





NIACL AO 2021



PREVIOUS YEAR PAPER DISCUSSION

पूरे
SOLUTION
के साथ



• **LIVE** 6 घंटे लगातार



UPCOMING ONLINE BATCHES

October 2021

06 Oct 2021

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

01:00 PM to 03:00 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

03:00 PM to 05:00 PM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD
(SSC CGL & CHSL)

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

LIVE CLASS NIELIT CARD
(CCC)

BILINGUAL

13 Oct 2021

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

05:30 PM to 07:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

07:30 PM to 09:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD
(SSC CGL & CHSL)

BILINGUAL

20 Oct 2021

03:00 PM to 05:00 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD
(SSC CGL & CHSL)

01:00 PM to 03:00 PM

LIVE CLASS CTET CARD
(CTET)

BILINGUAL

27 Oct 2021

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

07:30 PM to 09:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD
(SSC CGL & CHSL)

BILINGUAL



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Discipline	SC	ST	OBC	UR	HI	OC	VI	ID/MD
Company Secretary	-	-	-	36.75	-	-	-	-
Legal	20.25	14.50	16.75	36.25	-	18.25	-	-
Finance & Accounts	47.00	28.25	46.25	56.50	34.50	-	36.50	-
Generalist	70.50	61.00	75.75	80.25	45.25	69.50	72.25	34.00

Discipline	Company Secretary		Legal		Finance & Accounts		Generalists	
Test	SC/ST/OBC/PwD	UR	SC/ST/OBC/PwD	UR	SC/ST/OBC/PwD	UR	SC/ST/OBC/PwD	UR
English Language	9.75	12.50	8.75	12.25	8.75	12.25	10.75	14.0
Reasoning Ability	3.25	6.00	2.75	5.75	5.25	8.75	11.25	15.5
Quantitative Aptitude	3.25	5.75	1.50	4.00	4.00	7.25	7.25	10.7



NIACL AO Prelims Exam Analysis 2018-19: Reasoning Ability

- **Level of the section:** Moderate (Time Consuming)
- **Important Changes:** Majority of the questions asked from the puzzle

The topic-wise breakup of Questions asked:

Name of the Topic	Number of Questions asked
Puzzles & Seating Arrangement Square Seating Floor - Box-based puzzle - Linear Arrangement -	20
Syllogism	3
Inequality	3
Coding Decoding	5
Direction Sense	2
Misslaenous Questions	2



1. Puzzles & Seating Arrangement (20 Qs)

Seating Arrangement

- **Square Table Arrangement** - Total 8 people were there.
- The person who was sitting in the corner facing centre. And the person who was sitting in the middle of the table facing outside.
- **Linear Arrangement** - 9 people were there
- all people were facing towards North direction.

Puzzle

- **Floor-based** - 9 floors were there and 9 people were there. and you have to arrange them according to the given statement.
- **Box-based puzzle** - 9 boxes were there and you have to arrange them according to the given statement.



2. Inequality:

- Total 3 questions were asked from this topic.
- Questions were direct.

3. Syllogism:

- Total 3 questions were asked from this topic.
- Questions were based on Old pattern.
- **It was based on 3 statements & 2 conclusions.**

4. Coding Decoding:

- Total five questions were asked from Coding Decoding.
- Questions were based on Old pattern.

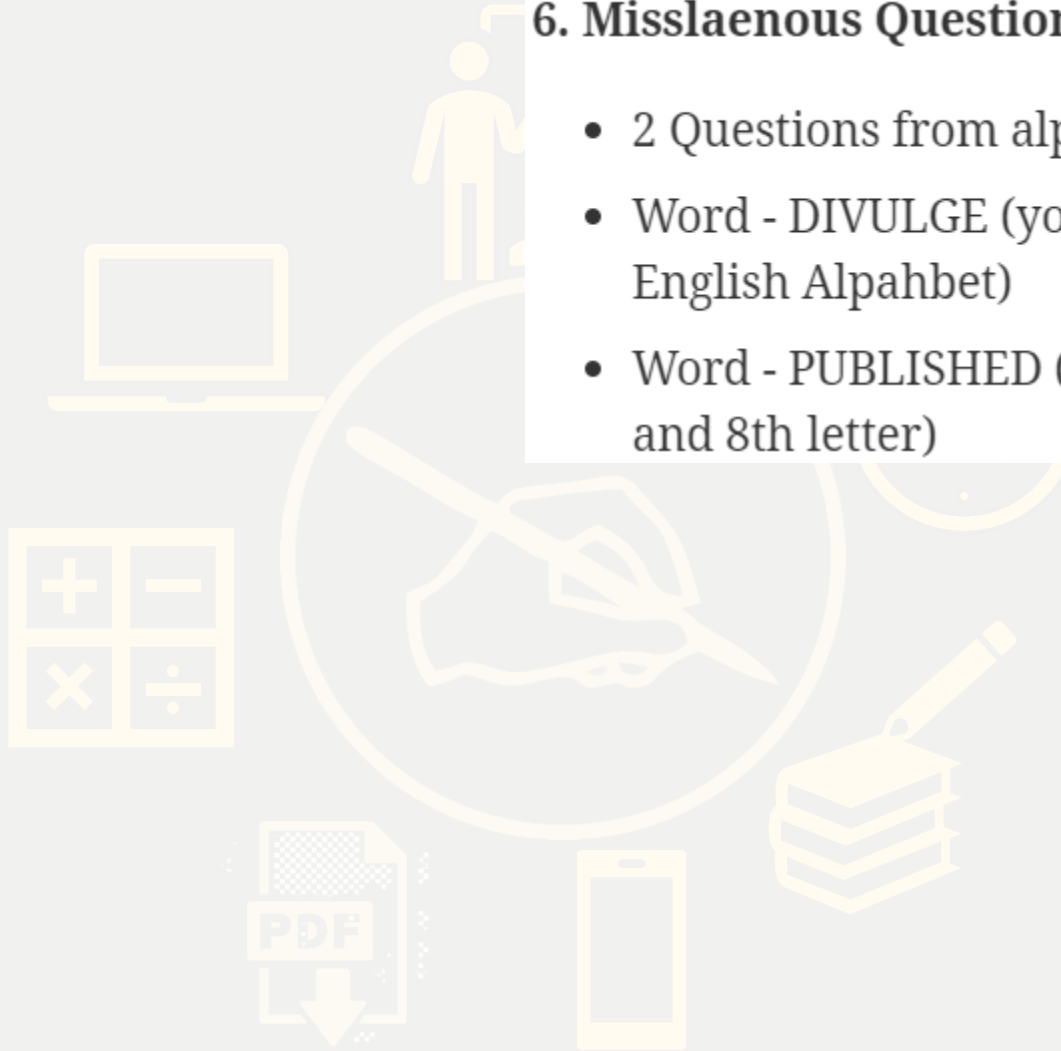
5. Distance & Direction

- Two questions were asked from this topic.
- The level was easy.



6. Miscellaneous Questions

- 2 Questions from alphabet -
- Word - DIVULGE (you have to find out how many letters are there between in the English Alphabet)
- Word - PUBLISHED (you have to find the meaningful word - using 4th, 5th, 6th and 8th letter)



A, B, C, D, E, F और G सात विद्यार्थी हैं। वे तीन अलग-अलग अखबार पढ़ते हैं, जैसे टाइम्स ऑफ इंडिया, हिंदुस्तान टाइम्स और द इंडियन एक्सप्रेस। प्रत्येक समाचार पत्र को कम से कम दो छात्र पढ़ते हैं। उनमें से प्रत्येक का एक पसंदीदा विषय है, अर्थात् संपादकीय, शिक्षा, विज्ञान, व्यवसाय, खेल, जीवन शैली और मनोरंजन (लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं इसी क्रम में हो)। B को खेल विषय पसंद है और वह द इंडियन एक्सप्रेस नहीं पढ़ता है। वह व्यक्ति जिसे मनोरंजन विषय पसंद है वह वही अखबार पढ़ता है जिसे E. G हिंदुस्तान टाइम्स नहीं पढ़ता है। F को मनोरंजन विषय पसंद नहीं है। G को न तो व्यवसाय और न ही विज्ञान विषय पसंद है। D को व्यावसायिक विषय पसंद नहीं है। E को संपादकीय विषय पसंद नहीं है। C को शिक्षा विषय पसंद है और वह G के समान अखबार पढ़ता है। D केवल संपादकीय विषय पसंद करने वाले के साथ हिंदुस्तान टाइम्स पढ़ता है। G, द इंडियन एक्सप्रेस पढ़ने वाले के साथ अखबार नहीं पढ़ता है।

A, B, C, D, E, F and G are seven students. They read three different newspaper, viz Times of India, Hindustan Times and The Indian express. Each newspaper is read by at least two students. Each one of them has a favorite topic, viz Editorial, Education, Science, Business, Sports, Lifestyle and Entertainment (but not necessarily in the same order). B likes Sports topic and does not read The Indian express. The one who likes Entertainment topic reads the same newspaper as E. G does not read Hindustan Times. F does not like Entertainment topic. G likes neither Business nor Science topic. D does not like Business topic. E does not like Editorial topic. C likes Education topic and he reads the same newspaper as G. D reads Hindustan Times only with the one who likes Editorial topic. G does not read newspaper with the one who reads The Indian express.



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Person	Topic	Newspaper
B	Sports	Times of India
C	Education	Times of India
G	Lifestyle	Times of India
D	Science	Hindustan Times
F	Editorial	Hindustan Times
E	Business	The Indian express
A	Entertainment	The Indian express

Which of the following group reads Times of India?
(a) B, G (b) A, B, C (c) B, C, G (d) D, G, B (e) None of these

. Who likes Business topic? (a) G (b) A (c) E (d) C (e) F

Which of the following topic does A like?
(a) Science (b) Entertainment (c) Editorial (d) Either Entertainment or Lifestyle (e) None of these

Which of the following combinations is true? (a) A–Entertainment–The Indian express (b) G–Editorial–The Indian express (c) B–Sports–Hindustan Times (d) D–Science–Times of India (e) None is true

Which topic among the following is liked by the one who reads newspaper with F? (a) Editorial (b) Entertainment (c) Business (d) Science (e) None of these

30**30**



- (a) If only conclusion I follows
- (b) If only conclusion II follows
- (c) If either I or II follows
- (d) If neither I nor II follows
- (e) If both I and II follow

Statements: Some Reward are Award. Some gift are trophy. No award is trophy

Conclusions:

- I. Some reward can never be trophy
- II. Some gift can be awards

Statements: Some Reward are Award. Some gift are trophy. No award is trophy

Conclusions:

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- (a) If only conclusion I follows
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- (d) If neither I nor II follows
- (e) If both I and II follow

Statements: Some city are metro. Some Town are Metro. All Metro are Village.

Conclusions:

- I. Some City are Village
- II. Some Town are Village is a possibility.

Statements: Some lips are eyes. All nose are lips. No nose is ears.

Conclusions:

- I. Some nose are eyes
- II. Some lips are ears

Statements: No Water is sky. Some Fire are water. All Water are Air.

Conclusions:

- I. Some Fire are not sky.
- II. No Fire is sky

आठ लोग अर्थात् P, Q, R, S, T, U, V और W आठ अलग-अलग मंजिलों वाली इमारत में रहते हैं। भूतल की संख्या 1 है, इसके ठीक ऊपर की मंजिल की संख्या 2 है और इसी तरह शीर्ष मंजिल की संख्या 8 है। उनमें से प्रत्येक एक अलग कंपनी में काम करता है अर्थात् सीटीएस, टीसीएस, एचसीएल, एलएंडटी, ओरेकल, कैपजेमिनी, इंफोसिस और विप्रो (लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों)। सीटीएस में काम करने वाला व्यक्ति जिस मंजिल पर रहता है, उसके नीचे केवल तीन व्यक्ति रहते हैं। T और CTS में कार्य करने वाले व्यक्ति के मध्य दो व्यक्ति रहते हैं। P, जो HCL में काम करता है, T के ठीक ऊपर रहता है। विप्रो में काम करने वाले और इन्फोसिस में काम करने वाले के बीच चार व्यक्ति रहते हैं और इनमें से कोई भी भूतल पर नहीं रहता है। R, L&T में कार्य करता है और विषम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर नहीं रहता है। V कैपजेमिनी में कार्य करता है। V और HCL में काम करने वाले के बीच उतने ही व्यक्ति रहते हैं जितने S और CTS में काम करने वाले के बीच रहते हैं। U Oracle में काम करता है। W, Q के ऊपर किसी एक मंजिल पर रहता है। वह व्यक्ति जो इन्फोसिस में कार्य करता है, W के ऊपर नहीं रहता है।

Eight people viz. P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W live in a building of eight different floors. The ground floor is numbered as 1, the floor just above it is numbered as 2 and so on till top floor which is numbered as 8 . Each of them works in a different company viz. CTS, TCS, HCL, L&T, Oracle, Capgemini, Infosys and Wipro (but not necessarily in the same order). Only three persons live below the floor in which the one who works in CTS live. Two persons live between T and the one who works in CTS. P who works in HCL lives immediately above T. Four persons live between the one who works in Wipro and the one who works in Infosys and neither of them lives on the ground floor. R works in L&T and does not live on an odd numbered floor. V works in Capgemini. There are as many persons live between V and the one who works in HCL as there are between S and the one who works in CTS. U works in Oracle. W lives in one of the floor above Q. The one who works in Infosys does not live above W.



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Floor	Person	Company
8	P	HCL
7	T	Wipro
6	R	L&T
5	V	Capgemini
4	W	CTS
3	U	Oracle
2	Q	Infosys
1	S	TCS

Who among the following lives on floor number 4?
(a) W (b) Q (c) R (d) V (e) None of these

Q works in which of the following company?
(a) Wipro (b) CTS (c) Infosys (d) TCS (e) None of these

Who among the following lives immediately below the one who works in Wipro? (a) The one who works in TCS (b) The one who works in L&T (c) The one who works in HCL (d) The one who works in Capgemini (e) None of these

How many persons live between V and S? (a) None (b) One (c) Two (d) Three (e) More than three

Which among the following statement is true? (a) S lives on floor number 7 (b) T lives below the one who works in Wipro (c) The one who works in Infosys lives on floor number 8 (d) V lives above the one who works in CTS (e) None is true





- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow

Statements:

$$T \leq L \leq M = P; \quad S = N \geq O > P; \quad W \geq S$$

Conclusions:

I. $S > L$

II. $O \leq W$

Statements:

$$J \geq L = O \geq A; \quad K \geq O \leq N \leq G; \quad U \leq K$$

Conclusions:

I. $N \geq U$

II. $G \geq L$

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- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow

Statements:

$V > I \geq S \geq T = A$; $R \leq F \leq A > G$

Conclusions:

I. $R < V$

II. $G > S$

Statements:

$B < L \leq E \leq U$; $D \geq A \geq E < R$; $F > D$

Conclusions:

I. $F > B$

II. $U \leq D$

Statements:

$D < J \leq Y = X$; $Z \geq W \geq X$; $W \leq U$

Conclusions:

I. $U > X$

II. $Y = U$

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In a certain code language

'sweets are tasty food' is coded as 'sa ra fa ta'

'food are good nutrients' is coded as 'na fa ga ra'

'nutrients are healthy' is coded as 'ha ra na'

'healthy sweets good business' is coded as 'sa ha ba ga'



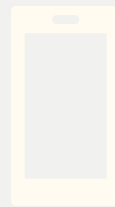
What is the code for 'healthy food'?

(a) na fa (b) ra ha (c) ha fa (d) fa ga (e) None of these

What is the code for 'tasty' in the given language?

(a) na (b) ta (c) fa (d) ra (e) Cannot be determined

'ba' is the code for? (a) healthy (b) are (c) tasty (d) business (e) None of these





In a certain code language

'sweets are tasty food' is coded as 'sa ra fa ta'

'food are good nutrients' is coded as 'na fa ga ra'

'nutrients are healthy' is coded as 'ha ra na'

'healthy sweets good business' is coded as 'sa ha ba ga'



What is the code for 'are' in the given language? (a) na (b) ha (c) ra (d) ga (e) None of these

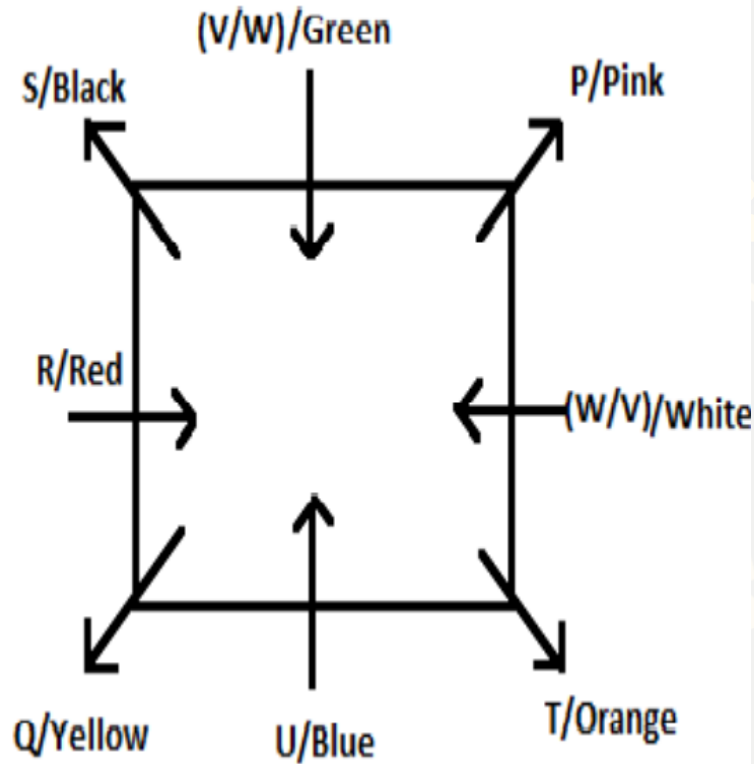
What is the code for 'good nutrients'? (a) sa na (b) ga ra (c) ga na (d) fa na (e) Cannot be determined

आठ मित्र P, Q, R, S, T, U, V और W एक वर्गाकार मेज के चारों ओर इस प्रकार बैठे हैं कि उनमें से चार वर्ग के चार कोनों पर बैठे हैं जबकि अन्य चार प्रत्येक भुजा के मध्य में बैठे हैं। उन सभी को अलग-अलग रंग पसंद हैं अर्थात्। हरा, नीला, लाल, काला, सफेद, गुलाबी, पीला और नारंगी। चारों कोनों पर बैठने वालों का मुख केंद्र की ओर नहीं है जबकि जो भुजाओं के बीच में बैठे हैं उनका मुख बाहर की ओर नहीं है। R को लाल रंग पसंद है और वह T के दायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। T और हरा रंग पसंद करने वाले के बीच केवल दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। S को काला रंग पसंद है और वह R का निकटतम पड़ोसी है। P को गुलाबी रंग पसंद है। Q, नारंगी रंग पसंद करने वाले के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। लाल रंग पसंद करने वाले का मुख सफेद रंग पसंद करने वाले व्यक्ति की ओर है। U, सफेद रंग पसंद करने वाले व्यक्ति का निकटतम पड़ोसी नहीं है। U को नीला रंग पसंद है। न तो V न ही W को नारंगी रंग पसंद है।

Eight friends P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W are sitting around a square table in such a way that four of them sit at four corners of the square while the other four sit in the middle of each sides. All of them like different colors viz. green, blue, red, black, white, pink, yellow and orange. The ones who sit at the four corners do not face towards the center while those who sit in the middle of the sides do not face outside. R likes red color and sits third to the right of T. Only two persons sit between T and the one who likes green color. S likes black color and is an immediate neighbor of R. P likes pink color. Q sits second to the right of the one who likes orange color. The one who likes red color faces the one who likes white color. U is not an immediate neighbor of the one who likes white color. U likes blue color. Neither V nor W likes orange color.



Eight friends P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W are sitting around a square table in such a way that four of them sit at four corners of the square while the other four sit in the middle of each sides. All of them like different colors viz. green, blue, red, black, white, pink, yellow and orange. The ones who sit at the four corners do not face towards the center while those who sit in the middle of the sides do not face outside. R likes red color and sits third to the right of T. Only two persons sit between T and the one who likes green color. S likes black color and is an immediate neighbor of R. P likes pink color. Q sits second to the right of the one who likes orange color. The one who likes red color faces the one who likes white color. U is not an immediate neighbor of the one who likes white color. U likes blue color. Neither V nor W likes orange color.



Who sits exactly between P and T when counted from the right of P?
(a) Q (b) U (c) The one who likes green color (d) The one who likes white color (e) Cannot be determined

What is the position of V with respect to R? (a) Second to the left (b) Third to the right (c) Fourth to the left (d) Third to the left (e) Cannot be determined

Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Who among the following does not belong to that group? (a) R (b) U (c) The one who likes green color (d) The one who likes white color (e) The one who likes yellow color

What is the position of S with respect to the one who likes yellow color? (a) Second to the left (b) Second to the right (c) Third to the right (d) Fourth to the right (e) Cannot be determined

How many persons sit between the one who likes yellow color and the one who likes pink color? (a) One (b) Two (c) Three (d) Four (e) Cannot be determined

Point A is 15m to the East of point B. Point D is 18m to the South of Point A. Point F is 3m to the West of Point C. Point E is 4m to the North of Point F. Point C lies exactly between Point A and Point D. बिंदु A, बिंदु B के पूर्व में 15 मीटर है। बिंदु D, बिंदु A के दक्षिण में 18 मीटर है। बिंदु F, बिंदु C के पश्चिम में 3 मीटर है। बिंदु E, बिंदु F के उत्तर में 4 मीटर है। बिंदु C, बिंदु A के ठीक बीच में स्थित है। ए और प्वाइंट डी।

In which direction is Point E with respect to Point B?
(a) North (b) Northwest (c) South (d) Southeast (e) Cannot be determined

In which direction is Point A with respect to Point F?
(a) Northwest (b) Northeast (c) Southwest (d) Southeast (e) None of these

What is the shortest distance between Point B and Point F? (a) 12m (b) 9m (c) 15m (d) 18m (e) None of these

In a family of nine members there are five male members. M is the son of V. V is married to J. L is daughter-in-law of V. J has three children and two of them are married. U is the mother of B. W is son-in-law of J. S is aunt of B and is single. J is grandfather of A. B don't have any siblings. नौ सदस्यों के एक परिवार में पाँच पुरुष सदस्य हैं। M, V का पुत्र है। V, J से विवाहित है। L, V की पुत्रवधू है। J के तीन बच्चे हैं और उनमें से दो विवाहित हैं। U, B की माता है। W, J का दामाद है। S, B की चाची है और अविवाहित है। J, A का दादा है। B का कोई भाई-बहन नहीं है।

How is L related to A? (a) Mother-in-law (b) Daughter (c) Mother (d) Aunt (e) None of these

How is V related to B? (a) Mother (b) Maternal Grandmother (c) Paternal Grandmother (d) Aunt (e) Cannot be determined

नौ व्यक्ति अर्थात् A, B, C, D, E, P, Q, R और S, का जन्म तीन अलग-अलग तिथियों में हुआ है जैसे- तीन अलग-अलग महीनों यानी मई, जून और अक्टूबर की 7, 10 और 15 तारीख लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। B का जन्म उस महीने की 15 तारीख को हुआ है, जिसमें 31 दिन होते हैं। A और B के बीच दो व्यक्ति पैदा हुए थे। B के बाद पैदा हुए व्यक्तियों की संख्या Q के पहले के समान है। B और D के बीच किसी का जन्म नहीं हुआ था, लेकिन दोनों का जन्म एक ही महीने में नहीं हुआ था। R का जन्म P के ठीक पहले हुआ था, लेकिन अक्टूबर के महीने में नहीं। S और E दोनों का जन्म एक ही तारीख को हुआ था। C और E के मध्य दो से अधिक व्यक्तियों का जन्म हुआ।

Nine persons viz. A, B, C, D, E, P, Q, R and S, have born in three different dates such as- 7th, 10th and 15th of three different months i.e. May, June and October but not necessarily in the same order. B was born on 15th in the month which has 31 days. Two persons were born between A and B. Number of persons born after B is same as before Q. No one was born between B and D, but both were not born in the same month. R was born just before P, but not in the month of October. Both S and E were born on the same dates. More than two persons were born between C and E.



Nine persons viz. A, B, C, D, E, P, Q, R and S, have born in three different dates such as- 7th, 10th and 15th of three different months i.e. May, June and October but not necessarily in the same order. B was born on 15th in the month which has 31 days. Two persons were born between A and B. Number of persons born after B is same as before Q. No one was born between B and D, but both were not born in the same month. R was born just before P, but not in the month of October. Both S and E were born on the same dates. More than two persons were born between C and E.



Month	Date	Persons
May	7	R
	10	P
	15	B
June	7	D
	10	E
	15	A
October	7	Q
	10	S
	15	C



How many persons born after D as per the given information?' (a) One (b) Two (c) Three (d) Four (e) None of these

How many persons born between P and B as per the given information? (a) Four (b) More than four (c) Two (d) One (e) None of these

Who among the following born on 10th June? (a) S (b) E (c) P (d) C (e) A

Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence they form a group. Which one of the following does not belong to that group? (a) RB (b) SA (c) QE (d) EC (e) CQ

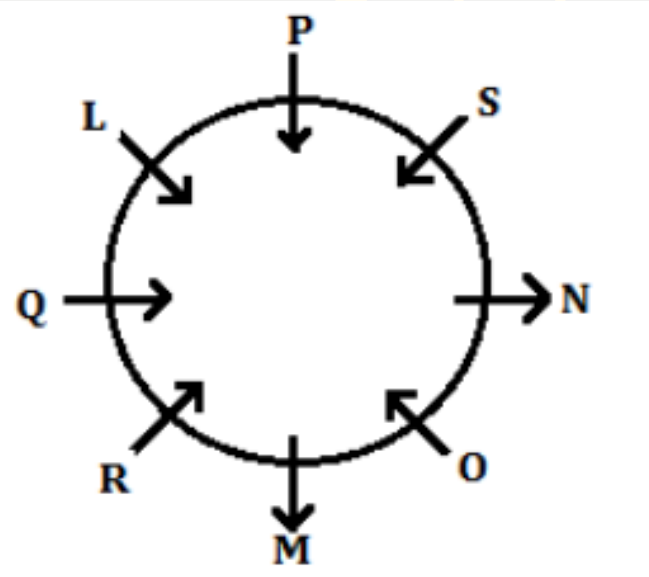
Who among the following born just before of Q? (a) E (b) P (c) A (d) D (e) S

आठ व्यक्ति L, M, N, O, P, Q, R और S एक वृत्ताकार मेज के चारों ओर बैठे हैं लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं इसी क्रम में हो। (उनमें से कुछ का मुख केंद्र की ओर है जबकि कुछ का मुख केंद्र के बाहर की ओर है)। M, N के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। M और N दोनों का मुख समान दिशा में है। M, Q के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। R और S के बीच तीन व्यक्ति बैठे हैं, जो M और Q के निकट नहीं बैठा है। L और O के बीच तीन व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। P, L के ठीक बायें बैठा है। P और O दोनों समान दिशा की ओर उन्मुख हैं जैसे L. O, R के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है, जिसका मुख केंद्र के अंदर है। N, S के ठीक बायें बैठा है।

Eight persons L, M, N, O, P, Q, R and S are sitting around a circular table but not necessarily in the same order. (Some of them facing in the center while some are facing outside of the center). M sits 2nd to the right of N. Both M and N are facing in the same direction. M sits 2nd to the right of Q. Three persons sit between R and S, who does not sit near to M and Q. Three persons sit between L and O. P sits immediate left of L. Both P and O face same direction as L. O sits 2nd to the right of R, who faces inside the center. N sits immediate left of S.



Eight persons L, M, N, O, P, Q, R and S are sitting around a circular table but not necessarily in the same order. (Some of them facing in the center while some are facing outside of the center). M sits 2nd to the right of N. Both M and N are facing in the same direction. M sits 2nd to the right of Q. Three persons sit between R and S, who does not sit near to M and Q. Three persons sit between L and O. P sits immediate left of L. Both P and O face same direction as L. O sits 2nd to the right of R, who faces inside the center. N sits immediate left of S.



How many persons sit between L and N, when counted from left of N? (a) One (b) None (c) Two (d) Four (e) None of these

Who among the following person sits 3rd to the right of M? (a) R (b) L (c) Q (d) S (e) None of these

Who among the following person sits opposite to N? (a) L (b) R (c) O (d) Q (e) None of these

If O and S interchanged their position than who among the following person faces O? (a) R (b) M (c) Q (d) P (e) None of these

How many persons face outside to the center? (a) Six (b) Four (c) One (d) Three (e) None of these

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पांच व्यक्तियों अर्थात A, D, E, F और G को उनके भार के अनुसार बाएं से दाएं अवरोही क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाता है और वे सभी अलग-अलग रंग पसंद करते हैं अर्थात। नीला, गुलाबी, लाल पीला और हरा लेकिन सभी एक ही क्रम में नहीं हैं। A, लाल रंग पसंद करने वाले व्यक्ति से भारी है। E, D से भारी है लेकिन F से उतना भारी नहीं है, जिसे पीला रंग पसंद है। वह व्यक्ति, जिसे हरा रंग पसंद है, गुलाबी रंग पसंद करने वाले व्यक्ति से भारी है। G, पीला रंग पसंद करने वाले से भारी है और उसका वजन 76 किग्रा है। सबसे हल्का व्यक्ति 59 किग्रा है। एक नीला जैसा। वह व्यक्ति, जिसे हरा रंग पसंद है, चौथा सबसे भारी व्यक्ति है।

Five persons i.e. A, D, E, F and G are arranged according to their weights in descending order from left to right and all they likes different colors viz. Blue, Pink, Red Yellow and Green but not all in the same order. A is heavier than the person who likes Red color. E is heavier than D but not as heavier than F, who likes Yellow. The person, who likes Green is heavier than the person, who likes Pink. G is heavier than the one who likes Yellow and his weight is 76kg. The lightest person is 59kg. A like Blue. The person, who likes Green colour is 4th heaviest person.



Five persons i.e. A, D, E, F and G are arranged according to their weights in descending order from left to right and all they like different colors viz. Blue, Pink, Red Yellow and Green but not all in the same order. A is heavier than the person who likes Red color. E is heavier than D but not as heavier than F, who likes Yellow. The person, who likes Green is heavier than the person, who likes Pink. G is heavier than the one who likes Yellow and his weight is 76kg. The lightest person is 59kg. A like Blue. The person, who likes Green colour is 4th heaviest person.



A	G	F	E	D
Blue	Red	Yellow	Green	Pink

Who among the following person likes Green? (a) G (b) D (c) F (d) E (e) None of these

How many persons lighter than F? (a) One (b) None (c) Three (d) Two (e) Four

Which of the following is possible weight of E? (a) 56kg (b) 70kg (c) 53kg (d) 78kg (e) 80 Kg

Who among the following is the heaviest person among all? (a) The one who like Red (b) The one who like Yellow (c) The one who like Green (d) The one who like Pink (e) The one who like Blue

Who among the following person is the 2nd lightest person among all? (a) G (b) F (c) E (d) A (e) D

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If the first, third, fourth, and sixth letter of the word “INTRODUCTION” are combined to form a meaningful word, then what will be the 3rd letter from the left in the so formed word. If more than one meaningful word is formed then the answer is X, if no such word is formed then answer is Z?

यदि शब्द “INTRODUCTION” के पहले, तीसरे, चौथे और छठे अक्षर को मिलाकर एक अर्थपूर्ण शब्द बनाया जाता है, तो इस प्रकार बने शब्द में बायें से तीसरा अक्षर क्या होगा? यदि एक से अधिक अर्थपूर्ण शब्द बनते हैं तो उत्तर X है, यदि ऐसा कोई शब्द नहीं बनता है तो उत्तर Z है?

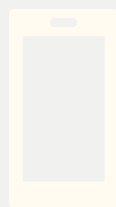
(a) D (b) X (c) R (d) Z (e) T



How many such pairs of letters are there in the given word 'INVESTOR' which has as many as letters between them as are there in the alphabetical series?

दिए गए शब्द 'निवेशक' में अक्षरों के ऐसे कितने जोड़े हैं जिनके बीच उतने ही अक्षर हैं जितने कि वर्णमाला श्रृंखला में हैं?

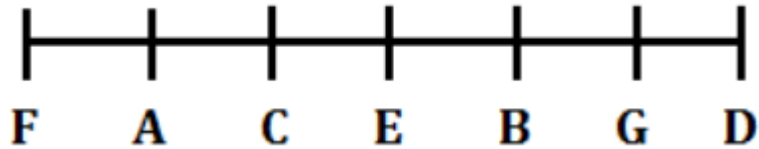
(a) One (b) Two (c) Three (d) Four (e) None of these



Seven persons are sitting in a row and are facing north. A sits 2nd from one of the ends. C does not sit left to F. D is 2nd to the right of B and one of them sits at ends. C sits 3rd left to G, who does not sit next to A. E is at one of the positions to the right of F. सात व्यक्ति एक पंक्ति में बैठे हैं और उत्तर की ओर उन्मुख हैं। A किसी एक छोर से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। C, F के बायें नहीं बैठा है। D, B के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर है और उनमें से एक सिरो पर बैठा है। C, G के बायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है, जो A के बगल में नहीं बैठा है। E, F के दायें एक स्थान पर है।

What is the position of A with respect to B? (a) 3rd to the left (b) 3rd to the right (c) 4th to the left (d) 5th to the right (e) none of these

How many persons are sitting between A and G? (a) Two (b) One (c) Three (d) Four (e) None of these



Who among the following sits to the 3rd right of B? (a) E (b) F (c) C (d) B (e) No one

What is the position of E with respect to F? (a) 3rd to the left (b) 3rd to the right (c) 4th to the left (d) 5th to the right (e) None of these

Four of the following belongs to a group find the one that does not belong to that group? (a) E (b) F (c) C (d) B (e) G

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- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusion I and II follow.

Statements: $B < W \leq A < D \leq K < I$

Conclusion:

I. $W < I$

II. $K \geq W$

Statements: $L = K \geq R > D \geq M < N$

Conclusion:

I. $N < R$

II. $R > M$

Statements: $L < K, N \leq M < R, K = N$

Conclusion:

I. $N < R$

II. $R > L$

नौ व्यक्ति एक नौ मंजिल की इमारत में इस प्रकार रहते हैं कि भूतल की संख्या एक है, और सबसे ऊपरी मंजिल की संख्या नौ है। D के ऊपर और नीचे समान संख्या में व्यक्ति रहते हैं। D और H के बीच दो व्यक्ति रहते हैं। F और E के बीच चार व्यक्ति रहते हैं। E, A के ठीक ऊपर रहता है। न तो B और न ही G, I के बगल में रहता है। B और C के बीच समान संख्या में व्यक्ति रहते हैं। और C और G, I और G के बीच चार से अधिक व्यक्ति नहीं रहते हैं।

Nine persons live in a nine floored building such that the ground floor is numbered one, and the topmost floor is numbered nine. Equal number of persons live above and below D. Two persons live between D and H. Four persons live between F and E. E lives immediately above A. Neither B nor G lives next to I. Equal number of persons live between B and C and C and G. Not more than four persons live between I and G.



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Floor	Persons
9	F
8	B
7	C
6	G
5	D
4	E
3	A
2	H
1	I

On which of the following floors does I live? (a) 2nd (b) 1st (c) 5th (d) 7th (e) None of these

How many persons live between E and H? (a) Two (b) One (c) Three (d) Four (e) None of these

Four of the five are alike in a certain way, who among the following does not belong to that group? (a) I (b) F (c) C (d) B (e) D

Who among the following lives on floor number 7? (a) E (b) F (c) C (d) B (e) None of these

Which among the following pair represents the persons living immediately above and immediately below G? (a) E, H (b) F, G (c) C, D (d) B, I (e) None of these

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