





IVE MOCK DISCUSSION

🔞 10:30 AM 🛱 Reasoning

S	simran Lalwani 1 day ago Hw A,E,A,B nice session mam tysm	anjali 1 day ago Homework ans- 1.A 2.E 3.A Read more aditya Chavda 1 day ago Hw ans a),e),e),b) 2.E Yiew reply from Mahendras : Online Videos For Govt. Exams
A	HOMEWORK ANSWER	佔
	Q.1. A. Only I follows Q.2. D Neither Nor Q.3. B Only II follows Read more	View reply from Mahendras : Online Videos For Govt. Exams AAYUSH SRIVASTAVA 1 day ago HOMEWORK ANSWERS- Q1- (D): NEITHER CONCLUSION 1 NOR 2 FOLLOWS
	凸 🖓 REPLY	Q2- (E): BOTH 1 & 2 FOLLOWS Q3- (A): ONLY CONCLUSION 1 FOLLOWS
: C	 View reply from Mahendras : Onli 	Q4- (D): NEITHER CONCLUSION 1 NOR 2 FOLLOWS
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Simpal Kumari 19 hours ago

 ∇ REPLY ഷ

subhankar mondal 1 day ago Home answer Question 1) A Question 2) E Question 3) A.... Read more

ഷ ም REPLY

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SARITA RAWAT 1 day ago Homework answer 1.) A

S

2.) E

3.) A...

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Archana Pal 1 day ago

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Home answer Question 1) A Question 2) E Question 3) A... Read more

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(a) If only conclusion I follows.
(b) If only conclusion II follows.
(c) If either conclusion I or II follows
(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.



Statements: Only a few states is country. Some country is city. All city is village Conclusions: I. All country can be city II. All states can be country

Statements:

Some Sania is Sindhu No Sindhu is Player All Player is India **Conclusions:**

I. Some Sindhu can be IndiaII. Some Sania is not player



🔊 Mah<u>endra</u>'s

(a) If only conclusion I follows.
(b) If only conclusion II follows.
(c) If either conclusion I or II follows
(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.



Statements: Only a few states is country. Some country is city. All city is village Conclusions: I. All country can be states II. Some village can be country

Statements:

Only flower is fruit Some flower is chocolate Some chocolate is drink **Conclusions:**

I. Some fruit can be drinkII. Some flower can be drink



1:30

Eight persons K, L, M, N, O, P, Q and R are from two generations and four married couple. Q and N are married couples K is father in law O who is sister in law of L. L and P are married couples. P is daughter in law of R. M and L are siblings of same gender. N is mother of P. आठ व्यक्ति K, L, M, N, O, P, Q और R दो पीढ़ियों से हैं और चार विवाहित जोड़े हैं। Q और N विवाहित जोड़े हैं K, ससूर O हैं, जो L की सिस्टर इन लॉ हैं। L और P विवाहित जोड़े हैं। P, R की बहू है। M और L समान लिंग के भाई-बहन हैं। N, P की माता है।



How is P related to M?

(a) Son-in-law	(b) Son (c) Sister -in-law
(d) Daughter	(e) None of these

If J is the only child of L then how is N related to J?

- (a) Maternal Grand mother(c) Aunt (d) Fatherthese
- (b) Mother (e) None of

How is L related to K? (a) Son (b) Son in law (d) Father

(c) Brother -in-law(e) None of these



बारह लोग दो समानांतर पंक्तियों में बैठे हैं जिनमें प्रत्येक पंक्ति में छह लोग हैं। पंक्ति 1 में - B, C, D, E, F और G बैठे हैं और उन सभी का मुख उत्तर की ओर है और पंक्ति 2 में - Q, R, S, T, U और 🗸 बैठे हैं और उन संभी का मुख दक्षिण की ओर है लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हो। दी गई व्यवस्था में, पंक्ति में बैठे प्रत्येक सदस्य का मुख दूसरी पंक्ति के अन्य सदस्य की ओर है। D पंक्ति के किंसी एक अंतिम छोर पर बैठा है। B और D के मध्य दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। वह व्यक्ति जो B की ओर उन्मुख है, Q के बाएं से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। G, V के बाईं ओर। T और V के बीच में दो व्यक्ति बैठते हैं। R, U के दाईं ओर किसी एक स्थान पर बैठता है। वह जो U की ओर उन्मुख है वह E के दायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठता है। F किसी एक स्थान पर बैठता है C . का अधिकार

Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people in each row. In row 1 - B, C, D, E, F and G are sitting and all of them are facing north and in row 2 - Q, R, S, T, U and V are sitting and all of them are facing south but not necessarily in the same order. In the given arrangement, each member seated in the row faces another member of the other row. D sits at one of the extreme ends of the row. Two people sit between B and D. The one who faces B sits second to the left of Q. Three people sit between Q and S. The one who faces S sits to the immediate right of G. As many people sit to the left of G as to the left of V. Two people sit between T and V. R sits at one of the positions to the right of U. The one who faces U sits third to the right of E. F sits at one of the positions to the right of C

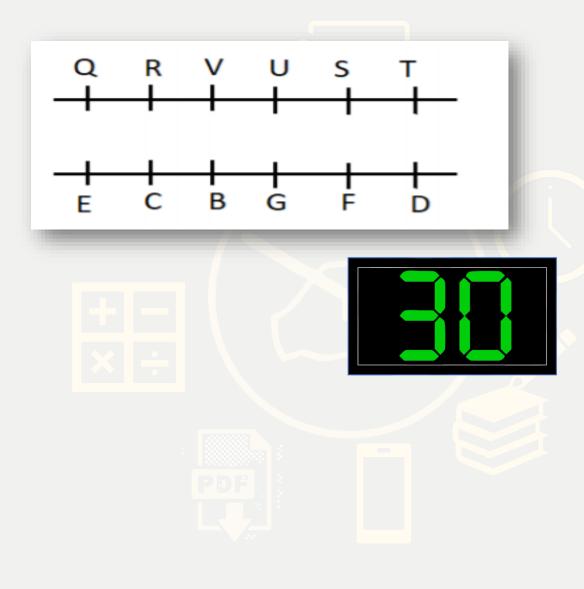
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Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people in each row. In row 1 - B, C, D, E, F and G are sitting and all of them are facing north and in row 2 - Q, R, S, T, U and V are sitting and all of them are facing south but not necessarily in the same order. In the given arrangement, each member seated in the row faces another member of the other row. D sits at one of the extreme ends of the row. Two people sit between B and D. The one who faces B sits second to the left of Q. Three people sit between Q and S. The one who faces S sits to the immediate right of G. As many people sit to the left of G as to the left of V. Two people sit between T and V. R sits at one of the positions to the right of U. The one who faces U sits third to the right of E. F sits at one of the positions to the right of C

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Who sits fourth to the left of F? A. G B. C C. B D. E E. D

How many people sit between S and R? A. One B. Two C. Three D. Four E. None

Who faces C?

A. R B. Q C. V D. U E. S

Which of the following statements is true?

- A. Three people sit between B and D
- B. V sits opposite to G
- C. T and E sit at the extreme ends of the row
- D. R and U are immediate neighbours
- E. None of the above

Four of the following five are alike in a certain way, find the odd one out. A. Q B. T C. D D. E E. R



How many such pairs of letters are there in the word 'DECLARING' each of which has as many letters between them in the word as in the English alphabet (both forward and backward)?

```
शब्द 'DECLARING' में अक्षरों के ऐसे कितने युग्म हैं जिनमें से प्रत्येक के बीच उतने ही अक्षर
हैं जितने कि अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला (आगे और पीछे दोनों) में हैं?
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A. One
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B. Two

C. Three

D. None

E. More than three





Statements:

All ladders are stairs. Only a few stairs are ways. All ways are elevators.

Conclusions:

I. No elevators are ladders.

- II. Some ladders are elevators.
- A. If only conclusion I follows
- B. If only conclusion II follows
- C. If either conclusion I or II follows
- D. If neither conclusion I nor II follows
- E. If both conclusions I and II follow

73.Statements:

A few computers are type-writers. Only a few type-writers are laptops. Conclusions:

- I. All laptops being type-writers is a possibility.
- II. All computers being laptop is a possibility.
- A. If only conclusion I follows
- B. If only conclusion II follows
- C. If either conclusion I or II follows
- D. If neither conclusion I nor II follows
- E. If both conclusions I and II follow



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74.Statements:

Few trucks are papers. All papers are magazines.

Conclusions:

I. Some trucks are definitely not magazines.

- II. Some magazines are trucks.
- A. If only conclusion I follows
- B. If only conclusion II follows
- C. If either conclusion I or II follows
- D. If neither conclusion I nor II follows
- E. If both conclusions I and II follow



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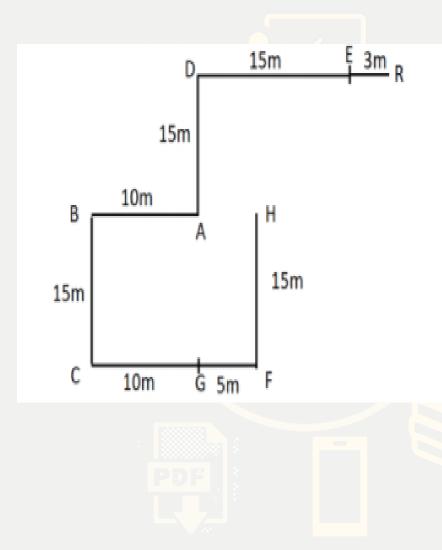
Point B is 10m to the West of point A. Point C is 15m to the South of point B. Point D is 15m to the North of point A. Point E is 15m to the East of point D. Point C is 15m to the West of point F. Point G is 10m to the East of point C. Point H is 15m to the North of point F. Point R is 3m to the East of point E. बिंदु B, बिंदु A के पश्चिम में 10 मीटर है। बिंदु C, बिंदु B के दक्षिण में 15 मीटर है। बिंदु D, बिंदु A के उत्तर में 15 मीटर है। बिंदु C, बिंदु C, बिंदु B के 15 मीटर दूर है। बिंदु F के पश्चिम में बिंदु G, बिंदु C के पूर्व में 10 मीटर है। बिंदु F के उत्तर में 15 मीटर है। बिंदु C के पूर्व में 10 मीटर है। बिंदु F के उत्तर में 15 मीटर है। बिंदु C के पूर्व में 10 मीटर है। बिंदु F के उत्तर में 15 मीटर है। बिंदु C के पूर्व में 10 मीटर है। बिंदु F के उत्तर में 15 मीटर है। बिंदु C के पूर्व में 10 मीटर है। बिंदु F के उत्तर में 15 मीटर है। बिंदु C के पूर्व में 10 मीटर है। बिंदु F के उत्तर में 15 मीटर है। बिंदु F के पर्श्व में 3 मीटर है।



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What is the distance and direction of point H with respect to F?
A. 15 m to the South
B. 10 m to the North
C. 15 m to the North
D. 10 m to the South
E. None of These

.What is the direction of G with respect to R? A. North East B. North C. South D. South East E. South West 😹 Mahendra's

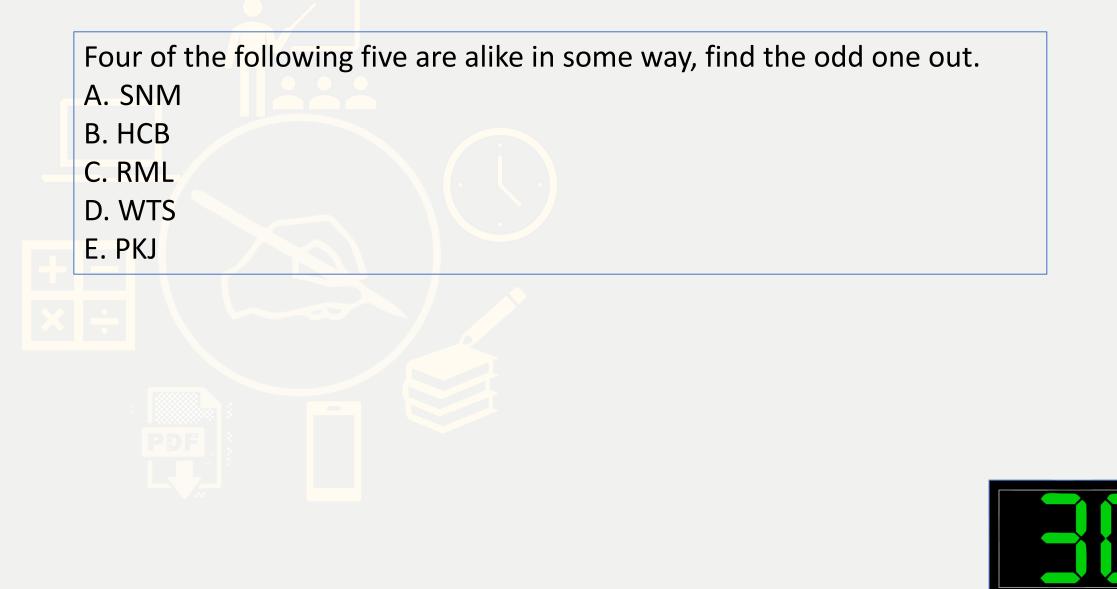


Which of the following do not represent straight line?				
A. CGF B. GAD DER	C. BAH	D. FHE E.		

Find the odd one out. A. RF B. DC C. DR D. RB E. EA

Which of the following statements is true?
A. Point D is to the South of point A
B. Point H is to the East of point B
C. Point H and G lie on the same line
D. Point F is to the West of point G
E. None of these

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Statements:

 $S \ge T = A \le N < D$

Conclusions:

- I. D > T
- II. S < N
- A. Only conclusion I is true
- B. Only conclusion II is true
- C. Either conclusion I or conclusion II is true
- D. Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II is true
- E. Both conclusion I and II are true

82.Statements: $B \leq R < K = A; T < R$ Conclusions: I. T < KII. A > BA. Only conclusion I is true B. Only conclusion II is true C. Either conclusion I or conclusion II is true D. Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II is true E. Both conclusion I and II are true



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Eight People A, B, C, D, P, Q, R and S born in eight different months namely, January, March, April, May, June, August, October and December but not necessarily in the same order. A was born in a month after August. Only four people born between A and B. Only two people born between B and C. The number of people born between A and C is the same as the number of people born between C and D. P was born in one of the months before D. Only two people born between P and Q. R was born before S but after Q.

आठ व्यक्ति A, B, C, D, P, Q, R और S आठ अलग-अलग महीनों अर्थात् जनवरी, मार्च, अप्रैल, मई, जून, अगस्त, अक्टूबर और दिसंबर में पैदा हुए हैं लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। A का जन्म अगस्त के एक महीने बाद हुआ था। A और B के बीच केवल चार लोग पैदा हुए। B और C के बीच पैदा हुए केवल दो लोग। A और C के बीच पैदा हुए लोगों की संख्या, C और D के बीच पैदा हुए लोगों की संख्या के समान है। P का जन्म पहले किसी एक महीने में हुआ था। D. P और Q के बीच केवल दो लोगों का जन्म हुआ। R का जन्म S से पहले लेकिन Q के बाद हुआ था।



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Months	People
January	Р
March	в
April	D
Мау	Q
June	с
August	R
October	A
December	s

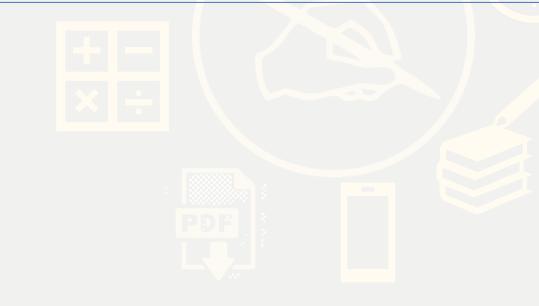
C was born in which of the following months? A. June B. April C. December D. March E. August

Who was born in the month of May? A. S B. D C. Q D. B E. R

The number of people born before R as after ____.A. CB. DC. BD. QE. S

.Which of the following statements is true?
A. B was born in the month of April
B. Only three people born between S and Q
C. B was born in the month of January
D. R was born immediately before D E. None of the above

.If P is related to D, B is related to Q, in the same way C is related to which of the following? A. A B. R C. B D. S E. P FOR MORE DISCOUNT VISIT <u>www.mahendras.org</u> & USE PROMO CODE : E14727 Five boxes A, B, C, D and E of different weights are arranged in a row from top to bottom. The weight of Box A is more than the weight of Box B but Box A is lighter than Box C. Box D is lighter than Box C but not the lightest. Box C is not the heaviest among them. As many boxes are heavier than Box A as the number of boxes lighter than Box C. The weight of the second lightest box is 15 kg. अलग-अलग वजन के पांच बॉक्स A, B, C, D और E को ऊपर से नीचे तक एक पंक्ति में व्यवस्थित किया गया है। बॉक्स A का वजन बॉक्स B के वजन से अधिक है लेकिन बॉक्स A, बॉक्स C से हल्का है। बॉक्स D, बॉक्स C से हल्का है लेकिन सबसे हल्का नहीं है। डिब्बा C उनमें से सबसे आरी नहीं है। बॉक्स A से जितने बॉक्स आरी हैं उतने ही बॉक्स बॉक्स C से हल्के हैं। दूसरे सबसे हल्के बॉक्स का वजन 15 किलोग्राम है।



Who among the following is the third lightest?A. EB. CC. BD. AE. D

If the weight of the Box C is 18kg, then what can be the weight of Box D? A. 16kg B. 10kg C. 20kg D. 12kg E. 22kg

How many boxes are lighter than Box E? A. 4 B. 2 C. 3 D. None E. 1 2:00

सात व्यक्ति- L, M, N, O, P, Q, और R वृत्ताकार मेज पर केंद्र की ओर मुख करके बैठे हैं। एक सीट खाली है। जरूरी नहीं कि सभी जानकारी इसी क्रम में हों। L उस व्यक्ति के बायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है जो P के दायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैंठा है। O न तो M और न ही Q के आसन्न बैठता है। P और R के बीच एक व्यक्ति बैठता है। N और M के बीच बैठे व्यक्तियों की संख्या M के समान ही है। और O. N और Q के बीच सीटों की संख्या वही है जो O और खाली सीट के बीच है। M उस व्यक्ति के विपरीत बैठा है जो P के ठीक दायें बैठा है। M और O के विपरीत बैठे व्यक्ति के बीच एक व्यक्ति बैठा है। R के ठीक बायें बैठे व्यक्ति और P के बीच बैठे व्यक्तियों की संख्या P के समान ही है। और Q. N का केवल एक पडोसी नहीं है।

Seven persons- L, M, N, O, P, Q, and R are sitting at the circular table facing the centre. One seat is vacant. All the information is not necessarily in the same order. L sits second to the left of the one who sits third to the right of P. O neither sits adjacent to M nor Q. One person sits between P and R. The number of persons sitting between N and M is the same as between M and O. The number of seats between N and Q is the same as between O and the vacant seat. M sits opposite to the one who sits immediate right of P. One person sits between the one who sits opposite to M and O. The numbers of persons are sitting between the one who sits immediate left of R and P is the same as between P and Q. N does not have only one neighbor.

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Seven persons- L, M, N, O, P, Q, and R are sitting at the circular table facing the centre. One seat is vacant. All the information is not necessarily in the same order. L sits second to the left of the one who sits third to the right of P. O neither sits adjacent to M nor Q. One person sits between P and R. The number of persons sitting between N and M is the same as between M and O. The number of seats between N and Q is the same as between O and the vacant seat. M sits opposite to the one who sits immediate right of P. One person sits between the one who sits opposite to M and O. The numbers of persons are sitting between the one who sits immediate left of R and P is the same as between P and Q. N does not have only one neighbor.



In which of the following statement, the persons are sitting adjacent to each other?

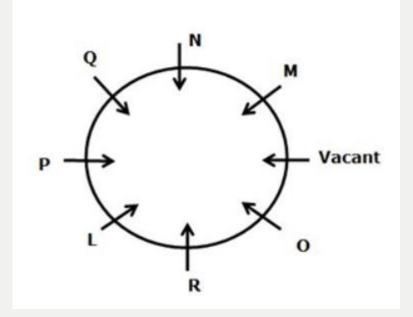
I) QN
II) LR
III) MO
A.Only II
B.Both I and II
C.Only III
D.All I, II, and III
E.None of these

E.Fourth to the right

Who among the following person sits opposite to the one who sits immediate left of the Vacant seat?

A.The one who sits immediate left of P
B.The one who sits second to the left of R
C.The one who sits third to the right of L
D.R
E.L





Six persons- A, B, C, D, E, and F are sitting at the hexagonal table facing the centre but not necessarily in the same order. All are sitting at the corner of the table. Who among the person sits second to the right of E? A.Only two persons are sitting between D and E who sits immediate left of F. Only one person sits between D and F.

B.The number of persons sitting between A and D is the same as between E and F. A sits opposite to F.

C.E sits second to the left of the one who sits third to the right of C who is a neighbor of A. Only one person sits between A and B.

D.C sits second to the left of F who sits adjacent to E. Only one person sits between E and B. **E**.None of the above.



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i)Each odd prime number in the above series is replaced by the number which follows that odd prime number in the decimal number system.

ii)Each even prime number in the above series is replaced by the number which precedes that even prime number in the decimal number system.

iii) Each odd perfect square number in the above series is replaced by the number which is the square root of that number in the decimal number system.

Conditions are applied from (i) to (iii)

After applying the above conditions on the series answer the questions given below.



How many even numbers are there in the sequence each of which is/are immediately followed by an odd number in the final series? A.None B.Three C.More than Three D.Two E.One

Mahendra's

i)Each odd prime number in the above series is replaced by the number which follows that odd prime number in the decimal number system.

ii)Each even prime number in the above series is replaced by the number which precedes that even prime number in the decimal number system.

A.6

B.8

C.4

D.2

E.3

iii) Each odd perfect square number in the above series is replaced by the number which is the square root of that number in the decimal number system.

Conditions are applied from (i) to (iii)

After applying the above conditions on the series answer the questions given below.

Which of the following digit is exactly between the one, which is 16th from the left end and which is 12th from the right end in the final series?

Mahendra's

i)Each odd prime number in the above series is replaced by the number which follows that odd prime number in the decimal number system.

ii)Each even prime number in the above series is replaced by the number which precedes that even prime number in the decimal number system.

iii) Each odd perfect square number in the above series is replaced by the number which is the square root of that number in the decimal number system.

Conditions are applied from (i) to (iii)

After applying the above conditions on the series answer the questions given below.

Which of the following digit is 10th to the right of the one which is 14th from the left end in the final series? A.6 B.8

- **C**.3 **D**.4
- **E**.1

😹 Mah<u>endra</u>'s

13457812183475183459 8174589597169 Conditions:

i)Each odd prime number in the above series is replaced by the number which follows that odd prime number in the decimal number system.

ii)Each even prime number in the above series is replaced by the number which precedes that even prime number in the decimal number system.

iii) Each odd perfect square number in the above series is replaced by the number which is the square root of that number in the decimal number system.

Conditions are applied from (i) to (iii)

After applying the above conditions on the series answer the questions given below.



How many 6's are there in the final series? A.Two B.Four C.Six D.One E.Three

Mahendra's

i)Each odd prime number in the above series is replaced by the number which follows that odd prime number in the decimal number system.

ii)Each even prime number in the above series is replaced by the number which precedes that even prime number in the decimal number system.

iii) Each odd perfect square number in the above series is replaced by the number which is the square root of that number in the decimal number system.

Conditions are applied from (i) to (iii)

After applying the above conditions on the series answer the questions given below.

Which of which is 8 A.6 B.8 C.3 D.4 E.1

Which of the following digit is 12th to the left of the one which is 8th from the right end in the final series?

😹 Mah<u>endra</u>'s

"love france ban fresh" is written as N2G D2P H4J H4G "became risk chief put" is written as R2V T3M D3G E3H "how given team threat" is written as V2O I3P J2Y V4V "taken outfit too used" is written as V1Q Q3V V3P W2F



What is the code for "chief"?
A.T3M
B.R2V
C.E3H
D.Cannot be determined
E.None of these

What does the code "J2Y" denote? A.How B.given C.team D.threat E.None of these



😹 Mahendra's

"love france ban fresh" is written as N2G D2P H4J H4G "became risk chief put" is written as R2V T3M D3G E3H "how given team threat" is written as V2O I3P J2Y V4V "taken outfit too used" is written as V1Q Q3V V3P W2F



How will "X4C" be coded as? A.Varia B.Vellupura C.Vadodara D.Cannot be determined E.None of these

What will be the code for "love is blind"?

A.N2G K1U D4F
B.K2G N1U F4D
C.F2D N4K K1U
D.F1U NIK D4F
E.None of these



Directions (1-5):

Mahendra's

Given Series:

134578121834751834598174589597169

i) Each odd prime number in the above series is replaced by the number which follows that odd prime number in the decimal number system.

Odd Prime number:

1 <u>3</u> 4 <u>5</u> <u>7</u> 8 1 2 1 8 <u>3</u> 4 <u>7</u> <u>5</u> 1 8 <u>3</u> 4 <u>5</u> 9 8 1 <u>7</u> 4 <u>5</u> 8 9 <u>5</u> 9 <u>7</u> 1 6 9

Replacing by the number which follows that odd prime number in the decimal number system.

1 <u>4</u> 4 <u>6</u> 8 8 1 2 1 8 <u>4</u> 4 <u>8</u> <u>6</u> 1 8 <u>4</u> 4 <u>6</u> 9 8 1 <u>8</u> 4 <u>6</u> 8 9 <u>6</u> 9 <u>8</u> 1 6 9

ii) Each even prime number in the above series is replaced by the number which precedes that even prime number in the decimal number system.

1446881<u>2</u>1844861844698184689698169

The only even prime number is 2. So, each 2 is replaced by 1.

1446881<u>1</u>1844861844698184689698169

iii) Each odd perfect square number in the above series is replaced by the number which is the square root of that number in the decimal number system.

<u>1</u>44688<u>111</u>84486<u>1</u>8446<u>9</u>8<u>1</u>8468<u>9</u>6<u>9</u>8<u>1</u>6<u>9</u>

Odd perfect Square is 1, 9. 1 is square root of 1 and 3 is square root of 9.

So, every 9 is replaced by 3.

<u>1</u>44688<u>111</u>84486<u>1</u>8446<u>3</u>8<u>1</u>8468<u>3</u>6<u>3</u>8<u>1</u>6<u>3</u>

The final series is as follows:

<u>1</u>44688<u>111</u>84486<u>1</u>8446<u>3</u>8<u>1</u>8468<u>3</u>6<u>3</u>8<u>1</u>6<u>3</u>

1) Answer: C

2) Answer: A

3) Answer: D

4) Answer: C

5) Answer: A

Directions (6-9):

Logic:

1st element \rightarrow Place value of first letter of the word + 2 (According to the alphabetical positions of the letters). Then the place value is replaced by its corresponding letter according to the English alphabetical order.

2nd element \rightarrow Number of consonants

3rd element \rightarrow Place value of last letter of the word + 2 (According to the alphabetical positions of the letters). Then the place value is replaced by its corresponding letter according to the English alphabetical order.

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Example – LOVE – L= 12+2 = 14 (N), 2 Consonants so Number will be 2 and E = 5
+2 =7 (G) i.e LOVE= N2G
"chief"- E3H
"How "- J2Y
"Vadodara" – X4C
"love is blind" – N2G K1U D4F
6) Answer: C
7) Answer: A
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8) Answer: C 9) Answer: A

