





*Mahendra's*



# **IBPS CLERK PRE 2021**

## **Most Expected Paper**

# **FINAL RACE**

## **Reasoning Ability**

**LIVE**

**35/35**

**10:30 AM**





# UPCOMING ONLINE BATCHES

## December 2021

01 Dec 2021

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD  
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

05:30 PM to 07:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD  
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

01:00 PM to 03:00 PM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD  
(SSC CGL & CHSL)

07:30 PM to 09:30 PM

SSC CGL MAINS LIVE COURSE  
(SSC CGL)

BILINGUAL

08 Dec 2021

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD  
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

03:00 PM to 05:00 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD  
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD  
(SSC CGL & CHSL)

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM

CCC NIELIT LIVE COURSE

BILINGUAL

15 Dec 2021

01:00 PM to 03:00 PM

LIVE PREMIUM  
GREEN CARD  
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM  
SILVER CARD  
(SSC CGL & CHSL)

BILINGUAL

22 Dec 2021

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM

LIVE PREMIUM  
GREEN CARD  
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

07:30 PM to 09:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM  
SILVER CARD  
(SSC CGL & CHSL)

BILINGUAL

29 Dec 2021

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD  
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

07:30 PM to 09:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD  
(BANK-PO & CLERK)

03:00 PM to 05:00 PM

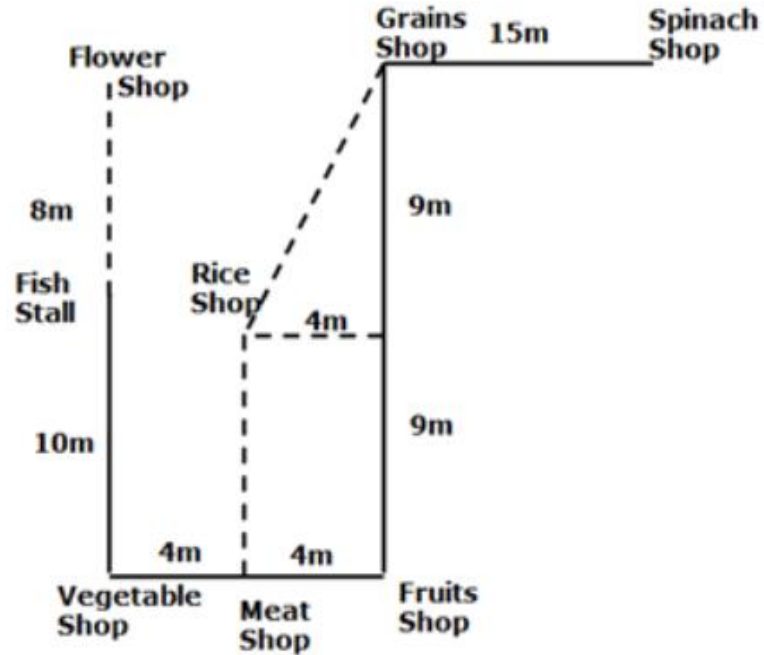
LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD  
(SSC CGL & CHSL)

BILINGUAL



**In the market, some shops are located at a certain distance. The Fish stall is 10m north of the vegetable shop which is 8m west of the Fruits shop. Spinach shop is 15m east of Grains shop which is 18m north of Fruits shop. The meat shop is exactly between the Vegetable shop and the fruit shop.**

बाजार में कुछ दुकानें निश्चित दूरी पर स्थित हैं। मछली की दुकान सब्जी की दुकान से 10 मीटर उत्तर में है जो फलों की दुकान से 8 मीटर पश्चिम में है। पालक की दुकान अनाज की दुकान से 15मी पूर्व में है जो फलों की दुकान से 18मी उत्तर में है। मांस की दुकान सब्जी की दुकान और फलों की दुकान के ठीक बीच में है।



If the Flower shop is 8m north of the fish stall, then what is the distance between the Spinach shop and Flower shop?

- A. 28m
- B. 25m
- C. 23m
- D. 27m
- E. None of the above

If the vegetable shop is shifted to the fish stall then the fish stall is shifted to the fruits shop then the fruits shop is shifted to the vegetable shop. Then what is the direction of the Vegetable shop with respect to the Grains shop?

- A. West
- B. South
- C. North
- D. South-west
- E. South-east

**There are Seven Members A, B, C, D, E, F and L in a family. There are two married couples and only three generations in the family. F is grandmother of B, who is niece of D. F has one son and one daughter. C is brother-in-law of D. L is grandfather of E. B has one sibling.**

एक परिवार में सात सदस्य A, B, C, D, E, F और L हैं। परिवार में दो विवाहित जोड़े और केवल तीन पीढ़ियां हैं। F, B की दादी है, जो D की भतीजी है। F का एक पुत्र और एक पुत्री है। C, D का ब्रदर-इन-लॉ है। L, E का ग्रैंडफादर है। B का एक भाई-बहन है।

**How is F related to mother of B?**

- (a) sister
- (b) grandmother
- (c) daughter
- (d) mother
- (e) wife

**How is C related to child of A?**

- (a) Grandfather
- (b) father
- (c) Uncle
- (d) Brother
- (e) Cousin

**E G 4 B H 7 5 @ K 8 D N £ Q Z \$ W 3 C 1 9 \* 1 B 2 S 6**

How many such consonants are there in the above sequence which are immediately preceded by a symbol and immediately followed by a digit ?

उपरोक्त क्रम में ऐसे कितने व्यंजन हैं जिनके ठीक पहले एक प्रतीक और ठीक बाद एक अंक है?

(a) One (b) Two (c) None (d) Three (e) More than three.

What should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following sequence ?

4H@, KDQ, ?, 9IS

(a) ZW1 (b) NQ\$ (c) @8N (d) \$W9 (e) None of these

**E G 4 B H 7 5 @ K 8 D N £ Q Z \$ W 3 C 1 9 \* 1 B 2 S 6**

Which of the following is exactly in the midway between the ninth from left end and the seventh from right end ?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन बाएं छोर से नौवें और दाएं छोर से सातवें के ठीक बीच में है?

(a) Q (b) Z (c) \$ (d) W (e) None of these

If the first fifteen elements are written in the reverse order then which of the following will be seventh to the left of twelfth element from right end ?

यदि पहले पंद्रह तत्वों को उल्टे क्रम में लिखा जाता है तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा दायें छोर से बारहवें तत्व के बायें से सातवें स्थान पर होगा?

(a) 7 (b) @ (c) 5 (d) K (e) None of these



In a certain code, 'always create new ideas' is written as 'ba ri sha gi',  
'ideas and new thoughts' is written as 'fa gi ma ri',  
'create thoughts and insights' is written as 'ma jo ba fa', and  
'new and better solutions' is written as 'ki ri to fa'.

What is the code for 'ideas'?

(a) sha (b) ba (c) gi (d) ma (e) Cannot be determined

What does 'fa' stand for?

(a) thoughts (b) insights (c) new (d) and (e) solutions

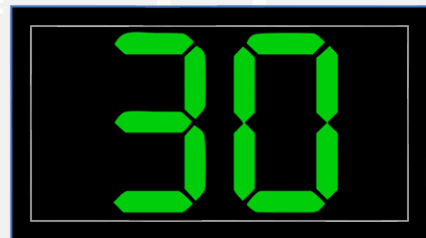
'fa lo ba' could be a code for which of the following?

(a) thoughts and action (b) create and innovate (c) ideas and thoughts (d) create new solutions (e) always better ideas

In a certain code, 'always create new ideas' is written as 'ba ri sha gi',  
'ideas and new thoughts' is written as 'fa gi ma ri',  
'create thoughts and insights' is written as 'ma jo ba fa', and  
'new and better solutions' is written as 'ki ri to fa'.

What is the code for 'new'?  
(a) ki (b) ri (c) to (d) fa (e) ba

Which of the following may represent 'insights always better'?  
(a) jo ki to (b) ki to ri (c) sha jo ri  
(d) to sha jo (e) sha to ba



**Statements** :  $M < T, T \leq K, K = D$

**Conclusions** : I.  $D \geq T$

II.  $K > M$

III.  $D > M$

- (a) Only I and II are true
- (b) Only I and III are true
- (c) Only II and III are true
- (d) All are true
- (e) None of these



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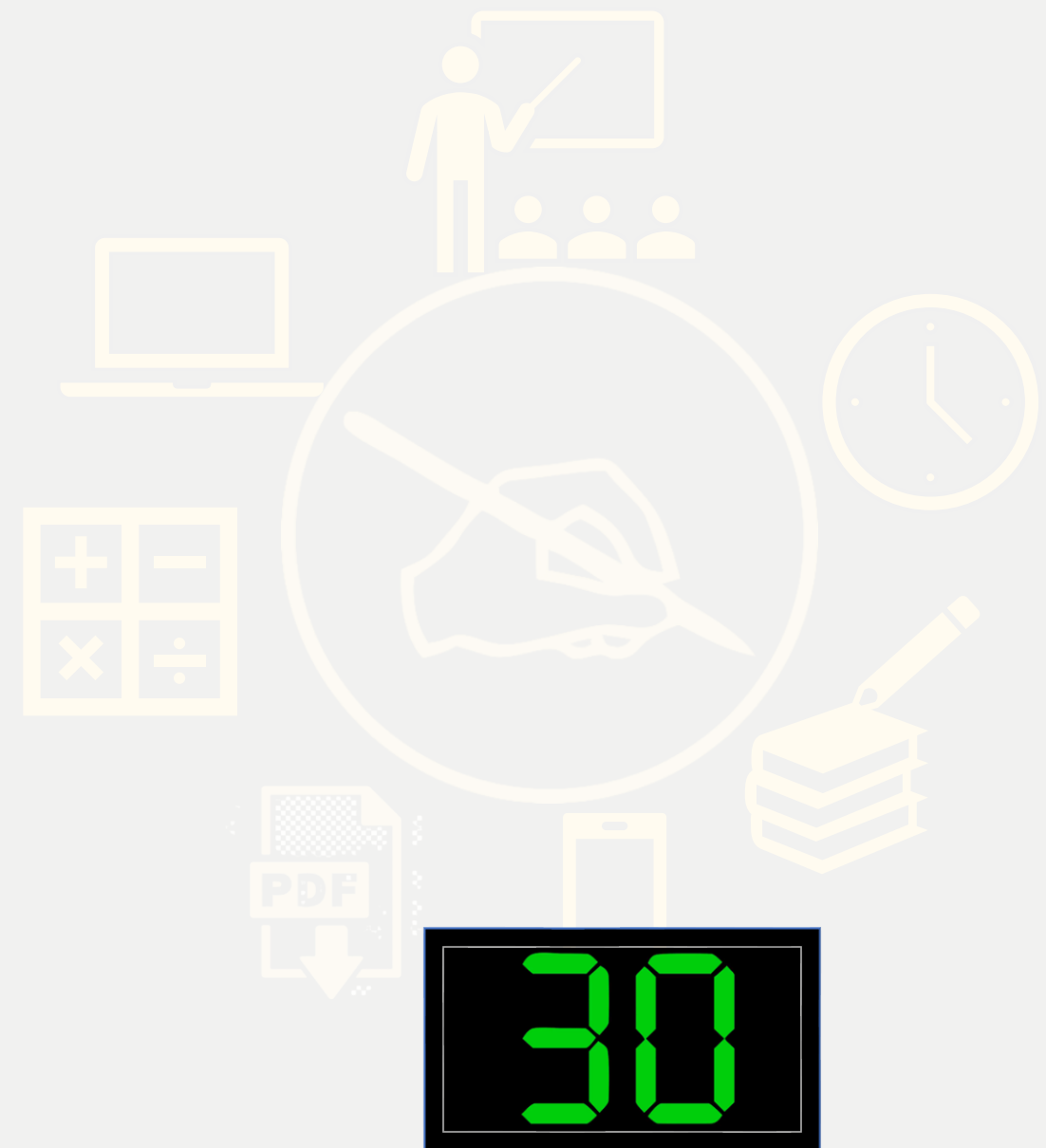
**Statements** :  $B > H, H \geq A, A = K$

**Conclusion** : I.  $B \geq K$

II.  $K \leq H$

III.  $A < B$

- (a) Only I and II are true
- (b) Only I and III are true
- (c) Only II and III are true
- (d) Only II is true
- (e) None of these



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**Statements** :  $W \geq N, N > R, R \leq F$

**Conclusions** : I.  $F > N$

II.  $W > N$

III.  $R < W$

- (a) None is true
- (b) Only III is true
- (c) Only I and II are true
- (d) Only II and III are true
- (e) None of these



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**Statements** :  $F = K$ ,  $K > M$ ,  $M \leq V$

**Conclusion** : I.  $F \geq V$

II.  $V \leq K$

III.  $M > K$

- (a) Only I is true
- (b) Only II is true
- (c) Only III is true
- (d) All are true
- (e) None of these

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**Statements** :  $N \leq D, D < T, T \geq J$

**Conclusions** : I.  $J < D$

II.  $N > J$

III.  $T > N$

- (a) Only III is true
- (b) Only II is true
- (c) Only I is true
- (d) Only I and II are true
- (e) None of these




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सात पेशेवर A, B, C, D, E, F और G विभिन्न शहरों चेन्नई, बेंगलोर, हैदराबाद, मुंबई, अहमदाबाद, जयपुर और भुवनेश्वर में अपने पेशे का अभ्यास कर रहे हैं, जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। प्रत्येक का एक अलग पेशा है-डॉक्टर, इंजीनियर, फार्मासिस्ट, वकील, काउंसलर, प्रोफेसर और कलाकार, जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। A एक फार्मासिस्ट है और भुवनेश्वर में अभ्यास करता है। D बेंगलोर में अभ्यास करता है लेकिन डॉक्टर या कलाकार नहीं है। वह व्यक्ति जो हैदराबाद में अभ्यास करता है, एक प्रोफेसर है। G एक काउंसलर है और मुंबई या चेन्नई में अभ्यास नहीं करता है। E वकील है और अहमदाबाद में प्रैक्टिस करते हैं। F चेन्नई में अभ्यास करता है लेकिन कलाकार नहीं है। C मुंबई में अभ्यास करता है।

Seven professionals A, B, C, D, E, F and G are practising their professions in different cities Chennai, Bangalore, Hyderabad, Mumbai, Ahmedabad, Jaipur and Bhubaneswar, not necessarily in the same order. Each has a different profession-Doctor, Engineer, Pharmacist, Lawyer, Counsellor, Professor and Artist, not necessarily in the same order. A is a Pharmacist and practises in Bhubaneswar. D practises in Bangalore but is not a Doctor or an Artist. The one who practises in Hyderabad is a Professor. G is a Counsellor and does not practise in Mumbai or Chennai. E is a Lawyer and practises in Ahmedabad. F practises in Chennai but is not an artist. C practises in Mumbai.





Seven professionals A, B, C, D, E, F and G are practising their professions in different cities Chennai, Bangalore, Hyderabad, Mumbai, Ahmedabad, Jaipur and Bhubaneswar, not necessarily in the same order. Each has a different profession-Doctor, Engineer, Pharmacist, Lawyer, Counsellor, Professor and Artist, not necessarily in the same order. A is a Pharmacist and practises in Bhubaneswar. D practises in Bangalore but is not a Doctor or an Artist. The one who practises in Hyderabad is a Professor. G is a Counsellor and does not practise in Mumbai or Chennai. E is a Lawyer and practises in Ahmedabad. F practises in Chennai but is not an artist. C practises in Mumbai.

| Professional | City         | Profession |
|--------------|--------------|------------|
| A            | Bhubaneshwar | Pharmacist |
| B            | Hyderabad    | Professor  |
| C            | Mumbai       | Artist     |
| D            | Bangalore    | Engineer   |
| E            | Ahmedabad    | Lawyer     |
| F            | Chennai      | Doctor     |
| G            | Jaipur       | Counsellor |



What is D's profession?

(a) Doctor (b) Professor (c) Engineer (d) Cannot be determined (e) None of these

Who is the Professor?

(a) B (b) C (c) D (d) E (e) None of these

Which of the following combinations of profession and place is correct? (a) Pharmacist-Jaipur (b) Engineer-Chennai (c) Doctor-Bangalore (d) Artist-Mumbai (e) None of these

Which of the following persons works in Jaipur?

(a) B (b) G (c) C (d) B or G (e) None of these

Who is the Doctor? (a) D (b) B (c) C (d) B or C (e)

None of these

Give answer

- (a) if only conclusion I follows Give answer
- (b) if only conclusion II follows Give answer
- (c) if either I or II follows Give answer
- (d) if neither I nor II follows Give answer
- (e) if both I and II follows



**Statements:** Some squares are circles.  
No circle is a triangle.  
No line is a square.

**Conclusions: I.** All squares can never be triangles.  
**II.** Some lines are circles.  
**Conclusions: I.** No triangle is a square.  
**II.** No line is a circle.

Give answer

- (a) if only conclusion I follows Give answer
- (b) if only conclusion II follows Give answer
- (c) if either I or II follows Give answer
- (d) if neither I nor II follows Give answer
- (e) if both I and II follows



**3: Statements:** All songs are poems.  
All poems are rhymes.  
No rhymes is a paragraph.

**Conclusions: I.** No song is a paragraph.  
No poem is a paragraph.

**Conclusions: I.** All rhymes are poems.  
All songs are rhymes.

**Statements:** Some dewes are drops. All drops are stones.  
**Conclusions: I.** Atleast some dewes are stones.  
**II.** Atleast some stones are drops.

**Give answer**

- (a) if only conclusion I follows Give answer**
- (b) if only conclusion II follows Give answer**
- (c) if either I or II follows Give answer**
- (d) if neither I nor II follows Give answer**
- (e) if both I and II follows**

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There are five statues - L, M, N, O and P - each of them having different height. Statue L is smaller than only statue M. Statue O is smaller than statue N. Statue O is longer than statue P. The height of the tallest statue is 20 feet. The height of the second smallest statue is 11 feet. पाँच मूर्तियाँ हैं - L, M, N, O और P - जिनमें से प्रत्येक की ऊँचाई अलग-अलग है। मूर्ति L केवल मूर्ति M से छोटी है। प्रतिमा O, मूर्ति N से छोटी है। प्रतिमा O, मूर्ति P से लंबी है। सबसे ऊँची प्रतिमा की ऊँचाई 20 फीट है। दूसरी सबसे छोटी मूर्ति की ऊँचाई 11 फीट है।

What Will be the height of statue P?

(a) 13 feet (b) 15 feet (c) 9 feet (d) 12 feet (e) 14 feet

What Will be the height of the third tallest statue? (a) 13 feet (b) 10 feet (c) 19 feet (d) 9 feet (e) 11 feet

Ten students– A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I and J are sitting in a row facing West.

- I. B and F are not sitting on either of the edges.
- II. G is sitting to the left of D and H is sitting to the right of J.
- III. There are four persons between E and A.
- IV. I is to the North of B and F is to the South of D.
- V. J is in between A and D and G is in between E and F.
- VI. There are two persons between H and C.

दस छात्र- A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I और J एक पंक्ति में पश्चिम की ओर मुख करके बैठे हैं।

- I. B और F दोनों किनारों पर नहीं बैठे हैं।
- II. G, D के बायें बैठा है और H, J के दायीं ओर बैठा है।
- III. E और A के मध्य चार व्यक्ति हैं।
- IV. I, B के उत्तर में है और F, D के दक्षिण में है।
- V. J, A और D के बीच में है और G, E और F के बीच में है।
- VI. H और C के मध्य दो व्यक्ति हैं।

Who is sitting at the seventh place counting from left?  
(a) H (b) C (c) J (d) Either H or C (e) None of these

Who among the following is definitely sitting at one of the ends?  
(a) C (b) H (c) E (d) Cannot be determined (e) None of these

Who are immediate neighbours of I?  
(a) BC (b) BH (c) AH (d) Cannot be determined (e) None of these

Who is sitting second left of D?  
(a) G (b) F (c) E (d) J (e) None of these

If G and A interchange their positions, then who become the immediate neighbours of E?  
(a) G and F (b) Only F (b) Only A (d) J and H (e) None of these

