



SSC CGL & CHSL 2024



DAY-12

आरंभ बैच

English

Error

DETECTION

LIVE 07:00 PM

PART-1

2024 के सपने होंगे पूरे





ERROR DETECTION





1.(1) I and Gopal / (2) went to the meeting / (3) together. / (4) No error

(1) Replace 'I and Gopal' with 'Gopal and I'.

15



2. (1) Lack of winter rains / (2) have delayed the sowing of / (3) wheat crop in this area. / (4) No error

15

(2) Replace 'have' with 'has'.



3. (1) He boasts of having visited Europe many times / (2) but he can neither speak English / (3) nor he can speak French. / (4) No error

15

(3) Remove 'he can'.



4. (1) The deliberations by / (2) the committee / (3) are completely confidential. / (4) No error

15

(1) Replace 'by' with 'of'.



5. (1) To the man who worked so hard in the project, / (2) the news was / (3) profound disappointing. / (4) No error

(3) Use 'profoundly' in place of 'profound'.

15



6. (1) Even though she lost the beauty contest, / (2) she was still more prettier / (3) than the other girls. / (4) No error

15

(2) Remove 'more'.



7. (1) He has been suffering / (2) with
fever / (3) for the last six weeks. / (4)
No error

15

(2) Use 'from' in place of
'with'.



8. (1) In spite of all efforts to eradicate malaria / (2) it still prevalent / (3) in many parts of India. / (4) No error

15

(2) Use 'it is still prevalent' in place of 'it still prevalent'.



9. (1) I have / (2) no news from him
/ (3) for a long time. / (4) No error

15

(2) Replace 'from' with 'of'.



10. (1) Hardly I had left home for Mumbai / (2) when my son who is settled in Kolkata arrived / (3) without any prior information. / (4) No error

15

(1) Use 'hardly had I' in place of 'hardly I had'.



11. (1) Now, it can be easily said /
(2) that the population of this city
is greater / (3) than any other
city in India.(4) No error

15

(3) Add 'that of' after 'than'.



12. (1) People blamed him / (2) for being / (3) a coward person. / (4) No error

15

(3) Remove 'person'.



13. (1) Either he / (2) or I / (3) are wrong.
/ (4) No error

15

(3) Use 'am wrong' in place of 'are wrong'.



14. (1) Though, he is good /
(2) he is / (3) mischievous.
/ (4) No error

15

(2) Add 'yet' before 'he'.



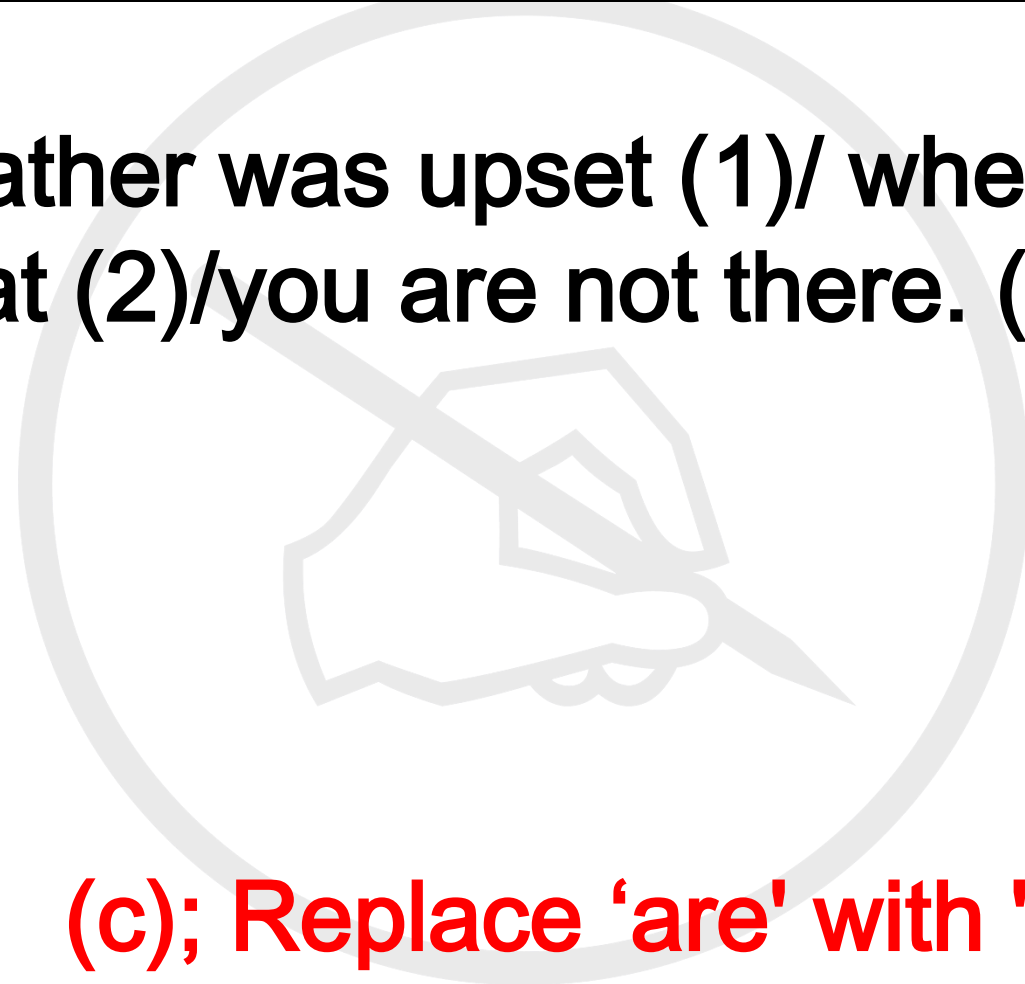
**15. (1) Neither of the
candidates / (2) are / (3)
good. / (4) No error**

15

(2) Use 'is' in place of 'are'.



16. Father was upset (1)/ when he found that (2)/you are not there. (3)/No Error (4)



(c); Replace 'are' with 'were'.



17. While he went beside with your decisions, we were (2)/ never sure he totally agreed. (3)/No Error (4)

(a); go along with: to agree or follow.
There is no word "go beside" as such.
Proper phrasal verb is "go, along with which should be changed according to tense used in the next clause.





18. The after morning (1)/ she woke to the first ray of (2)/ light through the window. (3)/No Error



(a); "after" should be replaced with "early" to make the statement meaningful.



19. It seemed as if (1)/ every man in
the (2)/ country
was back them. (3)/ No Error (4)

(C); "as if" is used to show something which is not real, and to show unreality "were"





20. He put the birds softly, (1)/ one by one, interior their (2)/ warm little home. (3)/No Error (4)



(b); "interior" should be replaced with "inside" . "Inside" is the preposition that need to be written here.



21. The lady was knocked down (1)/ by a speeding Car (2)/ upon crossing the road. (3)/ No Error (4)

(c); "upon" should be replaced with "while", while is used when two actions happen at the same time.





HOME WORK

(1) The power supplying in /
(2) Many states has been
badly affected because / (3) of
the shortage of coal. / (4) No
error

