

TOPIC WISE ENGLISH



Error Detection
Phrase Replacement
Idioms & Phrases
Rearrangement Of Sentences

ALL COMPETITIVE EXAMS

LIVE   **5:30 PM**



ERROR DETECTION(Q1 TO Q5)



1. Each boy was given (A)/ a toy as a parting gift, (B)/ which made them happy. (C)/ No error (D)

(c) replace them with him



2. Their luggages which were(A)/kept at the station's(B)/
restroom lockers, were later retrieved. (C)/No error

Answer: A)

**Explanation: luggage is an uncountable noun,
the correct sentence should be “luggage which
was”**



3. That summer, elections were (A)/ held at many a place
(B)/ without any untoward incident.(C)/ No error (D)

Answer: b)

Explanation: (b); In place of 'at' use 'in'.

'at' is preferred when one wants to convey the precise (specific) location of an entity , while 'in' is used in a more obscure sense.



4. I was taken by surprise (A)/when I came(B)/ face to face with my school friend.(C)/No error(D)

Answer:(d); No error



5. The factory complex has a shop-floor(A)/and 10 cubicles for the staff in an area(B)/of about thousand squares meters (C)/No error(D)

Answer: c)

Explanation: (c); It should be "square meters" instead of "squares meters". "thousand" will modify "meters" not the "square" as square is also acting as an adjective and adjectives are not written in plural.



PHRASE REPLACEMENT (Q6 TO Q10)



6. She did not like to have coffee (**nor I did**).

- (a) neither I liked it
- (b) nor did I
- (c) nor I like it
- (d) No improvement



Answer: (2)

(b); "nor did I" is the appropriate use as invertersion takes place after "nor".

7. Taj Mahal is (**a worth seeing monument**) in Agra.

- (a) a monument to see its worth
- (b) a monument worth seeing
- (c) one of worth seeing monuments
- (d) No improvement



Answer: (2)

(b); 'a monument worth seeing' is the appropriate use.

8. I had (**not only helped her by**) giving hints but also with providing him links.

(a) helped not only to her by.

(b) helped her not only by

(c) not only helped her

(d) No improvement

Answer: (2)

(b); We need to write main verb "helped" and its object "her" after helping verb "had" and then "not only" and "but also" should be introduced.



9. We (**has finished**) our lunch half an hour ago.

- (a) finished
- (b) will have finished
- (c) had finished
- (d) No improvement!

Answer: (1)

(a); 'ago' is used with past indefinite tense thus 'finished' should be used instead of “had finished”



10. A small makeshift stage (**was construct**) with a red curtain for a backdrop.

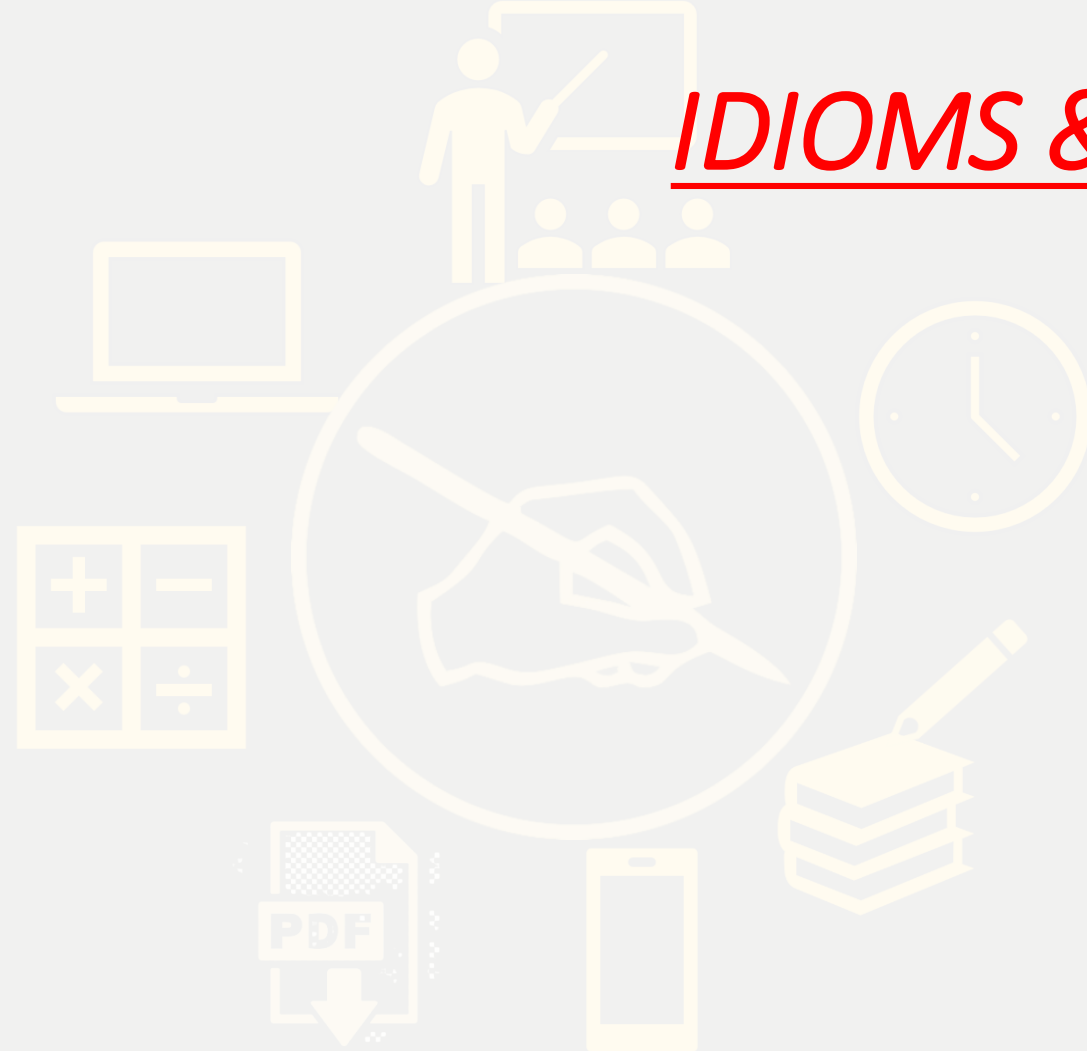
- (a) are constructed
- (b) was constructed
- (c) were constructed
- (d) No improvement



Answer: (2)

(b); "was constructed" is the correct choice.

IDIOMS & PHRASES(Q11 TO Q15)



11. For his alleged involvement in espionage, he is **under a cloud** these days

- (a) experiencing cloudy weather
- (b) enjoying favourable lunch
- (c) under suspicion
- (d) under observation



ANS- C

12. We have appealed to him again and again,
there is no use **flogging a dead horse** now.

- (a) repeating our request
- (b) making him see reason
- (c) beating about the bush
- (d) wasting time in useless effort



ANS- D

13. we shouldn't **look down upon** the wretched
of the earth.

- (a) sympathies with
- (b) hate intensely
- (c) be indifferent to
- (d) regard with contempt



ANS- D

14. Because of his misbehavior, he is bound to **face the music**.

- (n) get finished
- (b) get reprimanded
- (c) feel sorry
- (d) listen to the music



ANS- B

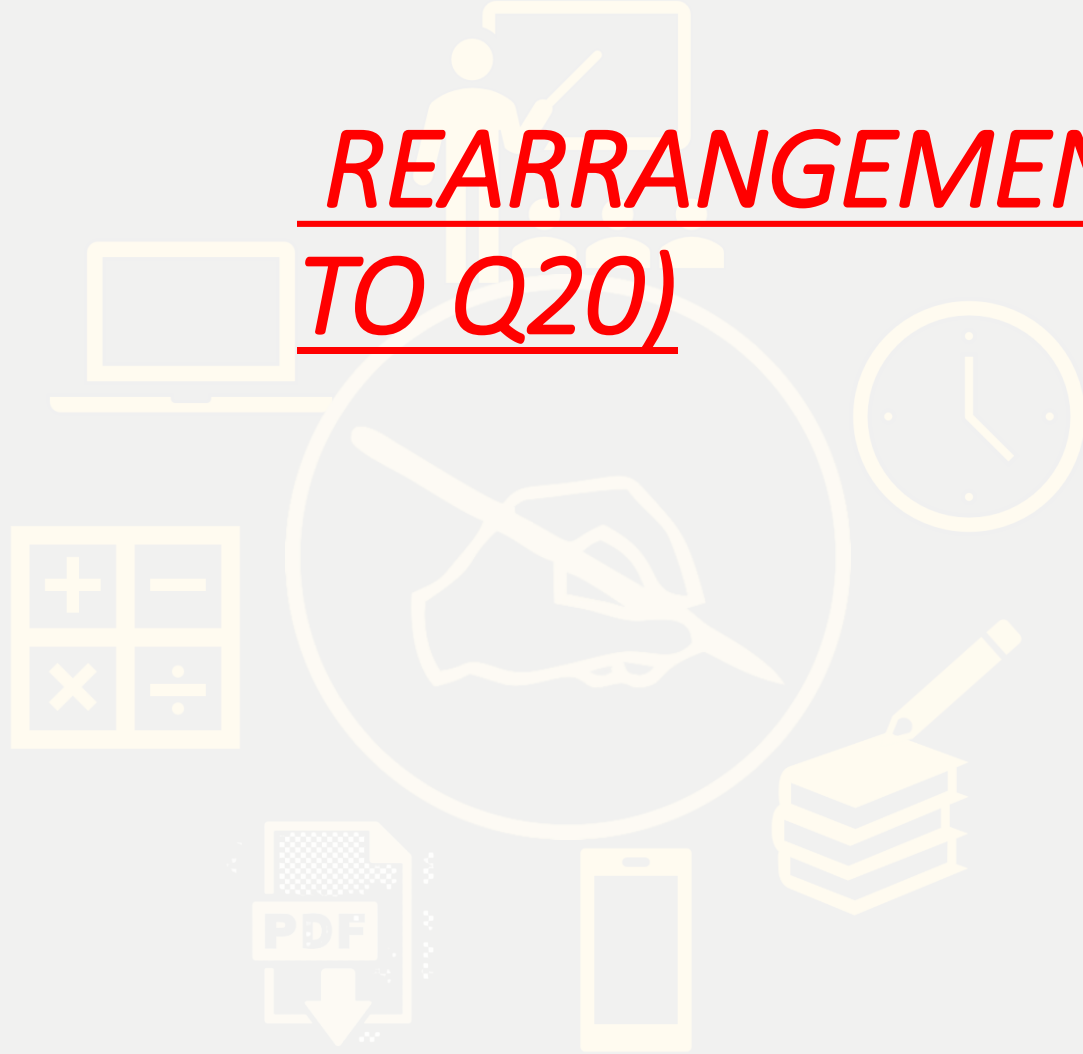
15. The working of the factory was disrupted on account of **a token strike** by the workers

- (a) total strike
- (b) carefully planned strike
- (c) short strike held as a warning
- (d) sudden call of strike



ANS- C

REARRANGEMENT OF SENTENCES(Q16 TO Q20)



16. Rearrange the parts of the sentence in correct order.

It is for the government,

P-especially one with such a

Q-significant majority, to have the

R-intelligence and leadership to think long term

- 1) QRP
- 2) PQR
- 3) RPQ
- 4) QPR

Answer (2) PQR



17. Rearrange the parts of the sentence in correct order.

There is a deeper

P-fissure here that goes

Q-from western theory

R-beyond explanations

- 1) PRQ
- 2) PQR
- 3) QPR
- 4) RPQ



Answer (1) PRQ

18. Rearrange the parts of the sentence in correct order:

At one level,

P. the law in understanding

Q. such cases of violence

R. one senses the limits of

1) RQP

2) PQR

3) RPQ

4) QRP

Answer 3. (3) RPQ



19. Rearrange the parts of the sentence in correct order.

It is the right to

P. who see us at our most vulnerable

Q. the indiscretions of doctors

R. privacy that protects us from

1) QRP

2) QPR

3) PRQ

4) RQP

Answer 4. (4) RQP



20. Rearrange the parts of the sentence in correct order.

It is a crisis which

P-unless policymakers

Q-exercise some intelligence

R-will get even worse

1) RPQ

2) RQP

3) PQR

4) QPR



Answer(1) RPQ

HOME WORK ANSWER

He has thedistinction of losing the election for the sixth consecutive term.

(1) reliable

(2) manifest

(3) lamentable

(4) dubious

(5) refreshing

reliable (Adj.): that you can rely on

manifest (Adj.) : easy to see/ understand

dubious (Adj.) : doubtful

lamentable (Adj.) : very disappointing

HOME WORK

a) India has one of the largest / b) road network / c) in the world, aggregating to / d) about 3.6 million kilometers at present / e) No error.

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