

IBPS CLERK/PO 2021



MOCK

DISCUSSION



UPCOMING ONLINE BATCHES

October 2021

06 Oct 2021

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD (BANK-PO & CLERK)

01:00 PM to 03:00 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD

(BANK-PO & CLERK)

03:00 PM to 05:00 PM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD

(SSC CGL & CHSL)

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

LIVE CLASS NIELIT CARD

BILINGUAL

13 Oct 2021

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD (BANK-PO & CLERK)

05:30 PM to 07:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD

(BANK-PO & CLERK)

97:30 PM to 09:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD

(SSC CGL & CHSL)

BILINGUAL

20 Oct 2021

03:00 PM to 05:00 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD

(BANK-PO & CLERK)

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD

(SSC CGL & CHSL)

01:00 PM to 03:00 PM

LIVE CLASS CTET CARD (CTET)

BILINGUAL

27 Oct 2021

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD

(BANK-PO & CLERK)

07:30 PM to 09:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD

(BANK-PO & CLERK)

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD

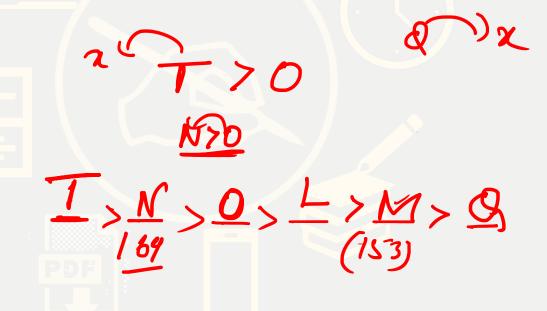
(SSC CGL & CHSL)

BILINGUAL



www.mahendras.org

Six students- L, N, M, O, T, and Q are of different heights. T is taller than O. N is just taller than O. Two students are only shorter than L. Number of persons taller than T is same as the number of persons shorter than Q. Heights of N and M are 169cm and 153 cm respectively. छह छात्र- L, N, M, O, T, और Q अलग-अलग ऊंचाई के हैं। T, O से लंबा है। N, O से केवल लंबा है। दो छात्र L से केवल छोटे हैं। T से लम्बे व्यक्तियों की संख्या Q से छोटे व्यक्तियों की संख्या के समान है। N और M की ऊँचाई क्रमशः 169 सेमी और 153 सेमी है।



How many persons are taller than O?

A. 1

C.3

D.4

E.None





If the sum of the heights of O and N is 333cm, then what may be the height of L?

- **A**.156 cm
- **B**.160 cm
- **C**.162 cm
- **D**.159 cm

E.All of the above

- 169 164

What may be the height of T?

1)170 cm

II)180 cm

III)168 cm

A.Only I

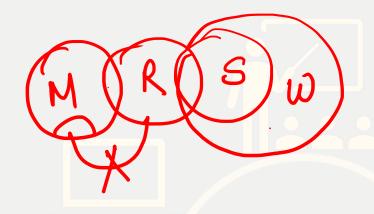
B.Only II

♣C.Either I or II

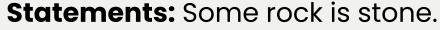
D.All I, II and III

E.None of these









All stone is wood.

Only few Marble are rock.

Conclusions:

Some rock is wood.

X. Some wood is marble.

MNO marble is stone.

(a) Only II is true

Only I is true

(c) Only III is true

(d) Both I and III is true

(e) None of these





Statements: All mountain are hill.

Only few mountain is desert.

No beach is mountain.

Conclusions:

Some beach is hill is a possibility.

All hill is desert is a possibility.

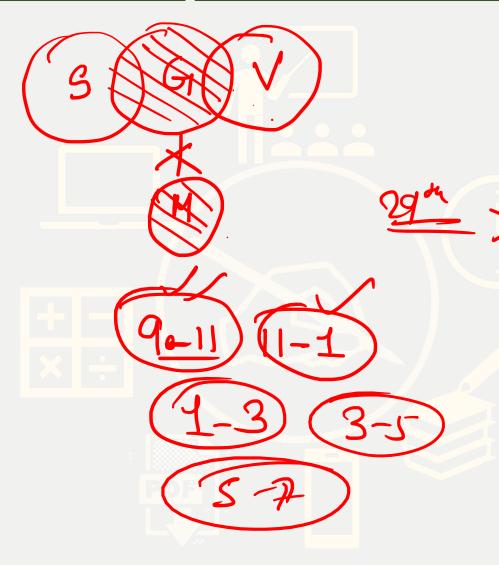
No desert is hill.

- (a) Only I is true
- (b) Both I and II is true
- (c) Only II is true
- (d) Both II and III is true
- (e) None of these









Statements: Some silver is gold.

Some gold is violet.

No metal is gold.

Conclusions:

Y. No violet is metal.

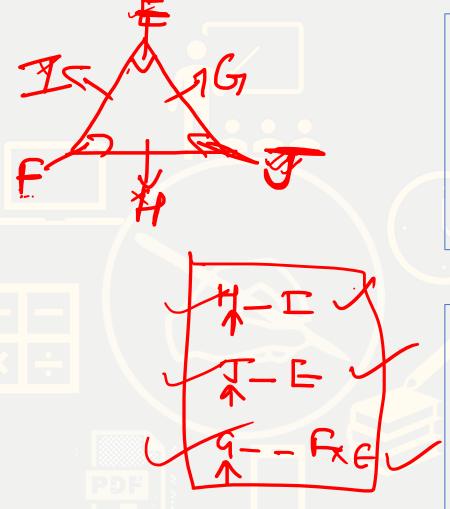
Ju-Some silver is not metal.

KSome violet is not silver.

- (a) Both I and II is true
- (b) Only I is true
- (c) Only II is true
- (d) Only III is true
- (e) None true



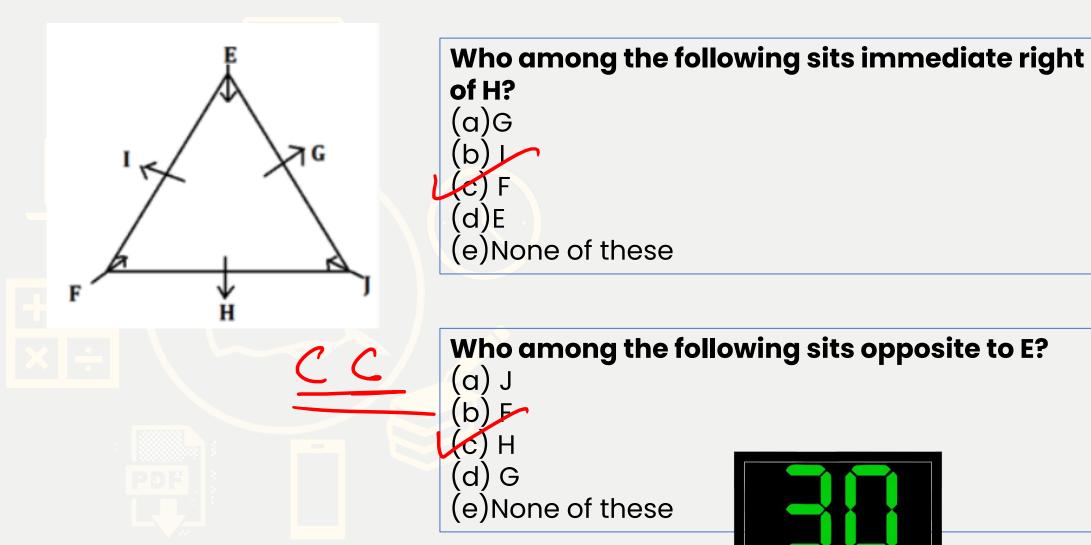




Six persons are sitting around a triangular table, three persons are sitting corners and facing inside while three persons are sitting at three sides facing outside. I sits second to the right of H. E sits second to the right of J. F sits third to the right of G. F is not an immediate neighbour of E. F faces inside.

छह व्यक्ति एक त्रिभुजाकार मेज के चारों ओर बैठे हैं, तीन व्यक्ति कोने में बैठे हैं और अंदर की ओर उन्मुख हैं जबिक तीन व्यक्ति तीन भुजाओं पर बाहर की ओर उन्मुख होकर बैठे हैं। I, H के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। E, J के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। F, G के दायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। F, E का निकटतम पडोसी नहीं है। F का मुख अंदर की ओर है।







Input: 30 update 56 record 27 economic 23 trending 20 power 15 approval.

Step II 20 30 update 56 record economic 23 trending power 15 approval 27.

Step III: power 20 30 56 record economic 23 trending 15 approval 27 apdate.

Step III: 30 power 20 56 record economic trending 15 approval 27 update 23.

Step IV: record 30 power 20 56 trending 15 approval 27 update 23 economic.

Step V: 56 record 30 power 20 trending approval 27 update 23 economic 15.

Step VI: trending 56 record 30 power 20 27 update 23 economic 15 approval.

Step VI is the last step of the above arrangement

Number-left even no. - Ascending Words left comonants - Ascending Right vovels - clercending (Input: (48 opinion 66 gallery 89 injury 77 monsoon 22 decide 35 eclipse.)

48 Opinion 66 Gallery 89 Trijury 77 Mon 22 decide 35-eclipse

10. - 3 sleps - 6 steps

Words - 3 sleps



Input: 48 opinion 66 gallery 89 injury 77 monsoon 22 decide 35 eclipse.

Step I: 22 48 opinion 66 gallery injury 77monsoon decide 35 eclipse 89.

Step II: decide 22 48 66 gallery injury 77 monsoon 35 eclipse 89 opinion.

Step III: 48 decide 22 66 gallery injury monsoon 35 eclipse 89 opinion 77.

Step IV: gallery 48 decide 22 66 monsoon 35 eclipse 89 opinion 77 injury.

Step V: 66 gallery 48 decide 22 monsoon eclipse 89 opinion 77 injury 35.

Step VI: monsoon 66 gallery 48 decide 22 89 opinion 77 injury 35 eclipse.

Which of the following element is 3rd to the right of the of the 5th from the left end in step III?

- (a)eclipse
- (b)35
- (c)89
- (d)decide
- (e)None of these

5+3 =84

What is the position of the word 'monsoon' in step IV?

- (a) 3rd from right
- (b)4th from right
- (c)5th from left
- 6th from left
- (e)None of these









Input: 48 opinion 66 gallery 89 injury 77 monsoon 22 decide 35 eclipse.

Step I: 22 48 opinion 66 gallery injury 77monsoon decide 35 eclipse 89.

Step II: decide 22 48 66 gallery injury 77 monsoon 35 eclipse 89 opinion.

Step III: 48 decide 22 66 gallery injury monsoon 35 eclipse 89 opinion 77.

Step IV: gallery 48 decide 22 66 monsoon 35 eclipse 89 opinion 77 injury.

Step V: 66 gallery 48 decide 22 monsoon eclipse 89 opinion 77 injury 35.

Step VI: monsoon 66 gallery 48 decide 22 89 opinion 77 injury 35 eclipse.

What is the <u>sum</u> of the element which is second from the left of the step II and Sixth from right in step IV?

- (a) 75
- (b) 57
- (c) 60 (d) 34
- (e) None of these

BAC

Which of the following element is exactly between 'decide' and '77' in step V?

- (a) Eclipse
- (b) Monsoon
- (c) 89
- (d) Opinion
- (e)None of these

Which of the following element is seventh from the right in step II?

- (a) gallery
- (b) 77
- (e) injury
- (d) monsoon
- (e)None of these

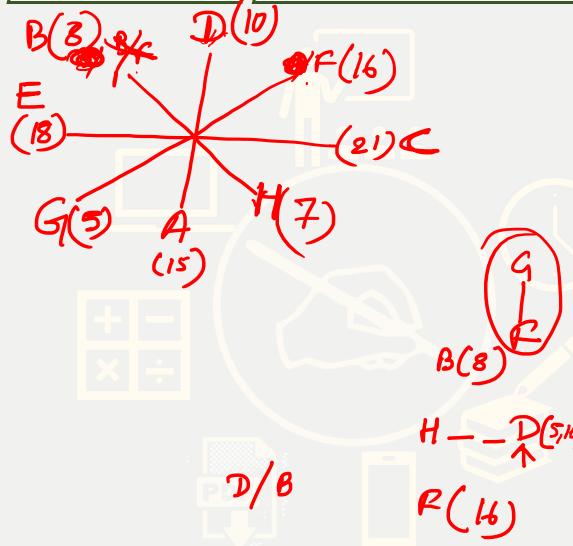




आठ बच्चे एक वृत्ताकार मेज के चारों ओर बैठे हैं और उन सभी का मुखँ मेज के अंदर की ओर है। उनमें से प्रत्येक के पासँ अलग-अलग संख्या में चॉकलेट हैं- 5, 7, 18, 8, 10, 16, 21 और 15, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। वह व्यक्ति जिसके पास 21 चॉकलेट है, A के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। G, F के विपरीत बैठा है। A का निकटतम पड़ोसी B के विपरीत बैठा है, जिसके पास कई चॉकलेट हैं जो एक संख्या का एक पूर्ण घन है। H, D के बायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है, जिसके पास चॉकलेट्स की संख्या है जो 5 का गुणज है। A के पास 15 चॉकलेट हैं और वह उस व्यक्ति के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है, जिसके पास 18 चॉकलेट हैं। D के निकटतम पड़ोसी के पास 8 चॉकलेट हैं। F के पास 16 चॉकलेट हैं और वह D के बगल में बैठा है। G, E के ठीक दायें बैठा है, जो C के विपरीत बैठा है। चॉकलेट D के पास G की चॉकलेट की संख्या का 2 ग्ना है।

Eight children are seating around a circular table and all of them faces inside of the table. Each of them has different number of chocolates 5, 7, 18, 8, 10, 16, 21 and 15, but not necessarily in the same order. The one who has 21 chocolate sits second to the right of A. G sits opposite to F. An immediate neighbor of A sits opposite to B, who has number of chocolates which is a perfect cube of a number. H sits third to the left of D, who has number of chocolates which is multiple of 5. A has 15 chocolate and sits second to the right of that one, who has 18 chocolate. An immediate neighbor of D has 8 chocolate. F has 16 chocolate and sits next to D. G sits immediate right of E, who sits opposite to C. The number of chocolate D have is 2 times the number of chocolates of G.

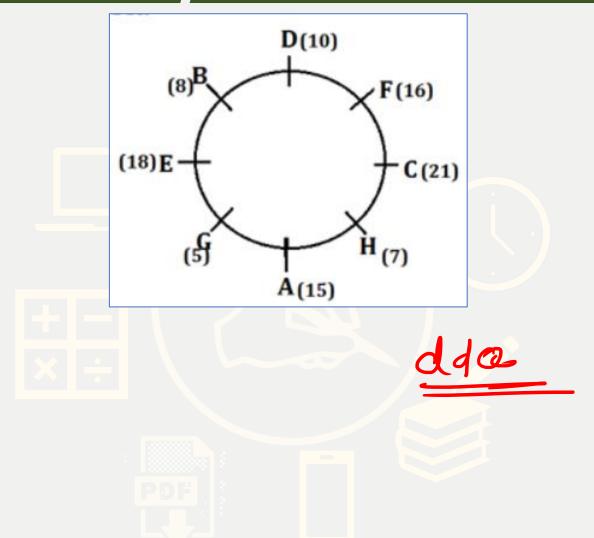




Eight children are seating around a circular table and all of them faces inside of the table. Each of them has different number of chocolates 5,7,18,3,10,16,21 and 15, but not necessarily in the same order.

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B has how many chocolates?

- (a) 18
- (b) 5
- (c) 16
- (d) 8
- (e) None of these

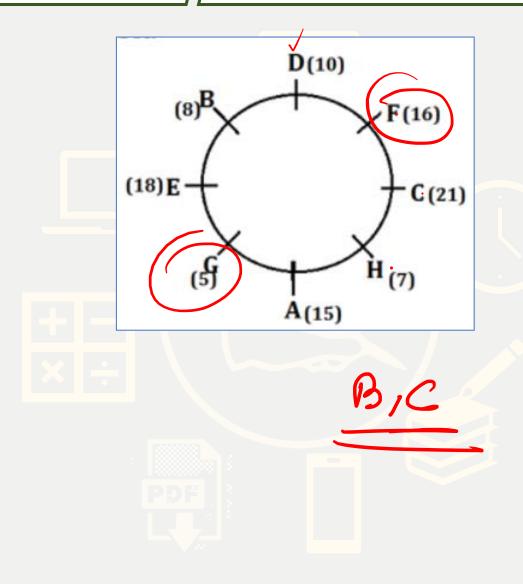
How many persons sit between A and D?

- (a) Five
- (b) One
- (c) Two
- (d) Three
- (e) None

Who among the following have 21 chocolates?

- 1(a) C
- (b) D
- (c) E
- (d) F
- (e) None of these





What is the difference between number of chocolates F and G have?

- (a) 8
- (b) 11
- (c) 12
- (d) 10
- (e) None of these

Who among the following sits third to the left of the one who has 10 chocolates?

- (a) E
- (b)*&*
- **(c)** H
- (d) B
- (e) None of these





In a certain code language

'change attitude people' is written as 'th vo ma', 'choice comfort outside' is written as 'sa ra ta', 'people comfort success' is written as 'ps vo sa', and 'review nation change' is written as 'th ha gk'.



What is the code for 'change'?

- (a) ma
- (b) ha
- (c) th
- (d) ma
- (e) None of these



What may be the code for review nation choice?

- (a) gk ha ta
- (b) ta ra ha
- (c) ha gk ra
- (d) Lither (a) or (c)
- (e) None of these



In a certain code language

'change attitude people' is written as 'th vo ma',

'choice comfort outside' is written as 'sa ra ta',

'people comfort success' is written as ps vo sa', and

review nation change' is written as 'th ha(gk')

ebc

What is the code for 'review'?

- (a) gk
- (b) th
- (c) ps
- (d) ha
- (e) can't be determined

What does 'ps' stand for?

- (a) comfort
- (b) success
- (c) attitude
- (d) nation
- (e) None of these

What is the code for 'comfort'?

- (a) gk
- (b) th
- (e) so
- (d) ha
- (e)None of these



- (a) If only conclusion I is true
- (b) If only conclusion II is true
- (c) If either conclusion I or II is true
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II is true
- (e) If both conclusions I and II are true



Statements: N > P ≥ M< T=U

Conclusions:
$$(N > T)$$
 $U: U = P(d)$

🤰 . Statements: D ≤ B=A > E ≥ F





Seven persons are living in seven floors building namely J, K, L, M, N, O and P but not necessary in the same order. They belong to different cities of India viz. Shimla, Agra, Meerut, Jaipur, Kanpur, Delhi and Rewa but not necessary in the same order. The ground floor is numbered 1, then the next floor is numbered 2 and till numbered 7. L lives on one of the odd number floors below the floor number 4. The person who lives on 4th floor belongs to Kanpur and L does not belong to Shimla and Delhi. The person who belongs to Meerut lives on an even number floor. There are two persons live between L and K. J belongs to Delhi and lives on an odd numbered floor but not on the lowermost floor. There is only one person lives between K and O who does not belong to Meerut. There are three persons live between the person who belongs to Meerut and the person who belongs to Jaipur. The person who lives on topmost floor does not belong to Shimla. There is only one person lives between L and M who belongs to Rewa and that person lives below the person who belongs to Kanpur. There is only one person lives between P and the person who belongs to Kanpur. P lives below the person who belongs to Kanpur and P does not belong to Jaipur. There are same number of persons who live between K and O and between K and P.

सात व्यक्ति जे, के, एल, एम, एन, ओ और पी नामक सात मंजिलों की इमारत में रहते हैं लेकिन इसी क्रम में आवश्यक नहीं है। वे भारत के विभिन्न शहरों से संबंधित हैं अर्थात। शिमला, आगरा, मेरठ, जयपुर, कानपुर, दिल्ली और रीवा लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं इसी क्रम में हो। भूतल की संख्या 1 है, फिर अगली मंजिल की संख्या 2 है और संख्या 7 तक है। L, तलें संख्या 4 के नीचे विषम संख्या वाली मंजिलों में से एक पर रहता है। चौथी मंजिल पर रहने वाला व्यक्ति कानपुर से संबंधित है और L से संबंधित नहीं है। शिमला और दिल्ली। वह व्यक्ति जो मेरठ से संबंधित है, एक सम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर रहता है। L और к के बीच दो व्यक्ति रहते हैं। J दिल्ली से संबंधित है और एक विषम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर रहता है लेकिन सबसे निचली मंजिल पर नहीं रहता है। к और О के मध्य केवल एक व्यक्ति रहता है जो मेरठ से संबंधित नहीं है। मेरठ से संबंधित व्यक्ति और जयपुर से संबंधित व्यक्ति के बीच तीन व्यक्ति रहते हैं। वह व्यक्ति जो सबसे ऊपरी मंजिल पर रहता है वह शिमला से संबंधित नहीं है। L और M जो रीवा से सम्बंधित है के मध्य केवल एक व्यक्ति रहता है और वह व्यक्ति उस व्यक्ति के नीचे रहता है जो कानपुर से सम्बंधित है। P और कानपुर से संबंधित व्यक्ति के मध्य केवल एक व्यक्ति रहता है। P उस व्यक्ति के नीचे रहता है जो कानपुर से संबंधित है और P जयपुर से संबंधित नहीं है। K और O के बीच और K और P के बीच रहने वाले व्यक्तियों की सँख्या समान है।

Who among the following lives on the second floor when all the persons are arranged alphabetically from top to bottom?

- (a) K
- (b) M
- (c) N
- (d) O
- (e) P

Floors	Persons	Cities
7	J	Delhi
6	0	Jaipur
5	N	Shimla
4	K	Kanpur
3	M	Rewa
2	P	Meerut
1	L	Agra

On which floor does L live?

- (a) Third
- (b) Fourth
- (c) Fifth
- (d) First
- (e) Seventh

How many floors are below the floor on which N lives?

- (a) Three
- (b) Four
- (c) Five
- (d) Six
- (e) Seven



Floors	Persons	Cities
7	J	Delhi
6	0	Jaipur
5	N	Shimla
4	K	Kanpur
3	M	Rewa
2	P	Meerut
1	L	Agra

N belongs to which of the following city?

- (a) Agra
- (b) Shimla
- (c) Kanpur
- (d) Rewa
- (e) Meerut

Which of the following is true regarding O?

- (a) O belongs to Agra and lives on 4th floor
- (b) O belongs to Shimla and lives on 8th floor
- (c) O belongs to Meerut and lives on 4th floor
- (d) O belongs to Kanpur and lives on 7th floor
- (e) None of these.



Machine (SBI Clerk Main)PYD Machine Trout (Short trick) 29th Marothon 9am 11 am - Leasoning