

BPS/BANK/LIC AAO 2023 🕲



REASONING

INEQUALITY

(असमानता)

दादाजी, पिताजी & ME CONCEPT

सारे प्रश्न अब आसान तरीके से



((·)) CUVE | 09:00 AM

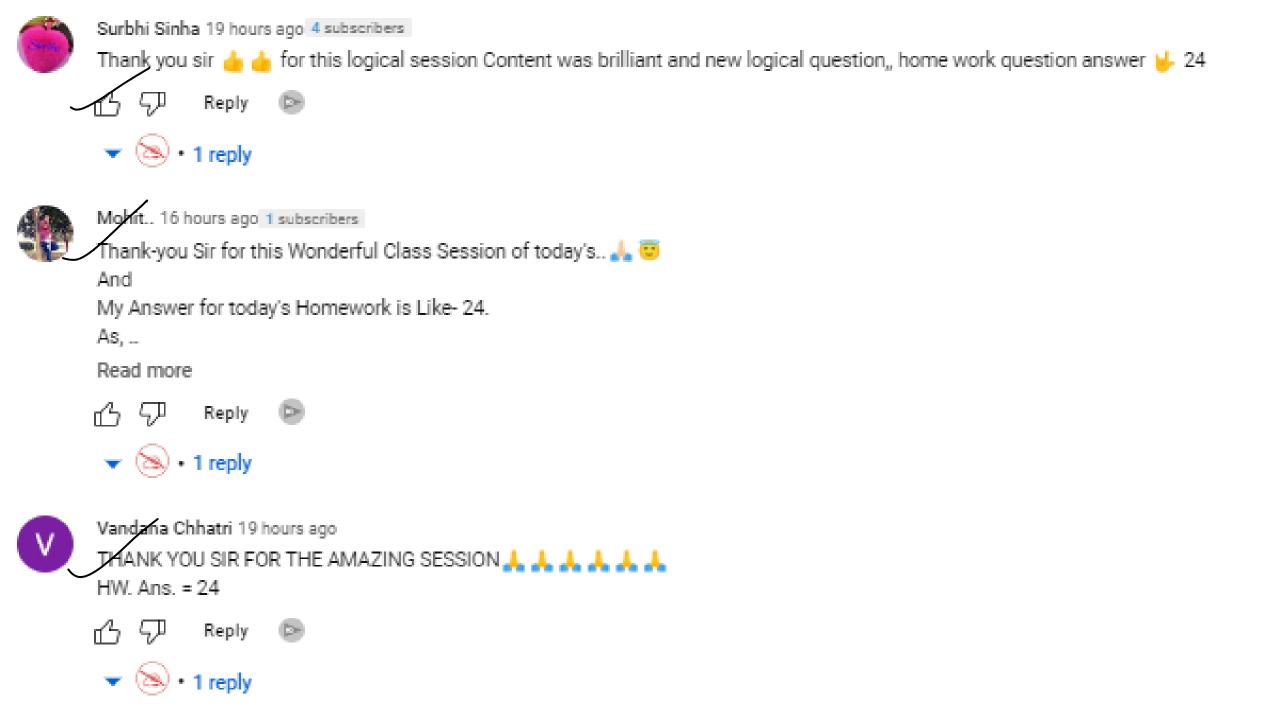
BY KULDEEP MAHENDRAS

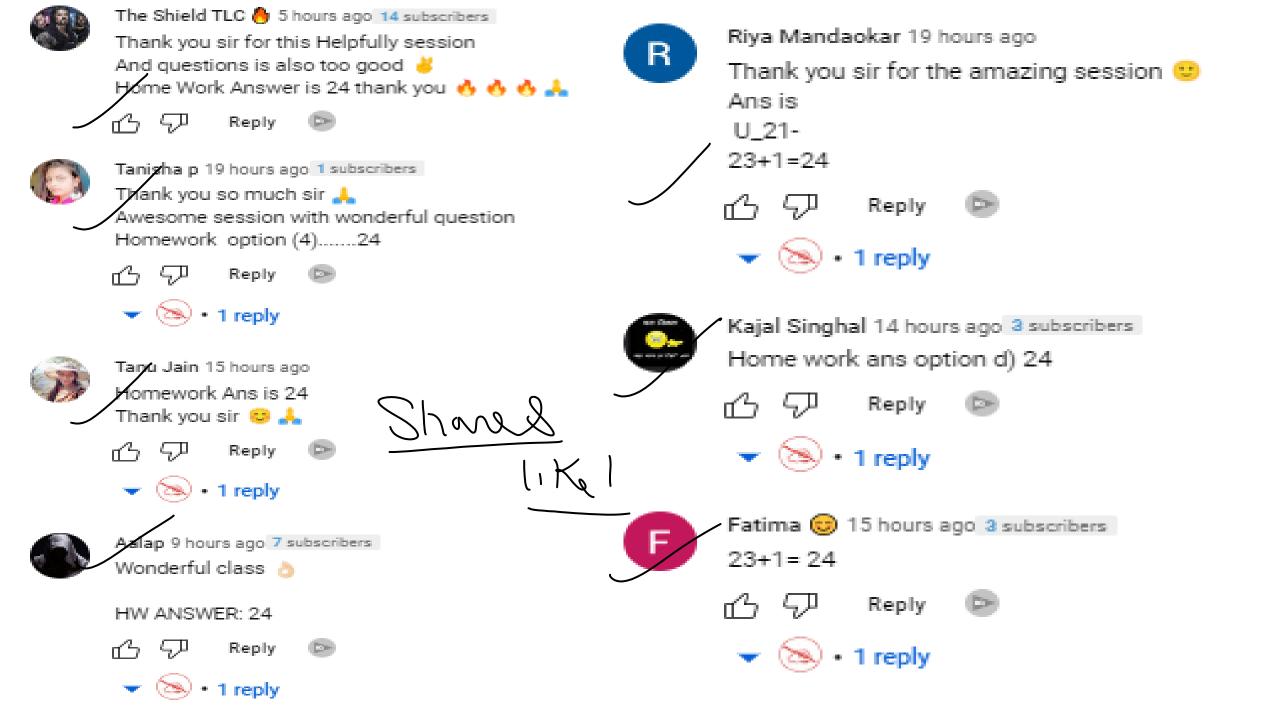


UPCOMING ONLINE BATCHES













(1) RRBs – CRP RRB-XII (Office Assistants) and CRP RRB-XII (Officers)

Preliminary Examination	Office Assistants and Officer Scale I :		
	05.08.2023, 06.08.2023, 12.08.2023, 13.08.2023 and		
	19.08.2023.		
Single Examination	Officers Scale II & III: 10.09.2023		
Main Examination	Officer Scale I: 10.09.2023		
	Office Assistants: 16.09.2023		

(2) PSBs – CRP CLERK-XIII, CRP PO/MT-XIII & CRP SPL-XIII

	Clerks	Probationary Officers	Specialist Officers
Preliminary	26.08.2023	23.09.2023	30.12.2023
Examination	27.08.2023	30.09.2023	31.12.2023
	02.09.2023	01.10.2023	
Main	07.10.2023	05.11.2023	28.01.2024
Examination			



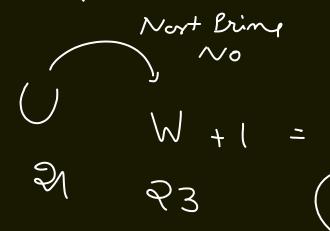
GPYB is written as 12 18 30 4.

W Q O T is written as 30 20 18 24.



What is the code for 'U' के लिए कूट क्या है

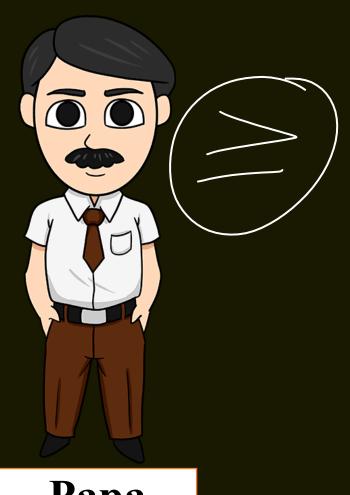
- **(1) 28**
- **(2)** 14
- (3) 22(4) 24















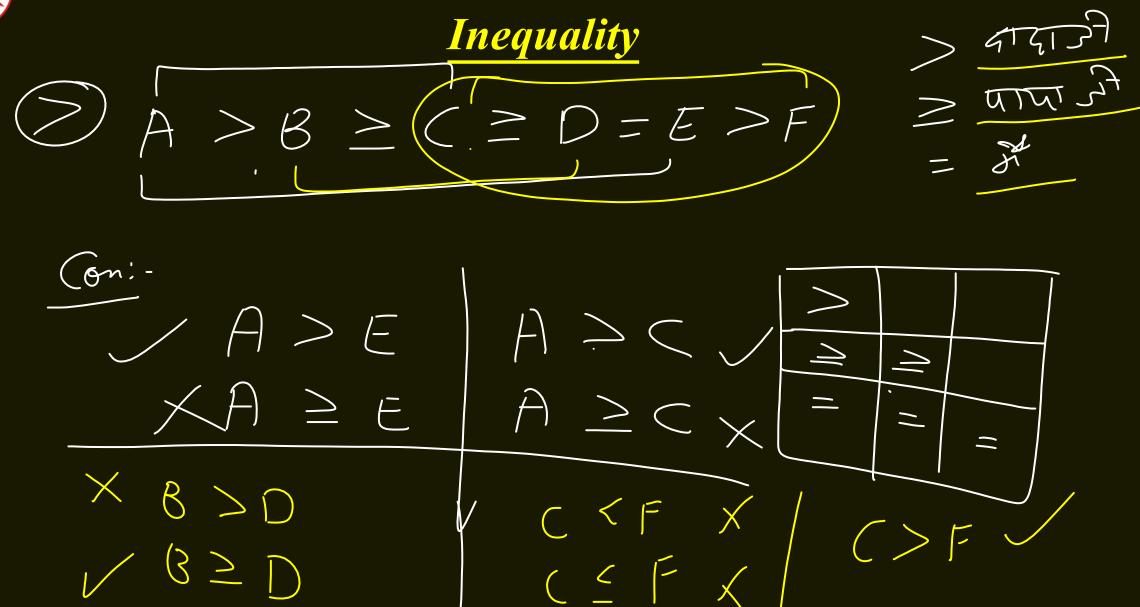












Statements : A > C ≥ T > I ≥ O > N

Conclusions: I. A > N

II. C > O

- (1) If only conclusion I is true.
- (2) If only conclusion II is true.
- (3) If either conclusion I or II is true.
- (4) If neither conclusion I nor II is true.
- (5) If both conclusion I and II are true.



Statements : A = B ≥ C = D ≥ E = F

Conclusions: I. A ≥ F

II. A = F ×

- (1) If only conclusion I is true.
- (2) If only conclusion II is true.
- (3) If either conclusion I or II is true.
- (4) If neither conclusion I nor II is true.
- (5) If both conclusion I and II are true.



Statements: 1 > 2 > 3, 5 < 4 < 3

- (1) If only conclusion I is true.
- (2) If only conclusion II is true.
- (3) If either conclusion I or II is true.
- (4) If neither conclusion I nor II is true.
- (5) If both conclusion I and II are true.



□LIVE at 9:00 AM

Points to Remember

Sto greate/equal Smaller/egnal

either on 1st Case

(Resultant)

(on:

$$B > E$$

$$B = E$$

$$B \ge E$$

Cithen or



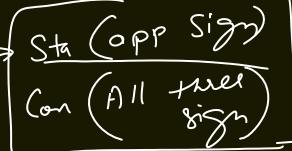


Points to Remember



$$\bigcirc$$
A (





B < 7

$$A > B \geq C > D < E \leq F < T$$

$$\beta > \bot X$$

$$A \ge D$$
 $None$



Statements: N > U > M < B > E > R

- (1) If only conclusion I is true.
- (2) If only conclusion II is true.
- (3) If either conclusion I or II is true.
- (4) If neither conclusion I nor II is true.
- (5) If both conclusion I and II are true.



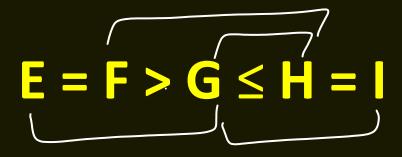
Statements : A ≥ C ≥ T = I ≥ O = N

Conclusions: I.
$$A > N$$

II. $A = N$
 $A \ge N$
 $A \ge N$

- (1) If only conclusion I is true.
- (2) If only conclusion II is true.
- (3) If either conclusion I or II is true.
- (4) If neither conclusion I nor II is true.
- (5) If both conclusion I and II are true.



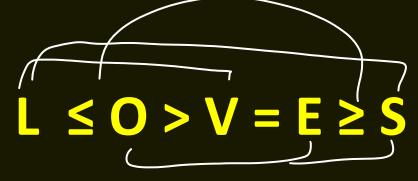


- 1) E > G \(\)
 2) H ≥ G \(\)
- 3) H ≥ F × 4) I ≥ G ✓











$$B > E \leq A = T \geq S$$

1) B > S
$$\times$$



$$M = O < N = K \le S$$

4)
$$O = K \times$$



> cither on

$$C \ge H = A > T > S$$



$$S \ge T = U > D \le Y$$

1) Y > U
$$\times$$



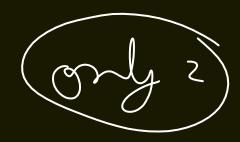
$$G \le R > E = A \le T$$

1)
$$R > T \times$$

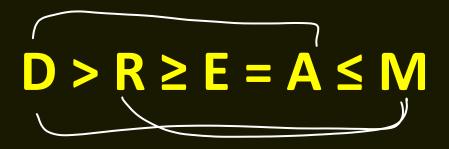
2)
$$R = A \times$$



$$S = T \le R < E = A > M$$







3)
$$E = D \times$$



- (1) If only conclusion I is true.
- (2) If only conclusion II is true.
- (3) If either conclusion I or II is true.
- (4) If neither conclusion I nor II is true.
- (5) If both conclusion I and II are true.



Statement: $M \ge 0 \ge L \ge T = E \ge D$

Conclusions: I. $D \le O$ II. $M \ge E$



Statement: $B < C = D \le X \le Y < Z$

Conclusions: I. B < X





Conclusions: I. O < T





Statement:
$$S \leq P \leq A = R > E \leq D$$

Statements:
$$B > A \ge T > F = Y \le S < D$$

Conclusions: I.
$$F < D$$
 II. $A > S$





Statements: $Y < O \le G \le K = U > L > P$

Conclusions: I. O = U

Statements:
$$M < T < G \le J = U > Y > R$$

Conclusions : I.
$$G < U$$
 II. $J > R$

Which of the following explanation is true?

Statement: $3 \ge 9 < 7 \le 10 = 2 \le 6$



Conclusions: 1.6 > 9

II. 9 ≤ 2



