



581 CLERK 2022



REASONING



11:30 AM

BY SHIPRA MAHENDRAS



UPCOMING ONLINE BATCHES

April 2022

06 April 2022

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM **BANK ONLINE LIVE CLASS**

05:30 PM to 07:30 PM

SSC ONLINE LIVE CLASS

07:30 PM to 09:30 PM **RBI ONLINE LIVE CLASS**

BILINGUAL

13 April 2022

01:00 PM to 03:00 PM **BANK ONLINE LIVE CLASS**

03:00 PM to 05:00 PM

SSC ONLINE LIVE CLASS

11:30 AM to 01:30 PM

BANK ONLINE LIVE CLASS (English & Bengali)

07:30 PM to 09:30 PM

BANK ONLINE LIVE CLASS (English & Odia)

BILINGUAL

05:30 PM to 06:30 PM

CCC ONLINE LIVE CLASS (NIELIT COMPUTER COURSE)

BILINGUAL

20 April 2022

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM **BANK ONLINE LIVE CLASS**

07:30 PM to 09:30 PM

SSC ONLINE LIVE CLASS

04:15 PM to 06:15 PM

SSC ONLINE LIVE CLASS

(English & Bengali)

01:00 PM to 03:00 PM

SSC ONLINE LIVE CLASS (English & Odia)

BILINGUAL

10:30 AM to 11:30 AM

ENGLISH SPEAKING COURSE 2022 (ENGLISH SPEAKING COURSE)

BILINGUAL

27 April 2022

07:30 PM to 09:30 PM **BANK ONLINE LIVE CLASS**

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM

SSC ONLINE LIVE CLASS

BILINGUAL











Nabanita De 11 hours ago

H.W-1.Aunt.2.OptionA.3.OptionA.Thank you ma'am



 ∇ REPLY

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debasish chakraborty 21 hours ago

Homework:

- 1. Aunt
- 2. Both A and B
- 3. Sister In Law...

Read more

REPLY

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shubhangi mishra 14 hours ago

H w ans . 1 aunt

Ans .2 option a

Ans .3 option a

Thank you ma'am

REPLY

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There are six members A, B, C, D, E and F in a family which consists of only one married couple and three generations. Each member has different number of coins among 4, 8, 11, 13, 16 and 19. Person with 4 coins is the paternal uncle of D. The only sister of D has two coins more than the son of C. The sibling of the person with 13 coins has one daughter. C is a female member. No female has 8 coins. Person with 16 coins is elder than F, who has 19 coins such that both are not in same generation. Neither A nor E is married to C. E is younger than A such that both are not in same generation. एक परिवार में छह सदस्य A, B, C, D, E और F हैं, जिसमें केवल एक विवाहित जोड़ा और तीन पीढ़ियां हैं। प्रत्येक सदस्य के पास 4, 8, 11, 13, 16 और 19 में सिक्कों की अलग-अलग संख्या है। 4 सिक्कों वाला व्यक्ति D का चाचा है। D की इकलौती बहन के पास C के पुत्र से दो सिक्के अधिक हैं। 13 सिक्कों वाले व्यक्ति की एक बेटी है। C एक महिला सदस्य है। किसी भी महिला के पास 8 सिक्के नहीं हैं। 16 सिक्कों वाला व्यक्ति F से बड़ा है, जिसके पास 19 सिक्के इस प्रकार हैं कि दोनों एक ही पीढ़ी में नहीं हैं। न तो A और न ही E, C से विवाहित है। E, A से छोटा है, जैसे कि दोनों एक ही

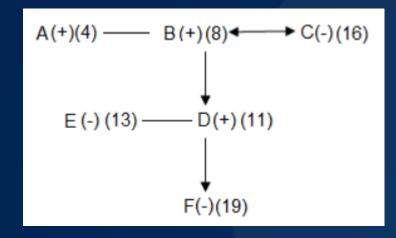








How is E related to F? a. Father b. Aunt c. Grand father d. Brother e. None of these.



Who among the following doesn't have more than 13 coins? I. B II. A III. C a. Both I and II b. Only II c. Both II and III d. Only III e. Both I and III

The person with 16 coins is the ____ of person with lowest number of coins. a. Sister-in-law b. Sister c. Son d. Niece e. None of these.





S#T - S is the son of T.

S@T-T is the child of S.

ST - S is elder than T.

S*T–S is the husband of T.

SOT - S is the parent of T.

S&T-T is the daughter-in-law of S.

S%T-S is the wife of T.



If C % D © E * A © B and the age of C is 70 years, then what could be the age of E?

- a) 77 years
- b) 75 years
- c) 40 years
- d) 80 years
- e) 72 years





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S%T-S is the wife of T.



If X * Y © Z \$ U # M and X#R@M, then how X

is related to U?

- a) Grandfather
- b) Uncle
- c) Aunty
- d) Sister
- e) None of these





X@Y-X is the child of Y.

X%Y-X is elder to Y

X&Y-X is younger to Y

X\$Y-X is brother of Y

X*Y-X is wife of Y

X#Y- X is sister-in-law of Y

X!Y- X is son in law of Y.

X^Y-X is not the sibling of Y



X*F\$D&Q\$F; E@X; F% D*C!B; W#D; A*K@W C^W





- a) 44 years
- b) 43 years c) 47 years
- d) 39years
- e) None of these



- a) Uncle
- b) Grandmother
- c) sister-in-law

- d) Aunt
- e) None of these

How C is related to F?

- a) Bother in law
- b) Sister in law
- c) Brother

- d) Uncle
- e) cannot be determined





 $A \times B$ means B is mother of A

A - B means B is brother of A

A + B means B is sister of A

 $A \div B$ means B is father of A



If the expression $M \times N + R \div T$ is true, then which of the following is true?

- a) M is son of R
- b) N is aunt of T
- c) M is granddaughter of T
- d) T is father of N
- e) None of these





 $A \times B$ means B is mother of A

A - B means B is brother of A

A + B means B is sister of A

 $A \div B$ means B is father of A



a)
$$Y \div Q - T + R$$

b)
$$T \div Q - Y - R$$

c)
$$T \times M - R + Q$$

d)
$$T + M \div Y + Q$$

e) None of these

Which of the following means 'Q' is brother of 'T'?





 $A \times B$ means B is mother of A

A - B means B is brother of A

A + B means B is sister of A

 $A \div B$ means B is father of A



If the expression $M - Q - D \div F + C$, then which of the following is true?

- a) C is daughter of F
- b) F is niece of C
- c) C is sister of F
- d) D is father of M
- e) None of these





PUZZLE





P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, और W एक ही महीने में 9वीं, 12वीं, 15वीं, 17वीं, 21वीं, 24वीं, 27वीं और 29 तारीख के बीच अलग-अलग तारीखों पर यात्रा पर जाते हैं लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि उसी महीने में हों। गण। Q, V से तीन दिन पहले यात्रा पर जाता है। केवल तीन व्यक्ति V और W के बीच यात्रा पर जाते हैं। P, R के कम से कम छह दिन बाद जाता है। केवल दो व्यक्ति । और S के बीच यात्रा पर जाते हैं। S एक सम पर नहीं जाता है क्रमांकित तिथि। P, T से पहले की किसी एक तारीख और W के बाद की किसी एक तारीख की यात्रा पर जाता है। अधिकतम एक व्यक्ति जो S और U के बीच यात्रा पर जाता है। R, U के आसन्न यात्रा पर नहीं जाता है।

P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, and W go for a trip on different dates among 9th, 12th, 15th, 17th, 21st, 24th, 27th, and 29th in the same month but not necessarily in the same order. Q goes for a trip three days before V. Only threeperson go for a trip between V and W. P goes at least six days after R. Only two persons go for the trip between T and S. S. doesn't go on an even numbered date. P goes for a trip one of the dates before T and one of the dates after W. At most one person who goes for a trip between S and U. R doesn't go for a trip adjacent to U.





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Date	Person	
9 th	R	
12 th	W	
15 th	Р	
17 th	Т	
21 st	Q	
24 th	V	
27th	S	
29th	U	

Which among the following person goes for a trip just before W? A. The one who goes five days before T B. The one who goes three days after Q C. The one who goes just after U D. R E. S

After how many days V goes for a trip with respect to T? A. Three B. Four C. Five D. Six E. Seven

Four of the following five are related in a certain way and hence form a group. Find the one which doesn't belong to that group?

A. P-15th

B. S-27th

C. U-29th

D. T-17th

E. V-12th







Date	Person	
9 th	R	
12 th	W	
15 th	Р	
17 th	Т	
21st	Q	
24 th	V	
27th	S	
29th	U	

How many persons go for a trip between Q and S?

- A. As many persons go for a trip after S
- B. As many persons go for a trip between W and R
- C. As many persons go for a trip between T and U
- D. As many persons go for a trip before P
- E. None of these

Number of persons who goes on a trip between V and W is the same as going before ?

- A. The one who goes just after S
- B. The one who goes just before Q
- C. The one who goes seven days after T
- D. The one who goes Four days before U
- E. None of these





सात अलग-अलग ऐप जैसे स्विगी, जस्ट ईट, डोर डैश, डेलीवरू, डोमिनोज, ज़ोमैटो और उबर ईट्स सोमवार से शुरू होने वाले एक ही सप्ताह के सात अलग-अलग दिनों में खाना डिलीवर करते हैं, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। उबर ईट्स की डिलीवरी जोमेटो से तीन दिन पहले होती है। गुरुवार को न तो Zomato और न ही Uber ईटस डिलीवर करता है। Zomato से पहले डिलीवर होने वाले ऐप्स की संख्या Swiggy के बाद डिलीवर होने वाले ऐप्स की संख्या के बराबर है। स्विगी और डोर डैश के बीच केवल दो ऐप डिलीवर होते हैं। डोर डैश के बाद किसी एक दिन बस डिलीवर करें। डोमिनोज़ डिलीवरू से एक दिन पहले डिलीवर करता है। डोमिनोज के तुरंत बाद Uber ईट्स की डिलीवरी नहीं हुई।

Seven different apps namely Swiggy, Just eat, Door dash, Deliveroo, Domino's, Zomato, and Uber eats delivers food on seven different days of the same week starting from Monday, but not necessarily in the same order. Uber eats delivers three days before Zomato. Neither Zomato nor Uber eats delivers on Thursday. The numbers of apps delivering before Zomato is the same as the number of apps delivering after Swiggy. Only two apps deliver between Swiggy and Door dash. Just eat delivers on one of the days after Door dash. Domino's delivers on one of the days before Deliveroo. Uber eats was not delivered immediately after Domino's.







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Day	App	
Mon	Dominos	
Tue	Swiggy	
Wed	Uber eats	
Thur	Deliveroo	
Fri	Doordash	
Sat	Zomato	
Sun	Just eat	

Which of the following app delivers immediately before Swiggy? a) Domino's b) Uber eats c) None d) Deliveroo e) Just eat

and _____ apps deliver adjacent to Zomato. a) Deliveroo and Door dash b) Swiggy and Deliveroo c) Just eat and Door dash d) Door dash and Swiggy e) Deliveroo and Just eat

How many apps deliver between Uber eats and Deliveroo? a) One b) Three c) Two d) Four e) None

app delivers on the last day of the week. a) Deliveroo b) Just eat c) Door dash d) Swiggy e) Domino's

The number of apps delivering between Domino's and Door dash is the same as before _____. a) Deliveroo b) Zomato c) Just eat d) Uber eats e) Swiggy





सात व्यक्ति अर्थात। अभय, बॉब, चेरी, डायना, ईवा, फैजल और गीत, एक ही सप्ताह के रविवार से शनिवार तक सात दिनों में संगीत की कक्षा में भाग लेते हैं, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। अभय ब्धवार से पहले कक्षा में जाता है, लेकिन रविवार को उपस्थित नहीं होता है। अभय और चेरी के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति कक्षा में भाग लेता है, जो रविवार को कक्षा में शामिल नहीं होता है। डायना से पहले कक्षा में उपस्थित होने वाले व्यक्तियों की संख्या गीत के बाद की संख्या के समान है। बॉब फैजल से ठीक पहले और ईवा के तूरंत बाद कक्षा में जाता है। डायना और ईवा के बीच कक्षा में भाग लेने वाले व्यक्तियों की संख्या डायना और बॉब के बीच की संख्या से एक कम है। डायना के बाद फैजल क्लास अटेंड करता है।

Seven persons viz. Abhay, Bob, Cherry, Diana, Eva, Faizal and Geet, attend music class in seven days from Sunday to Saturday of the same week, but not necessarily in the same order. Abhay attends the class before Wednesday, but doesn't attend on Sunday. Only one person attends the class between Abhay and Cherry, who doesn't attend the class on Sunday. The number of persons attending the class before Diana is the same as after Geet. Bob attends the class immediately before Faizal and after Eva. The number of persons attending the class between Diana and Eva is one less than between Diana and Bob. Faizal attends the class after Diana.





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	CASE I	
Days	Persons	
Sunday	Eva	
Monday	Abhay	
Tuesday	Diana	
Wednesday	Cherry	
Thursday	Geet	
Friday	Bob	
Saturday	Faizal	

Who among the following person attends the class on Sunday? A) Cherry B) Geet C) Eva D) Bob E) None of These

How many persons attend the class between Bob and Diana? A) Same as between Cherry and Faizal. B) Three C) Four D) Same as between Faizal and Eva E) None of These

The number of persons attending the class before Cherry is one more than the number of persons attending the class after ____. A) Eva B) Diana C) Geet D) Faizal E) Bob







	CASE I
Days	Persons
Sunday	Eva
Monday	Abhay
Tuesday	Diana
Wednesday	Cherry
Thursday	Geet
Friday	Bob
Saturday	Faizal

Who among the following person attends the class immediately before Cherry?

A) The one who attends on Sunday B) Geet C) Bob D) The one who attends on Tuesday E) Faizal

Which of the following statement is true with respect to the final arrangement?

- A) Geet attends the class on Monday
- B) Cherry attends the class immediately after Faizal
- C) Faizal attends the class on Thursday
- D) Abhay attends the class before Eva
- E) Only one person attends the class between Bob and Cherry



छह व्यक्ति- A, B, C, D, E और F सोमवार से शनिवार तक सप्ताह के विभिन्न दिनों में पोशाक खरीदते हैं। उन्होंने अलग-अलग रंग के कपड़े खरीदे- लाल, हरा, नारंगी, नीला, गुलाबी और पीला। जरूरी नहीं कि सभी जानकारी इसी क्रम में हों। F ने नीले रंग की पोशाक खरीदने वाले व्यक्ति से तीन दिन पहले खरीदारी की। F से पहले खरीदे गए व्यक्तियों की संख्या, C के बाद खरीदे गए व्यक्तियों की संख्या के समान है। गुलाबी रंग की पोशाक खरीदने वाले और C के बीच केवल एक दिन का समय है। हरे रंग की पोशाक खरीदने वाले व्यक्ति के ठीक पहले खरीदे गए व्यक्ति को खरीदा जाता है। नारंगी रंग की पोशाक खरीदी। C नारंगी रंग की पोशाक नहीं खरीदता है। A ने पीले रंग की पोशाक खरीदने वाले व्यक्ति के ठीक पहले खरीदा। न तो D और न ही E ने लाल रंग की पोशाक खरीदी। D ने E से पहले खरीदा लेकिन B से पहले नहीं।

Six persons- A, B, C, D, E, and F are bought the dress on different days of the week starting from Monday to Saturday. They bought different color dresses- Red, Green, Orange, Blue, Pink, and Yellow. All the information is not necessarily in the same order. F bought on three days before the one who bought the Blue color dress. The number of persons bought before F is the same as the number of persons bought after C. Only one day is there between the one who bought Pink color dress and C. The one who bought a Green color dress is bought immediately before the one who bought orange color dress. C does not buy the orange color dress. A bought immediately before the one who bought a yellow color dress. Neither D nor E bought red color dress. D bought before E but not before B.





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	Person	Color
Monday	В	Red
Tuesday	Α	Pink
Wednesday	F	Yellow
Thursday	С	Green
Friday	D	Orange
Saturday	E	Blue

Who among the following person bought an Orange color dress? a) The one who bought immediately before E b) The one who bought immediately after B c) F d) C e) B

Four of the following five are alike in a certain way. Who among the following one does not belong to the group? a) Tuesday-B b) Wednesday-A c) Thursday-F d) Saturday-D e) **Monday-E**

How many persons bought the dress between B and the one who bought the Green color dress? a) As many persons bought the dress between A and E b) Two c) One d) As many persons bought the dress before D e) None

On which of the following color does F buy? a) Orange b) Green c) Yellow d) Blue e) Pink

