







SSC GD CONSTABLE 2021



GK/GA

परीक्षा में पूछे गये प्रश्न

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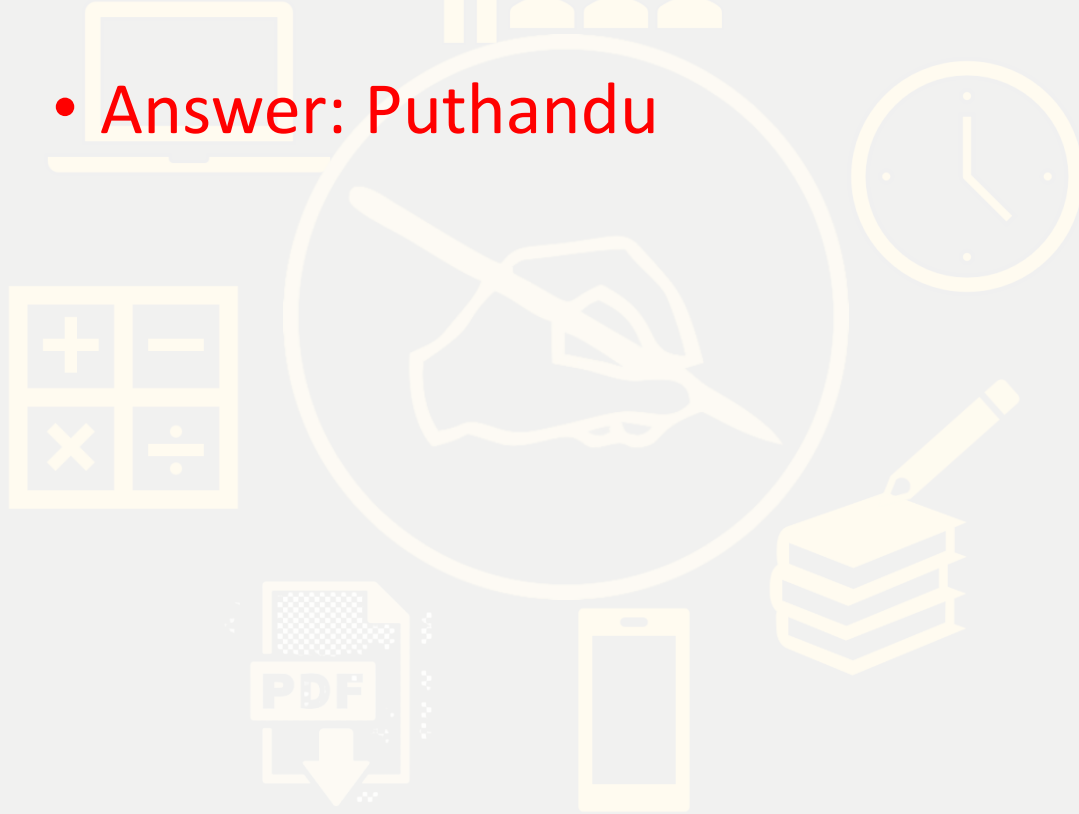
THE
FUTURE

— **DEPENDS ON** —

what we do in the

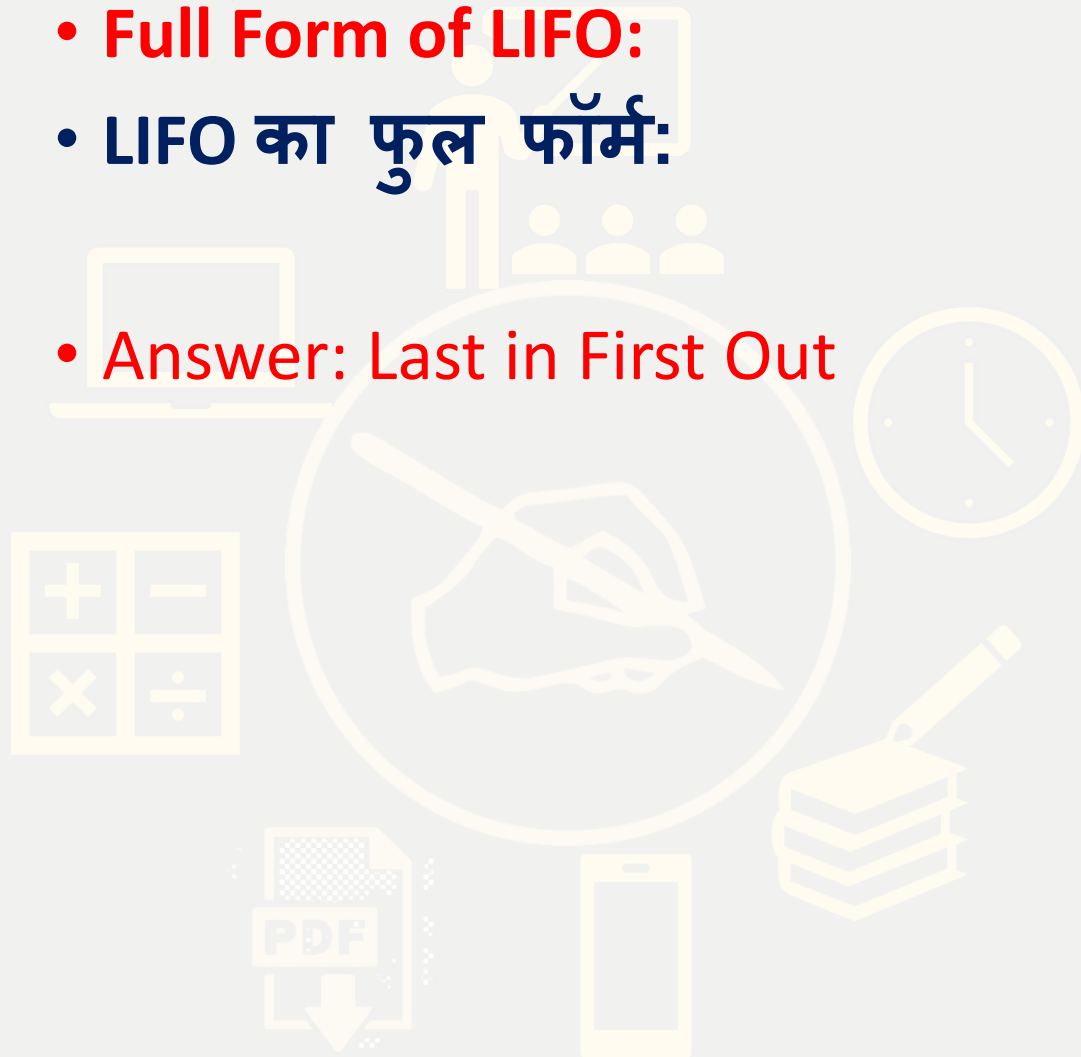
PRESENT

- **Tamil New Year is known as:**
- **तमिल नव वर्ष के रूप में जाना जाता है:**
- **Answer: Puthandu**

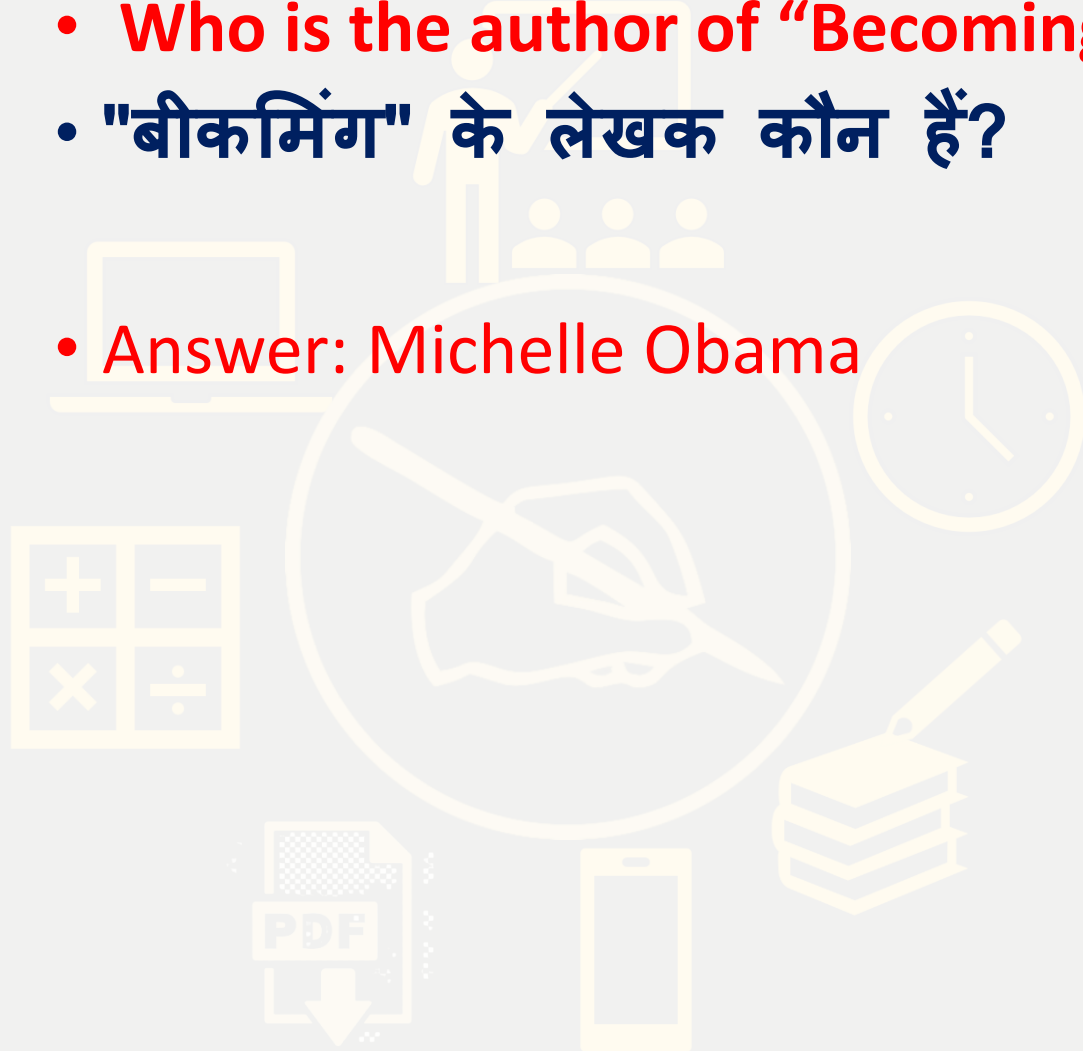


- **Raja Chala 1st built which temple in Thanjavur?**
- **राजा चल प्रथम ने तंजावुर में किस मंदिर का निर्माण करवाया था?**
- **Answer: Brihadishvara Temple locally known as Thanjai Periya Kovil, and also called Rajarajeswaram, is a Hindu temple dedicated to Shiva located on the South Bank of the Cauvery river in Thanjavur, Tamil Nadu.**

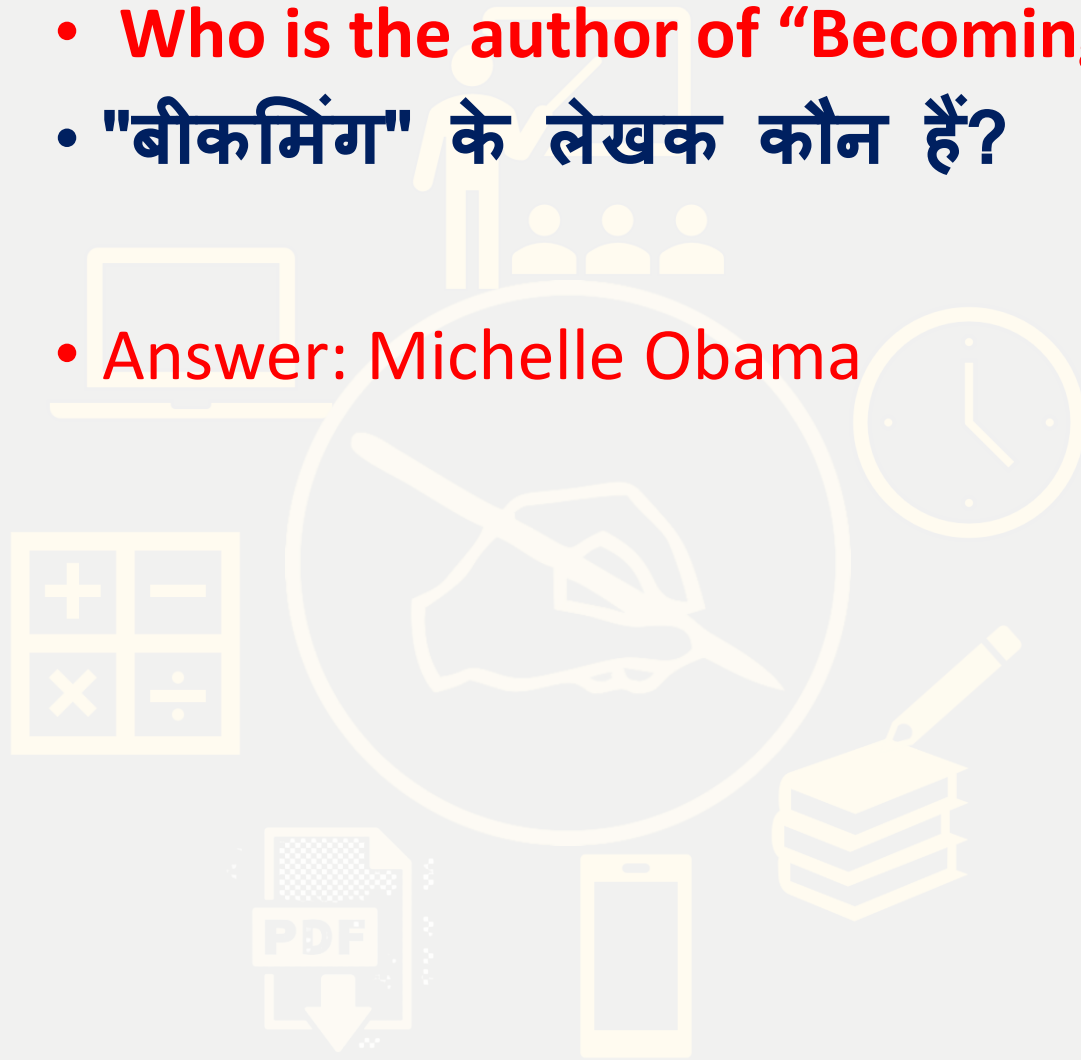
- Full Form of LIFO:
- LIFO का फुल फॉर्म:
- Answer: Last in First Out



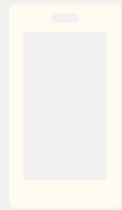
- Who is the author of "Becoming"?
- "बीकमिंग" के लेखक कौन हैं?
- Answer: Michelle Obama



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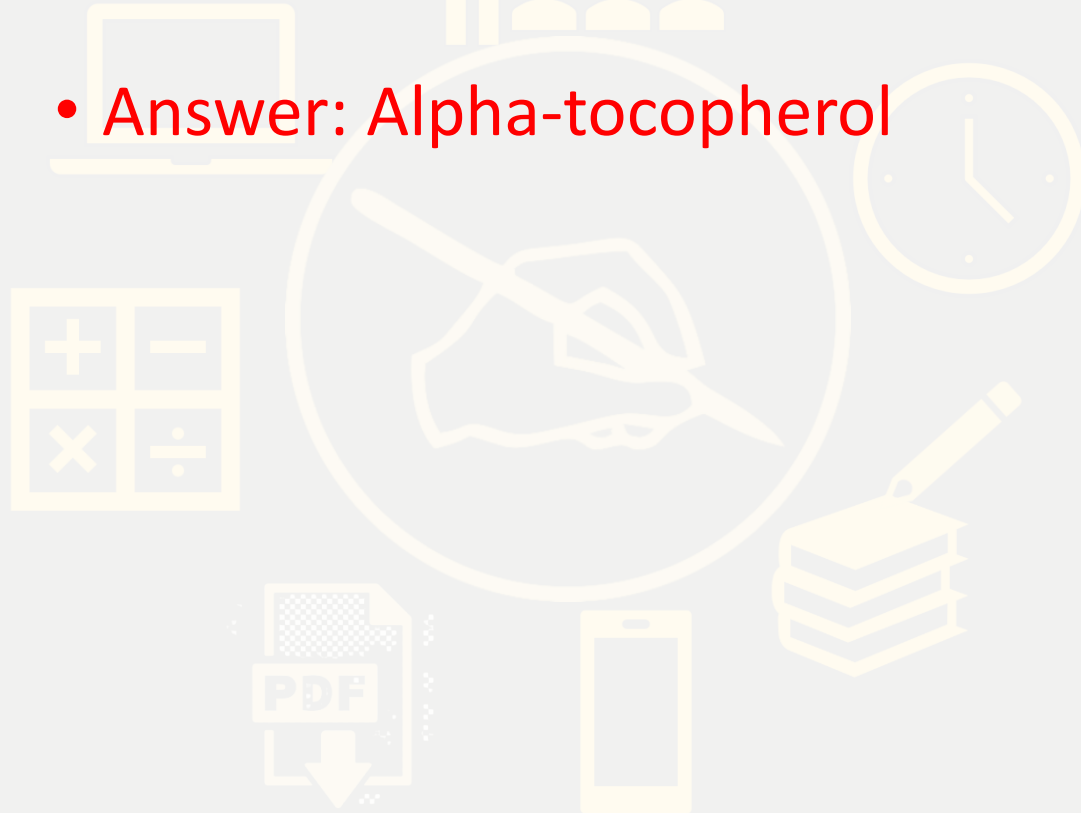


- **Who is the current Health Minister?**
- **वर्तमान स्वास्थ्य मंत्री कौन हैं?**
- **Answer: Mansukh L. Mandaviya - Ministry of Health and Family Welfare**



- **What is the use of ECG?**
- **ईसीजी का उपयोग क्या है?**
- **Answer: An electrocardiogram (ECG) is a simple test that can be used to check your heart's rhythm and electrical activity.**

- **What is the chemical name of Vitamin E?**
- **विटामिन ई का रासायनिक नाम क्या है ?**
- **Answer: Alpha-tocopherol**



- **Fundamental Unit of Protein:**
- **प्रोटीन की मौलिक इकाई:**
- **Answer: Amino acids are the basic units of proteins.**

- **Reason for the gap in Ozone Layer:**
- **ओजोन परत में गैप का कारण:**
- **Answer:** The main cause of ozone depletion and the ozone hole is manufactured chemicals, especially manufactured halocarbon refrigerants, solvents, propellants, and foam-blowing agents (chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs), HCFCs, halons), referred to as ozone-depleting substances (ODS).

- Which among the following was the first Indian woman who went into space?
- निम्नलिखित में से कौन अंतरिक्ष में जाने वाली पहली भारतीय महिला थी?
- A. Kalpana Chawla
- B. Sunita Williams
- C. Koneru Humpy
- D. None of the above
- Explanation: Kalpana Chawla was the first Indian woman or India-born woman astronaut to go to space.

- Who was the first Indian to go to space?
 - अंतरिक्ष में जाने वाले प्रथम भारतीय कौन थे?
 - A. Vikram Ambalal
 - B. Ravish Malhotra
 - C. Rakesh Sharma
 - D. Nagapathi Bhat
-
- Explanation: Former Indian Air Force Pilot Rakesh Sharma made history by becoming the first Indian to go to space in 1984. He flew aboard Soyuz T-11 as part of the Soviet Interkosmos programme

- Who among the following was the first man to climb Mount Everest without supplemental oxygen?
- निम्नलिखित में से कौन पूरक ऑक्सीजन के बिना माउंट एवरेस्ट पर चढ़ने वाला पहला व्यक्ति था?
- A. Junko Tabei
- B. Reinhold Messner
- C. Duncan Chessell
- D. Phu Dorji
- Explanation: The first person to climb Mount Everest without supplemental oxygen was Reinhold Messner along with Peter Habeler in 1978. He was also the first climber to ascend all 14 peaks over 8,000 metres above sea level.

- Who built the Jama Masjid?
 - जामा मस्जिद का निर्माण किसने करवाया था?
 - A. Jahangir
 - B. Akbar
 - C. Imam Bukhari
 - D. Shah Jahan
- Explanation: Jama Masjid of Delhi was constructed in 1650-56 by the Mughal emperor Shah Jahan. It is the second-largest mosque on the Indian subcontinent and is also an impressive example of Mughal architecture

- Who wrote the Indian National Anthem?
- भारतीय राष्ट्रगान किसने लिखा था?
- A. Bakim Chandra Chatterji
- B. Rabindranath Tagore
- C. Swami Vivekanand
- D. None of the above
- Explanation: In 1911, Rabindranath Tagore authored the national anthem 'Jana Gana Mana'. It was translated into English as 'Morning Song of India' and given a tune on February 28, 1919, during Tagore's brief stay at Madanapalle.

- Who was the first Indian Scientist to win a Nobel Prize?
- नोबेल पुरस्कार जीतने वाले पहले भारतीय वैज्ञानिक कौन थे?
- A. C.V Raman
- B. Amartya Sen
- C. Hargobind Khorana
- D. Subramanian Chrandrashekar
- Explanation: Sir Chandrasekhara Venkata Raman or C.V Raman was the first Indian scientist to win the Nobel Prize in Physics in 1930 "for his work on the scattering of light and for the discovery of the effect named after him."

- Who is the first Indian to win a Nobel Prize?
- नोबेल पुरस्कार जीतने वाले पहले भारतीय कौन हैं?
- A. Rabindranath Tagore
- B. CV Raman
- C. Mother Theresa
- D. Hargobind Khorana
- Explanation: Rabindranath Tagore was the first Indian to win a Nobel Prize in 1913 for his work in Literature.

- Who was the first Indian woman to win the Miss World Title?
- मिस वर्ल्ड का खिताब जीतने वाली पहली भारतीय महिला कौन थी?
- A. Aishwarya Rai
- B. Sushmita Sen
- C. Reita Faria
- D. Diya Mirza
- Explanation: Reita Faria is an Indian physician, former model, and the winner of the Miss World 1966 contest. She created history by becoming the first Indian to win the Miss World title.

- Who was the first Indian to win the Booker Prize?
 - बुकर पुरस्कार जीतने वाले पहले भारतीय कौन थे?
 - A. Dhan Gopal Mukerji
 - B. Nirad C. Chaudhuri
 - C. Arundhati Roy
 - D. Aravind Adiga
- Explanation: In 1997, Arundhati Roy won the prestigious Booker Prize for her first novel, *The God of Small Things*.

- Which of the following earned the name 'Flying Sikh'?
 - निम्नलिखित में से किसने 'फ्लाइंग सिख' नाम अर्जित किया?
 - A. Milkha Singh
 - B. Lala Lajpat Rai
 - C. Bhagat Singh
 - D. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
- Explanation: Milkha Singh, popularly known as the Flying Sikh was born on October 17, 1935, Lyallpur (now Faisalabad), Pakistan, and died due to COVID-19 on June 18, 2021. He became the first Indian male to reach the final of an Olympic athletics event when he placed fourth in the 400-metre race at the 1960 Olympic Games in Rome.

• **India is a federal union comprising twenty-eight states and how many union territories?**

• **भारत एक संघीय संघ है जिसमें अट्ठाईस राज्य और कितने केंद्र शासित प्रदेश शामिल हैं?**

• **A. 6**

• **B. 7**

• **C. 8**

• **D. 9**

• **Ans: C**

- Which of the following is the capital of Arunachal Pradesh?
- निम्नलिखित में से कौन अरुणाचल प्रदेश की राजधानी है?

- A. Itanagar
- B. Dispur
- C. Imphal
- D. Panaji

• Ans: A

























