



IBPS/ BANK 2023



REASONING

REVISION CLASS

तैयारी **SELECTION** वाली



 **LIVE** | **09:00 AM**

BY KULDEEP MAHENDRAS



UPCOMING ONLINE BATCHES

MARCH 2023

01 MARCH 2023

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

SSC ONLINE LIVE CLASS

BILINGUAL

15 MARCH 2023

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM

BANK ONLINE LIVE CLASS

BILINGUAL

22 MARCH 2023

02:00 PM to 04:00 PM

BANK ONLINE LIVE CLASS

English & Bengali



www.mahendras.org •  7052477777/7052577777

**(1) RRBs – CRP RRB-XII (Office Assistants) and CRP RRB-XII (Officers)**

Preliminary Examination	Office Assistants and Officer Scale I : 05.08.2023, 06.08.2023, 12.08.2023, 13.08.2023 and 19.08.2023.
Single Examination	Officers Scale II & III : 10.09.2023
Main Examination	Officer Scale I : 10.09.2023 Office Assistants : 16.09.2023

(2) PSBs – CRP CLERK-XIII, CRP PO/MT-XIII & CRP SPL-XIII

	Clerks	Probationary Officers	Specialist Officers
Preliminary Examination	26.08.2023	23.09.2023	30.12.2023
	27.08.2023	30.09.2023	31.12.2023
	02.09.2023	01.10.2023	
Main Examination	07.10.2023	05.11.2023	28.01.2024



Vishnu Gupta 18 hours ago 11 subscribers

KWUVSLQV right answer

Very nice session sir thank you sir ❤️



Reply



Surbhi Sinha 6 hours ago 5 subscribers

Homework question answer 👉 option ccccc KWUVSLQV 🤩🤩 DHAMAKEDAR SESSION OR CONCEPT MAZEDAAR SIR 🙏



Reply



Riya Mandaokar 19 hours ago

Thank you sir for the session ans is KWUVSLQV



Reply



Sarita Maurya 7 hours ago

Thank you sir very amazing session and answer will be KWUVSLQV 😊😊



Reply





Vandana Chhattri 8 hours ago
THANK YOU SIR FOR THE AMAZING SESSION 🙌
HW. ANS. = Opposite (-1) KWUVSLQV OPTION 3



harsh sharma 11 hours ago
Today's homework answer is option 3
Thank you sir 🙌 amazing sessions 🙌🙌🙌😊



Tanisha p 19 hours ago 1 subscribers
Thank u sir amazing session 🙌🙌🙌
Homework – KWUVSLQV (OPTION 3)



Niharika Jha 14 hours ago
Homework answer option 3 - KWUVSLQV ..
Thank you sir 😊



Share
& like!

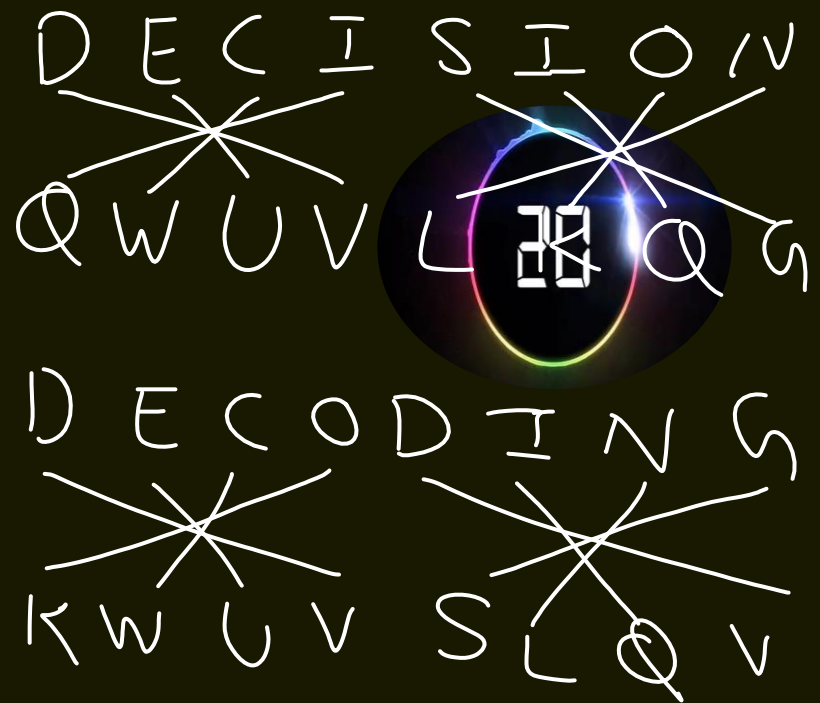


In a Certain code *DECISION* is written as *QWUVLKQG* ,than find the code for *DECODING* ?

एक निश्चित कोड में *DECISION* का कोड *QWUVLKQG* लिखा गया है तो *DECODING* का कोड क्या होगा ?

opp-1

- (1) ~~VUWKVQLS~~
- (2) ~~KWUVVQLS~~
- ~~(3) KWUVSLQV~~
- (4) ~~KVXUSVMR~~
- (5) None of these





Lecture Summary :-

- **Alphabetical Series**
- **Coding – Decoding**
- **Inequality**
- **Pair based Question**
- **Syllogism**
- **Blood relation based puzzle**
- **Circular Based Sitting**
- **Arrangement based puzzle**
- **Linear based Sitting Arrangement**
- **Distance and Direction based Puzzle (Point to Point)**
- **Parallel row based Sitting Arrangement**
- **Floor with Flat Based Puzzle**



^{x w y}
YXZ

^A
BAC

^{IE}
JFG

^O
ROP

^{F M}
GON

If each consonant is changed to the previous letter of the given words and vowel remains the same, then how many words have more than one vowel?

A E I O U

यदि प्रत्येक व्यंजन को दिए गए शब्दों के पिछले अक्षर से बदल दिया जाता है और स्वर वही रहता है, तो कितने शब्दों में एक से अधिक स्वर हैं?



- 1. One
- 2. Two
- 3. Three
- 4. Four
- 5. Five



YXZ

BAC

JFG

ROP

GON

How many letters are in the alphabet series between third letter of the second word from left and second letter of the second from the right end ?

बाएं से दूसरे शब्द के तीसरे अक्षर और दायें छोर से दूसरे के दूसरे अक्षर के बीच वर्णमाला श्रृंखला में कितने अक्षर हैं?

$$(15 - 3) - 1 = 11$$

1. Eight

2. Nine

3. Ten

4. Eleven

5. Twelve



YXZ

BAC

JFG

ROP

GON

If first and second letter of the each word is interchange then how many words starts with a vowel ?

यदि प्रत्येक शब्द के पहले और दूसरे अक्षर को आपस में बदल दिया जाए तो कितने शब्द स्वर से शुरू होते हैं?

1. One

2. Two

3. Three

4. Four

5. Five



YXZ

BAC

JFG

ROP

GON

If all the given words are arranged in the alphabetical order from left to right within the words, then which one will be fourth from left end ?

यदि दिए गए सभी शब्दों को शब्दों के भीतर बाएं से दाएं वर्णानुक्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाता है, तो कौन सा बाएं छोर से चौथा होगा?

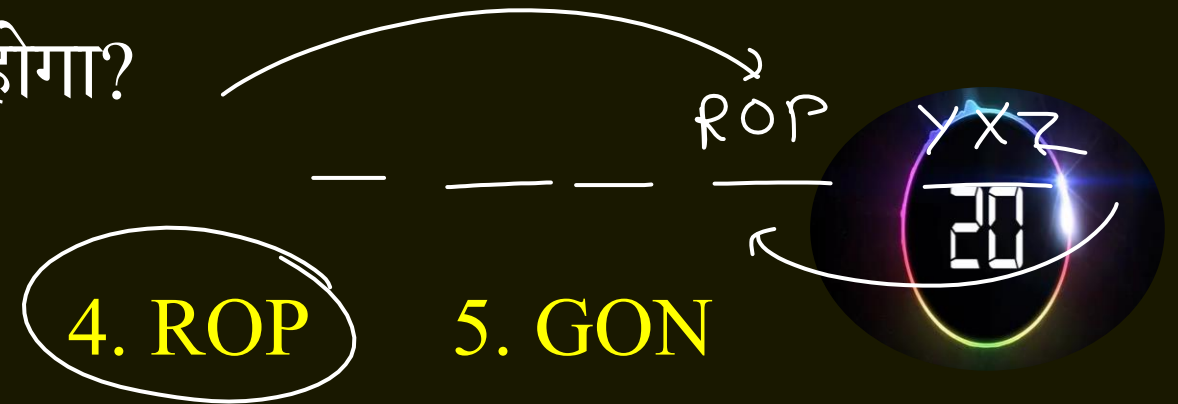
1. YXZ

2. BAC

3. JFG

4. ROP

5. GON



~~YXZ_E~~~~BAC_E~~~~JFG_E~~

ROPE

GON_E

If 'E' is added in the last of the each word then how many meaningful word will form ?

यदि प्रत्येक शब्द के अंत में 'E' जोड़ा जाए तो कितने अर्थपूर्ण शब्द बनेंगे?

1. One

2. Two

3. Three

4. Four

5. Five

20



How many such pairs of letters are there in the word 'CONDITION', each of which has as many letters between them in the word (both forward and backward direction) as they have between the English alphabetical series ?

शब्द 'CONDITION' में अक्षरों के ऐसे कितने जोड़े हैं, जिनमें से प्रत्येक के बीच शब्द में (आगे और पीछे दोनों दिशाओं में) उतने ही अक्षर हैं जितने कि अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला श्रृंखला के बीच हैं?

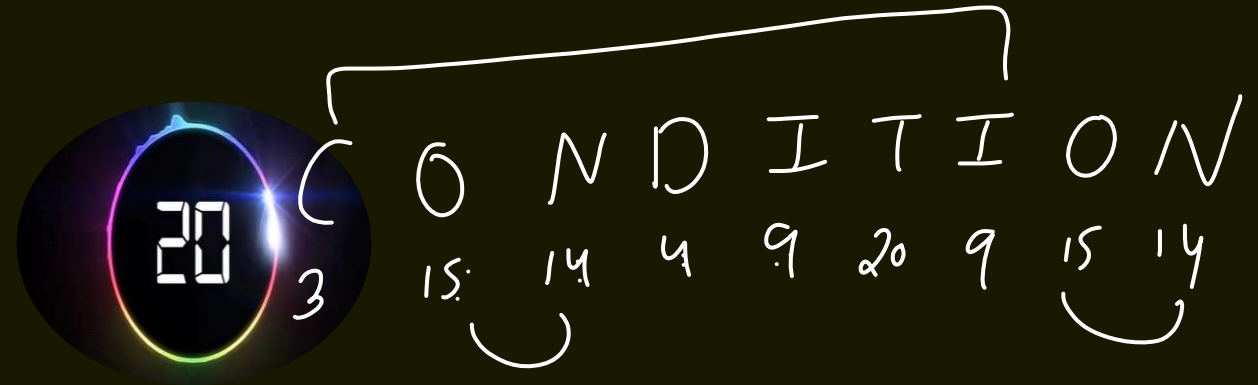
1. Two

2. Three

3. Four

4. More than Four

5. One

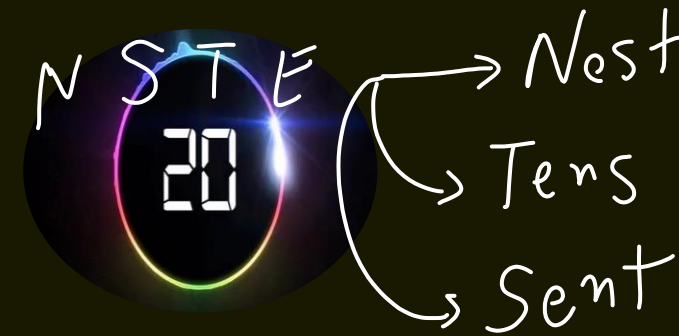




If it is possible to make only one four-lettered meaningful word without repetition of any letter with the third, fourth, eighth, and the eleventh letters of the word 'CONSECUTIVE', which would be the second letter of the new word? If more than one such word can be formed, give X as the answer. If no such word can be formed, give Y as your answer.

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
यदि शब्द 'CONSECUTIVE' के तीसरे, चौथे, आठवें और ग्यारहवें अक्षरों से किसी भी अक्षर की पुनरावृत्ति के बिना केवल एक चार अक्षरों का अर्थपूर्ण शब्द बनाना संभव है, तो नए शब्द का दूसरा अक्षर कौन सा होगा? यदि ऐसे एक से अधिक शब्द बन सकते हैं, तो उत्तर के रूप में X दें। यदि ऐसा कोई शब्द नहीं बनाया जा सकता है, तो अपना उत्तर Y दें।

1.N 2.T 3.X 4.Y 5.E





Statement:

$$P > K > S = Q \geq V \leq X > Z < Y$$

Conclusion:

I) $K > X$ ✗

II) $Y < P$ ✗





Statements:

$$U \leq W \geq R > S < T$$



Conclusions:

I. $W < V$ ✗

II. $T < V$ ✗



Statement:

$$P \geq Q = R \geq N < S$$

Conclusions:

- I) $S > Q$ ✗
- II) $P \geq N$ ✓





Statement:

$$M > N \geq O = P \leq Q < R > S$$

Conclusion:

I. $M > P$ ✓

II. $O < R$ ✓





Statement:

$M \geq B \geq N = Z > X \leq R > S$

Conclusion:

I. $M > X$ ✓

II. $N > S$ ✗





In a Certain code **FATHER** is written as **40** , than find the code for **MOTHER** ?

एक निश्चित कोड में **FATHER** का कोड **40** लिखा गया है , **MOTHER** तो का कोड क्या होगा ?

$$\frac{34}{14}{48}$$

55

- (1) ~~50~~
- (2) 55 ✓
- (3) ~~60~~
- (4) ~~65~~
- (5) None of these

	F	A	T	H	E	R		M	O	T	H	E	R
	6	1	20	8	5	18		20	15	20	8	5	18
	36	1	400	64	25	324		169	225	400	64	25	324
	9	1	4	10	7	9		13	15	20	8	5	18
	9	1	4	10	7	9		16	17	21	10	7	9

Ren

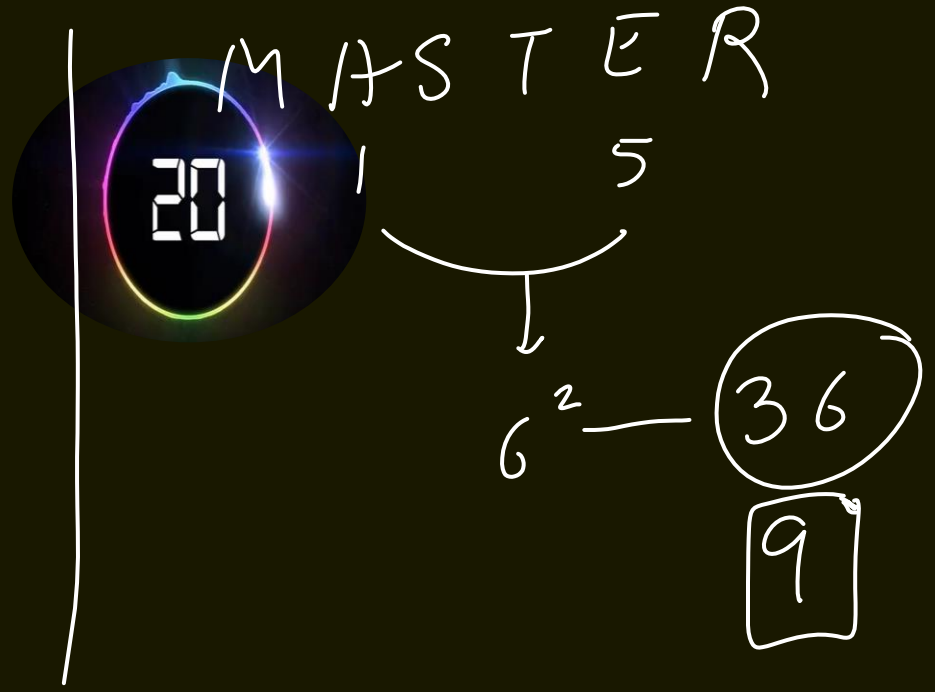
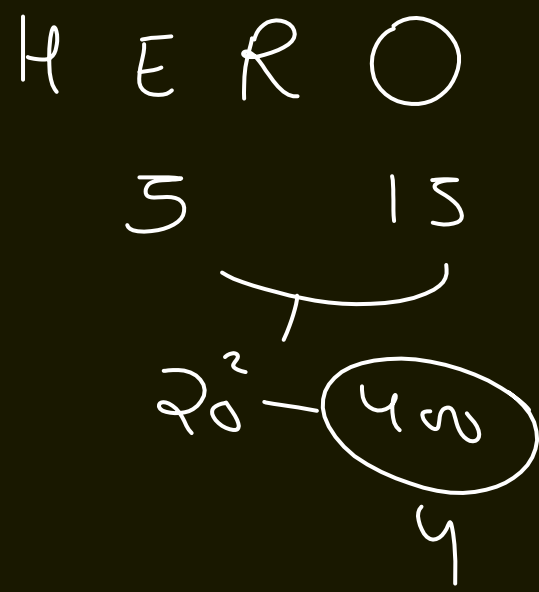


In a Certain code HERO is written as 04 , than find the code for MASTER ?

एक निश्चित कोड में HERO का कोड 04 लिखा गया है , MASTER तो का कोड क्या होगा ?

- (1) 04
- (2) 08
- (3) 05
- (4) 09
- (5) None of these

Vowel





'he is very fast' is coded as 'pa za kt pu

'this is computer' is coded as 'fp pu qs'

'machine is fast' is coded as 'pu kt tq'

'I like computer' is coded as 'fp sp el'



What would be the code of 'computer' ? / computer का कूट क्या होगा ?

1. el

2. pu

3. fp

4. kt

5. za



'he is very fast' is coded as 'pa za kt pu'

'this is computer' is coded as 'fp pu qs'

'machine is fast' is coded as 'pu kt tq'

'I like computer' is coded as 'fp sp el'



What is the code of 'machine' / 'machine' का कूट क्या है?

1. tq ✓
2. kt
3. pa
4. pu
5. Can not be determined.



Statement:

Only a few cups are buckets.

No bucket is a jug.

Conclusion:

I. Some cups are not bucket.

II. Some cups are not jug

कथन:

केवल कुछ कप बाल्टी हैं।

कोई बाल्टी जग नहीं है।

निष्कर्ष:

I. कुछ कप बाल्टी नहीं हैं।

II. कुछ कप जग नहीं हैं।





Statement:

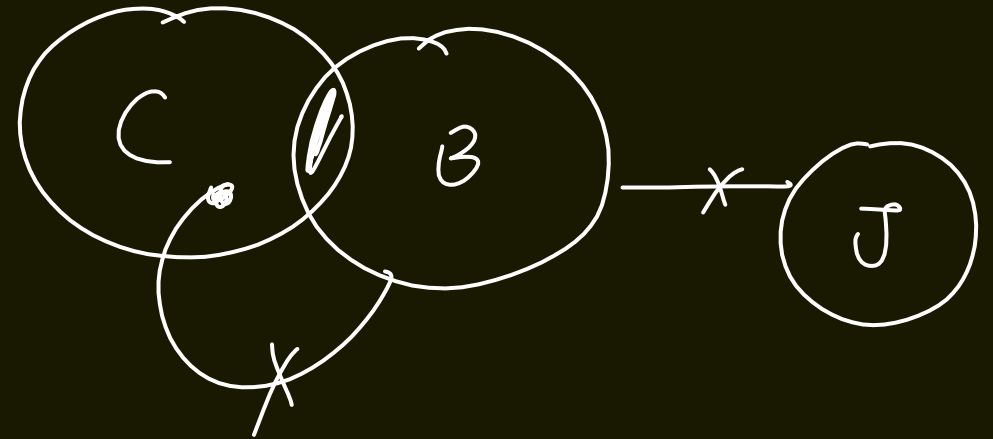
Only a few cups are buckets.

No bucket is a jug.

Conclusion:

I. Some cups are not bucket.

II. Some cups are not jug





Statement:

All numbers are natural.

Only a few numbers are prime.

Conclusion:

I. No prime is number.

II. Some prime are natural.

कथन:

सभी संख्याएँ प्राकृतिक हैं।

केवल कुछ संख्याएँ अभाज्य हैं।

निष्कर्ष:

I. कोई प्राइम नंबर नहीं है।

II. कुछ प्राइम नेचुरल हैं।





Statement:

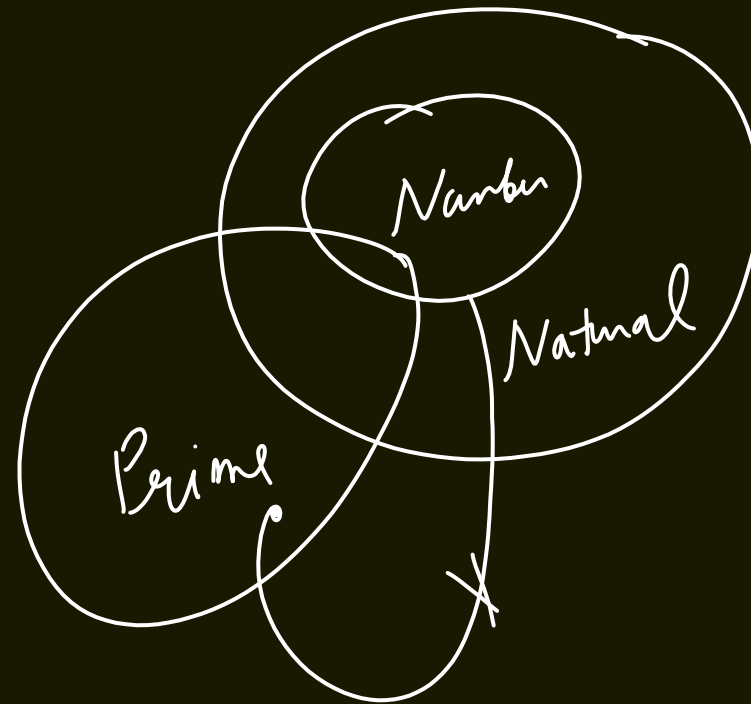
All numbers are natural.

Only a few numbers are prime.

Conclusion:

I. No prime is number. X

II. Some prime are natural. ✓





Statement:

Some vowels are words.

Only a few words are sentences.

Conclusion:

I. Some words are not sentences.

II. Some vowels are sentences.

कथन:

कुछ स्वर शब्द हैं।

केवल कुछ शब्द वाक्य हैं।

निष्कर्ष:

I. कुछ शब्द वाक्य नहीं हैं।

II. कुछ स्वर वाक्य हैं।





Statement:

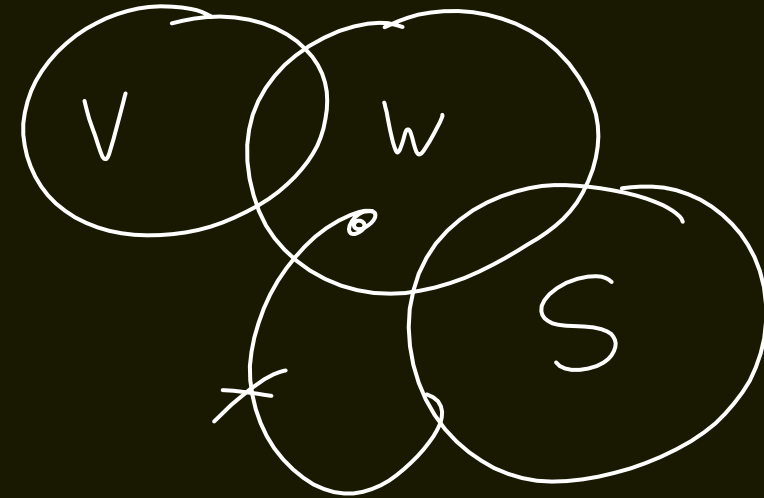
Some vowels are words.

Only a few words are sentences.

Conclusion:

I. Some words are not sentences. ✓

II. Some vowels are sentences. ✗





Statements:

- I. Some chairs are tables
- II. Only a few tables are bed
- III. No bed is furniture

Conclusions:

- I. Some chairs are bed
- II. Some furniture are tables

कथन:

- I. कुछ कुर्सियाँ टेबल हैं
- II. केवल कुछ टेबल बेड हैं
- III. कोई बेड फ़र्नीचर नहीं है

निष्कर्ष:

- I. कुछ चेयर बेड हैं
- II. कुछ फर्नीचर टेबल हैं



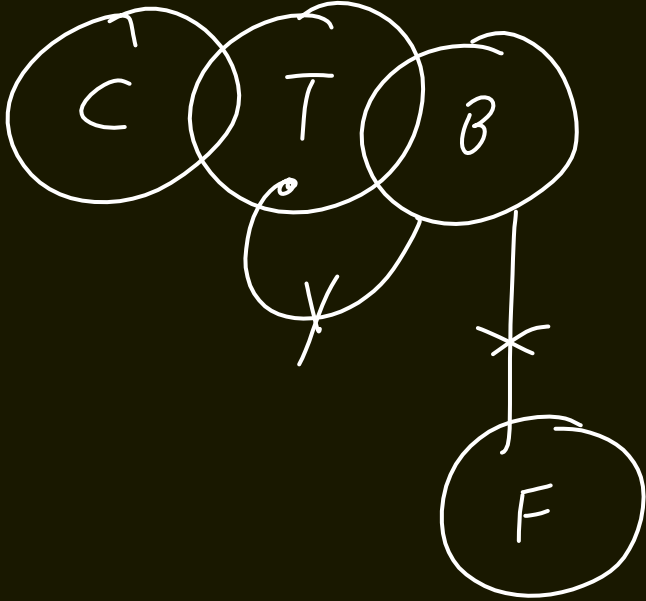
Statements:

- I. Some chairs are tables
- II. Only a few tables are bed
- III. No bed is furniture

Conclusions:

- I. Some chairs are bed
- II. Some furniture are tables

X
X





Statements:

- I. Some mobiles are calculators
- II. Some calculators are pens
- III. Only a few pens are scales

Conclusions:

- I. Some mobiles being pens is a possibility
- II. Some pens are not scales

कथन:

- I. कुछ मोबाइल कैलकुलेटर हैं
- II. कुछ कैलकुलेटर पेन हैं
- III. केवल कुछ पेन स्केल हैं

निष्कर्ष:

- I. कुछ मोबाइल के पेन होने की संभावना है
- II. कुछ पेन स्केल नहीं हैं



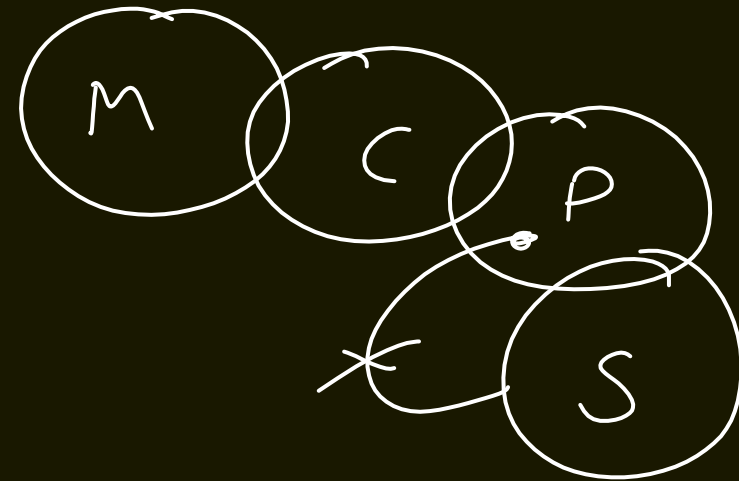


Statements:

- I. Some mobiles are calculators
- II. Some calculators are pens
- III. Only a few pens are scales

Conclusions:

- I. Some mobiles being pens is a possibility ✓
- II. Some pens are not scales ✓



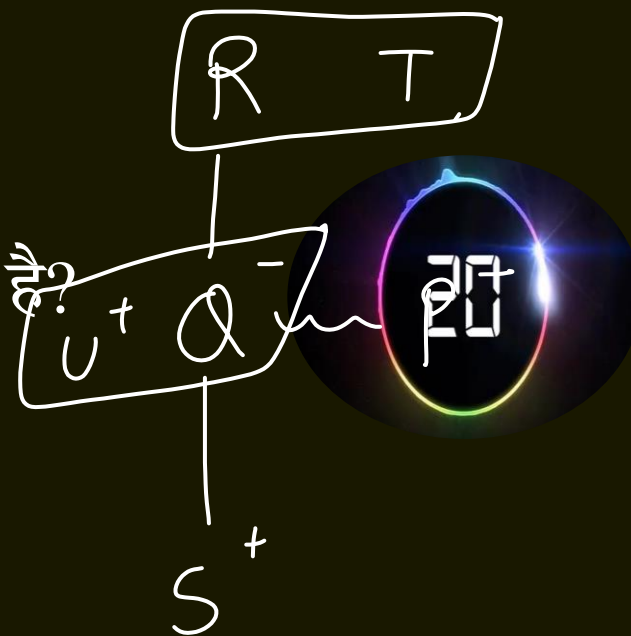


There are 6 members of a family in a gathering – P, Q, R, S, T and U. S is the son of Q. Q is the daughter of R. P is the daughter of T. P and Q are siblings. U is the father of S.

एक परिवार में 6 सदस्य हैं - P, Q, R, S, T और U. S, Q का पुत्र है। Q, R की पुत्री है। P, T की पुत्री है। P और Q भाई-बहन हैं। U, S का पिता है।

How is S related to T? / S, T से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?

1. Son
2. Grandson
3. Grand daughter
4. Grand father
5. Can not be determined





There are 6 members of a family in a gathering – P, Q, R, S, T and U. S is the son of Q. Q is the daughter of R. P is the daughter of T. P and Q are siblings. U is the father of S.

एक परिवार में 6 सदस्य हैं - P, Q, R, S, T और U | S, Q का पुत्र है। Q, R की पुत्री है। P, T की पुत्री है। P और Q भाई-बहन हैं। U, S का पिता है।



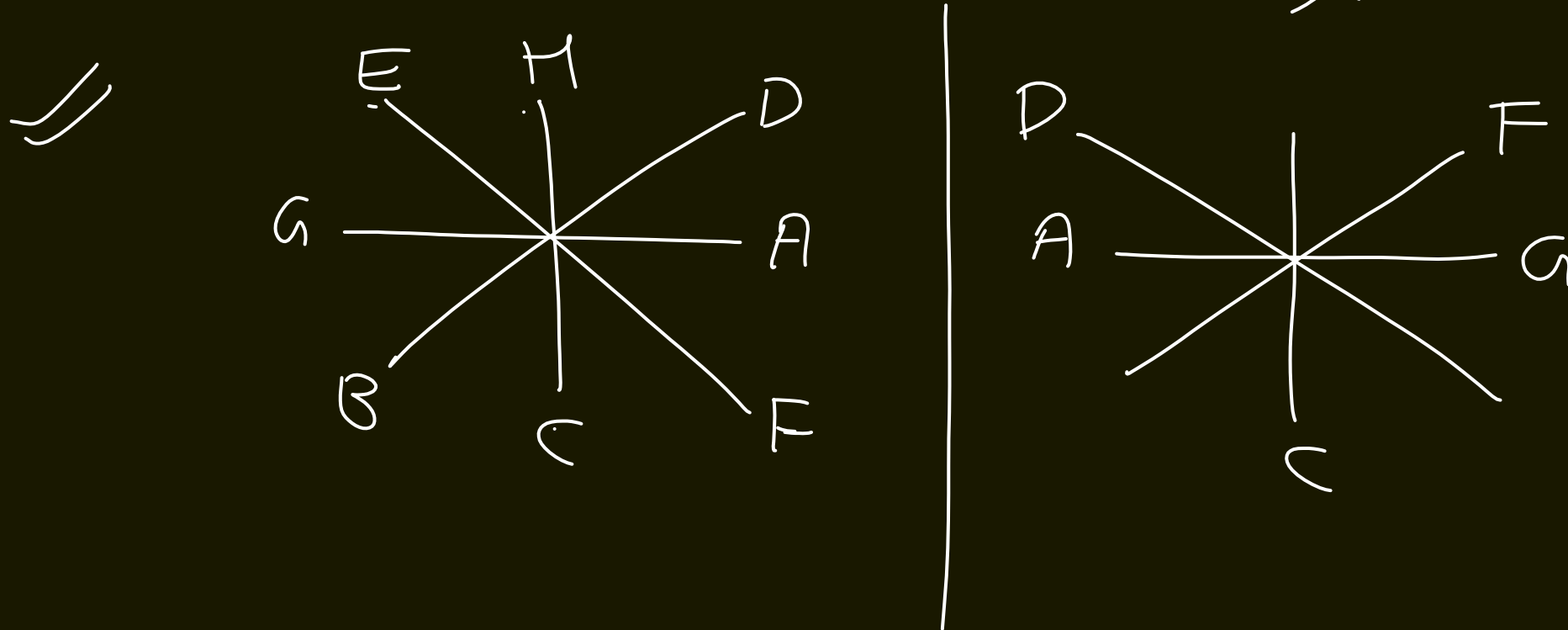


Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G, and H are sitting around a circle. All of them are facing the center but not necessarily in the same order. Two people sit between C and D. Three people sit between G and A. D is second to the right of F. Two people sit between H and B. G is not an immediate neighbor of D. H is an immediate neighbor of E.

आठ व्यक्ति A, B, C, D, E, F, G और H एक वृत्त के चारों ओर बैठे हैं। उन सभी का मुख केंद्र की ओर है लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं इसी क्रम में हो। C और D के मध्य दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। G और A के बीच तीन व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। D, F के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। H और B के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। G, D का निकटतम पड़ोसी नहीं है। H, E का निकटतम पड़ोसी है।



Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G, and H are sitting around a circle. All of them are facing the center but not necessarily in the same order. Two people sit between C and D. Three people sit between G and A. D is second to the right of F. Two people sit between H and B. G is not an immediate neighbor of D. H is an immediate neighbor of E.



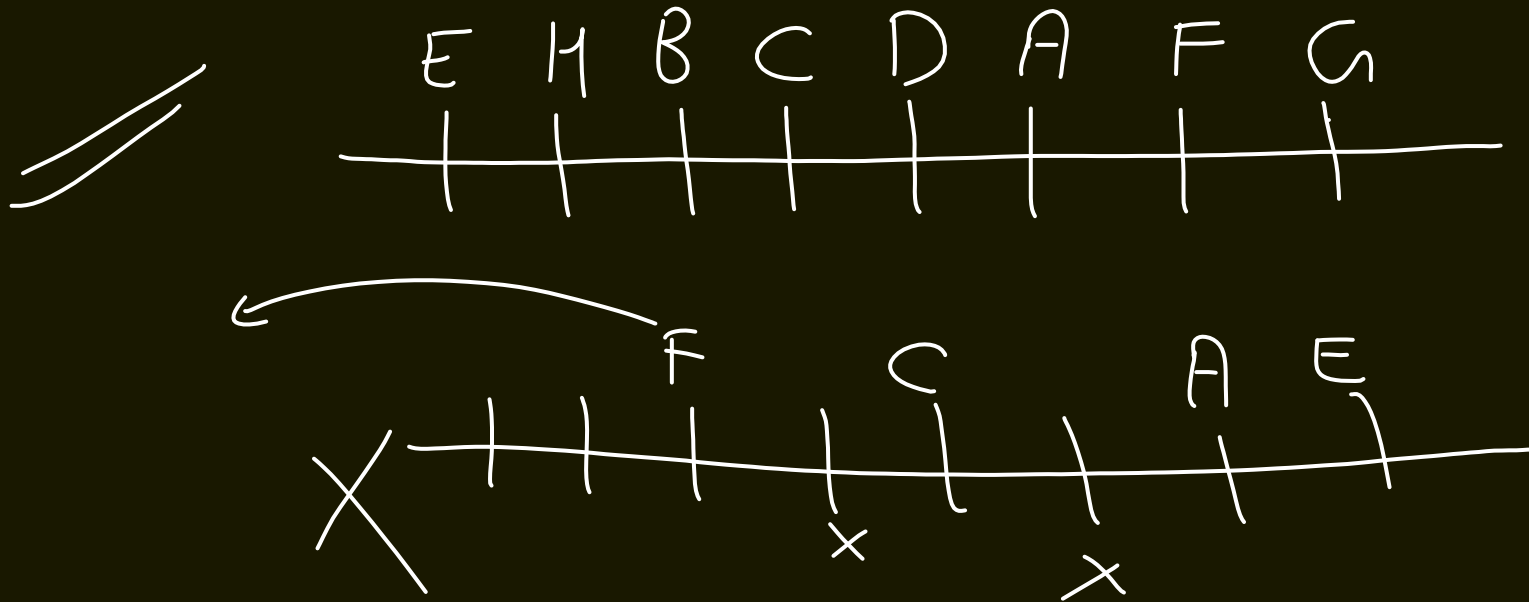


Eight friends A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting in a row with equal distances between each other, but not necessarily in the same order. All of them are facing north direction. Two people sit between E and C. E sits at one of the extreme ends. A sits second to the right of C. B sits fourth to the left of F. F is not an immediate neighbor of C. H sits third to the left of D. D does not sit at extreme ends.

आठ मित्र A, B, C, D, E, F, G और H एक पंक्ति में एक दूसरे के बीच समान दूरी के साथ बैठे हैं, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। उन सभी का मुख उत्तर दिशा की ओर है। E और C के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। E किसी एक अंतिम छोर पर बैठा है। A, C के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। B, F के बायें से चौथे स्थान पर बैठा है। F, C का निकटतम पड़ोसी नहीं है। H, D के बायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। D अंतिम छोर पर नहीं बैठा है।



Eight friends A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting in a row with equal distances between each other, but not necessarily in the same order. All of them are facing north direction. (Two people sit between E and C. E sits at one of the extreme ends. A sits second to the right of C. B sits fourth to the left of F. F is not an immediate neighbor of C. H sits third to the left of D. D does not sit at extreme ends.)





Eight persons - A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H live in a building of 4 floors and 2 flats - Flat 1 and Flat 2. Flat 1 is to the west of Flat 2 and Flat 1 of Floor 1 is immediately below Flat 1 of Floor 2 and Flat 2 of Floor 1 is immediately below Flat 2 of Floor 2 and so on. There are two floors between B and C. B lives above C and they live in different flats. A lives west of D but on the odd number of floor. F lives immediately above C. No person lives west of G who lives on the fourth floor. H does not live on floor number one.

आठ व्यक्ति - A, B, C, D, E, F, G और H 4 मंजिलों और 2 फ्लैटों की एक इमारत में रहते हैं - फ्लैट 1 फ्लैट 2 के पश्चिम में है और मंजिल 1 का फ्लैट 1 मंजिल 2 के फ्लैट 1 के ठीक नीचे है और तल 1 का फ्लैट 2, तल 2 के फ्लैट 2 के ठीक नीचे है और इसी तरह आगे भी। B और C के मध्य दो तल हैं। B, C के ऊपर रहता है और वे विभिन्न फ्लैटों में रहते हैं। A, D के पश्चिम में रहता है लेकिन विषम संख्या में मंजिल पर रहता है। F, C के ठीक ऊपर रहता है। कोई भी व्यक्ति G के पश्चिम में नहीं रहता है जो चौथी मंजिल पर रहता है। H मंजिल नंबर एक पर नहीं रहता है।



Eight persons - A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H live in a building of 4 floors and 2 flats - Flat 1 and Flat 2. Flat 1 is to the west of Flat 2 and Flat 1 of Floor 1 is immediately below Flat 1 of Floor 2 and Flat 2 of Floor 1 is immediately below Flat 2 of Floor 2 and so on.

There are two floors between B and C. B lives above C and they live in different flats. A lives west of D but on the odd number of floor. F lives immediately above C. No person lives west of G who lives on the fourth floor. H does not live on floor number one.

	F ₁	F ₂
4	B	
3	A	D
2		
1		C

	F ₁	F ₂
4	G	B
3	A	D
2	F/H	F/H
1	C	E



Eight people A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H buy different items but not necessarily in the same order. Three-person buys items between A and D. Two persons buy items between B and A. A buys item immediately before G and immediately after C. Two people buy item between H and C. A buys an item after B. F buys an item before E. Neither F nor E buys items first or last.

आठ व्यक्ति A, B, C, D, E, F, G और H अलग-अलग वस्तुएँ खरीदते हैं लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं इसी क्रम में हों। तीन व्यक्ति A और D के बीच आइटम खरीदते हैं। दो व्यक्ति B और A के बीच आइटम खरीदते हैं। A, G से ठीक पहले और C के ठीक बाद आइटम खरीदता है। दो लोग H और C के बीच आइटम खरीदते हैं। A, B के बाद एक आइटम खरीदता है। F, E के पहले एक आइटम खरीदता है। न तो F और न ही E पहले या आखिरी आइटम खरीदता है।



Eight people A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H buy different items but not necessarily in the same order. Three-person buys items between A and D. Two persons buy items between B and A. A buys item immediately before G and immediately after C. Two people buy item between H and C. A buys an item after B. F buys an item before E. Neither F nor E buys items first or last.

B F C A G H E D

~~X~~
D B C A G H



Eight persons - A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H were born in different months of January to August of the same year but not necessarily in the same order. Not more than one person is born in a month. G was born in a month that has 31 days but not in the month of May. There is a gap of one month between G and A. A born somewhere after G. B was born in the month which has the least number of days. E was born immediately after C. Number of persons born before E is one more than the number of person born after E. F born before D. There is a gap of two months between A and H.

आठ व्यक्ति - A, B, C, D, E, F, G और H एक ही वर्ष के जनवरी से अगस्त के विभिन्न महीनों में पैदा हुए थे लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। एक महीने में एक से अधिक व्यक्ति का जन्म नहीं होता है। G का जन्म उस महीने में हुआ था जिसमें 31 दिन होते हैं लेकिन मई के महीने में नहीं। G और A के बीच एक महीने का अंतर है। A, G के बाद कहीं पैदा हुआ है। B उस महीने में पैदा हुआ है, जिसमें दिनों की संख्या सबसे कम है। E, C के ठीक बाद पैदा हुआ था। E से पहले पैदा हुए व्यक्तियों की संख्या E के बाद पैदा हुए व्यक्तियों की संख्या से एक अधिक है। F का जन्म D से पहले हुआ है। A और H के बीच दो महीने का अंतर है।



Eight persons - A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H were born in different months of January to August of the same year but not necessarily in the same order. **Not more than one person is born in a month. G was born in a month that has 31 days but not in the month of May. There is a gap of one month between G and A. A born somewhere after G. B was born in the month which has the least number of days. E was born immediately after C. Number of persons born before E is one more than the number of person born after E. F born before D. There is a gap of two months between A and H.**

M W.

Commut Box

Daily 9:00 AM