



*Mahendra's*



**SSC CGL/CPO/CHSL**

**ENGLISH**

**ADJECTIVE**

**PART-3**



**LIVE**

**08:30 PM**





# **VOCAB OF THE DAY**



## Vocab of the day

### ⇒ Vocab of the day :-

1. **FISHY (ADJECTIVE)** : (संदेहजनक) : **dubious**

Synonyms: doubtful, suspicious

Antonyms: truthful, aboveboard

Example Sentence: I am convinced there is something fishy.

2. **KNOTTY (ADJECTIVE)** : (जटिल) : **troublesome**

Synonyms: mystifying, perplexing

Antonyms: easy, facile

Example Sentence: It was his knotty idea.

3. **KNAVE (NOUN)** : (दुष्ट) : **fraud**

Synonyms: miscreant, rogue

Antonyms: hero, angel

Example Sentence: He is known as a notorious knave of this area.



# **ADJECTIVE** **(विशेषण)**



## ENGLISH GRAMMAR ADJECTIVE (विशेषण)

**LATIN ADJECTIVES** :- Junior, Senior, Inferior, Superior, Posterior, Prior & Anterior.

**NOTE** :- These adjectives are used to show the comparative sense in the sentences and we can't use 'more/most/less/least' with them.

**POINT** :- Use preposition 'TO' instead of using 'THAN' with these adjectives.

**Eg :-** (1) Avinash is junior than Shivam. [Incorrect]  
=> Avinash is junior to Shivam. [Correct]

(2) Sohan is senior than Mukesh in this office. [Incorrect]  
=> Sohan is senior to Mukesh in this office. [Correct]



## ENGLISH GRAMMAR ADJECTIVE (विशेषण)

### IMPORTANT CONDITION :-

**Prefer** :- It is a **verb**.

**Preferable** :- It is an **adjective**.

**NOTE** :- Use preposition '**TO**' instead of using '**THAN**' with these adjectives.

**Eg** :- (1) You should **prefer** tablet **to** laptop for this work.

(2) Coffee is **preferable to** Tea for me in breakfast.

**POINT** :- We can use '**THAN**' with '**PREFER**'

**RULE** :- Prefer + (to + v1) + rather than + Verb.

**Eg** :- You should **prefer** to speak rather **than** write in learning any spoken language.



## ENGLISH GRAMMAR ADJECTIVE (विशेषण)

### Some special uses of Comparative Degree :-

**Use (1) :-** Combination of **Post. Deg.** & **Comp. Deg.** in this formation.

**RULE:-** SUB(1) + HV/MV + as + **Post. Deg.** + as, If not + **Comp. Deg.** + than + SUB(2)

**Eg :-** (2) Aman is as **brave** as, If not **braver** than Karan.

(3) Soniya is as **beautiful** as, If not **more beautiful** than Mohini.

**Use (2) :-** With **time/times** we have to use **Post. Deg.** Instead of using **Comp. Deg.**

**RULE:-** TIME/TIMES + [as + **Post. Deg.** + as]

**Eg :-** (1) My car is **3 times more expensive** than your scooter. [**Incorrect**]

=> My car is **3 times as expensive** as your scooter. [**Correct**]

(2) Her dress is **many times as beautiful** as mine. [**Correct**]



## ENGLISH GRAMMAR ADJECTIVE (विशेषण)

(3) **Superlative Degree** :- It is used to show the choice in the sentences.

**Eg** :- (1) He is the **best** student in the class.

(2) Ashu was the **most talented** person in this branch.

Use of article 'THE' with Superlative Degree :-

**NOTE** :- Generally we use article 'THE' with **Sup. Deg.** But there are some conditions with which we don't use article 'THE' with **Sup. Deg.**

(1) **Possessive Case** :- We use don't use **Sup. Deg.** with **possessive case**.

**Eg** :- (1) Ankita is **my the best** student in the class. [**Incorrect**]

(2) Ankita is **my best** student in the class. [**Correct**]





## ENGLISH GRAMMAR ADJECTIVE (विशेषण)

(2) Numerical Value :- We use don't use **Sup. Deg.** with **numerical value** in the sentences.

**Some Examples :-**

(1) We have a list of 50 **the most powerful** personalities in the world. (**Incorrect**)

=> We have a list of 50 **most powerful** personalities in the world. (**Correct**)

(2) I got 5 **the fastest** car at this place for racing. [**Incorrect**]

=> I got 5 **fastest** car at this place for racing. [**Correct**]

(3) Monu has 7 **the most expensive** watches in his almirah. [**Incorrect**]

=> Monu has 7 **most expensive** watches in his almirah. [**Correct**]



## ENGLISH GRAMMAR ADJECTIVE (विशेषण)

(3) **Description** :- If we don't have **description** with **Sup. Deg.** at that time we use **article 'A'** instead of using **article 'THE'** in the sentences.

**Some Examples :-**

(1) He is **the best** student **in the class**. [**Correct**]

(2) He is **the best** student. [**Incorrect**]

=> He is **a best** student. [**Correct**]

(3) Lokesh is **the most intelligent** student and I will suggest his name for this competition. [**Incorrect**]

=> Lokesh is **a most intelligent** student and I will suggest his name for this competition. [**Correct**]

(4) This is **the most important** question of this chapter and you should learn it. [**Correct**]



## ENGLISH GRAMMAR ADJECTIVE (विशेषण)

### Some special uses of Superlative Degree :-

**Use (1):-** We can't use **any article** with **Sup. Deg.** with **timing** in the sentences.

**Eg :-** (1) England is **the coldest** in **December**. [**Incorrect**]

=> England is **coldest** in **December**. [**Correct**]

(2) Ozone holes become **largest** in **October** every year. [**Correct**]

(3) She performed **best** amongst all of her performances **in the evening**. [**Correct**]

**Use (2):-** SUB + HV/MV + Sup. Deg.(**one syllabic**) + **and** + Sup. Deg.(**more syllabic**).

**Eg :-** (1) He is the **most active** **and** **fastest** player of my team. [**Incorrect**]

=> He is the **fastest** **and** **most active** player of my team. [**Correct**]

(2) Shefali is the **cutest** **and** **most beautiful** girl of my college. [**Correct**]



## ENGLISH GRAMMAR ADJECTIVE (विशेषण)

### Formations for Superlative Degree :-

(S1) :- SUB(1) + HV/MV + **the** + Sup. Deg. + SUB(2)

**Eg :-** (1) Jeevan Anand Policy is **the most helpful** policy amongst all the policies.  
(2) Shalini is **the most hardworking** employee of this company.

(S2) :- SUB(1) + HV/MV + **one of the** + Sup. Deg. + SUB(2)(plu.)

**Eg :-** (1) Sachin Tendulkar is **one of the most famous** cricketers.  
(2) Ashok is **one of the most intelligent** students of my class.



# PRACTICE QUESTIONS



## ENGLISH GRAMMAR ADJECTIVE (EXERCISE)

### ⇒ Practice Exercise :-

**Ques. (1) :-** Rahul is (a)/ one of the most talented (b)/ employee of (c)/ this company. (d)/ No Error (e)

**Sol. :-** Error in (c) part, use 'employees' in the place of 'employee'.

**Ques. (2) :-** They had 7 (a)/ the most experienced (b)/ students of (c)/ this zone for this game. (d)/ No Error (e)

**Sol. :-** Error in (b) part, remove 'the' before 'most experienced'.

**Quest. (3) :-** Suhani is (a)/ superior than (b)/ Radhika for (c)/ this project now. (d)/ No Error (e)

**Sol. :-** Error in (b) part, use 'to' in the place of 'than'.



## ENGLISH GRAMMAR ADJECTIVE (EXERCISE)

### ⇒ Practice Exercise :-

**Ques. (4) :-** My staff members (a)/ are 10 times (b)/ better than your employees (c)/ for this task. (d)/ No Error (e)

**Sol. :-** Error in (c) part, use 'as good as' in the place of 'better than'.

**Ques. (5) :-** Sangeeta is as (a)/ hard working as, (b)/ if not (c)/ hard working than Radhika. (d)/ No Error (e)

**Sol. :-** Error in (d) part, use 'more' before 'hard working'.

**Quest. (6) :-** At this time, (a)/ You should prefer (b)/ tea than (c)/ coffee in your daily routine. (d)/ No Error (e)

**Sol. :-** Error in (c) part, use 'to' in the place of 'than'.

Thank  
you

