





IF IBPS CLERK 2021

LIVEMOCK DISCUSSION







20th - 22nd Aug 2021



ON ALL DIGITAL PRODUCTS

Use code:

RAKHI22



UPSSSCPET 2021

Reasoning | English | Maths | Hindi | GK



२३ अगस्त



सुबह ९:०० बजे



IBPS CLERK MEMORY BASED PAPER



Eight persons D, E, F, G, M, O, P and S purchase some products one after another but not necessarily in the same order. At most two persons purchase before F. Only one-person purchase between D and F. P purchase just before S. One-person purchase between P and D. M purchase just before E. O purchase before G and after E.

आठ व्यक्ति D, E, F, G, M, O, P और S एक के बाद एक कुछ उत्पाद खरीदते हैं लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। अधिक से अधिक दो व्यक्ति F से पहले खरीदारी करते हैं। D और F के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति खरीदारी करता है। P, S से ठीक पहले खरीदारी करता है। P और D के बीच एक व्यक्ति खरीदारी करता है। M, E से ठीक पहले खरीदारी करता है। O, G से पहले और E के बाद खरीदता है।





Eight persons D, E, F, G, M, O, P and S purchase some products one after another but not necessarily in the same order. At most two persons purchase before F. Only one-person purchase between D and F. P purchase just before S. One-person purchase between P and D. M purchase just before E. O purchase before G and after E.



How many persons purchase after D?

(a) None (b) Two (c) More than three (d) One (e)

None of these

Persons

M

E

F

0

D

G

P

S

Who among the following purchase just after G? (a) E (b) F (c) O (d) P (e) None of these

If all the persons are arranged in alphabetical order from top to bottom starting from D, then find how many persons remains at the same position (excluding D)?

(a) One (b) None (c) Two (d) Four (e) More than Four

Who among the following purchase exactly between D and F? (a) E (b) O (c) M (d) S (e) None of these

How many persons purchase between E and P? (a) Five (b) Four (c) Three (d) None (e) Two



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Mohit Bhagat 22 hours ago

Thankyou madam for this class Session.. 🙏 😇

And

My solutions for today's Homework is like-

8. M....

Read more



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Homework ans

- (1) E (Three)
- (2) D(P)
- (3) D (four) ...

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sarita rawat 21 hours ago

Homework answer

MEFODGPS

1.E

2.D...

Read more



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Nidhi Tiwari 22 hours ago

MEFODGPS thank you mam♥♥♥♥♥ �� �� �� ��



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Juthika Das 22 hours ago

Ans is==MEFODGPS

Q1--Option-E

Q2--Option-D

Q3--Option-D...

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sarita rawat 21 hours ago

Very good afternoon mam 🙏 🙏 🙏 🙏 🙏



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Archana Pal 18 hours ago

8. M. Option (C)

7. E. Option (D)

6. F. Option (D)

O. Option (B)...

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REPLY

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lomesh Rastogi 22 hours ago

Homework Answer is

MEFODGPS

1- option E (three)

2- option D (P)...

Read more

REPLY

View reply from Mahendras :

Jiten chouhan 11 hours ago (edited)

Thanks mam

REPLY

Rityaj Seth 22 hours ago

HOMEWORK ANSWERS

M,E,F,O,D,G,P,S Option=E,D,D,B,B

REPLY

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Jiten chouhan 11 hours ago

IVI

Ε

F

0...

Read more

REPLY



Soma Das 20 hours ago

MEFODGPS

1..three

2..P

3... four...

Read more



View reply from Mahendras



Nidhi Tiwari 22 hours ago

Hw ans EDDBB



View reply from Mahendras



How many pairs of letters are there in the word "CHRISTMAS" which has as many letters between them as we have in the English alphabetical series (from both forward and backward direction)?

शब्द "CHRISTMAS" में अक्षरों के ऐसे कितने जोड़े हैं जिनके बीच उतने ही अक्षर हैं जितने हमारे पास अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला शृंखला (आगे और पीछे दोनों दिशाओं से) में हैं?

(a) Three (b) One (c) Two (d) None (e) More than three





How many 2's is there in the above arrangement, each of which is immediately preceded by a digit which has a numerical value of more than 5?

उपरोक्त व्यवस्था में कितने 2 हैं, जिनमें से प्रत्येक के ठीक पहले एक अंक है जिसका संख्यात्मक मान 5 से अधिक है?

(a) None (b) One (c) Two (d) Three (e) More than three



Which of the following number is seventh to the left of the twentieth from the left end of the above arrangement?

निम्नितिखित में से कौन सी संख्या उपरोक्त व्यवस्था के बाएं छोर से बीसवें के बाएं से सातवें स्थान पर है?

(a) 3 (b) 9 (c) 2 (d) 7 (e) 1





If all the even digits are removed from the above arrangements then, which of the following digit will be tenth from the right end of the arrangement?

यदि उपरोक्त व्यवस्था से सभी सम अंकों को हटा दिया जाता है, तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा अंक व्यवस्था के दायें छोर से दसवां होगा?

(a) 9 (b) 5 (c) 1 (d) 3 (e) 7





How many such 1's is there in the above arrangement, each of which is immediately followed by a perfect square?

उपरोक्त व्यवस्था में ऐसे कितने 1 हैं, जिनमें से प्रत्येक के ठीक बाद एक पूर्ण वर्ग है?

(a) None (b) One (c) Two (d) Three (e) More than three



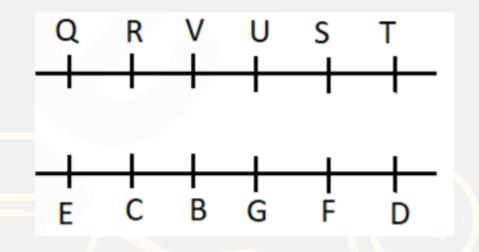
निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें। बारह लोग दो समानांतर पंक्तियों में बैठे हैं जिनमें प्रत्येक पंक्ति में छह लोग हैं। पंक्ति 1 में - B, C, D, E, F और G बैठे हैं और उन सभी का मुख उत्तर की ओर है और पंक्ति 2 में - Q, R, S, T, U और V बैठे हैं और उन सभी का मुख दक्षिण की ओर है लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हो। दी गई व्यवस्था में, पंक्ति में बैठे प्रत्येक सदस्य का मुख दसरी पंक्ति के अन्य सदस्य की ओर है। D पंक्ति कें किसी एक अंतिम छोर पर बैठा है। B और D के मध्य दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। वह व्यक्ति जिसका मख B की ओर है वह Q के बायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा हैं। G, V के बाई ओर। T और V के बींच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। R, U के दाईं ओर किसी एक स्थान पर बैठा है। जो U की ओर उन्मुख है, वह E के दायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। F किसी एक स्थान पर बैठा है। सी का अधिकार

Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below. Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people in each row. In row 1 - B, C, D, E, F and G are sitting and all of them are facing north and in row 2 - Q, R, S, T, U and V are sitting and all of them are facing south but not necessarily in the same order. In the given arrangement, each member seated in the row faces another member of the other row. D sits at one of the extreme ends of the row. Two people sit between B and D. The one who faces B sits second to the left of Q. Three people sit between Q and S. The one who faces S sits to the immediate right of G. As many people sit to the left of G as to the left of V. Two people sit between T and V. R sits at one of the positions to the right of U. The one who faces U sits third to the right of E. F sits at one of the positions to the right of C.





Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below. Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people in each row. In row 1 - B, C, D, E, F and G are sitting and all of them are facing north and in row 2 - Q, R, S, T, U and V are sitting and all of them are facing south but not necessarily in the same order. In the given arrangement, each member seated in the row faces another member of the other row. D sits at one of the extreme ends of the row. Two people sit between B and D. The one who faces B sits second to the left of Q. Three people sit between Q and S. The one who faces S sits to the immediate right of G. As many people sit to the left of G as to the left of V. Two people sit between T and V. R sits at one of the positions to the right of U. The one who faces U sits third to the right of E. F sits at one of the positions to the right of C.



Who sits fourth to the left of F?

A. G B. C C. B D. E E. D

How many people sit between S and R?

A. One B. Two C. Three D. Four E. None

Who faces C?

A. R B. Q C. V D. U E. S

.Which of the following statements is true?

- A. Three people sit between B and D
- B. V sits opposite to G
- C. T and E sit at the extreme ends of the row
- D. R and U are immediate neighbours
- E. None of the above

Four of the following five are alike in a certain way, find the odd one out. A. Q B. T C. D D. E E. R



How many such pairs of letters are there in the word 'DECLARING' each of which has as many letters between them in the word as in the English alphabet (both forward and backward)?

शब्द 'DECLARING' में अक्षरों के ऐसे कितने युग्म हैं, जिनमें से प्रत्येक के बीच उतने ही अक्षर हैं जितने कि अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला (आगे और पीछे दोनों) में हैं?

A. One

B. Two

C. Three

D. None

E. More than three





Statements:

All ladders are stairs.

Only a few stairs are ways.

All ways are elevators.

Conclusions:

I. No elevators are ladders.

II. Some ladders are elevators.

A. If only conclusion I follows

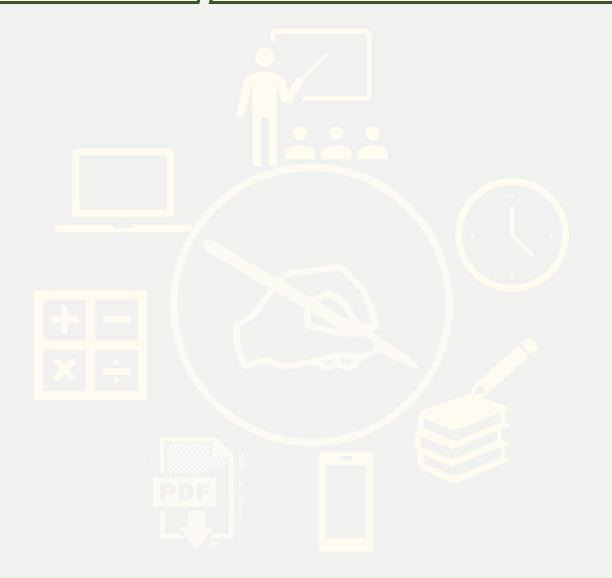
B. If only conclusion II follows

C. If either conclusion I or II follows

D. If neither conclusion I nor II follows

E. If both conclusions I and II follow





73. Statements:

A few computers are type-writers. Only a few type-writers are laptops.

Conclusions:

- I. All laptops being type-writers is a possibility.
- II. All computers being laptop is a possibility.
- A. If only conclusion I follows
- B. If only conclusion II follows
- C. If either conclusion I or II follows
- D. If neither conclusion I nor II follows
- E. If both conclusions I and II follow







74. Statements:

Few trucks are papers.

All papers are magazines.

Conclusions:

- Some trucks are definitely not magazines.
- II. Some magazines are trucks.
- A. If only conclusion I follows
- B. If only conclusion II follows
- C. If either conclusion I or II follows
- D. If neither conclusion I nor II follows
- E. If both conclusions I and II follow



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Point B is 10m to the West of point A. Point C is 15m to the South of point B. Point D is 15m to the North of point A. Point E is 15m to the East of point D. Point C is 15m to the West of point F. Point G is 10m to the East of point C. Point H is 15m to the North of point F. Point R is 3m to the East of point E. बिंदु B, बिंदु A के पश्चिम में 10 मीटर है। बिंदु C, बिंदु B के दिक्षण में 15 मीटर है। बिंदु D, बिंदु A के उत्तर में 15 मीटर है। बिंदु E, बिंदु D के पूर्व में 15 मीटर है। बिंदु C, बिंदु B के 15 मीटर दूर है। बिंदु F के पश्चिम में बिंदु G, बिंदु C के पूर्व में 10 मीटर है। बिंदु H, बिंदु F के उत्तर में 15 मीटर है। बिंदु R, बिंदु E के पूर्व में 3 मीटर है।

What is the distance and direction of point H with respect to F?

A. 15 m to the South B. 10 m to the North

C. 15 m to the North D. 10 m to the South

E. None of These

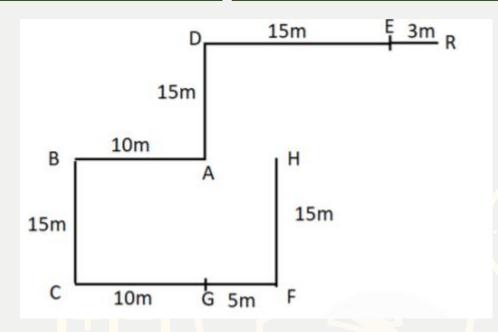
What is the direction of G with respect to R?

A. North East B. North

C. South D. South East

E. South West

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.Which of the following do not represent straight line?

A. CGF B. GAD C. BAH D. FHE E. DER

Find the odd one out.

A. RF B. DC C. DR D. RB E. EA

Which of the following statements is true?

- A. Point D is to the South of point A
- B. Point H is to the East of point B
- C. Point H and G lie on the same line
- D. Point F is to the West of point G
- E. None of these



Four of the following five are alike in some way, find the odd one out.

A. SNM B. HCB C. RML D. WTS E. PKJ



Statements:

 $S \ge T = A \le N < D$

Conclusions:

I. D > T

II. S < N

A. Only conclusion I is true

B. Only conclusion II is true

C. Either conclusion I or conclusion II is true

D. Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II is true

E. Both conclusion I and II are true

82. Statements:

 $B \le R < K = A; T < R$

Conclusions:

I. T < K

II. A > B

A. Only conclusion I is true

B. Only conclusion II is true

C. Either conclusion I or conclusion II is true

D. Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II is true

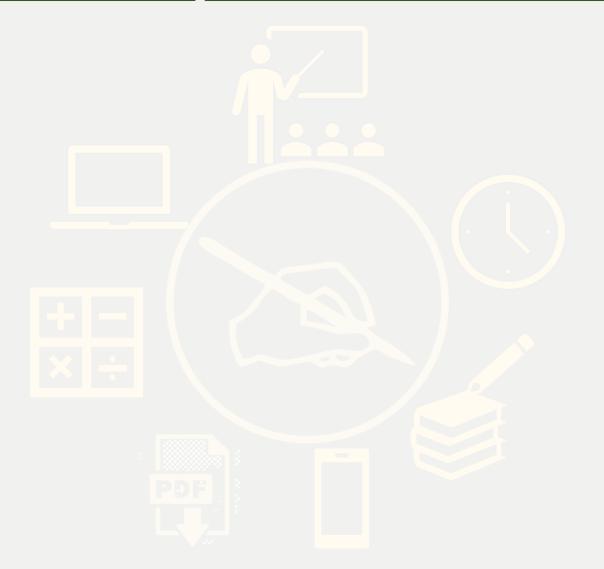
E. Both conclusion I and II are true



आठ व्यक्ति A, B, C, D, P, Q, R और S आठ अलग-अलग महीनों अर्थात जनवरी, मार्च, अप्रैल, मई, जुन, अगस्त, अक्टूबर और दिसंबर में पैदा हए हैं लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। A का जन्म अगस्त के एक महीने बाद हआ था। A और B के बीच केवल चार लोग पैदा हुए। B और C के बीच पैदा हए केवल दो लोग। A और C के बीच पैदा हए लोगों की संख्या, C और D के बीच पैदा हए लौगों की संख्या के समान है। P का जन्म पहले किसी एक महीने में हआ था। D. P और Q के बीच केवल दो लोगों काँ जन्म हआ। R का जन्म S से पहले लेकिन Q के बाद हुआँ था।

Eight People A, B, C, D, P, Q, R and S born in eight different months namely, January, March, April, May, June, August, October and December but not necessarily in the same order. A was born in a month after August. Only four people born between A and B. Only two people born between B and C. The number of people born between A and C is the same as the number of people born between C and D. P was born in one of the months before D. Only two people born between P and Q. R was born before S but after Q.





Eight People A, B, C, D, P, Q, R and S born in eight different months namely, January, March, April, May, June, August, October and December but not necessarily in the same order. A was born in a month after August. Only four people born between A and B. Only two people born between B and C. The number of people born between A and C is the same as the number of people born between C and D. P was born in one of the months before D. Only two people born between P and Q. R was born before S but after Q.



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Months	People
January	Р
March	В
April	D
May	Q
June	С
August	R
October	Α
December	s

C was born in which of the following months?

A. June B. April C. December D. March E. August

Who was born in the month of May?

A. SB. DC. QD. BE. R

The number of people born before R as after ___.

A. CB. DC. BD. QE. S

Which of the following statements is true?

- A. B was born in the month of April
- B. Only three people born between S and Q
- C. B was born in the month of January
- D. R was born immediately before D
- E. None of the above



If P is related to D, B is related to Q, in the same way C is related to which of the following?

A. A B. R C. B D. S E. P

अलग-अलग वजन के पांच बॉक्स A, B, C, D और E को ऊपर से नीचे तक एक पंक्ति में व्यवस्थित किया गया है। बॉक्स A का वजन बॉक्स B के वजन से अधिक है लेकिन बॉक्स A, बॉक्स C से हल्का है। बॉक्स D, बॉक्स C से हल्का है लेकिन सबसे हल्का नहीं है। डिब्बा C उनमें से सबसे भारी नहीं है। बॉक्स A से जितने बॉक्स भारी हैं उतने ही बॉक्स बॉक्स C से हल्के हैं। दूसरे सबसे हल्के बॉक्स का वजन 15 किलोग्रामें है

Five boxes A, B, C, D and E of different weights are arranged in a row from top to bottom. The weight of Box A is more than the weight of Box B but Box A is lighter than Box C. Box D is lighter than Box C but not the lightest. Box C is not the heaviest among them. As many boxes are heavier than Box A as the number of boxes lighter than Box C. The weight of the second lightest box is 15 kg





Five boxes A, B, C, D and E of different weights are arranged in a row from top to bottom. The weight of Box A is more than the weight of Box B but Box A is lighter than Box C. Box D is lighter than Box C but not the lightest. Box C is not the heaviest among them. As many boxes are heavier than Box A as the number of boxes lighter than Box C. The weight of the second lightest box is 15 kg

Вох	Weight
Е	
С	
D	
Α	15kg
В	

Who among the following is the third lightest?

A. E B. C C. B D. A E. D

If the weight of the Box C is 18kg, then what can be the weight of Box D?

A. 16kg B. 10kg C. 20kg D. 12kg E. 22kg

How many boxes are lighter than Box E?

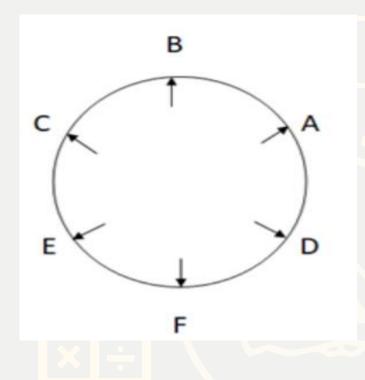
A. 4 B. 2 C. 3 D. None E. 1



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Six people A, B, C, D, E, and F are sitting around a circular table facing outside. C is not sitting second to the left of F. E sits third to the right of A. B sits third to the right of F. C and A are not neighbors. B and A are neighbors.

छह व्यक्ति A, B, C, D, E और F एक वृताकार मेज के चारों ओर बाहर की ओर मुख करके बैठे हैं। C, F के बायें से दूसरे स्थान पर नहीं बैठा है। E, A के दायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। B, F के दायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। C और A पड़ोसी नहीं हैं। B और A पड़ोसी हैं।



Who is sitting immediate right of F?

A. B B. E C. A D. D E. Can't be determined



Who is sitting third to the right of C?

A. A B. F C. E D. D E. None of these

Who is sitting opposite to E?

A. F B. A C. D D. B E. None of these

Who among the following are sitting opposite to each other?

A. F, C B. C, A C. E, D D. F, B E. None of these

Find the odd one from the following.

A. B, D B. C, F C. A, E D. F, A E. A, C

'training is always necessary' is written as 'god asb byo mnp', 'teacher perception always right' is written as 'mnp den coh hen', 'teacher can stop training' is written as 'byo coh vyo rho' 'stop bad perception necessary' is written as 'den puk asb vyo'.



What is A. mnp

What is the code used for 'right'?

B. hen

C. den

D. coh

E. None of these

'Puk' is the code used for which of the following?

A. stop

B. perception C. bad D. necessary E.

None of these





'hen god puk' would mean?

A. is right training B. bad is right C. training is bad

D. training right bad E. None of these

'teacher is always linguist' would be written as

A. god coh pa mnp

B. byo asb mnp coh

C. mnp god coh vyo

D. god vyo den asb

E. None of these



Which word is represented by 'byo'?

A. necessary B. stop

C. Training D. perception E. None of these

