



IBPS CLERK/PO 2021



LIVE

10:30 AM

REASONING

LIVE
MOCK
DISCUSSION



UPCOMING ONLINE BATCHES

Reasoning Mahendras Live

October 2021

S: 30 PM → SBI PO
Crash

06 Oct 2021

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

01:00 PM to 03:00 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

03:00 PM to 05:00 PM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD
(SSC CGL & CHSL)

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

LIVE CLASS NIELIT CARD
(CCC)

BILINGUAL

13 Oct 2021

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

05:30 PM to 07:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

07:30 PM to 09:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD
(SSC CGL & CHSL)

BILINGUAL

20 Oct 2021

03:00 PM to 05:00 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD
(SSC CGL & CHSL)

01:00 PM to 03:00 PM

LIVE CLASS CTET CARD
(CTET)

BILINGUAL

27 Oct 2021

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

07:30 PM to 09:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD
(SSC CGL & CHSL)

BILINGUAL



पांच व्यक्ति विभिन्न शहरों में विभिन्न कंपनियों के विभिन्न विभागों में कार्यरत हैं। P मुंबई में कार्य करता है लेकिन मानव संसाधन विभाग में कार्य नहीं करता है। Q विप्रो में कार्य करता है लेकिन जयपुर और कोलकाता में कार्य नहीं करता है। O सामग्री विभाग में कार्य करता है लेकिन TCS और IBM में कार्य नहीं करता है। इंसोसिस में प्रोडक्शन में काम करने वाला व्यक्ति नई दिल्ली और मुंबई में काम नहीं करता है। N सेल्स में कार्य करता है लेकिन चेन्नई में कार्य नहीं करता है। वह व्यक्ति जो महिंद्रा में कार्य करता है, चेन्नई में कार्य करता है। M कोलकाता में कार्य नहीं करता है। वह व्यक्ति जो मार्केटिंग विभाग में कार्य करता है, IBM में कार्य नहीं करता है।

Five persons are working at different departments of different companies in different cities.

P works in Mumbai but doesn't work at HR department. Q works in Wipro but doesn't work in Jaipur and Kolkata. O works in Content department but doesn't work in TCS and IBM. Person who works at Production in Infosys doesn't work in New Delhi and Mumbai. N works at Sales but doesn't work in Chennai. Person who works in Mahindra works in Chennai. M doesn't work in Kolkata. Person who works in Marketing department doesn't work in IBM.

Person	Department	City	Company
P	HR <u>Market</u>	Mumbai	IBM TCS
Q	HR	Jaipur Kolkata New D.	Wipro
O	Content	Chennai	TCS IBM <u>Mahindra</u>
M	<u>Product</u>	Jaipur New Delhi	Infosys
N	Sales	Chennai Kolkata	IBM

Product → Infosys

Five persons are working at different departments of different companies in different cities. P works in Mumbai but doesn't work at HR department. Q works in Wipro but doesn't work in Jaipur and Kolkata. O works in Content department but doesn't work in TCS and IBM. Person who works at Production in Infosys doesn't work in New Delhi and Mumbai. N works at Sales but doesn't work in Chennai. Person who works in Mahindra works in Chennai. M doesn't work in Kolkata. Person who works in Marketing department doesn't work in IBM.

Persons	Department	Company	City
P	Marketing	TCS	Mumbai
Q	HR	Wipro	New Delhi
O	Content	Mahindra	Chennai
M	Production	Infosys	Jaipur
N	Sales	IBM	Kolkata



In which of the following city M works?

- (a) Mumbai
- (b) New Delhi
- (c) Chennai
- (d) Jaipur
- (e) None of these

dac

In which of the following department P works?

- (a) Marketing
- (b) Sales
- (c) Production
- (d) Content
- (e) None of these

Who among the following works in Chennai?

- (a) N
- (b) Person who works at HR department
- (c) O
- (d) Person who works in TCS
- (e) None of these

Persons	Department	Company	City
P	Marketing	TCS	Mumbai
Q	HR	Wipro	New Delhi
O	Content	Mahindra	Chennai
M	Production	Infosys	Jaipur
N	Sales	IBM	Kolkata

✓✓ **Which of the following is true?**

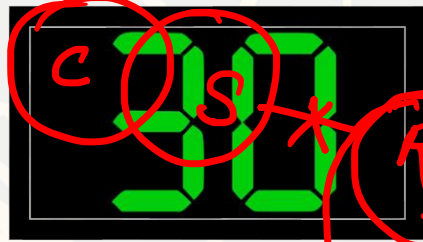
- (a) P-HR-New Delhi
- (b) Q-Content-Jaipur
- (c) O-Production-Chennai
- (d) M-Sales-Kolkata
- (e) None is true

In which of the following company N works?

- (a) TCS
- (b) Mahindra
- (c) IBM
- (d) Infosys
- (e) None of these



- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.



Statements:

Some circle are square
No square are rectangle
All rectangle are triangle (d)

Conclusions:

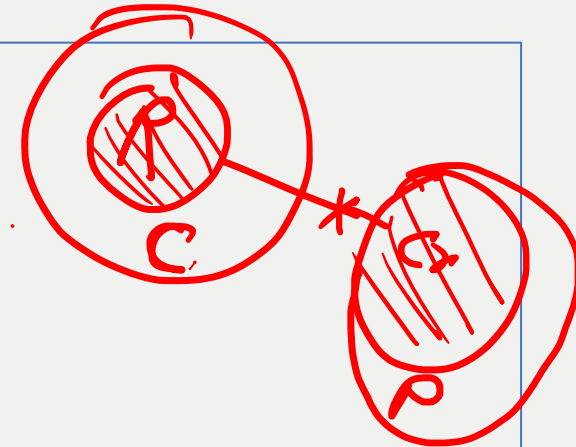
- ~~I. Some circle are rectangle~~
- ~~II. No square is triangle~~

Statements:

All row are column
No row is cross
All cross are puzzle

Conclusions:

- ~~I. No row is puzzle~~
- ~~II. Some column are cross is a possibility.~~



(b)

- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.



Statements:

All north are east
All east are west
No east is south

ec

Conclusions:

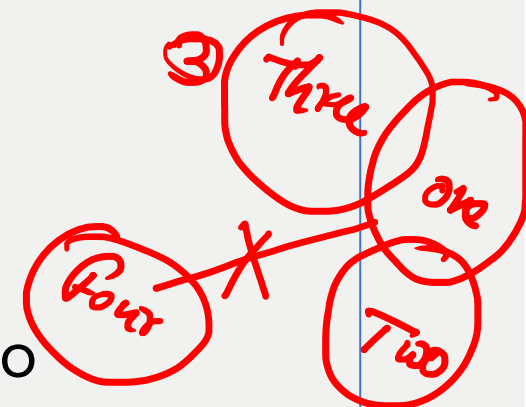
- I. No north is south *(e)*
- II. Some west are not south

Statements:

Some three are one
Some one are two
No one is four

Conclusions:

- I. Some three are two
- II. No three are two



(c)

✓✓ 839 589 427 581 275

9 9 7 1 5

✓✓ If in each number, the first and the second digits are interchanged, which will be the second lowest number? यदि प्रत्येक संख्या में, पहले और दूसरे अंक को आपस में बदल दिया जाए, तो दूसरी सबसे छोटी संख्या कौन सी होगी?

- (a) 427
(b) 581
(c) 839
(d) 275
(e) 589

CA

If in each number, the first and the last digits are interchanged, which among the following will be the third highest number? यदि प्रत्येक संख्या में, पहले और अंतिम अंक को आपस में बदल दिया जाता है, तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी तीसरी सबसे बड़ी संख्या होगी?

- (a) 427
(b) 581
(c) 839
(d) 275
(e) 589

30

839 589 427 581 275

If in each number, the second and the third digits are interchanged, which will be the second highest number? यदि प्रत्येक संख्या में, दूसरे और तीसरे अंक को आपस में बदल दिया जाए, तो दूसरी सबसे बड़ी संख्या कौन सी होगी?

- (a) 427
(b) 581
(c) 839
(d) 275
(e) 589

eb

If two is subtracted from the first digit of each of the numbers and then the first and the third digits are interchanged, which of the following will be the lowest? यदि प्रत्येक संख्या के पहले अंक में से दो घटा दिया जाता है और फिर पहले और तीसरे अंक को आपस में बदल दिया जाता है, तो निम्न में से कौन सा सबसे छोटा होगा?

- (a) 427
(b) 581
(c) 839
(d) 275
(e) 589



839 589 ²⁴⁷427 ^①581 ²⁵⁷275

If in each number, all the three digits are arranged in ascending order within itself, which of the following will be the third lowest number?
यदि प्रत्येक संख्या में, सभी तीन अंकों को आरोही क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाता है, तो निम्न में से कौन सी तीसरी सबसे छोटी संख्या होगी?

- (a) 427
- (b) 581
- (c) 839
- (d) 275
- (e) 589

30

2:00

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1st box & 4th box

Input:



Step: I



$(2 \times 2 \times 1)^2$

$(2 \times 1 \times 4)^2$

Step: II



$(1 - 6)$

$(6 - 4)$

Step: III



Step: IV



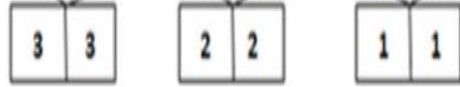
Input:



Input:



Step: I
 $9/3=3, 6/2=3$



Dividing 1st value in box 1 by 2nd value in box 4 and dividing 2nd value in box 1 by 1st value in box 4

Step: II
 $9 \times 4 \times 1 = 36$



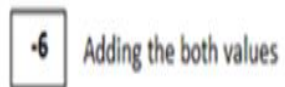
Multiplying and entering the square of 1st value of all the boxes in box 1 and the square of 2nd value of all the boxes in box 2.

Step: III
 $(3-6) = -3$



Subtracting the both values in each box.

Step: IV
 $((-3)+(-3)) = -6$



Adding the both values

$(-3) + (-3)$
-6

What will be the step II from the above input if the first value is divided by the second value in each box?

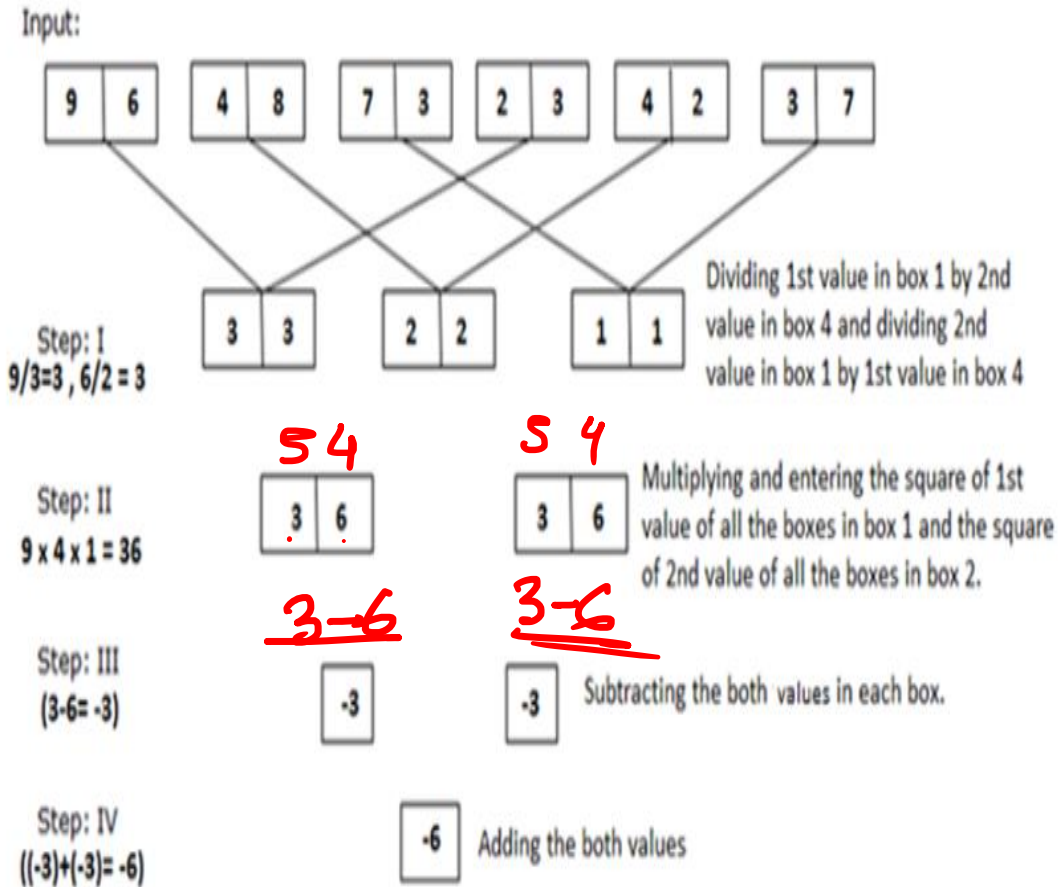
- A. $1/3, 1/2$
- B. $2, 2$
- C. $1/2, 1/2$
- D. $4, 2$
- E. $3, 4$



What will be the final resultant in the given input?

- A. 0
- B. 3
- C. 6
- D. -6
- E. -4





Which of the following will be the Step II, if 2 is added to each odd digit and 2 is subtracted from each even digits?

- A. 54, 54
- B. 32, 46
- C. 56, 56
- D. 32, 47
- E. 28, 56

odd - (+2)
 even - (-2)

What will be the result if 10 is added to the final output of the given input?

- A. 8
- B. 14
- C. 4
- D. 16
- E. 12

AC

-6 + 10



'Winter happy feeling' is coded as 'I13% E11@ 022#'
 'Summer heat mountain' is coded as 'I14% A26% U6&'
 'Raining queuing clown' is coded as '018# U22\$ E12@'

Winter
 I13%

A → 4 letters
 E → 5 letters
 I → 6 letters
 O → 7 letters
 U → 8 letters

Vowels Symbol
 2 vowels → %

3 vowels → #

→ @

4 → \$

4 vowel → &

No. → opposite of 3rd letter
 (Place value)

What is the code for 'Maximize' in the given code language?

- A. E22#
- B. O3\$
- C. U22#
- D. U3&
- E. None of these

U3&

What may be the possible code for 'Veracity' in the given code language?

- A. U9#
- B. O5\$
- C. E9#
- D. A2&
- E. None of these

U9#

'Winter happy feeling' is coded as ' I13% E11@ O22# '

'Summer heat mountain' is coded as ' I14% A26% U6& '

'Raining queueing clown' is coded as ' O18# U22\$ E12@ '

B C

What may be the possible code for 'Naval army' in the given code language?

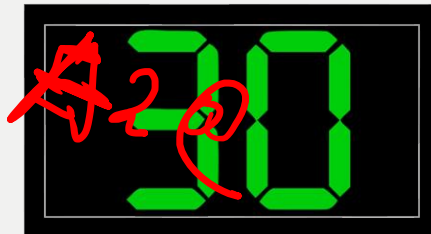
- A. E14% A13&
- B. E5% A14@
- C. O5% E13@
- D. A14@ I13\$
- E. None of these

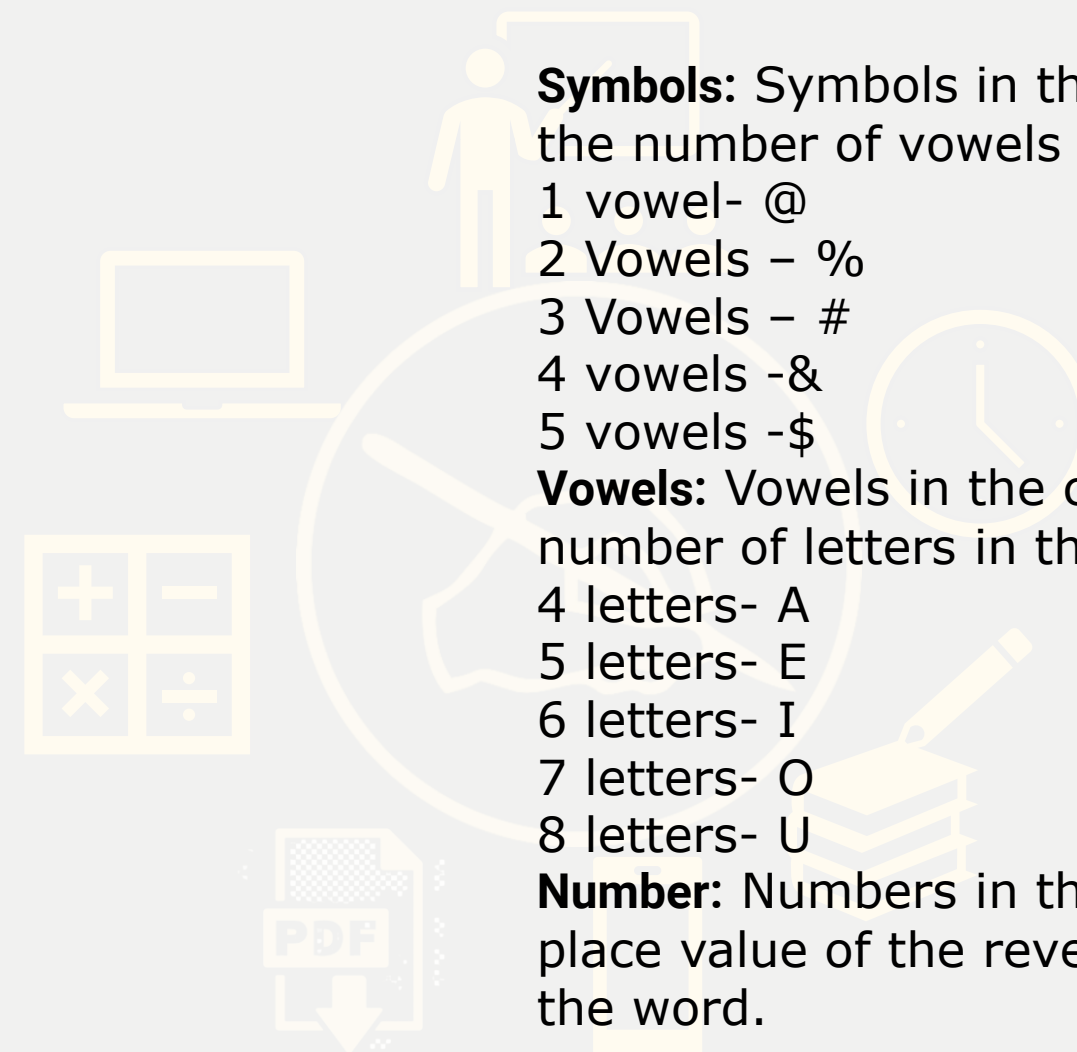
E% A@
E5% A14@

What is the code for 'College days' in the given code language?

- A. I12% E2@
- B. E15@ A2&
- C. O15# A2@
- D. A2# O15\$
- E. None of these

O15#





Symbols: Symbols in the code are used according to the number of vowels present in the word i.e.

1 vowel- @

2 Vowels - %

3 Vowels - #

4 vowels -&

5 vowels -\$

Vowels: Vowels in the code are used according to the number of letters in the word

4 letters- A

5 letters- E

6 letters- I

7 letters- O

8 letters- U

Number: Numbers in the code are used according to place value of the reverse letter of the 3rd letter of the word.

H.W

दस व्यक्ति अर्थात् M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U और V एक पांच मंजिला इमारत में दो अलग-अलग फ्लैटों में रहते हैं। फ्लैट ए और फ्लैट बी, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। फ्लैट ए फ्लैट बी के बाईं ओर है। मंजिल 2 का फ्लैट ए मंजिल 1 के फ्लैट ए के ठीक ऊपर है जबकि मंजिल 2 का फ्लैट बी मंजिल 1 के फ्लैट बी के ठीक ऊपर है और इसी तरह आगे भी। कोई भी दो व्यक्ति एक ही फ्लैट में नहीं रहते हैं।

R एक सम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर रहता है और U के ठीक ऊपर रहता है लेकिन समान फ्लैट पर नहीं रहता है। S उसी फ्लैट पर R से तीन मंजिल दूर रहता है। Q, S के साथ बगल वाली मंजिल पर रहता है लेकिन एक ही फ्लैट पर नहीं। M, Q के ठीक नीचे फ्लैट पर रहता है लेकिन O के नीचे तीन फ्लैट है। O के ऊपर मंजिलों की संख्या उतनी ही है जितनी कि NV के नीचे की मंजिलों की संख्या T के साथ रहती है जो P के समान फ्लैट पर रहता है। V फ्लैट B में नहीं रहता है। .

Ten persons viz. M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U and V are staying in a five storey building in two different flats viz. Flat A and Flat B, but not necessarily in the same order. Flat A is to the left of flat B. Flat A of floor 2 is immediately above flat A of floor 1 whereas flat B of floor 2 is immediately above flat B of floor 1 and so on. No two persons stay in the same flat.

R stays on an even-numbered floor and immediately above U but not on the same flats. S stays three floors away from R on the same flat. Q stays on the adjacent floor with S but not on the same flat. M stays on the flat immediately below Q but three flats below O. The number of floors above O is the same as the number of floors below N. V stays along with T who stays on the same flat as P. V does not stay in flat B.



Ten persons viz. M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U and V are staying in a five storey building in two different flats viz. Flat A and Flat B, but not necessarily in the same order. Flat A is to the left of flat B. Flat A of floor 2 is immediately above flat A of floor 1 whereas flat B of floor 2 is immediately above flat B of floor 1 and so on. No two persons stay in the same flat. R stays on an even-numbered floor and immediately above U but not on the same flats. S stays three floors away from R on the same flat. Q stays on the adjacent floor with S but not on the same flat. M stays on the flat immediately below Q but three flats below O. The number of floors above O is the same as the number of floors below N. V stays along with T who stays on the same flat as P. V does not stay in flat B.

Floor	Flat A	Flat B
5	V	T
4	O	R
3	U	P
2	Q	N
1	M	S

Who among the following person stay on the exact middle floor?

- a) M
- b) V
- c) T
- d) P
- e) None of these

In which of the following floor and flat does N stay?

- a) Floor 2, flat A
- b) Floor 4, flat B
- c) Floor 2, flat B
- d) Floor 4, flat A
- e) None of these

In which of the following option the second person lives in the flat immediately below the first person?

- a) MP
- b) OU
- c) QS
- d) VR
- e) None of these



Floor	Flat A	Flat B
5	V	T
4	O	R
3	U	P
2	Q	N
1	M	S

How many floors are there between the floors of V and P?

- a) One
- b) Two
- c) Three
- d) More than three
- e) None

Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence form a group. Find the one that doesn't belong to that group.

- a) OQ
- b) TN
- c) VM
- d) PS
- e) UR

 30

Seven persons viz. H, I, J, K, L, M and N are standing in a straight line such that all of them are facing towards the north, but not necessarily in the same order. Who among the following person stands second to the right of L?

Statement I: Only two persons stand between H and M who stands adjacent to K. J stands to the immediate left of N who stands two persons away from L.

Statement II: K stands four persons away from J who stands second to the left of H. Only one person stands between N and L. I stands to the immediate right of M.

Only II alone

✓ J N ① L

L J N

सात व्यक्ति अर्थात् H, I, J, K, L, M और N एक सीधी रेखा में इस प्रकार खड़े हैं कि उन सभी का मुख उत्तर की ओर है, लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं इसी क्रम में हो। निम्नलिखित में से कौन L के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर खड़ा है?

कथन I: केवल दो व्यक्ति H और M के बीच खड़े हैं, जो K के निकट खड़ा है। J, N के ठीक बायें खड़ा है, जो L से दो व्यक्ति दूर खड़ा है।

कथन II: K, J से चार व्यक्तियों की दूरी पर खड़ा है, जो H के बायें से दूसरे स्थान पर खड़ा है। N और L के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति खड़ा है। I, M के ठीक दायें खड़ा है।

M ↑
I
K ③ J
N ① L
K - M - I - L - J - N - H
J - M - K

Six persons viz. A, B, C, D, E and F were born on different days of the same week starting from Monday to Saturday, but not necessarily in the same order. Who among the following person was born on Thursday?

Statement I: Two persons were born between the days on which C and B who was born on the day immediately before D was born. E was born on the day immediately after A.

Statement II: Only one person was born before C who was born two days away from E. B was born immediately after E and immediately before D. A was not born on the first day of the week.

छह व्यक्ति अर्थात् A, B, C, D, E और F का जन्म सोमवार से शनिवार तक एक ही सप्ताह के अलग-अलग दिनों में हुआ था, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हो। निम्नलिखित में से किस व्यक्ति का जन्म गुरुवार को हुआ था?

कथन I: दो व्यक्तियों का जन्म उन दिनों के बीच हुआ था जिन दिनों C और B का जन्म हुआ था, जो D के जन्म से ठीक पहले पैदा हुए थे। E का जन्म A के ठीक बाद वाले दिन हुआ था।

कथन II: C से पहले केवल एक व्यक्ति का जन्म हुआ था जो E से दो दिन दूर पैदा हुआ था। B का जन्म E के ठीक बाद और D के ठीक पहले हुआ था। A का जन्म सप्ताह के पहले दिन नहीं हुआ था।

Six persons viz. U, V, W, X, Y and Z are of different weight, but not necessarily in the same order. Who among the following person has the second-highest weight?

Statement I: Only two persons are less weight than V who weights immediately lower than Z. X weights immediately higher than U whereas W weights immediately lower than Y. X doesn't weight the highest among all.

Statement II: Only three persons are weighed between W and U who weights immediately lower than X. Y weight two persons higher than Z. V doesn't weight more than Y.

छह व्यक्ति अर्थात U, V, W, X, Y और Z अलग-अलग वजन के हैं, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों।

निम्नलिखित में से किस व्यक्ति का वजन दूसरा सबसे अधिक है?

कथन I: केवल दो व्यक्ति V से कम वजन के हैं, जिनका वजन Z से तुरंत कम है। X का वजन U से तुरंत अधिक है जबकि W का वजन Y से तुरंत कम है। X का वजन सबसे अधिक नहीं है।

कथन II: W और U के बीच केवल तीन व्यक्तियों का वजन किया जाता है, जिनका वजन X से तुरंत कम है। Y का वजन Z से दो व्यक्तियों का है। V का वजन Y से अधिक नहीं है।

Statement I: "Fresh cream tastes bitter" is coded as "65 36 98 83", "Bitter guard is good" is coded as "92 36 21 76" and "Ice cream tastes favourite" is coded as "98 26 83 18".

Statement II: "Pencil writes hard words" is coded as "64 29 96 37", "Words come fresh always" is coded as "10 64 34 82" and "Always come class early" is coded as "34 72 10 94".

कथन I: "ताजा क्रीम का स्वाद कड़वा होता है" को "65 36 98 83" के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, "बिटर गार्ड इज गुड" को "92 36 21 76" के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है और "आइसक्रीम का स्वाद पसंदीदा" को "98 26 83 18" के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है। .

कथन II: "पेंसिल कठिन शब्द लिखता है" को "64 29 96 37" के रूप में कोडित किया गया है, "शब्द हमेशा ताजा आते हैं" को "10 64 34 82" के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है और "हमेशा कक्षा जल्दी आओ" को "34 72 10 94" के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है। .

If all the letters in the word "GENTRIFICATION" are arranged in alphabetical order from left to right, then how many letters remain unchanged in their position?

यदि शब्द "GENTRIFICATION" के सभी अक्षरों को बाएं से दाएं वर्णानुक्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाता है, तो कितने अक्षर अपने स्थान पर अपरिवर्तित रहते हैं?

- a) One
- b) Two
- c) Three
- d) More than three
- e) None

 30

PUJA 80

upto 80%