficult etc.





Q.18. When carefully examined, (a) /
it was found (b) / that there (c) /
were some missing pieces.(d) /
No Error (e)



(a) 'Carefully' will come after 'examined'. Carefully is an adverb of manner and should be used after the verb. The correct sentence should be 'When examined carefully'



Q.19. The government (a) / of our country always should (b) / make public health (c) / an important part of its agenda. (d) / No error (e)

(b) 'Always' being an adverb of Frequency has to come before verb. The correct sentence is 'our county should always make'.





Q.20. The students (a) / have been practising (b) / hardly for their (c) / School Sports Day and so they deserve the first prize. (d) / No Error (e)



20. (c) The adverb required here is 'hard' meaning practising 'sincerely' and 'hardly' means 'not at all'.

