



IBPS/ BANK 2023



REASONING

REVISION CLASS

तैयारी **SELECTION** वाली



 **LIVE** | **09:00 AM**

BY KULDEEP MAHENDRAS



UPCOMING ONLINE BATCHES

February 2023

08 FEB 2023

03:00 PM to 05:00 PM

SSC ONLINE LIVE CLASS

BILINGUAL

15 FEB 2023

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

BANK ONLINE LIVE CLASS

BILINGUAL

15 FEB 2023

06:30 PM to 08:30 PM

BANK ONLINE LIVE CLASS

English & Bengali



www.mahendras.org •  7052477777/7052577777



(1) **RRBs – CRP RRB-XII (Office Assistants) and CRP RRB-XII (Officers)**

Preliminary Examination	Office Assistants and Officer Scale I : 05.08.2023, 06.08.2023, 12.08.2023, 13.08.2023 and 19.08.2023.
Single Examination	Officers Scale II & III : 10.09.2023
Main Examination	Officer Scale I : 10.09.2023 Office Assistants : 16.09.2023

(2) **PSBs – CRP CLERK-XIII, CRP PO/MT-XIII & CRP SPL-XIII**

	Clerks	Probationary Officers	Specialist Officers
Preliminary Examination	26.08.2023 27.08.2023 02.09.2023	23.09.2023 30.09.2023 01.10.2023	30.12.2023 31.12.2023
Main Examination	07.10.2023	05.11.2023	28.01.2024



monika kumari 6 hours ago

Corner= P(blue), Q(green), U(violet)

Middle= S(white), T (black), R(red)

Thank you sir 🙌😊

Very amazing session 🙌🙌🙌🙌🙌🙌🙌🙌

👍🗨️ Reply 📧



Sarita Maurya 5 hours ago

SPRUTQ, (S= white) , (P=blue) , (Q= green), (U= violet), (T=black), (R=red) very amazing session sir 🙌🙌🙌🙌

👍🗨️ Reply 📧



Vishnu Gupta 10 hours ago 11 subscribers

SPRUTQ- White Blue Red Voilet Black Green

Very super nice ❤️ thank you 🙌 sir ❤️

👍🗨️ Reply 📧



Aalap 5 hours ago 7 subscribers

Nice class 🙌 Thank You sir 🙌

HW ANSWER:

MID - T(BLACK), S(WHITE), R(RED)

CORNER - U(VIOLET), P(BLUE), Q(GREEN)



Beyond The Horizon 5 hours ago

S White

P Blue

R Red

U violet..

Read more



Reply



Mitu Maurya 9 hours ago

S white , p blue ,R red, U violet, T black, Q green

Thanku sir 🙏



Reply



Tanisha p 14 hours ago 1 subscribers

Nice session sir 🙏🙏👍 thank u sir 🙏

Home work.

Mid... S white, R red , T black

Corner. Q green, P blue, U violet



Reply



Manu sengar 5 hours ago

Home work ka question ka answer R red Q green T black P blue s white U violet 👍 very amazing session sir 🙏



Reply





harsh sharma 14 hours ago

All sessions are amazing sir
Today's homework answer is
Q green
S white..

Read more



Tanu Jain 7 hours ago

S- white P- blue R-red U- violet T- black Q- green
Thank you sir



Nitika Gupta 14 hours ago 1 subscribers

Homework
Middle: S(white), T(black), R(red)
Corner: Q(green), U(violet), P(blue)



Sima Sharma 6 hours ago

U - Black, R - Red, Q - Green, S - white, P - Blue, T - Violet



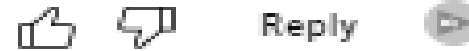
Surbhi Sinha 15 hours ago 5 subscribers

SPRUTQ = White, blue, Red, violet, black, green



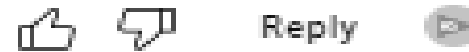
Rakesh Prasad 8 hours ago

S=white P=Blue R=Red U=violet T=Black Q=green.



Niharika Jha 15 hours ago

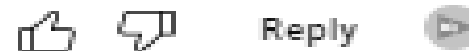
Homework answer :
CORNER - Q green , P blue, U violet
MIDDLE - S white , R red, T black



Kajal Singhal 15 hours ago 3 subscribers

S. White
P. Blue
R. Red
U. Violet..

Read more



Prakas Muduly 15 hours ago

S-white
P-Blue
R-Red
U-Violet..

Read more





Magic Life 9 hours ago 10 subscribers

S white

P blue

R red

T black

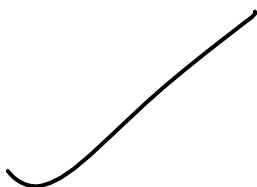
U violet

Q green

Show less



Reply



LIVE at 9:00 AM

Share & Like!

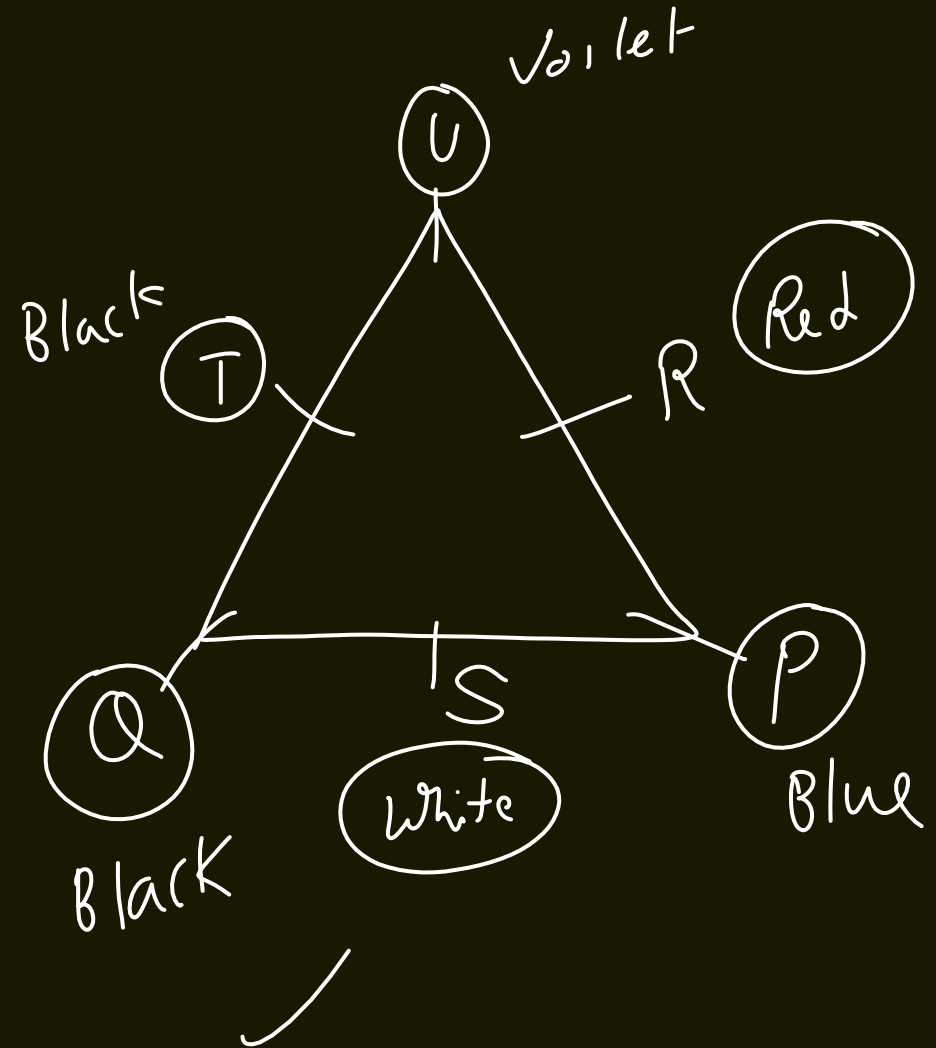


Six persons P, Q, R, S, T and U sit around a triangular table. Three persons sit at each corner of table and rest sit at middle of each side of table. All of them face inside and like different colors – Blue, Black, White, Violet, Red and Green. All the information is not necessarily in the same order. T sits 2nd to the left of the one who likes White, who sits opposite to U. R likes red. R is not an immediate neighbor of T and the one who likes white. Q sits 2nd to the left of P, who sits at one of the corners of the table. The one who likes Violet sits immediate left of the one who likes Black but not sit opposite to P. Q does not like Blue

छह व्यक्ति P, Q, R, S, T और U एक त्रिभुजाकार मेज के चारों ओर बैठे हैं। तीन व्यक्ति मेज के प्रत्येक कोने पर बैठते हैं और शेष मेज की प्रत्येक भुजा के मध्य में बैठते हैं। वे सभी अंदर की ओर उन्मुख हैं और उन्हें अलग-अलग रंग पसंद हैं - नीला, काला, सफेद, बैंगनी, लाल और हरा। जरूरी नहीं कि सभी जानकारी इसी क्रम में हो। T, सफेद रंग पसंद करने वाले व्यक्ति के बायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है, जो U के विपरीत बैठा है। R को लाल रंग पसंद है। R, T और सफेद रंग पसंद करने वाले व्यक्ति का निकटतम पड़ोसी नहीं है। Q, P के बाएं से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है, जो मेज के किसी एक कोने पर बैठा है। बैंगनी रंग पसंद करने वाला व्यक्ति काला रंग पसंद करने वाले व्यक्ति के ठीक बाएं बैठा है लेकिन P के विपरीत नहीं बैठा है। Q को नीला रंग पसंद नहीं है



Six persons P, Q, R, S, T and U sit around a triangular table. Three persons sit at each corner of table and rest sit at middle of each side of table. All of them face inside and like different colors – Blue, Black, White, Violet, Red and Green. All the information is not necessarily in the same order. T sits 2nd to the left of the one who likes White, who sits opposite to U. R likes red. R is not an immediate neighbor of T and the one who likes white. Q sits 2nd to the left of P, who sits at one of the corners of the table. The one who likes Violet sits immediate left of the one who likes Black but not sit opposite to P. Q does not like Blue





4 3 1 5 7 8 3 1 6 2 9 7 1 2 1 3 5 2 6 8 6 5 4 3 2 1 3 8 7

How many odd numbers are there which are immediately preceded by a perfect square?

ऐसी कितनी विषम संख्याएँ हैं जिनके ठीक पहले एक पूर्ण वर्ग है?

1. One
2. Two
3. Three
4. Four
5. More than four





4 3 1 5 7 8 3 1 6 2 9 7 1 2 1 3 5 2 6 8 6 5 4 3 2 1 3 8 7

Which of the following number will be seventh to the right of tenth number from the left?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सी संख्या बायें से दसवीं संख्या के दायें से सातवीं होगी?

- 1. 1
- 2. 5
- 3. 3
- 4. 6
- 5. 7

7 + 10

R + L L - R

20 R - R



4 3 1 5 7 8 3 (1) 6 2 9 7 1 2 1 3 5 2 6 8 6 5 4 3 2 1 3 8 7

If all the even numbers are dropped, which number will be ninth to the left of fifteenth number from the left?

यदि सभी सम संख्याओं को हटा दिया जाए, तो कौन सी संख्या बाईं ओर से पंद्रहवीं संख्या के बाईं ओर नौवीं होगी?

- 1. 1
- 2. 3
- 3. 5
- 4. 7
- 5. 9

$15 - 9 = 6$

$L + R$	$L - L$
$R + L$	$R - R$



4 3 ~~1 5 7~~ 8 3 1 6 2 9 7 1 1 1 3 5 2 6 8 6 5 4 3 2 1 3 8 7

How many odd numbers are there which are immediately preceded by perfect cube and followed by perfect square?

ऐसी कितनी विषम संख्याएँ हैं जिनके ठीक पहले पूर्ण घन और बाद में पूर्ण वर्ग है?

1. None

2. One

3. Two

4. Three

5. Four





How many such pairs of letters are there in the word 'PAGINATE', each of which has as many letters between them in the word (both forward and backward direction) as they have between them in the English Alphabet?

शब्द 'PAGINATE' में अक्षरों के ऐसे कितने युग्म हैं, जिनमें से प्रत्येक के बीच शब्द में (आगे और पीछे दोनों दिशाओं में) उतने ही अक्षर हैं जितने उनके बीच अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला में हैं?



1. One

2. Two

3. Three

4. Four

5. More than four



If it's possible to make a meaningful word from 1st, 2, 7, and 8 letters of the word 'ARCHITECT', then which will be the first letter of the word? Mark 'X' if no such word can be formed, 'M' if more than 1 such word can be formed.

यदि शब्द 'ARCHITECT' के 1, 2, 7, और 8 अक्षरों से एक अर्थपूर्ण शब्द बनाना संभव है, तो शब्द का पहला अक्षर कौन सा होगा? यदि ऐसा कोई शब्द नहीं बनाया जा सकता है तो 'X' चिह्नित करें, यदि 1 से अधिक ऐसे शब्द बन सकते हैं तो 'M'।

1. R 2. A 3. C 4. E

5. M

RACE

CARE





Statement:

$$B > E \leq L \leq O \leq A = T \geq S$$

Conclusion:

I. $E = T$

II. $E < T$

$E \leq T$

either or





Statements:

$$K \leq L = M < D \leq T \geq R > W = Q$$

Conclusions:

I. $D > W$ ✗

II. $M < R$ ✗



Statement:

$$M > N < O \leq P = Q < R \leq S$$

Conclusion:

- I. $S \geq M$ \times
- II. $S < M$ \times
- either or



Statement:

$$S \geq R \geq T = Q < M$$

Conclusions:

I. $M < R$ ✗

II. $S \geq Q$ ✓





Statements:

$G < \underline{I \geq H = J}, \underline{I < U = P}$

Conclusions:

I. $G > P$ X

II. $P > J$



$G <$

$P = U > I \geq H = J$

$P > G$



In a Certain code **CAB** is written as **03**, **FED** is written as **24**
than find the code for **HIDE** ?

6 4

एक निश्चित कोड में **CAB** का कोड **03** लिखा गया है, **FED** का कोड **24** लिखा गया है तो **HIDE** का कोड क्या होगा ?

(1) 36 ✓

(2) 26

(3) 52

(4) 72

(5) None of these

Biggest P.V X Smallest P.V

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \times 1 = 03 \\ 6 \times 4 = 24 \\ 9 \times 4 = 36 \end{array}$$



In a Certain code **HERO** is written as **10** , **ACT** is written as **09**
than find the code for **FATHER** ?

एक निश्चित कोड में **HERO** का कोड **10** लिखा गया है , **ACT** का कोड **09**
लिखा गया है तो **FATHER** का कोड क्या होगा ?

No of letter cube than SD ✓

(1) 08

(2) 09

(3) 10

(4) 11

(5) None of these

$$4^3 \text{ --- } 64 = 10$$

$$3^3 \text{ --- } 27 = 09$$

$$6^3 \text{ --- } 216 = 09$$



'Royal Monarch Regal' is written as @ #*,
'Regal legacy Gold' is written as *% ?,
'Hope Gold Life' is written as % & \$,
'Regal Monarch Morals' is written as #*∇



Q. What will be the code for "Regal" / का कोड क्या होगा?

1.%

2.*

3.\$

4.#

5.?



Statements:

Few N are G.

All G are T.

Conclusions:

I. All N being T is a possibility.

II. Some T are G.

कथन:

कुछ N, G हैं

सभी G, T हैं

निष्कर्ष:

I. सभी N के T होने की संभावना है।

II. कुछ T, G हैं।





Statements:

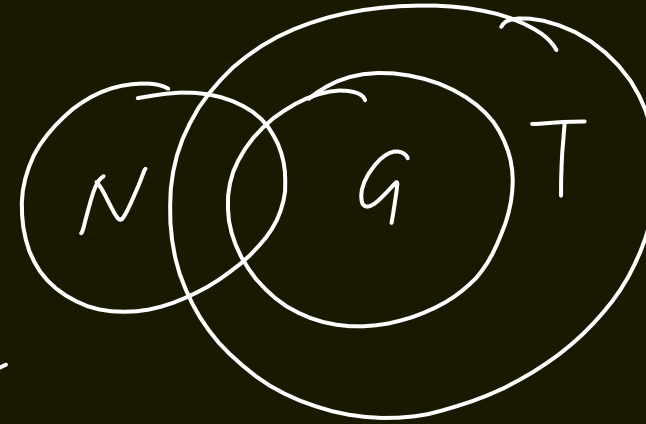
Few N are G.

All G are T.

Conclusions:

I. All N being T is a possibility.

II. Some T are G.





Statements:

No cap is a stool.

Few stools are tables.

Conclusions:

- I. Some tables are not caps.
- II. All caps being tables is a possibility.

कथन:

कोई कैप स्टूल नहीं है।

कुछ स्टूल टेबल हैं।

निष्कर्ष:

- I. कुछ टेबल कैप नहीं हैं।
- II. सभी कैप के टेबल होने की संभावना है।





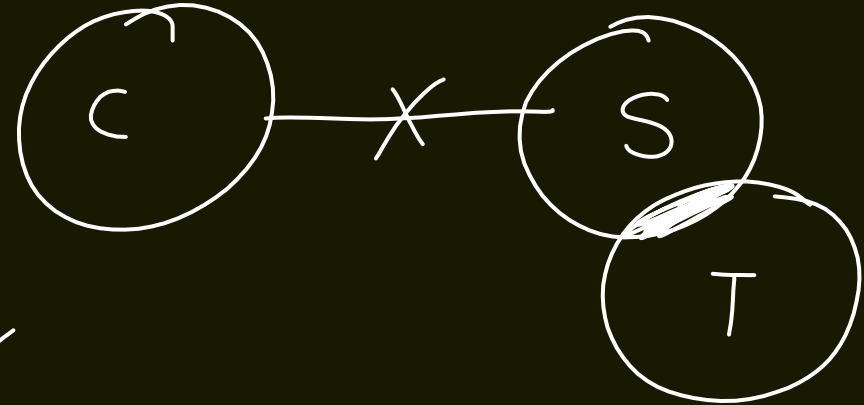
Statements:

No cap is a stool.

Few stools are tables.

Conclusions:

- I. Some tables are not caps. ✓
- II. All caps being tables is a possibility. ✓





Statements :

Only a few watches are electric

No watches are ring

Conclusions :

I. Some electric are ring

II. Some electric can never be ring.

कथन:

केवल कुछ घड़ियाँ इलेक्ट्रिक हैं

कोई घड़ियाँ रिंग नहीं हैं

निष्कर्ष:

I. कुछ इलेक्ट्रिक रिंग हैं

II. कुछ इलेक्ट्रिक कभी रिंग नहीं हो सकते।





Statements :

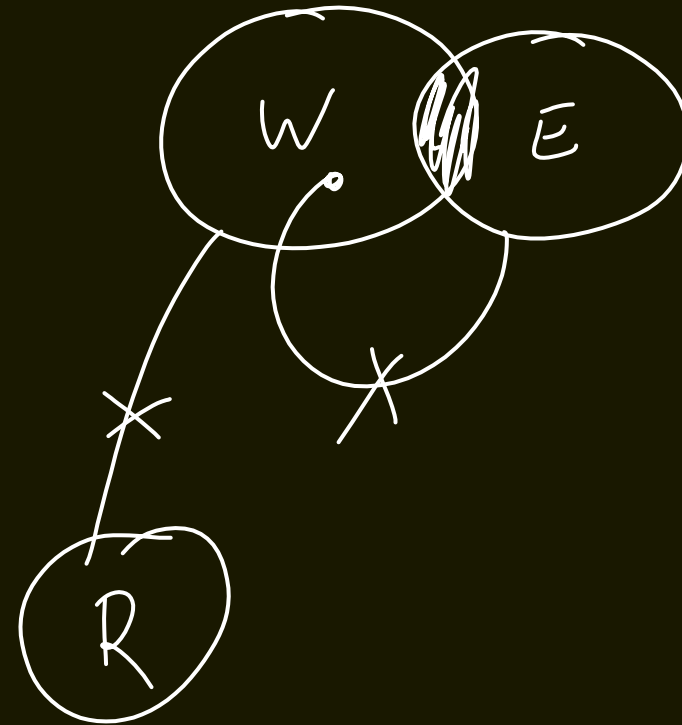
Only a few watches are electric

No watches are ring

Conclusions :

I. Some electric are ring X

II. Some electric ~~can never~~
be ring. *are not -* ✓





Statements:

Only a few Hairs are White

Only a few White are Sky

Conclusions:

- I. All Hair are Sky
- II. Some Hairs are not Sky.

कथन:

केवल कुछ बाल सफेद हैं

केवल कुछ व्हाइट स्काई हैं

निष्कर्ष:

- I. सभी हेयर स्काई हैं
- II. कुछ हेयर स्काई नहीं हैं.



Statements:

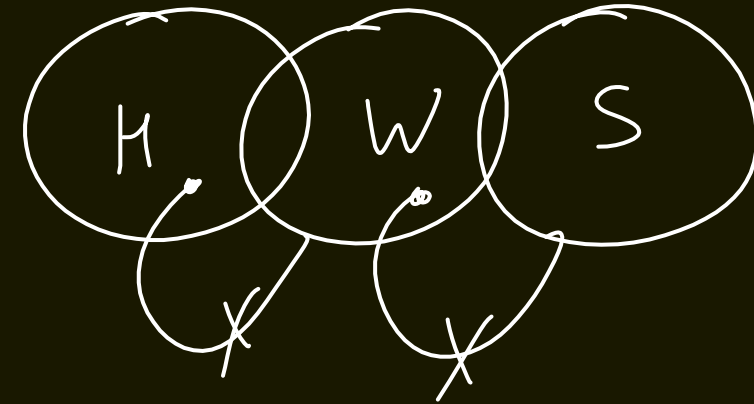
Only a few Hairs are White

Only a few White are Sky

Conclusions:

I. All Hair are Sky X

II. Some Hairs are not Sky. X



Either or



Statements:

All black are green.

Only a few greens are good.

Some good are bad.

Conclusions:

I. No black is good.

II. No green is bad.

कथन:

सभी ब्लैक ग्रीन हैं.

केवल कुछ साग अच्छे हैं।

कुछ अच्छे बुरे हैं।

निष्कर्ष:

कोई काला अच्छा नहीं है।

कोई ग्रीन बैड नहीं है.



Statements:

All black are green.

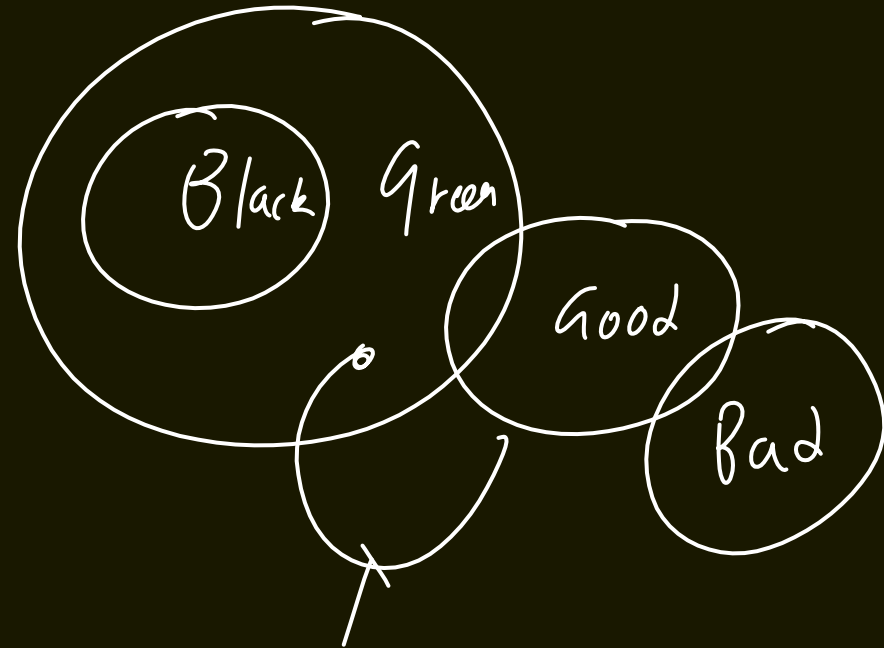
Only a few greens are good.

Some good are bad.

Conclusions:

I. No black is good. X

II. No green is bad. X





Done

Input: 35 97 56 42 12 76

Step I: 14 37 44 58 78 99

(increasing + 2)

Step II: 28 03 32 20 72 63

Step III: 11 02 02 05 05 13

Step IV: 4 4 4 10 10 8

SD x 2

Step V: 8 1 1 4 4 4

Reverse in SD

even -1 odd +1

Step VI: 49 4 4 9 9 9

(Square)^2 (Square)^2



Q. What is total number of students in the row?

(I) Mohan is 15th from the right end and Ramesh is 13th from the left end.

None

(II) There are 11 students between Mohan and Ramesh.



प्र. पंक्ति में कुल विद्यार्थियों की संख्या क्या है?

(I) मोहन दाये छोर से 15 वा है और रमेश बाये छोर से 13 वा है ।

(II) मोहन और रमेश के बीच में 11 विद्यार्थी है ।



Q. What is total number of students in the row? *

(I) Mohan is 15th from the right end and Ramesh is 13th from the left end.

None

(II) There are 11 students between Mohan and Ramesh.

$$\text{Max } L + R + M \rightarrow 15 + 13 + 11 = 39$$

$$\text{Min } L + R - M - 2 \rightarrow 15 + 13 - 11 - 2 = 15$$



Three generations of people live together. There are 12 members in the family viz. M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W and X who went out for a picnic. R and Q are kids of T and S. V, who is the father in law of W is the paternal uncle of R. T has a son and a daughter. P is the husband of O. O is the daughter of Q. M is the brother of N. R is married to U. Father of N is U who has only one daughter and 2 children. S is the father in law of U. W is the wife of X.

लोगों की तीन पीढ़ियां एक साथ रहती हैं। परिवार में 12 सदस्य हैं अर्थात् M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W और X जो पिकनिक के लिए बाहर गए थे। R और Q, T और S के बच्चे हैं। V, जो W का ससुर है, R का चाचा है। T का एक बेटा और एक बेटी है। P, O का पति है। O, Q की पुत्री है। M, N का भाई है। R का विवाह U से हुआ है। N का पिता U है, जिसकी केवल एक पुत्री और 2 बच्चे हैं। S, U का ससुर है। W, X की पत्नी है।

Four of the five are alike in a certain way and hence form a group. Which one the following doesn't belong to the group?

पांच में से चार एक निश्चित तरीके से समान हैं और इसलिए एक समूह बनाते हैं। निम्नलिखित में से कौन समूह से संबंधित नहीं है?



1. Q

2. P

3. O

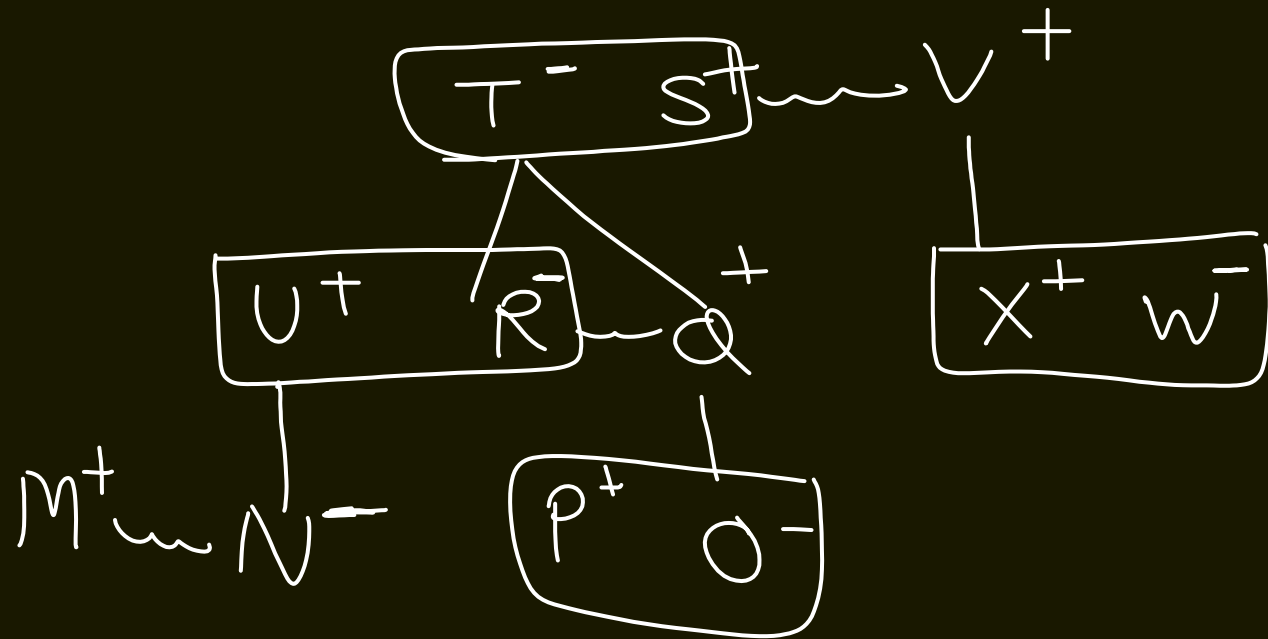
4. M

5. N





Three generations of people live together. There are 12 members in the family viz. M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W and X who went out for a picnic. R and Q are kids of T and S. V, who is the father in law of W is the paternal uncle of R. T has a son and a daughter. P is the husband of O. O is the daughter of Q. M is the brother of N. R is married to U. Father of N is U who has only one daughter and 2 children. S is the father in law of U. W is the wife of X.





There are seven persons - A, B, C, D, E, F and G. They are going market to purchase some items. Only Three persons reach before D. E reach before F and G but F is not the last person. G reached before F. A reach before C but after D. C is not the last person.

सात व्यक्ति हैं - A, B, C, D, E, F और G। वे कुछ वस्तुओं को खरीदने के लिए बाजार जा रहे हैं। केवल तीन व्यक्ति D से पहले पहुंचते हैं। E, F और G से पहले पहुंचता है लेकिन F अंतिम व्यक्ति नहीं है। G, F से पहले पहुंचा। A, C से पहले पहुंचता है लेकिन D के बाद। C अंतिम व्यक्ति नहीं है।



There are seven persons - A, B, C, D, E, F and G. They are going market to purchase some items. Only Three persons reach before D. E reach before F and G but F is not the last person. G reached before F. A reach before C but after D. C is not the last person.

E G ~~F~~ D A C B

$E > G > F > _ \quad \underbrace{D > A > C}$



A certain number of people are sitting in a row facing towards the north. X is sitting second from the right end of the row. Five persons are sitting between X and P. C is sitting immediate right of P. E is sitting third to the right of C. Seven persons are sitting to the left of E. A is sitting on one of the extreme ends but not sitting immediately right of X. T is sitting eighth to the right of A and immediately left of X. Y is sitting second to the right of T. Four persons are sitting between Y and R.

एक निश्चित संख्या में व्यक्ति उत्तर की ओर मुख करके एक पंक्ति में बैठे हैं। X पंक्ति के दायें छोर से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। X और P के बीच पांच व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। C, P के ठीक दायें बैठा है। E, C के दायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। E के बायीं ओर सात व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। A किसी एक अंतिम छोर पर बैठा है लेकिन X के तुरंत दायें नहीं बैठा है। T, A के दायें से आठवें और X के ठीक बायें बैठा है। Y, T के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। Y और R के बीच चार व्यक्ति बैठे हैं।



A certain number of people are sitting in a row facing towards the north. X is sitting second from the right end of the row. Five persons are sitting between X and P. C is sitting immediate right of P. E is sitting third to the right of C. Seven persons are sitting to the left of E. A is sitting on one of the extreme ends but not sitting immediately right of X. T is sitting eighth to the right of A and immediately left of X. Y is sitting second to the right of T. Four persons are sitting between Y and R.

① A P C R T X Y



Seven persons are working in the same company on different designations. The person working on that designation is named P, Q, R, S, T, U, and V but not necessarily in the same order. They have different designations starting from the clerk, officer, Assistant Manager, manager, Assistant General manager, General manager, and Director. Director is the topmost post of the company and the clerk is the lowermost post of the company. Only four persons sit between P and Q. P is not working at a position of officer nor as a clerk. There are two designations between R and S. R is senior to S. R is a General manager or Director. More than two designations are there between T and U. U is working as a designation of clerk in the company.

सात व्यक्ति एक ही कंपनी में विभिन्न पदनामों पर काम कर रहे हैं। उस पद पर काम करने वाले व्यक्ति का नाम P, Q, R, S, T, U और V है लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हो। उनके पास क्लर्क, अधिकारी, सहायक प्रबंधक, प्रबंधक, सहायक महाप्रबंधक, महाप्रबंधक और निदेशक से शुरू होने वाले अलग-अलग पद हैं। निदेशक कंपनी का सर्वोच्च पद होता है और क्लर्क कंपनी का सबसे निचला पद होता है। P और Q के बीच केवल चार व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। P न तो अधिकारी के पद पर और न ही क्लर्क के रूप में कार्य कर रहा है। R और S के बीच दो पद हैं। R, S से वरिष्ठ है। R एक महाप्रबंधक या निदेशक है। T और U के बीच दो से अधिक पद हैं। U कंपनी में क्लर्क के पद पर कार्यरत है।



Seven persons are working in the same company on different designations. The person working on that designation is named P, Q, R, S, T, U, and V but not necessarily in the same order. They have different designations starting from the clerk, officer, Assistant Manager, manager, Assistant General manager, General manager, and Director. Director is the topmost post of the company and the clerk is the lowermost post of the company. Only four persons sit between P and Q. P is not working at a position of officer nor as a clerk. There are two designations between R and S. R is senior to S. R is a General manager or Director. More than two designations are there between T and U. U is working as a designation of clerk in the company.

Designation	P	Q
GM	R	P
AGM	T	
Manager	V	S
AM	S	
Officer	Q	
Clerk	U	Q

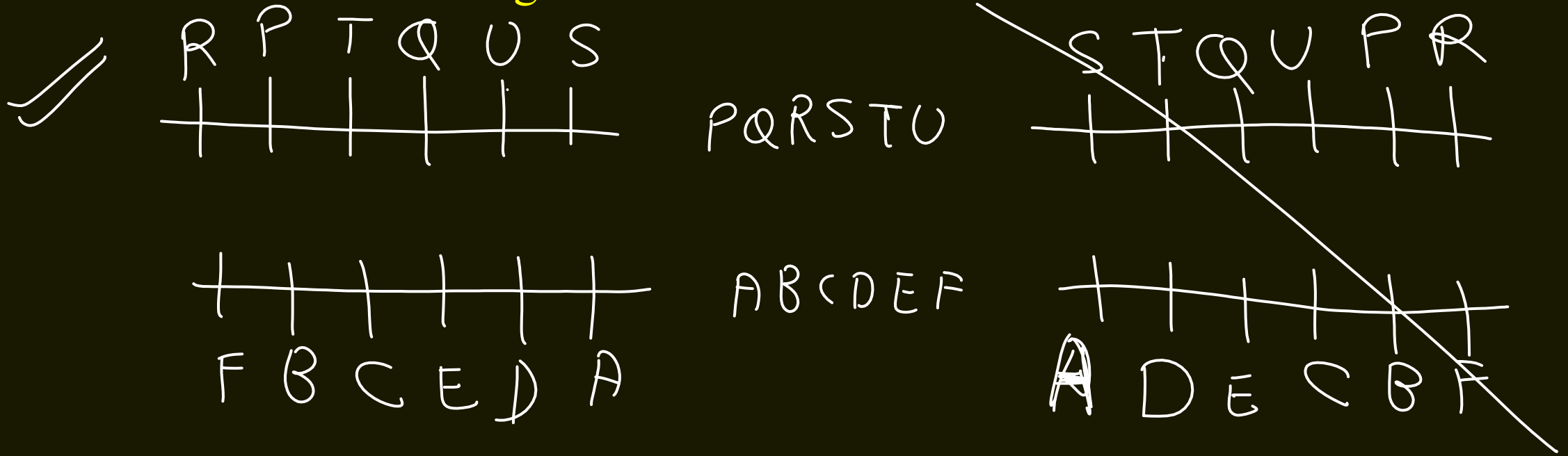


There are twelve persons sitting in two parallel rows. Six persons A, B, C, D, E and F are facing north and other six P, Q, R, S, T, and U are facing south. Each person from one row faces exactly one person from the other row but not necessarily in the same order. A and R sits diagonally opposite to each other. There are two persons sitting between R and Q. One of the immediate neighbors of Q faces C, who does not sit near A. P faces B and P is not an immediate neighbor of Q. There are two persons sitting between B and D. T sits second to the right of U. E does not sit at any of the extreme ends. S and T is not an immediate neighbor of each other. A sits at one of the extreme ends.

दो समानांतर पंक्तियों में बारह व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। छह व्यक्ति A, B, C, D, E और F उत्तर की ओर उन्मुख हैं और अन्य छह P, Q, R, S, T और U दक्षिण की ओर उन्मुख हैं। एक पंक्ति के प्रत्येक व्यक्ति का मुख दूसरी पंक्ति के ठीक एक व्यक्ति की ओर है लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं इसी क्रम में हो। A और R एक दूसरे के तिरछे विपरीत बैठे हैं। R और Q के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। Q के निकटतम पड़ोसियों में से एक C की ओर उन्मुख है, जो A के निकट नहीं बैठता है। P का मुख B की ओर है और P, Q का निकटतम पड़ोसी नहीं है। B और D के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। T, U के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। E किसी भी अंतिम छोर पर नहीं बैठा है। S और T एक दूसरे के निकटतम पड़ोसी नहीं है। A किसी एक अंतिम छोर पर बैठा है।



There are twelve persons sitting in two parallel rows. Six persons A, B, C, D, E and F are facing north and other six P, Q, R, S, T, and U are facing south. Each person from one row faces exactly one person from the other row but not necessarily in the same order. (A and R sits diagonally opposite to each other. There are two persons sitting between R and Q. One of the immediate neighbors of Q faces C, who does not sit near A. P faces B and P is not an immediate neighbor of Q. There are two persons sitting between B and D. T sits second to the right of U. E does not sit at any of the extreme ends. S and T is not an immediate neighbor of each other. A sits at one of the extreme ends.





Eight persons lives in a building having four floors where ground floor is numbered as 1, the floor just above it is numbered as 2 and so on till the topmost floor which is numbered as 4. Each floor is having two flats i.e., Flat-A and flat-B. Flat-A of floor-2 is exactly above the flat-A of floor-1 and exactly below the flat-A of floor-3 and so on. Flat-B is in east of flat-A.

No one lives below P. Only two floors gap is there between P and J. P and J lives on different flats. M lives exactly towards the east of N. R lives immediately below N. R and N lives on same flat. D lives above O and below K. K lives on flat-A.

आठ व्यक्ति चार मंजिलों वाली एक इमारत में रहते हैं जहाँ सबसे निचली मंजिल की संख्या 1 है, उसके ठीक ऊपर वाली मंजिल की संख्या 2 है और इसी क्रम में आगे बढ़ते हुए सबसे निचली मंजिल की संख्या 4 है। प्रत्येक मंजिल में दो फ्लैट, अर्थात् फ्लैट-A और फ्लैट-B हैं। मंजिल-2 का फ्लैट-A, मंजिल-1 के फ्लैट-A के ठीक ऊपर है और मंजिल-3 के फ्लैट-A के ठीक नीचे है। फ्लैट-B, फ्लैट-A के पूर्व में है। P से नीचे कोई नहीं रहता है। P और J के बीच में केवल दो मंजिलों का अंतर है। P और J अलग-अलग फ्लैटों पर रहता है। M, N के ठीक पूर्व में रहता है। R, N के ठीक नीचे रहता है। R और N एक ही फ्लैट में रहते हैं। D, O से ऊपर और K से नीचे रहता है। K फ्लैट-A में रहता है।

SS



Eight persons lives in a building having four floors where ground floor is numbered as 1, the floor just above it is numbered as 2 and so on till the topmost floor which is numbered as 4. Each floor is having two flats i.e., Flat-A and flat-B. Flat-A of floor-2 is exactly above the flat-A of floor-1 and exactly below the flat-A of floor-3 and so on. Flat-B is in east of flat-A.

No one lives below P. Only two floors gap is there between P and J. P and J lives on different flats. M lives exactly towards the east of N. R lives immediately below N. R and N lives on same flat. D lives above O and below K. K lives on flat-A.

like!