



IBPS/ BANK 2023



REASONING

REVISION CLASS

तैयारी SELECTION वाली



📡 **LIVE** | **09:00 AM**

BY KULDEEP MAHENDRAS



UPCOMING ONLINE BATCHES

February 2023

08 FEB 2023

03:00 PM to 05:00 PM

SSC ONLINE LIVE CLASS

BILINGUAL

15 FEB 2023

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

BANK ONLINE LIVE CLASS

BILINGUAL

15 FEB 2023


06:30 PM to 08:30 PM

BANK ONLINE LIVE CLASS

English & Bengali



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 Aalap 1 day ago 7 subscribers
Amazing session 🙌

HW ANSWER: (Total 20)

Read more

 1  Reply

  • 1 reply


 harsh sharma 1 day ago


Today's homework answer is
Person 20

C   G    A   EI  K    L V 

Thank you sir amazing sessions 🙌

 1  Reply

  • 1 reply



 monika kumari 2 days ago
20


C@@G@@@A@@EI@@K@@@LV@

Thank you sir 🙌 😊

Very amazing session 🙌 🙌 🙌 🙌 🙌 🙌 🙌

  Reply

  • 1 reply

 Nitu Maurya 1 day ago

Hw ans total 20

Thanku sir for amazing session 🙌

  Reply 

  • 1 reply

 Surbhi Sinha 1 day ago 4 subscribers

C //G///A//EI //K///LV/ TOTAL 20 PERSON

  Reply 

  • 1 reply

 Magic Life 1 day ago 10 subscribers

Home work is ((C,,G,,A,,EI,K,,LV,)) TOTAL 20 person

  Reply 

  • 1 reply

 Riya Mandaokar 19 hours ago

Thank you sir for the session ans is 20 members

C   G    A   EI  k    LV 

  Reply 

  • 1 reply



RAJASTHAN BAL PUBLIC SCHOOL MANDANI 20 hours ago 3 subscribers

304

👍 🗨 Reply



Ajay Singh 2 days ago

C..g...a..ei.k...lv. 20

👍 🗨 Reply

▼ 🚫 • 1 reply



Sarita Maurya 2 days ago

Cgaei..lv

👍 🗨 Reply

▼ 🚫 • 1 reply

Share

I like!



A certain number of persons are sitting in the row. All of them are facing towards north. I sits seventh from the left of V. C sits to the left of A. Only three persons sit between G and A. L sits fourth to the right of K. I sits one of the place between E and K. A sits fourth to the left of I. K is seventh from the right end of the row. Nine persons sit between G and K. There are nine places between C and E. A is eight from the left end. G and I is not neighbor.

एक निश्चित संख्या में व्यक्ति पंक्ति में बैठे हैं। ये सभी उत्तर की ओर मुंह किए हुए हैं। I, V के बाएं से सातवें स्थान पर बैठा हूँ। C, A के बाईं ओर है। केवल तीन व्यक्ति G और A के बीच में बैठे हैं। L, K के दाईं ओर चौथा बैठता है। I, E और K के बीच में कहीं एक स्थान पर एक बैठता है। A, I के बाईं ओर चौथे है। पंक्ति के दाएं छोर से K सातवाँ है। नौ व्यक्ति G और K के बीच में बैठते हैं। नौ व्यक्ति C और E के बीच में बैठते हैं। पंक्ति के बाएं छोर से A आठवाँ है। G और I पड़ोसी नहीं हैं।



A certain number of persons are sitting in the row. All of them are facing towards north. I sits seventh from the left of V. C sits to the left of A. Only three persons sit between G and A. L sits fourth to the right of K. I sits one of the place between E and K. A sits fourth to the left of I. K is seventh from the right end of the row. Nine persons sit between G and K. There are nine places between C and E. A is eight from the left end. G and I is not neighbor.

20

(| | G |)
S

(| | A |)
S

(E | | K |)
S

(| | L | V |)
S



MINTS

RAGSE

CULTS

NIGAS

PEMTO

If the given words are arranged in the order as they appear in a dictionary from left to right, which of the following word will be the fifth from the left end?

यदि दिए गए शब्दों को शब्दकोष में बाएं से दाएं क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाता है, तो निम्न में से कौन सा शब्द बाएं छोर से पांचवां होगा?

(a) MINTS

(b) RAGSE

(c) CULTS

(d) NIGAS

(e) PEMTO



MINTS

RAGSE

CULTS

NIGAS

PEMTO

~~IMAST~~~~AEGRS~~~~CLSTU~~~~AGINS~~~~EMOPT~~

If the letters of the given words are arranged in alphabetical order, then within the word how many meaningful words will be formed?

यदि दिए गए शब्दों के अक्षरों को वर्णानुक्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाए, तो शब्द में कितने अर्थपूर्ण शब्द बनेंगे?

(a) Four

(b) Three

(c) Two

(d) One

(e) None



MINTS

RAGSE

CULTS

NIGAS

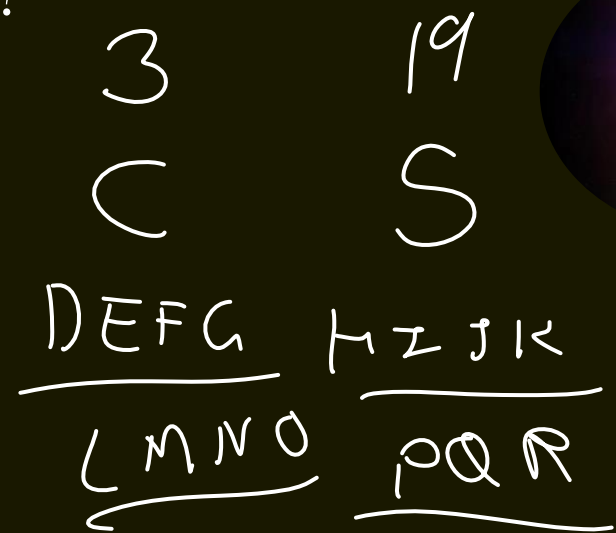
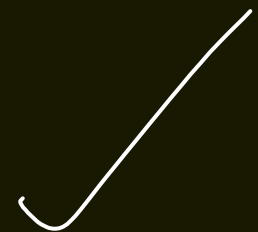
PEMTO

✓ Right

How many letters are there between the first Letter of third word from left end and Last Letter of the second word from right end (According to the alphabetical order)?

बाएं छोर से तीसरे शब्द के पहले अक्षर और दाएं छोर से दूसरे शब्द के अंतिम अक्षर के बीच कितने अक्षर हैं (वर्णानुक्रम के अनुसार)?

- (a) Eight
- (b) Nine
- (c) Ten
- (d) Fifteen
- (e) Sixteen



$$(I - R) - 1$$

$$(3 - 19) - 1$$

10



MINTS

RAGSE

CULTS

NIGAS



PEMTO

How many vowels are there in between the first letter of first word from left and last letter of last word from right (According to the alphabetical order)?

बाएं से पहले शब्द के पहले अक्षर और दाएं से अंतिम शब्द के अंतिम अक्षर के बीच कितने स्वर हैं (वर्णानुक्रम के अनुसार)?

- (a) Two
- (b) Three
- (c) None
- (d) Five
- (e) None of these

13
M



2
14



MINTS

RAGSE

CULTS

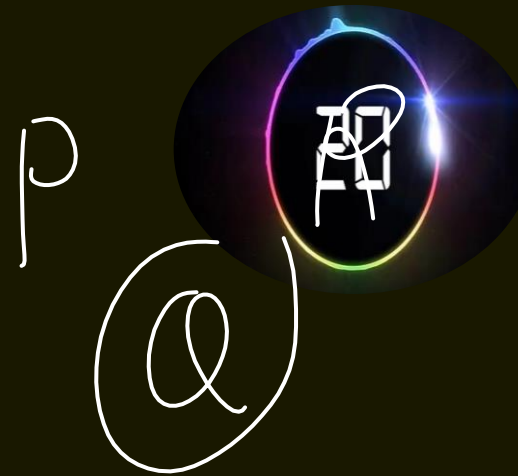
NIGAS

PEMTO

How many letters are there between the first letter of last word from left and first letter of the second word from left (According to the alphabetical order)?

बाएं से अंतिम शब्द के पहले अक्षर और बाएं से दूसरे शब्द के पहले अक्षर के बीच कितने अक्षर हैं (वर्णानुक्रम के अनुसार)?

- (a) Four
- (b) Fourteen
- (c) Twenty
- (d) Six
- (e) One





In the given word 'ALONGSIDE' the consonants are written first and vowels are written second in alphabetical order then the vowels are changed to the next letter and the consonants are changed to the previous letters as per the alphabetical series, then which letter is fifth from the left end.

दिए गए शब्द 'ALONGSIDE' में वर्णमाला के क्रम में पहले व्यंजन और दूसरे में स्वर लिखे जाते हैं फिर स्वरों को अगले वर्ण में बदल दिया जाता है और व्यंजन को वर्णानुक्रम में पिछले अक्षरों में बदल दिया जाता है, तो कौन सा अक्षर वर्णानुक्रम से पाँचवाँ है बायाँ छोर।

- 1. R
- 2. C
- 3. B
- 4. J
- 5. P





How many such pairs of digits are there in the number '73951286', each of which has as many digits between them in the number (both forward and backward direction) as they have between them in the Numeric Series?

संख्या '73951286' में अंकों के ऐसे कितने जोड़े हैं, जिनमें से प्रत्येक के बीच संख्या में (आगे और पीछे दोनों दिशाओं में) उतने ही अंक हैं जितने उनके बीच संख्यात्मक श्रृंखला में हैं?



1. Two

2. Three

3. Four

4. More than Four

5. None



Statements:

$H < Y < U \geq Q = N > R; S = T \geq G = V > H$ CYC U

Conclusions:

I. $U < R$ X

II. $S \geq U$ X





Statements:

$x > z >$

$T \geq M = K < B = G < P \geq V > L; \underline{X > Z > T}$

Conclusions

I. $X > P$

\times

II. $P \geq T$

\times





Statements:

$U < C \leq P < Q \geq G \geq I \geq E$

Conclusions:

I. $U > I$ ✗

II. $P \leq E$ ✗





Statements:

$A > M > R = F \geq Z < X < C \geq B > N$

Conclusion:

I: $A \geq Z$ ✗

II: $Z < V$ ✗





Statement:

$U > V = Y > X > I > M < K$

Conclusions:

I. $I < U$ ✓

II. $Y > M$ ✓





Statements:

I < F > H > Q, V ≥ D > F < A

Conclusions:

~~I. I < V~~

~~II. Q < A~~

Both





In a Certain code *NAME* is written as 82610 ,than find the code for CAR ?

एक निश्चित कोड में *NAME* का कोड 82610 लिखा गया है तो *CAR* का कोड क्या होगा ?

(1) 6216

(2) 6218

(3) 12418

(4) 6412

(5) None of these

14	1	13	5
N	A	M	E
4	1	3	5
8	2	6	10

3	1	18
C	A	R
3	20	8
6	2	16



In a Certain code *LAPTOP* is written as 10 ,than find the code for MASTER ?

एक निश्चित कोड में *LAPTOP* का कोड 10 लिखा गया है तो **MASTER** का कोड क्या होगा ?

(1) 10


(2) 18

(3) 12 ✓

(4) 14

(5) None of these

(Last letter P V — No of letter)

$$16 - 6 = 10$$
$$18 - 6 = 12$$




'value theme particle around' is written as 'tfk dm un ssd'

'song new theme sing' is written as 'dj xy tfk src'

'sing loud particle mix' is written as 'ssd bt src hnm'

'around theme mix song' is written as 'xy un tfk bt'

What is the code of 'around'? / 'Around' का कूट क्या है?

1. un 2. dm 3. dj 4. src 5. ssd





Statement:

Some Scarfs are Handkerchiefs.

Only a few Frocks are Scarfs.

Conclusion:

I. At least some Frocks are Handkerchiefs.

II. All Frocks being Handkerchiefs is a possibility.

कथन:

कुछ स्कार्फ रूमाल हैं।

केवल कुछ फ्रॉक स्कार्फ हैं।

निष्कर्ष:

कम से कम कुछ फ्रॉक रूमाल हैं।

सभी फ्रॉक के रूमाल होने की

संभावना है।





Statement:

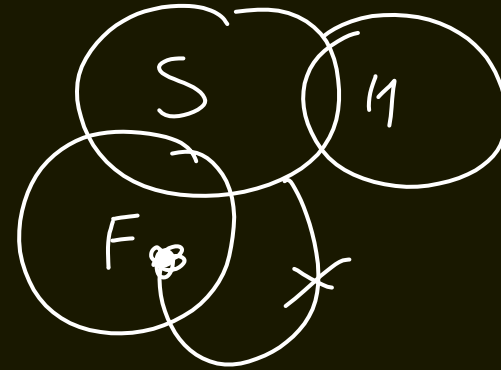
Some Scarfs are Handkerchiefs.

Only a few Frocks are Scarfs.

Conclusion:

I. At least some Frocks are Handkerchiefs.

II. All Frocks being Handkerchiefs is a possibility.





Statement:

Only a few Gold are Green.

Some Gold are not Grey.

Conclusion:

I. All Gold being Grey is a possibility.

II. At least some Grey are Green.

कथन:

केवल कुछ गोल्ड ग्रीन हैं।

कुछ गोल्ड ग्रे नहीं हैं।

निष्कर्ष:

सभी गोल्ड के ग्रे होने की संभावना है।

कम से कम कुछ ग्रे ग्रीन हैं।





Statement:

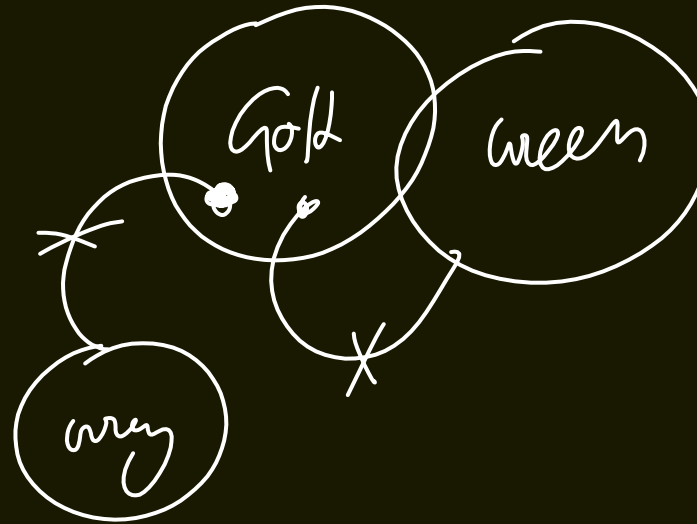
Only a few Gold are Green.

Some Gold are not Grey.

Conclusion:

I. All Gold being Grey is a possibility. X

II. At least some Grey are Green. X





Statements:

All grill are drill.

Only few drill are mill.

Conclusions:

I. Some grill are mill.

II. All mill are being drill
is a possibility.

कथन:

सभी ग्रिल ड्रिल हैं।

केवल कुछ ड्रिल मिल हैं।

निष्कर्ष:

कुछ ग्रिल मिल हैं।

सभी मिल के ड्रिल होने की
संभावना है।





Statements:

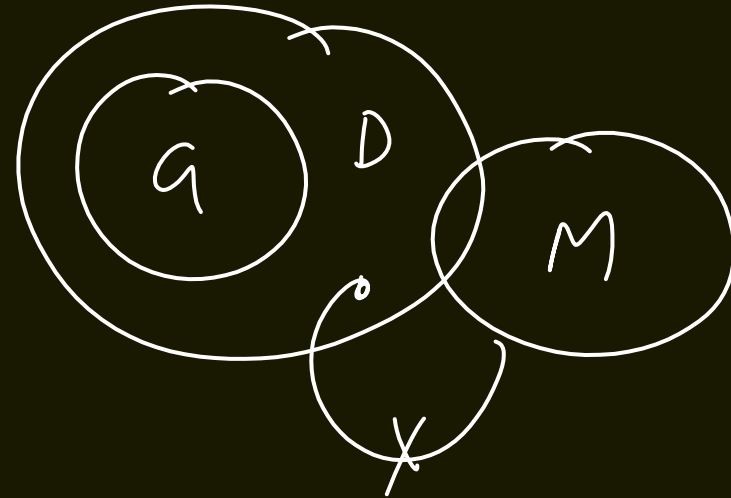
All grill are drill.

Only few drill are mill.

Conclusions:

I. Some grill are mill.

II. All mill are being drill
is a possibility.





Statements:

Some boys are odd.

All odd are girls.

No girl is a toy.

Conclusion:

I. No toy is an odd.

II. Some boys are not toys.

कथन:

कुछ लड़के विषम हैं।

सभी ऑड गर्ल्स हैं।

कोई लड़की खिलौना नहीं है।

निष्कर्ष:

कोई खिलौना विषम नहीं है।

कुछ लड़के खिलौने नहीं हैं।





Statements:

Some boys are odd.

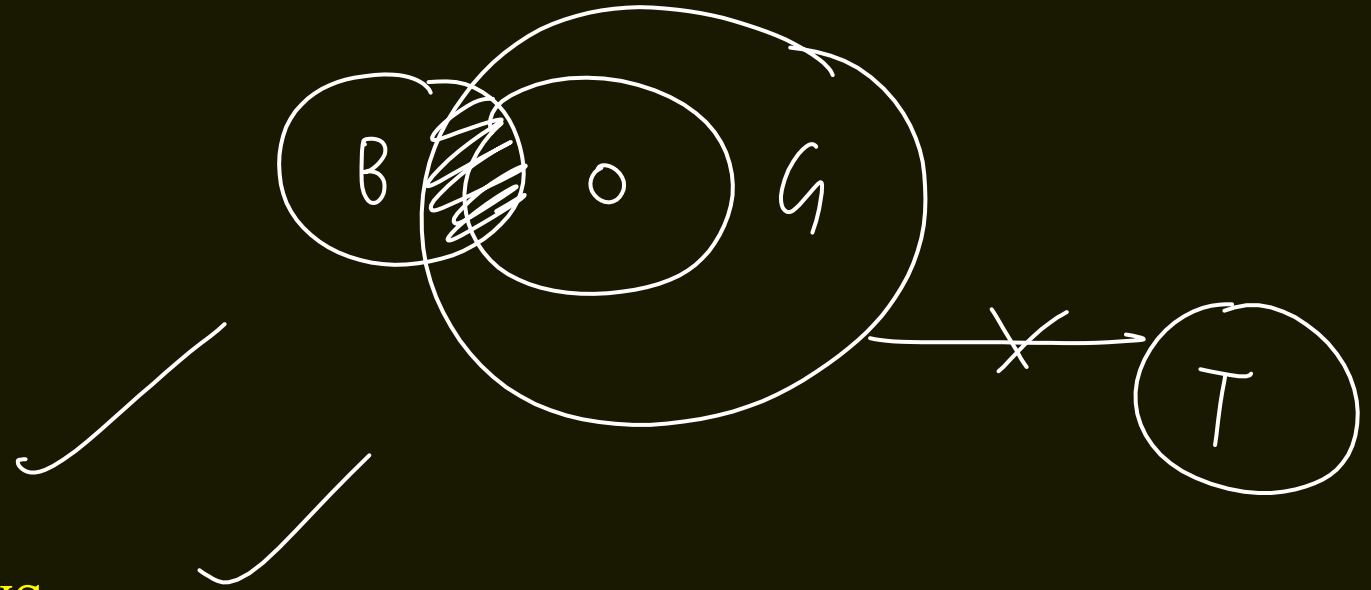
All odd are girls.

No girl is a toy.

Conclusion:

I. No toy is an odd.

II. Some boys are not toys.





Statements:

Only a few Umbrella is Kite.

No Kite is Ice-cream.

Each Ice-cream is Rabbit.

Conclusion:

I. Some Rabbit is not Kite.

II. All Umbrella can be Ice-cream.

कथन:

केवल कुछ अंब्रेला काइट हैं।

कोई काइट आइसक्रीम नहीं है।

प्रत्येक आइसक्रीम रैबिट है।

निष्कर्ष:

कुछ रैबिट काइट नहीं हैं।

सभी छाता आइसक्रीम हो सकते हैं।





Statements:

Only a few Umbrella is Kite.

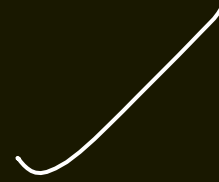
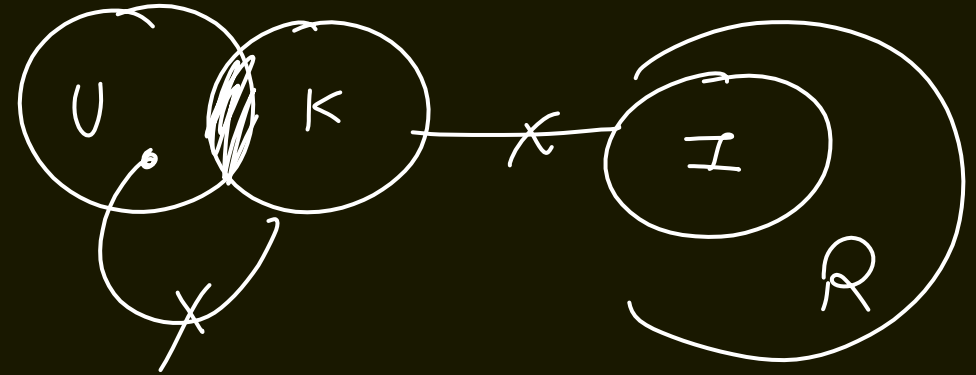
No Kite is Ice-cream.

~~Each~~ Ice-cream is Rabbit.

^{All}
Conclusion:

I. Some Rabbit is not Kite.

II. All Umbrella can be Ice-cream.





There is family of seven member having three generations. There are more than four females in the family. A is the father of B. L is married to the only son of G. L has an unmarried sibling K. B is the nephew of K. C is the child of A. G is the mother of A. H is the parent of L. How is K related to A?

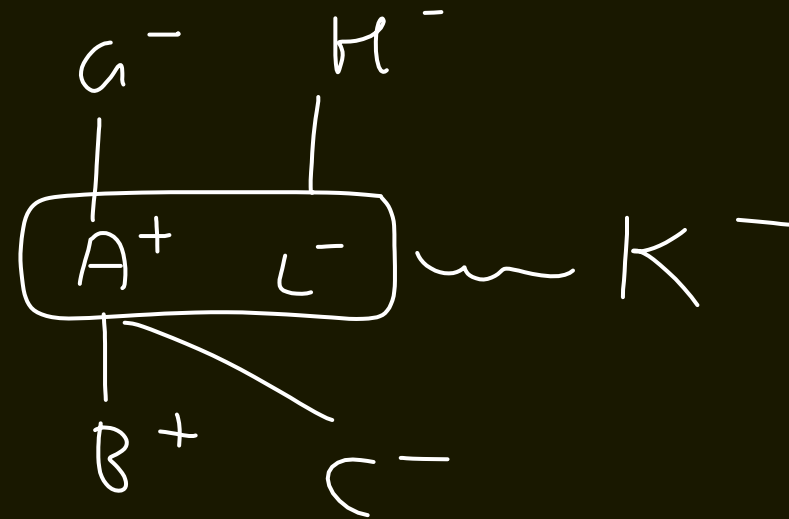
तीन पीढ़ियों वाले सात सदस्यों का परिवार है। परिवार में चार से अधिक महिलाएं हैं। A, B का पिता है। L का विवाह G के इकलौते पुत्र से हुआ है। L का एक अविवाहित सहोदर K है। B, K का भतीजा है। C, A का बच्चा है। G, A की माँ है। L, K, A से कैसे संबंधित है?

1. Sister - in- law
2. Brother - in- law
3. Son
4. Daughter
5. Cannot be determined



There is family of seven member having three generations. There are more than four females in the family. A is the father of B. L is married to the only son of G. L has an unmarried sibling K. B is the nephew of K. C is the child of A. G is the mother of A. H is the parent of L. How is K related to A?

Sister in law





Six persons (C, D, E, F, J, K) were born on two different dates 5, 12 of three different months viz. March, May and September. Only one person was born on one date of a month. J was born on the 5th of a month having 30 days. Not more than two persons were born between F and E. C was born on an even-numbered date but immediately after K. Only two persons were born between J and C. D was born any one of the months before E. K was born before F but not after D. At least two people were born after F.

छह व्यक्तियों (C, D, E, F, J, K) का जन्म तीन अलग-अलग महीनों की दो अलग-अलग तारीखों 5, 12 को हुआ था। मार्च, मई और सितंबर। केवल एक व्यक्ति का जन्म एक महीने की एक तारीख को हुआ था। J का जन्म 30 दिनों वाले महीने की 5 तारीख को हुआ था। F और E के बीच दो से अधिक व्यक्तियों का जन्म नहीं हुआ था। C का जन्म एक सम संख्या वाली तारीख पर लेकिन K के ठीक बाद हुआ था। J और C के बीच केवल दो व्यक्तियों का जन्म हुआ था। D का जन्म E से पहले किसी एक महीने में हुआ था। K का जन्म हुआ था F से पहले लेकिन D के बाद नहीं। F के बाद कम से कम दो लोगों का जन्म हुआ।



Six persons (C, D, E, F, J, K) were born on two different dates 5, 12 of three different months viz. March, May and September. Only one person was born on one date of a month. J was born on the 5th of a month having 30 days. Not more than two persons were born between F and E. C was born on an even-numbered date but immediately after K. Only two persons were born between J and C. D was born any one of the months before E. K was born before F but not after D. At least two people were born after F.

K
C

31	March	S	K	
		12	C	
31	May	S	F/D	K
		12	F/D	C
30	Sep	S	J	J
		12	E	



There are six persons namely A, B, C, D, E and F. They are arranged in descending order of their age from left to right. No two persons have the same age. E is younger than A but elder to B. B is not the youngest. E is 25 years old. The difference of ages of D and E is 20 years. C is the second youngest person. If the sum of ages of A and E is 70 and the sum of ages of F and D is 89 years then what is the age of D?

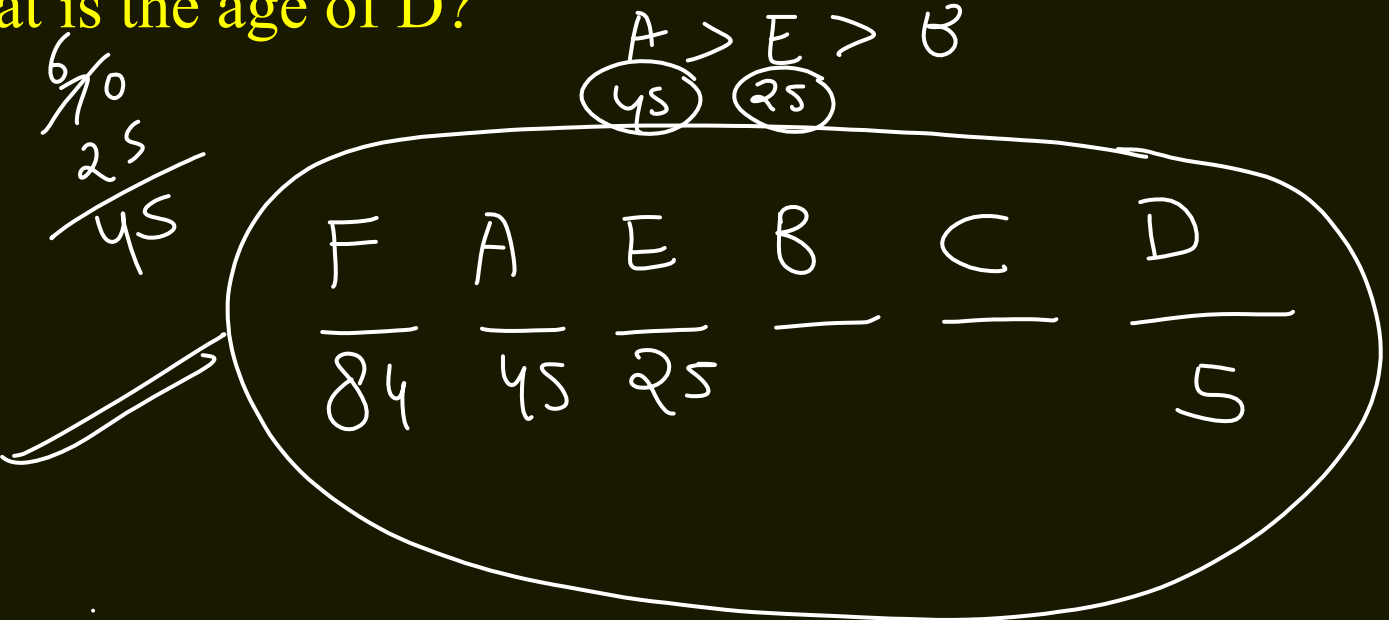
छह व्यक्ति अर्थात् A, B, C, D, E और F हैं। उन्हें उनकी उम्र के अनुसार बाएं से दाएं अवरोही क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया गया है। किसी भी दो व्यक्तियों की आयु समान नहीं होती है। E, A से छोटा है लेकिन B से बड़ा है। B सबसे छोटा नहीं है। E की उम्र 25 वर्ष है। D और E की आयु का अंतर 20 वर्ष है। C दूसरा सबसे छोटा व्यक्ति है। यदि A और E की आयु का योग 70 है और F और D की आयु का योग 89 वर्ष है, तो D की आयु कितनी है?

1. 55 years
2. 20 years
3. 15 years
4. 5 years
5. 10 years



There are six persons namely A, B, C, D, E and F. They are arranged in descending order of their age from left to right. No two persons have the same age. E is younger than A but elder to B. B is not the youngest. E is 25 years old. The difference of ages of D and E is 20 years. C is the second youngest person.

If the sum of ages of A and E is 70 and the sum of ages of F and D is 89 years then what is the age of D?



(84)

(5)

$$\begin{array}{r} E - 25 \\ D - 5 \end{array} \Bigg) 20$$

~~$$\begin{array}{r} E - 25 \\ D - 45 \end{array} \Bigg) 20$$~~



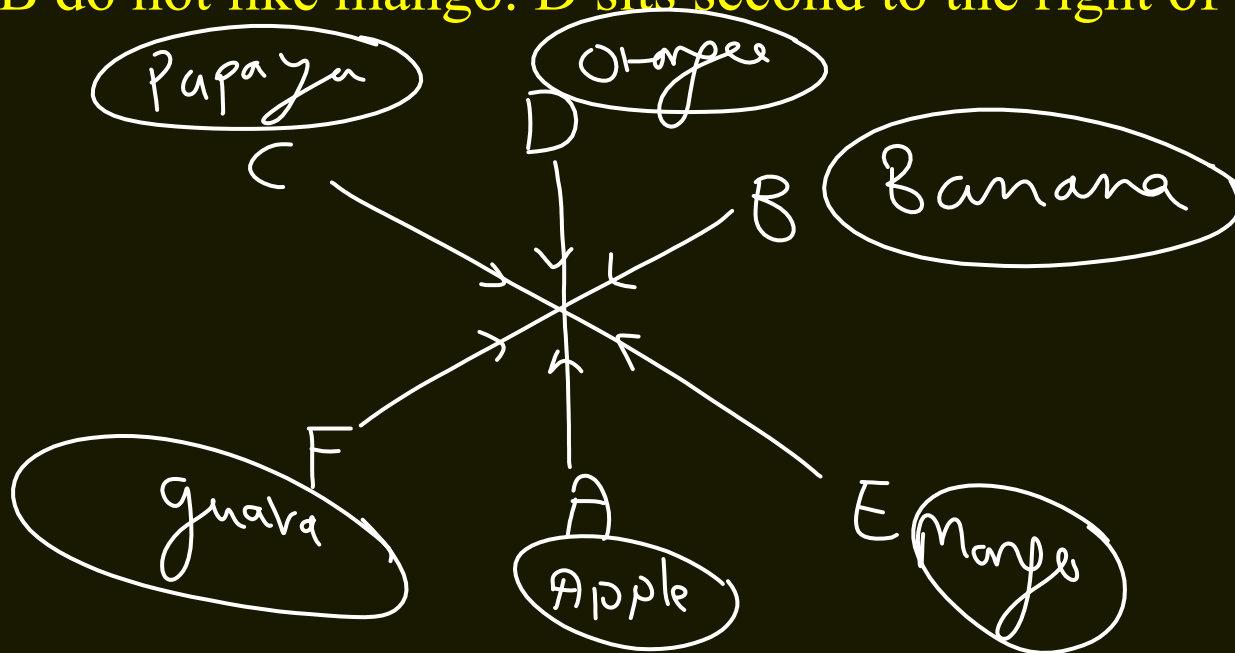
There are 6 persons namely A, B, C, D, E and F. They all are sitting around a circular table facing the centre. Each one of them likes a fruit namely, Apple, Banana, Guava, Mango, Papaya and Orange but not necessarily in the same order. A likes apples and is sitting second to the left of B. The one who likes mango sits between the one who likes apple and B. C who likes papaya sits opposite to E. Two persons are sitting between B and F. The one who likes guava sits immediately to the left of the one who likes apples. D and B do not like mango. D sits second to the right of E and likes orange.

DS

यहाँ 6 व्यक्ति अर्थात् A, B, C, D, E और F हैं। वे सभी केंद्र की ओर मुख करके एक वृत्ताकार मेज के चारों ओर बैठे हैं। उनमें से प्रत्येक को एक फल अर्थात् सेब, केला, अमरूद, आम, पपीता और संतरा पसंद है लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हो। A को सेब पसंद है और वह B के बायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। वह व्यक्ति जिसे आम पसंद है वह सेब पसंद करने वाले और B के बीच बैठा है। C जिसे पपीता पसंद है वह E के विपरीत बैठा है। B और F के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। जिसे पसंद है वह अमरूद सेब पसंद करने वाले व्यक्ति के ठीक बाईं ओर बैठा है। D और B को आम पसंद नहीं है। D, E के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है और नारंगी रंग पसंद करता है।



There are 6 persons namely A, B, C, D, E and F. They all are sitting around a circular table facing the centre. Each one of them likes a fruit namely, Apple, Banana, Guava, Mango, Papaya and Orange but not necessarily in the same order. A likes apples and is sitting second to the left of B. The one who likes mango sits between the one who likes apple and B. C who likes papaya sits opposite to E. Two persons are sitting between B and F. The one who likes guava sits immediately to the left of the one who likes apples. D and B do not like mango. D sits second to the right of E and likes orange.





In a bank meeting, the eight bank employees Q, R, U, P, D, H, L, and C hold different positions - Managing Director (MD), Executive Director (ED), Chief General Manager (CGM), General Manager (GM), Assistant General Manager (AGM), Divisional Manager (DM), Marketing Officer (MO) and Clerk but not necessarily in the same order. All the positions are in increasing order where Clerk is junior to all and MD is senior to all. U is just senior to R. D is junior to Q. Q is senior to only three persons. L is neither Chief General Manager nor Managing Director. P is senior to Divisional Manager but junior to Managing Director. H is not junior to P. D is not the most junior. C is an Executive Director.

11-10-

एक बैंक बैठक में, आठ बैंक कर्मचारी Q, R, U, P, D, H, L, और C विभिन्न पदों पर हैं - प्रबंध निदेशक (MD), कार्यकारी निदेशक (ED), मुख्य महाप्रबंधक (CGM), महाप्रबंधक (जीएम), सहायक महाप्रबंधक (एजीएम), मंडल प्रबंधक (डीएम), विपणन अधिकारी (एमओ) और क्लर्क लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं इसी क्रम में हो। सभी पद बढ़ते क्रम में हैं जहां क्लर्क सभी से कनिष्ठ है और एमडी सभी से वरिष्ठ है। U, R से तुरंत वरिष्ठ है। D, Q से कनिष्ठ है। Q केवल तीन व्यक्तियों से वरिष्ठ है। L न तो मुख्य महाप्रबंधक है और न ही प्रबंध निदेशक। P, मंडल प्रबंधक से वरिष्ठ है लेकिन प्रबंध निदेशक से कनिष्ठ है। H, P से कनिष्ठ नहीं है। D सबसे कनिष्ठ नहीं है। C एक कार्यकारी निदेशक है।



In a bank meeting, the eight bank employees Q, R, U, P, D, H, L, and C hold different positions - Managing Director (MD), Executive Director (ED), Chief General Manager (CGM), General Manager (GM), Assistant General Manager (AGM), Divisional Manager (DM), Marketing Officer (MO) and Clerk but not necessarily in the same order. All the positions are in increasing order where Clerk is junior to all and MD is senior to all. U is just senior to R. D is junior to Q. Q is senior to only three persons. L is neither Chief General Manager nor Managing Director. P is senior to Divisional Manager but junior to Managing Director. H is not junior to P. D is not the most junior. C is an Executive Director.

Rea 9:00 AM

Wed — D-S
Thu } — Machine input
Fri }
Sat → Revision