



# 1) Compendious (ADJ) /kəm'pɛndiəs/

संक्षिप्त, सारगर्भित

containing or presenting the essential facts of something in a comprehensive but concise way.

**EXAMPLE-** "a compendious study"

**Similar:** succinct, pithy, short and to the point, thumbnail,  
compact, concise



S U M M A R Y

## 2) Smug (ADJ) (/smʌg/) आत्मसन्तुष्ट, दंभी, अपने हाल में मस्त

having or showing an excessive pride in oneself or one's achievements.

**EXAMPLE-** "he was feeling smug after his win"

**Similar:** self-satisfied, complacent, puffed up

### 3) **Consternation (NOUN) (/kənstə'neɪʃ(ə)n/)**

a feeling of anxiety or dismay, typically at something unexpected. / fear resulting from the awareness of danger

**EXAMPLE-** "to her consternation her car wouldn't start"

**Similar:** dismay, perturbation, anxiety, distress, disquiet

आतंक, घबराहट, व्याकुलता, सनसनी



## 4) Loom<sup>2</sup> (VERB) (/lu:m/)

appear as a vague form, especially one that is large or threatening.

**EXAMPLE-** "vehicles loomed out of the darkness"

**Similar:** emerge, appear, become visible, come into view

धुंधला दिखाई देना, अस्पष्ट देख पड़ना,

## 5) Purvey (VERB) (/pə'veɪ/)

provide or supply (food, drink, or other goods) as one's business. **EXAMPLE-** "shops purveying cooked food"

**Similar:** sell, supply, provide, furnish, cater

संचित करना, प्रबंध करना, खाद्य सामग्री विक्रय या व्यवस्था करना

## 6) Gnomic (ADJ) (/nəʊmɪk/)

दुर्लह

difficult to understand because enigmatic or ambiguous.

**EXAMPLE-** "I had to have the gnomic response interpreted for me"

**SIMILAR-** mysterious, puzzling, mystifying, inexplicable

## 7) Brook<sup>2</sup> (VERB) (/brʊk/)

सहना, बर्दाश्त करना

tolerate or allow (something, typically dissent or opposition).

**EXAMPLE-** "Jenny would brook no criticism of Matthew"

**Similar:** stand, bear, put up with, endure, suffer, withstand

## 8) Entail (VERB) (/ɪn'teɪl, ən'teɪl/)

involve (something) as a necessary or inevitable part or consequence.

**EXAMPLE-** "a situation which entails considerable risks"

**Similar:** necessitate, require, need, demand, call for

आवश्यक बना देना, अपरिहार्य होना



## 9) Enumerate (VERB) (/ɪ'nju:məreɪt/)

mention (a number of things) one by one./ specify individually

**EXAMPLE-** "there is not space to enumerate all his works"

**Similar:** list, itemize, catalogue, cite, name

एक एक करके बताना, गणना करना

## 10) Evoke (VERB) (/ɪ'vəʊk/)

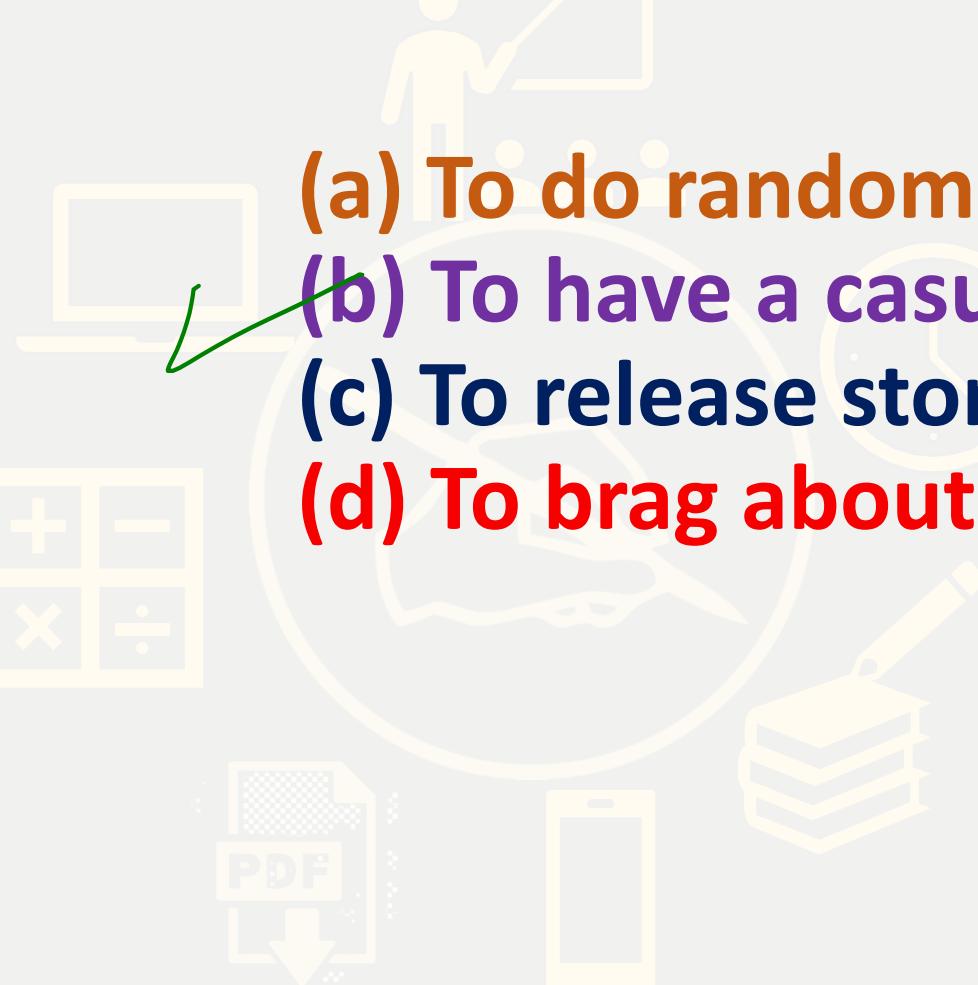
bring or recall (a feeling, memory, or image) to the conscious mind.

**EXAMPLE-** "the sight evoked pleasant memories of his childhood"

**SIMILAR-** summon, invoke, elicit, induce, kindle

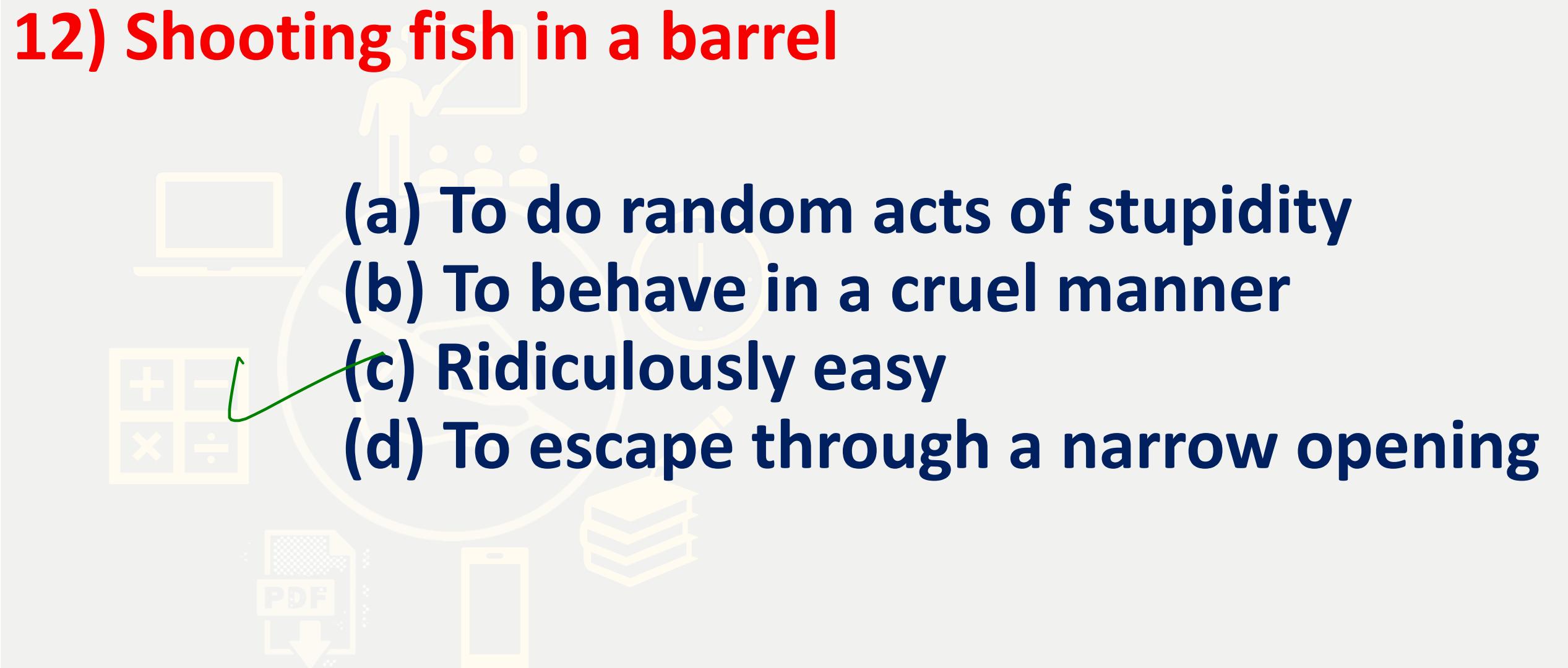
पुकारना, बुलाना, उत्पन्न करना, आह्वान करना

## 11) To shoot the breeze

- 
- (a) To do random acts hoping one will be successful
  - (b) To have a casual conversation
  - (c) To release stomach gases
  - (d) To brag about some mild achievement



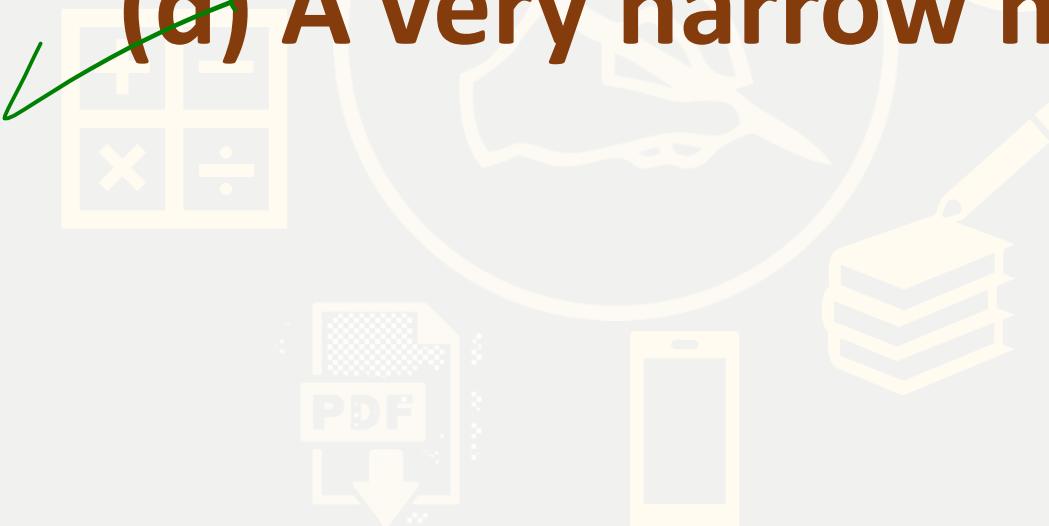
## 12) Shooting fish in a barrel

- 
- (a) To do random acts of stupidity
  - (b) To behave in a cruel manner
  - (c) Ridiculously easy
  - (d) To escape through a narrow opening



## 13) By the skin of one's teeth

- (a) To hurt someone
- (b) Teeth show health of an animal or a person
- (c) Dental hygiene is critical for good health
- (d) A very narrow margin



## 14) To put the cat among the pigeons

- (a) To hunt easy prey
- (b) To be different in a group where everybody is alike
- (c) To do something that is likely to cause controversy
- (d) When the entire group feels trapped in a bad situation

## 15) Water under the bridge

- (a) To create solutions to overcome any problem
- (b) Past events are no longer important
- (c) Young days can never be brought back again
- (d) Time keeps flowing endlessly







# 1) Raze (VERB) (/reɪz/)

completely destroy (a building, town, or other settlement).

**EXAMPLE-** "villages were razed to the ground"

**Similar:** demolish, tear down, pull down, bulldoze, wipe out,  
ruin, wreck,,,**नष्ट करना, ढहाना, मिटाना**



## 2) Foreboding (NOUN) (/fɔ: 'bəʊdɪŋ/)

a feeling that something bad will happen; fearful apprehension./ a feeling of evil to come,,,,"

अनिष्ट दर्शन,  
भविष्य की विपदाओं को पहिले से जान लेना

**EXAMPLE-** "with a sense of foreboding she read the note"

**Similar:** apprehension, anxiety, perturbation, trepidation

### 3) Vestigial (ADJ) (/vɛ'stɪdʒɪəl,)

forming a very small remnant of something that was once greater or more noticeable.

**EXAMPLE-** "he felt a vestigial flicker of anger from last night"

**Similar:** remaining, surviving, residual, leftover, lingering,  
persisting,,,,,"

अवशेषी, बचत का, बाकी का



## 4) Nab (VERB) (/nab/)

catch (someone) doing something wrong.

**EXAMPLE-** "they recently nabbed a burglar inside the house he was ransacking"

**Similar:** capture, apprehend, arrest

दबोचना, अपराध करते समय पकड़ लेना

## 5) Oafish (ADJ) (/'əʊfɪʃ/) बेवकूफ़, भद्दा,

rough or clumsy and unintelligent./ ill-mannered and coarse and contemptible in behavior or appearance

**EXAMPLE-** He called me a stupid, oafish, little girl in front of EVERYONE the night I met him.

**Similar:** stupid, foolish, idiotic

## 6) Requisite (ADJ) (/rɛkwɪzɪt/)

made necessary by particular circumstances or regulations.

**EXAMPLE-** "the application will not be processed until the requisite fee is paid"

**Similar:** required, prerequisite, essential, indispensable, vital

अपेक्षित, आवश्यक, उचित, जरूरी

## 7) Forfeit (VERB) (/fɔ:fɪt/)

lose or give up (something) as a necessary consequence of something else.

**EXAMPLE-** "she didn't mind forfeiting an hour in bed to muck out the horses"

**Similar:** surrender, relinquish, part with, yield

अधिकार चला जाना, खो बैठना, जब्त होना

8) **Conviction (NOUN) (/kən'vɪkʃ(ə)n/)** दृढ़ विश्वास, आस्था,  
धारणा

a firmly held belief or opinion.

**EXAMPLE-** "she takes pride in stating her political convictions"

**Similar:** view, thought, persuasion, idea

**9) Grim (ADJ) (/grɪm/),,,,**

मनहृस्,

(especially of a place) unattractive or forbidding.

**EXAMPLE- "rows of grim, dark housing developments"**

**Similar: bleak, dreary, dismal, dingy, wretched, miserable**

## 10) Plebeian (ADJ) (/plɪ'bi:ən/) सर्वसाधारण, साधारण

of or belonging to the lower social classes.

**EXAMPLE-** "two dancers, one royal and one plebeian"

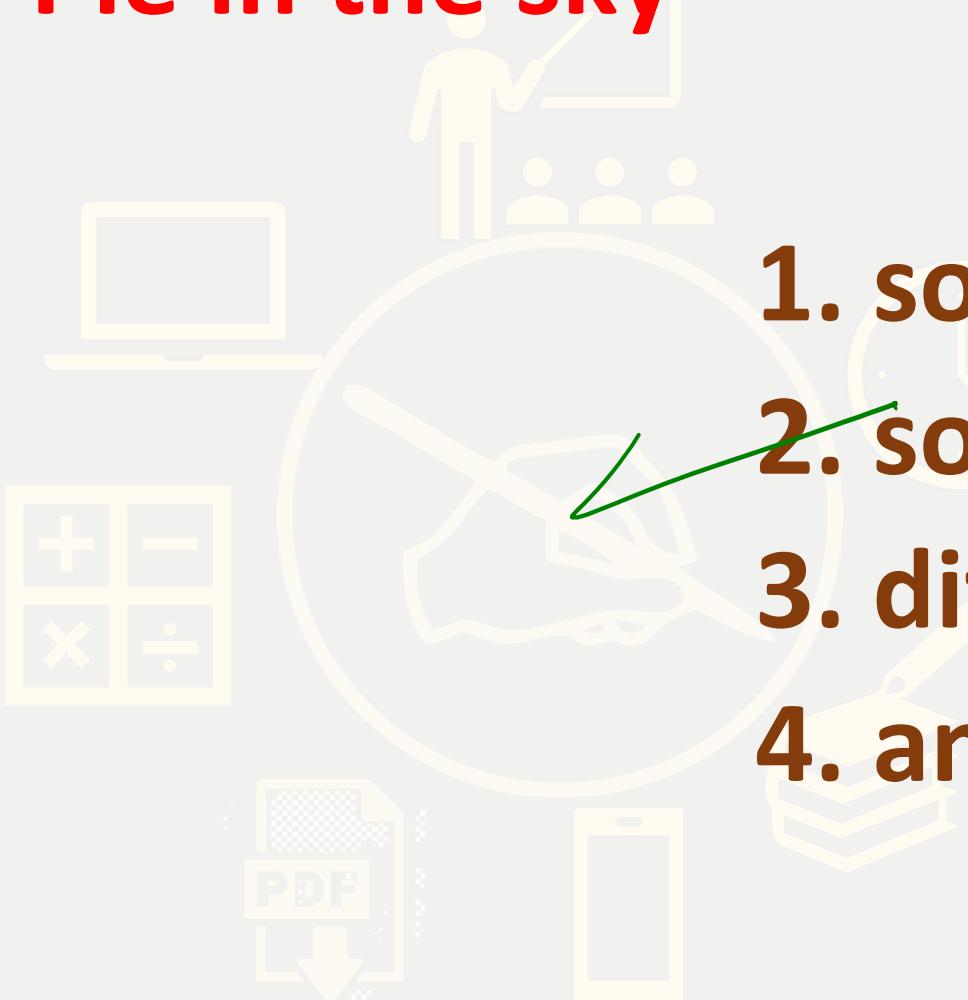
**Similar:** lower-class, working-class, proletarian, common

11) For a long time he **kept his wife in the dark** about the true nature of his job.

in the dark

1. in high position
2. in a dark place
3. in ignorance
4. in a locked room

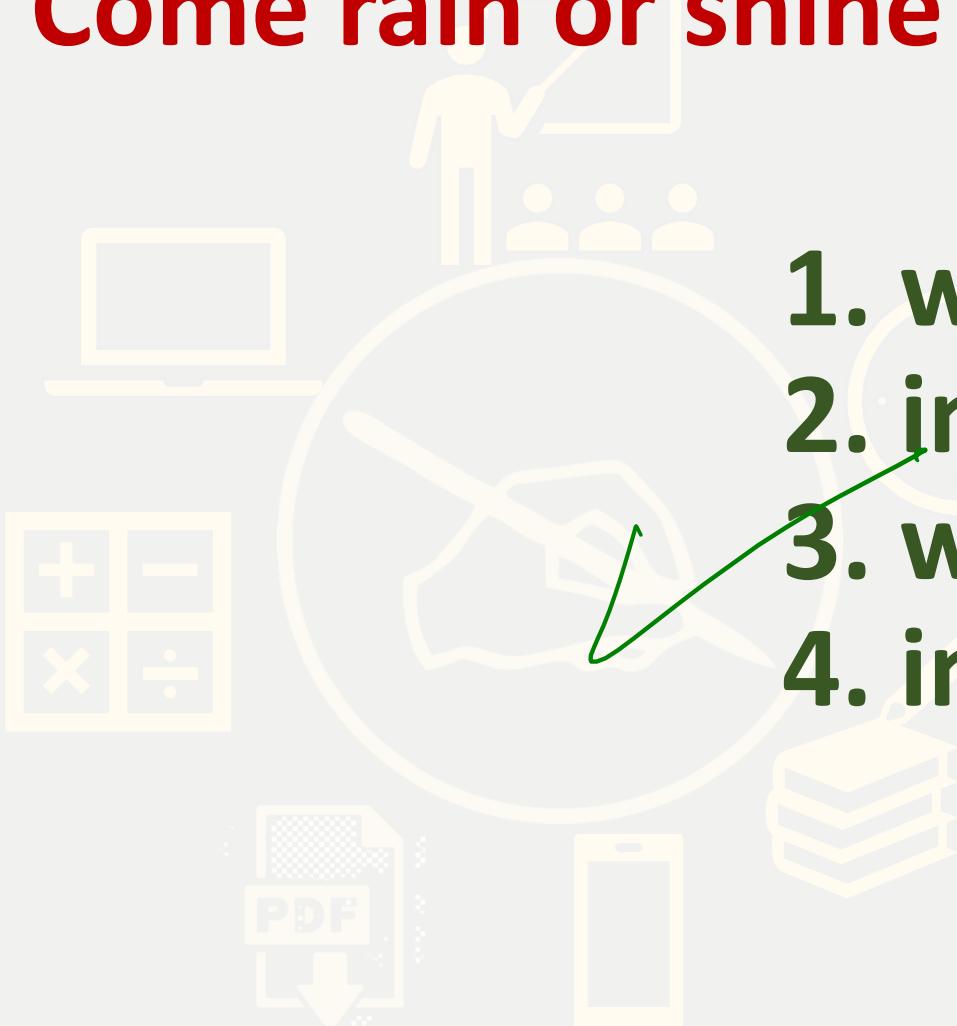
## 12) Pie in the sky



1. something very small
2. something not possible
3. difficult to find
4. an easy situation



## 13) Come rain or shine

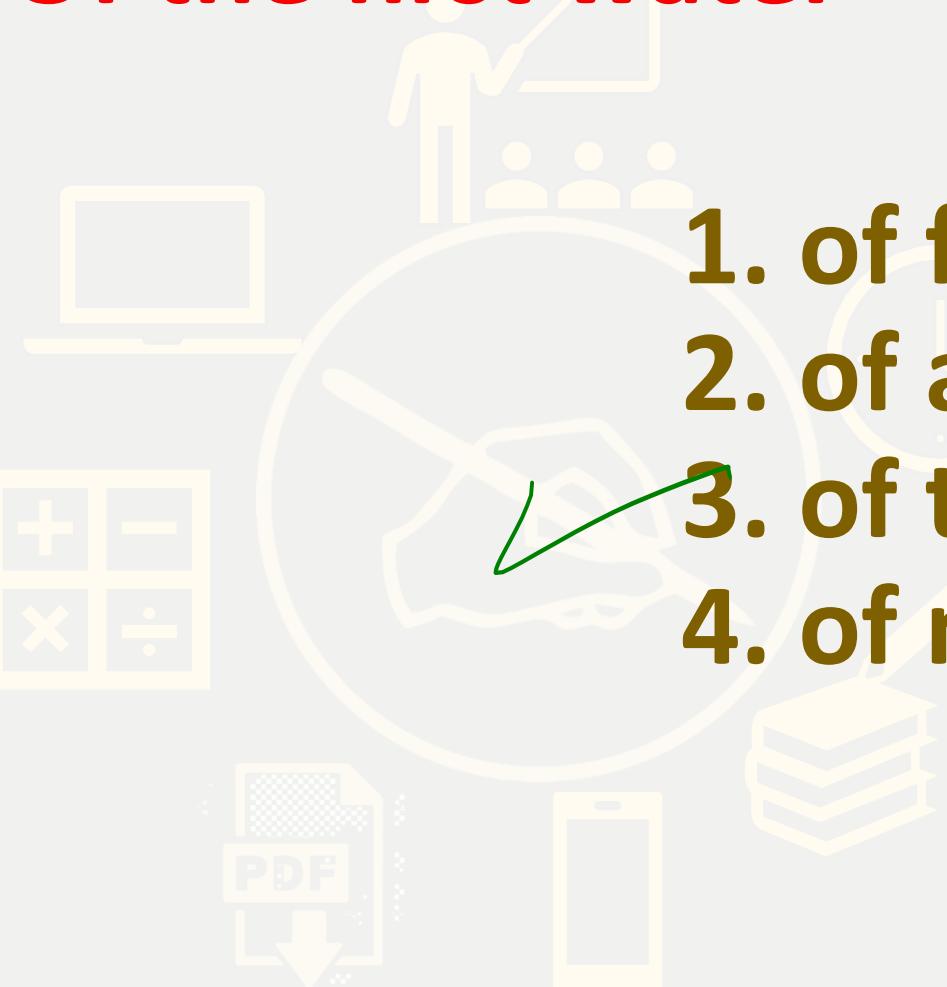


1. when it does not rain
2. in the monsoon
3. whatever happens
4. in bad weather

## 14) To blaze a trail

- 
- 1. to initiate something new
  - 2. to set fire to something
  - 3. to complete a project
  - 4. to act impulsively

## 15) Of the first water

- 
1. of favorable opinion
  2. of ancient origin
  3. of the best quality
  4. of no significance









# 1) Rococo (ADJ) (/rə'kəʊkəʊ/)

आलीशान

(especially of music or literature) extravagantly or excessively ornate. **Similar:** ornate, curlicued, decorated, embellished, adorned, ornamented,,,,, **EXAMPLE-** The entrance rooms of the French castle were decorated in fancy rococo style.



## 2) Discombobulate (VERB) (/dɪskəm'bɒbjʊleɪt/)

disconcert or confuse (someone). भ्रमित होना

**EXAMPLE-** I felt discombobulated after working twelve hours a day for seven straight days.

**SIMILAR- befuddle, bewilder, confound, fluster, baffle**

### 3) Jejune (ADJ) (/dʒɪ'ðʒu:n/)

naive, simplistic, and superficial.

झीरस, Dull  
Dull

**EXAMPLE-** I am very jejune and refuse to eat anything I cannot spell.

**Similar:** innocent, artless, guileless, unworldly, childlike

बहुत सीधा, बचकाना

## 4) Cheeky (ADJ) (/tʃi:ki:/)

showing a lack of respect or politeness in a way that is amusing or appealing.

**EXAMPLE-** Now don't be cheeky to your elders, young man.

**Similar:** impudent, impertinent, insolent,

निर्लज्ज, गुस्ताख

## 5) Nonchalant (ADJ) (/nənʃələnt/)

(of a person or manner) feeling or appearing casually calm and relaxed; not displaying anxiety, interest, or enthusiasm.

**EXAMPLE-** "she gave a nonchalant shrug"

**Similar:** unconcerned, indifferent, detached, apathetic, casual,  
insouciant,,,,,"

उदासीन, बेपरवाह, विरक्त, मस्तमौला

## 6) Canny (ADJ) (/ˈkani/)

having or showing shrewdness and good judgement, especially in money or business matters.

**EXAMPLE-** "canny investors will switch banks if they think they are getting a raw deal",,,**Similar:** shrewd, astute, sharp-witted, discerning, acute,,,,कपटी, चतुर, चालाक,छली, धूर्त

## 7) Clairvoyant (NOUN) (/klε:'vɔɪənt/) दिव्यदृष्टा

person who claims to have a supernatural ability to perceive events in the future or beyond normal sensory contact.

**EXAMPLE-** "she has had a message from a clairvoyant that her son is alive and well"

**Similar:** fortune teller, forecaster of the future, prophet



## 8) Fraught (ADJ) (/frɔ:t/)

causing or affected by anxiety or stress.

**EXAMPLE-** "there was a fraught silence"

**Similar:** anxious, worried, upset, distraught, agitated

व्याकुल  
व्याकुल  
व्याकुल  
व्याकुल

## 9) Impute (VERB) (/ɪm'pju:t/)

मढ़ना, आरोप लगाना

represent (something, especially something undesirable) as being done or possessed by someone;

**EXAMPLE-** I can't believe you dared to impute my work to yourself to cover up for your laziness!

**Similar:** attribute, ascribe, assign, credit



## 10) Perfidious (ADJ) (/pə'fɪdɪəs/)

deceitful and untrustworthy.

**EXAMPLE-** The company was betrayed by its perfidious allies.

**Similar:** treacherous, deceitful, disloyal, faithless

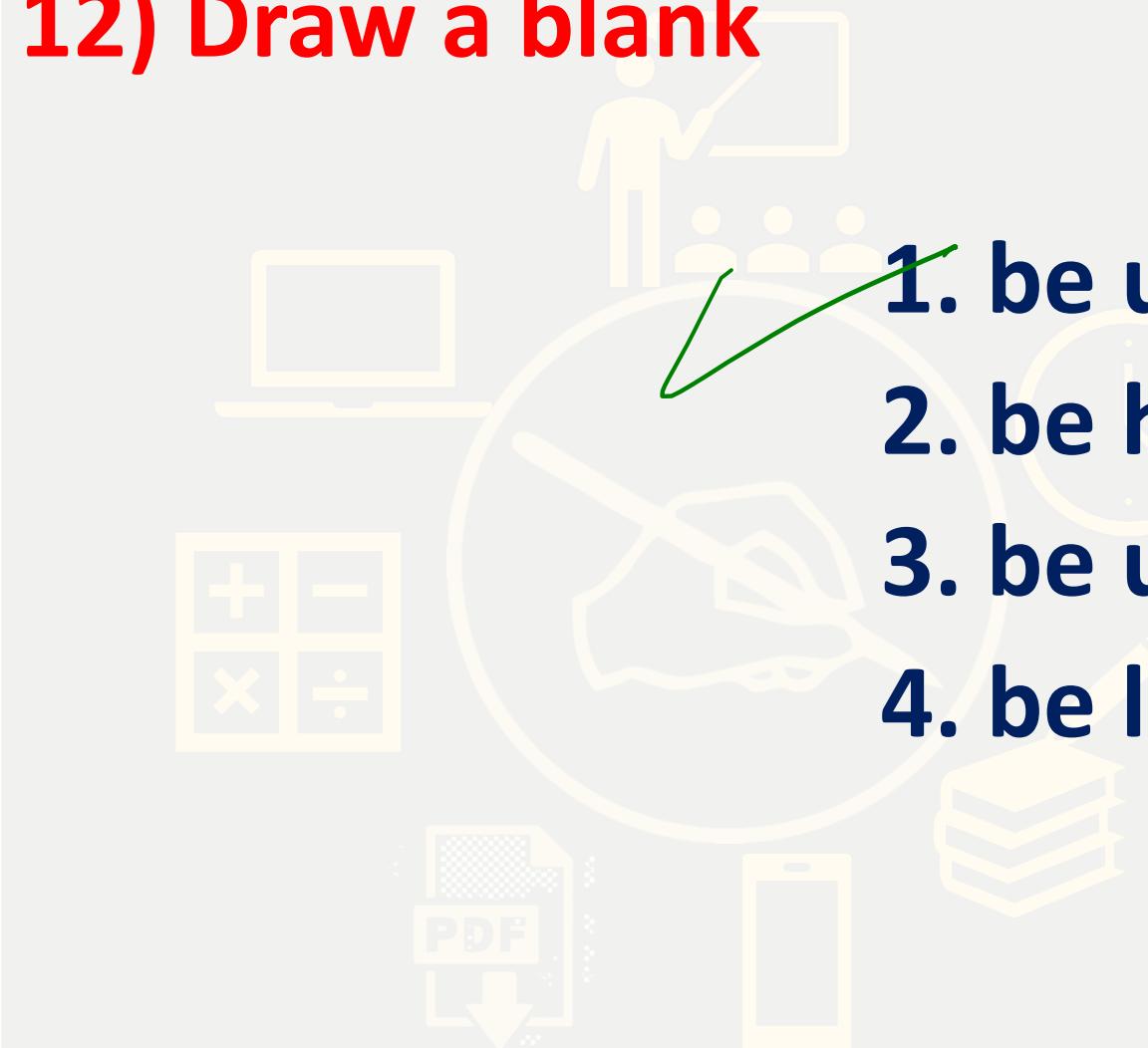
दग्गाबाज, विश्वासघाती, नमकहराम

## 11) Acid test

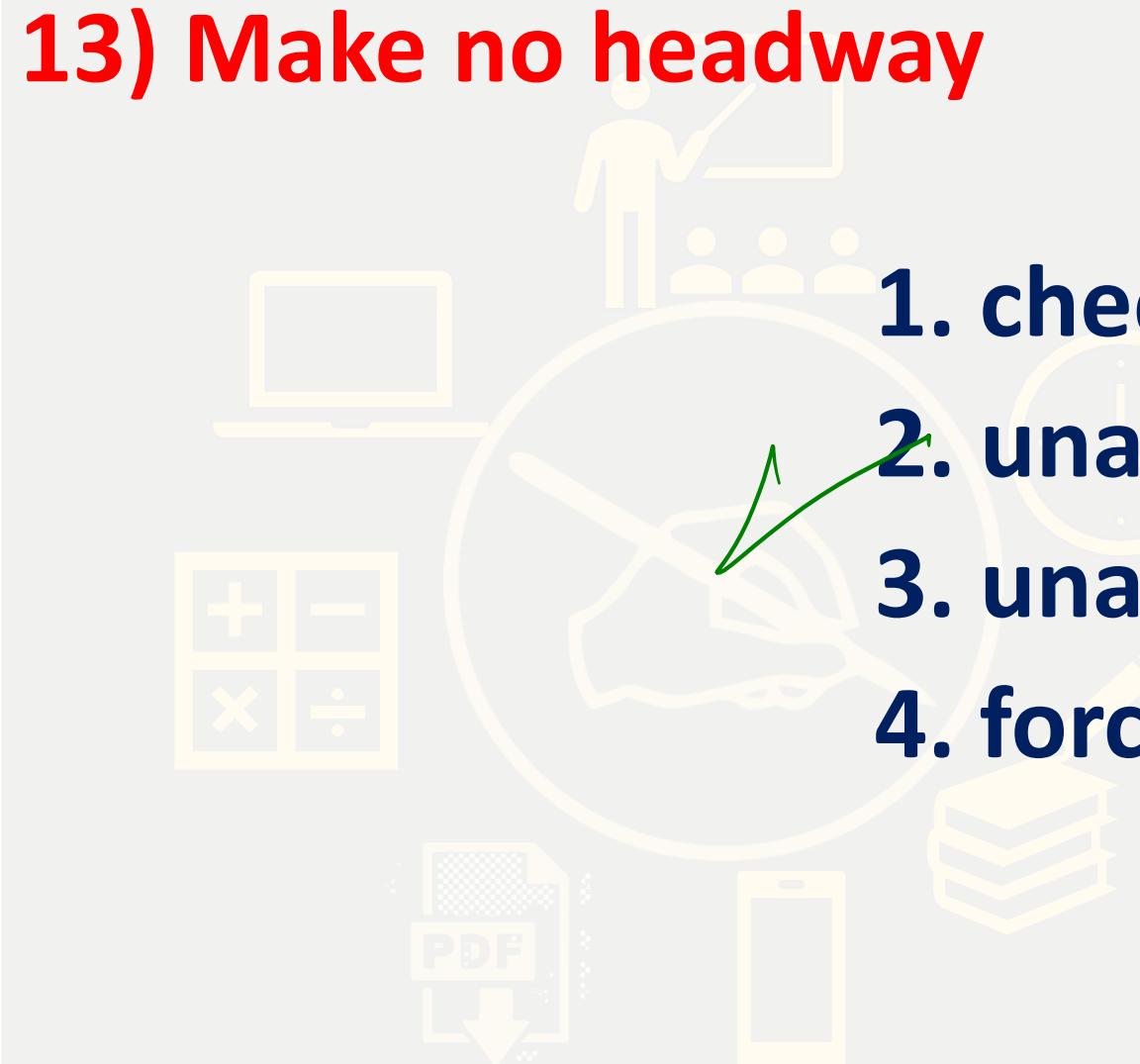
(cidim)

1. a malicious way of taking revenge
- 2 a test that shows how to harm someone
3. proof that an attack has been made
4. definitive proof of truth or falsehood

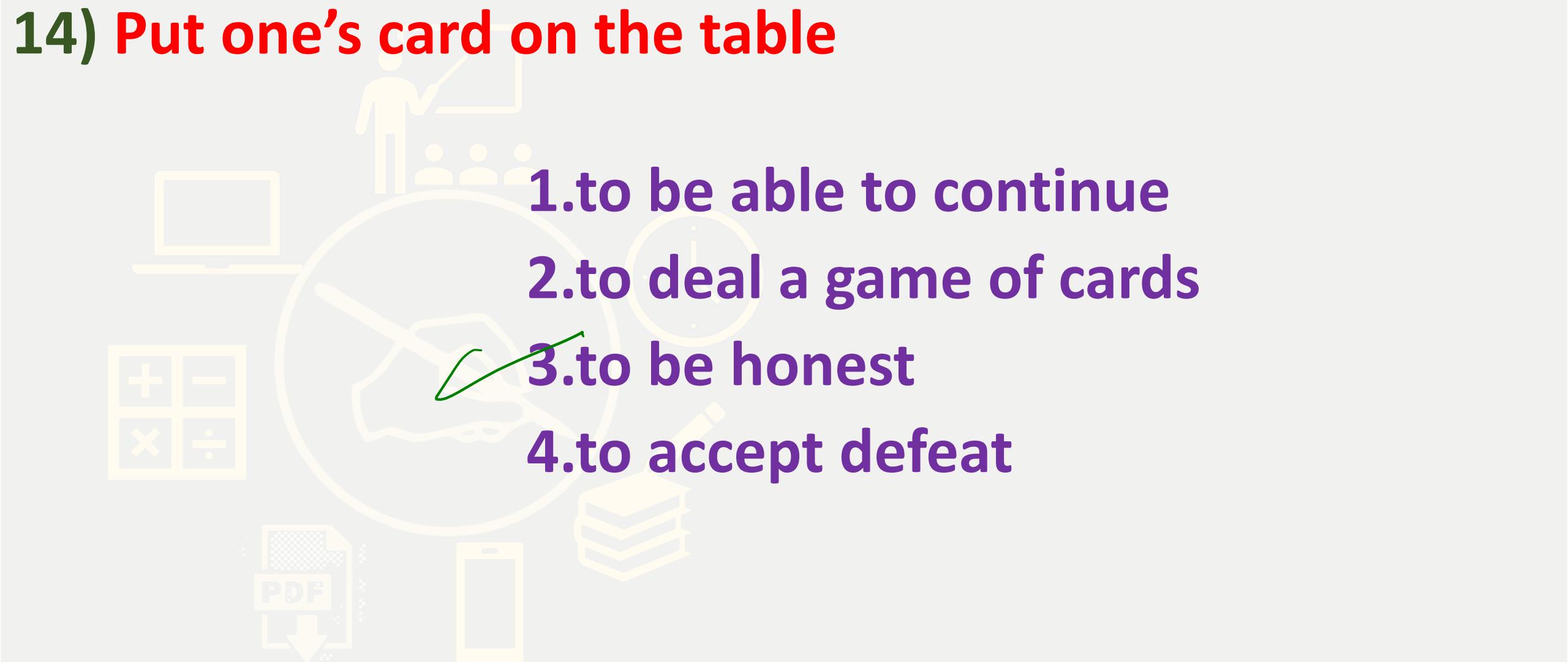
## 12) Draw a blank

- 
1. be unsuccessful
  2. be happy about something
  3. be unable to sketch
  4. be lucky in a game

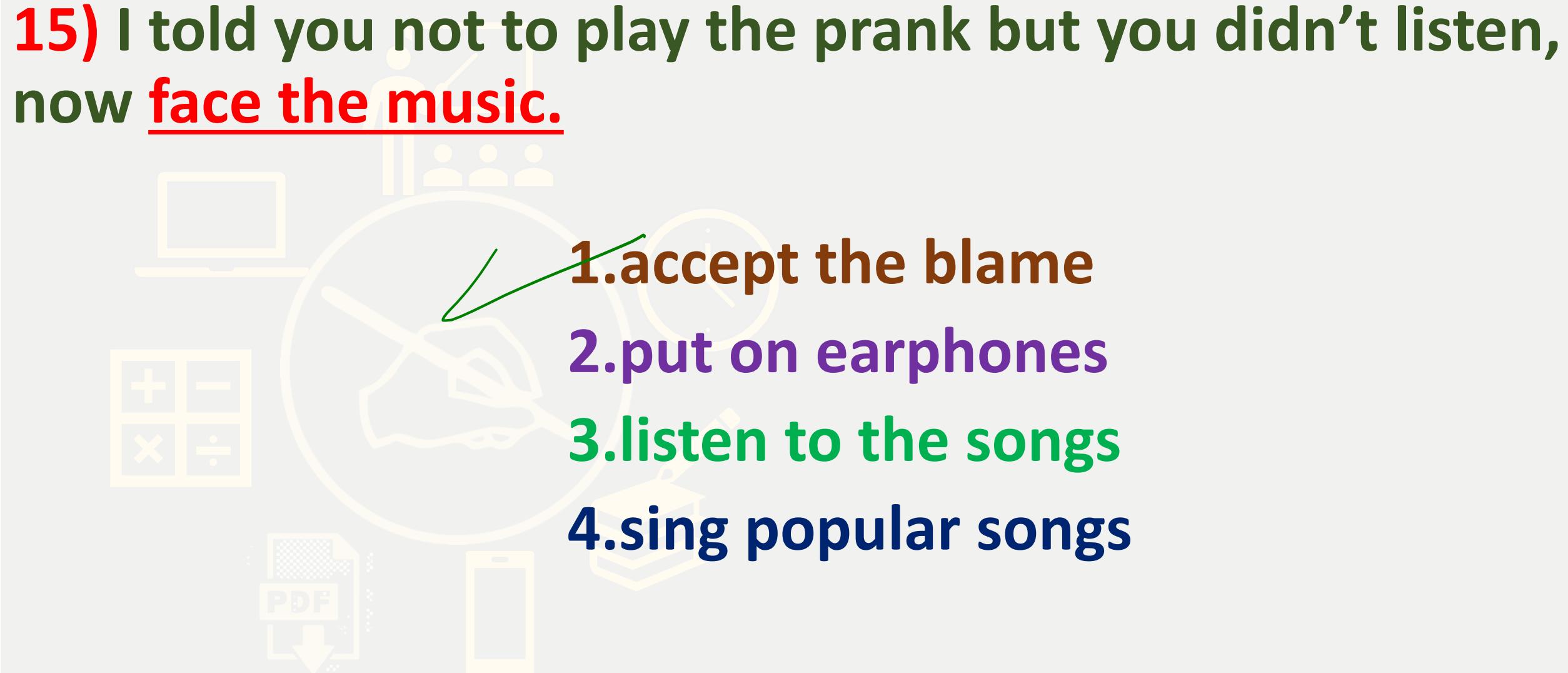
## 13) Make no headway

- 
1. check if the head can pass through
  2. unable to progress ahead
  3. unable to overtake anyone
  4. forced to fix a new goal

## 14) Put one's card on the table

- 
- 1.to be able to continue
  - 2.to deal a game of cards
  - 3.to be honest**
  - 4.to accept defeat

**15) I told you not to play the prank but you didn't listen,  
now face the music.**

- 
1. accept the blame
  2. put on earphones
  3. listen to the songs
  4. sing popular songs









# 1) Abnegate (VERB) (/ˈabnɪgeɪt/)

renounce or reject (something desired or valuable).

**EXAMPLE-** "he attempts to abnegate personal responsibility"

**Similar;** refuse, abandon, abdicate, give up

अस्वीकार करना, छोड़ देना

## 2) Camaraderie (NOUN) (/kamə'ra:d(ə)ri,)

mutual trust and friendship among people who spend a lot of time together.

**EXAMPLE-** "the enforced camaraderie of office life"

**Similar:** fellowship, companionship

भाई-चारा, मेल-मिलाप, सौहार्द



### 3) Caper<sup>1</sup> (VERB) (/ˈkeɪpə/)

skip or dance about in a lively or playful way.

**Example-** "children were capering about the room"

**Similar:** romp, frisk, gambol, cavort, prance

उछल-कूद करना, शरारत करना



## 4) Cleave<sup>1</sup> (VERB) (/kli:v/)

split or sever (something), especially along a natural line or grain./ separate or cut with a tool, such as a sharp instrument

**EXAMPLE-** "the large axe his father used to cleave wood for the fire"    **Similar:** divide, splinter

फाड़ना, काटना, चीरना

## 5) Dissipation (NOUN) (/dɪsɪ'peɪʃ(ə)n/)

the squandering of money, energy, or resources.

**EXAMPLE-** "the dissipation of the country's mineral wealth"

**Similar:** frittering (away), waste, misspending, expenditure

अपव्यय

## 6) Persecute (VERB) (/'pə:sɪkju:t/)

harass or annoy (someone) persistently.

**EXAMPLE-** “Rama was persecuted by some of the other girls”

**Similar:** hound, plague, badger, bait, intimidate

सताना, कष्ट देना, अत्याचार करना, तंग करना



## 7) Elicit (VERB) (/ɪ'lɪsɪt/)

evoke or draw out (a reaction, answer, or fact) from someone.

**EXAMPLE-** "I tried to elicit a smile from Joanna"

**Similar:** obtain, bring out, draw out, extract, evoke

निकालना, सार निकालना, प्राप्त करना

## 8) Equanimity (NOUN) (/ˌekwəˈnimiti,)



calmness and composure, especially in a difficult situation.

**EXAMPLE-** "she accepted both the good and the bad with equanimity"

**Similar:** composure, calmness, serenity, placidity, tranquility

**सम्भाव, समता, गम्भीरता**

## 9) Chimera (NOUN) (/kʌɪ'miərə)

a thing which is hoped for but is illusory or impossible to achieve.

**EXAMPLE-** "the economic sovereignty you claim to defend is a chimera",,,,**Similar:** illusion, fantasy, delusion, dream, fancy

**काल्पनिक धारणा**

## 10) Gourmet (NOUN) (/'gʊəmət, 'go:mət/)

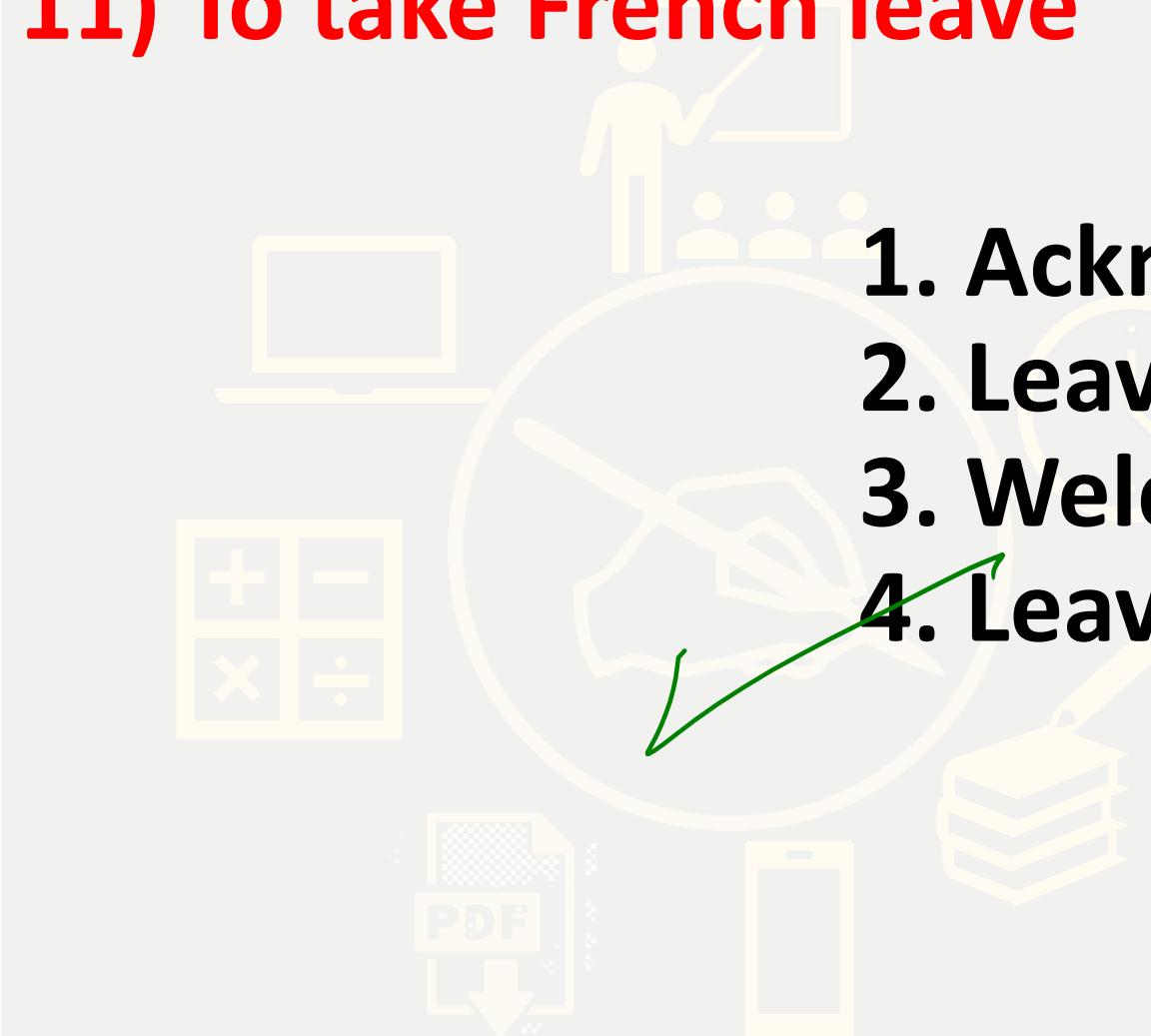
a connoisseur of good food; a person with a discerning palate.

**Example-** A gourmet like him always eats in expensive restaurants.

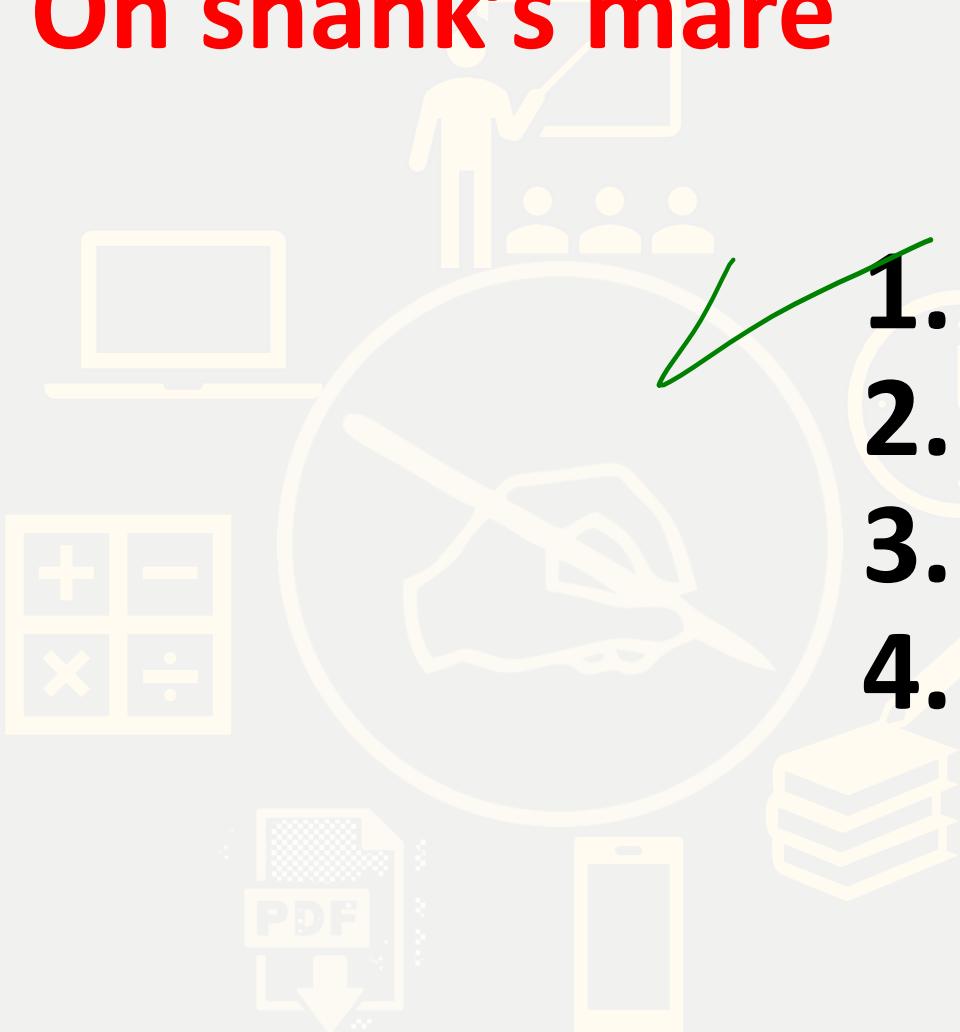
**Similar:** gastronome, epicurean, connoisseur

पेटू, खाने-पीने का वस्तुओं का पारखी

## 11) To take French leave

- 
1. Acknowledge the host
  2. Leave with written permission
  3. Welcome the host
  4. Leave without any intimation

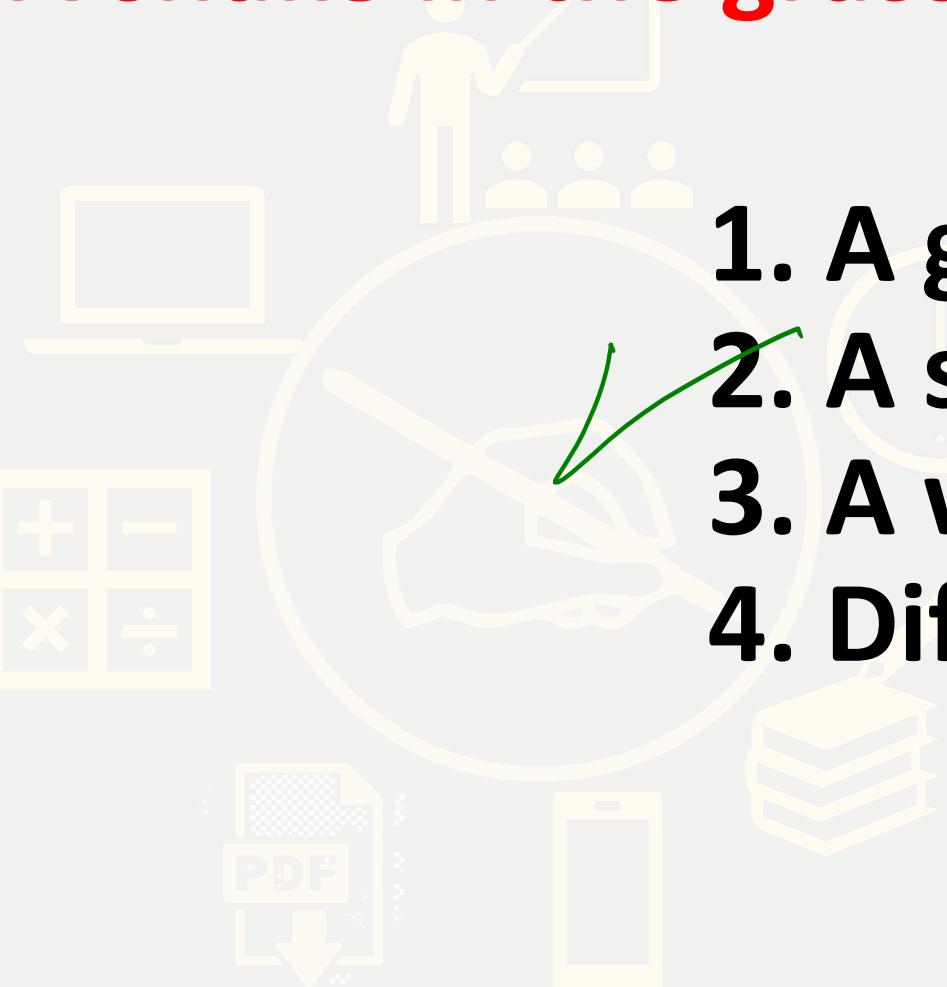
## 12) On shank's mare



- 1. On foot
- 2. On an elephant
- 3. On a bicycle
- 4. On a lion

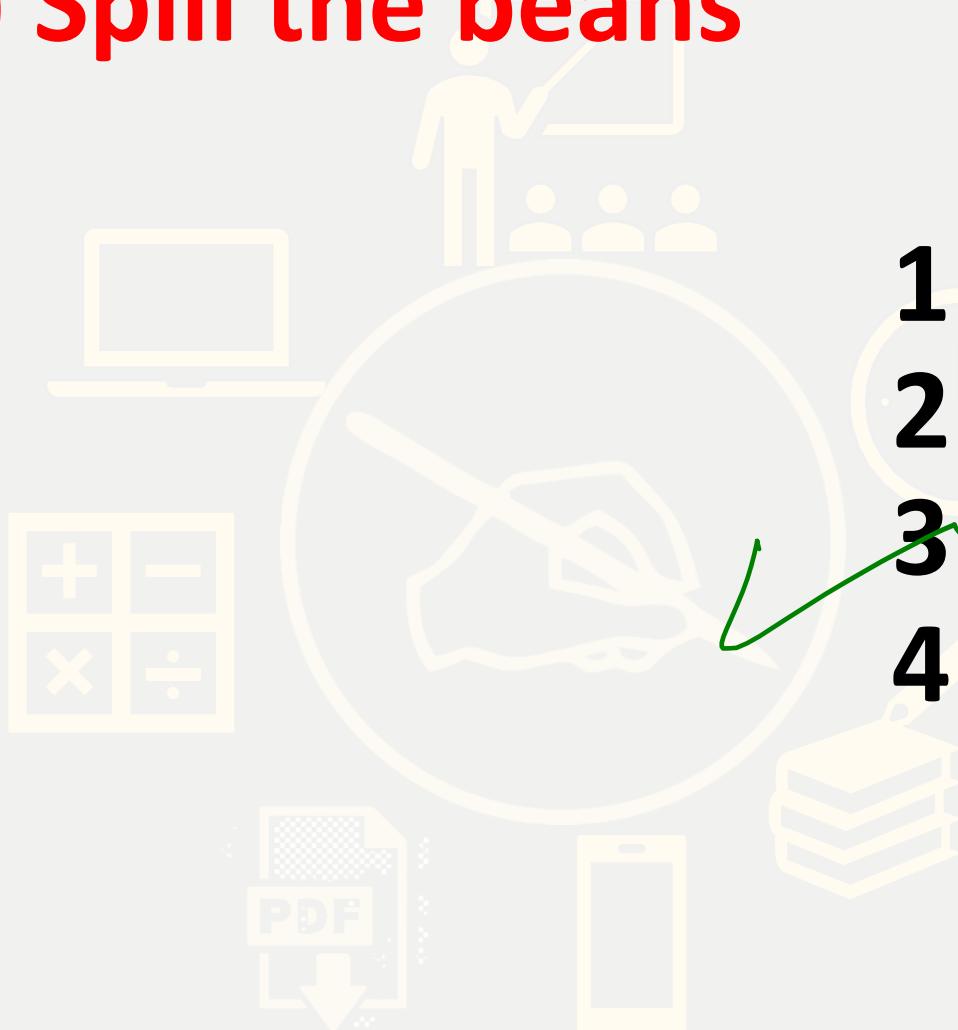


## 13) A snake in the grass

- 
1. A good friend
  2. A secret enemy
  3. A well-wisher
  4. Difficult to find



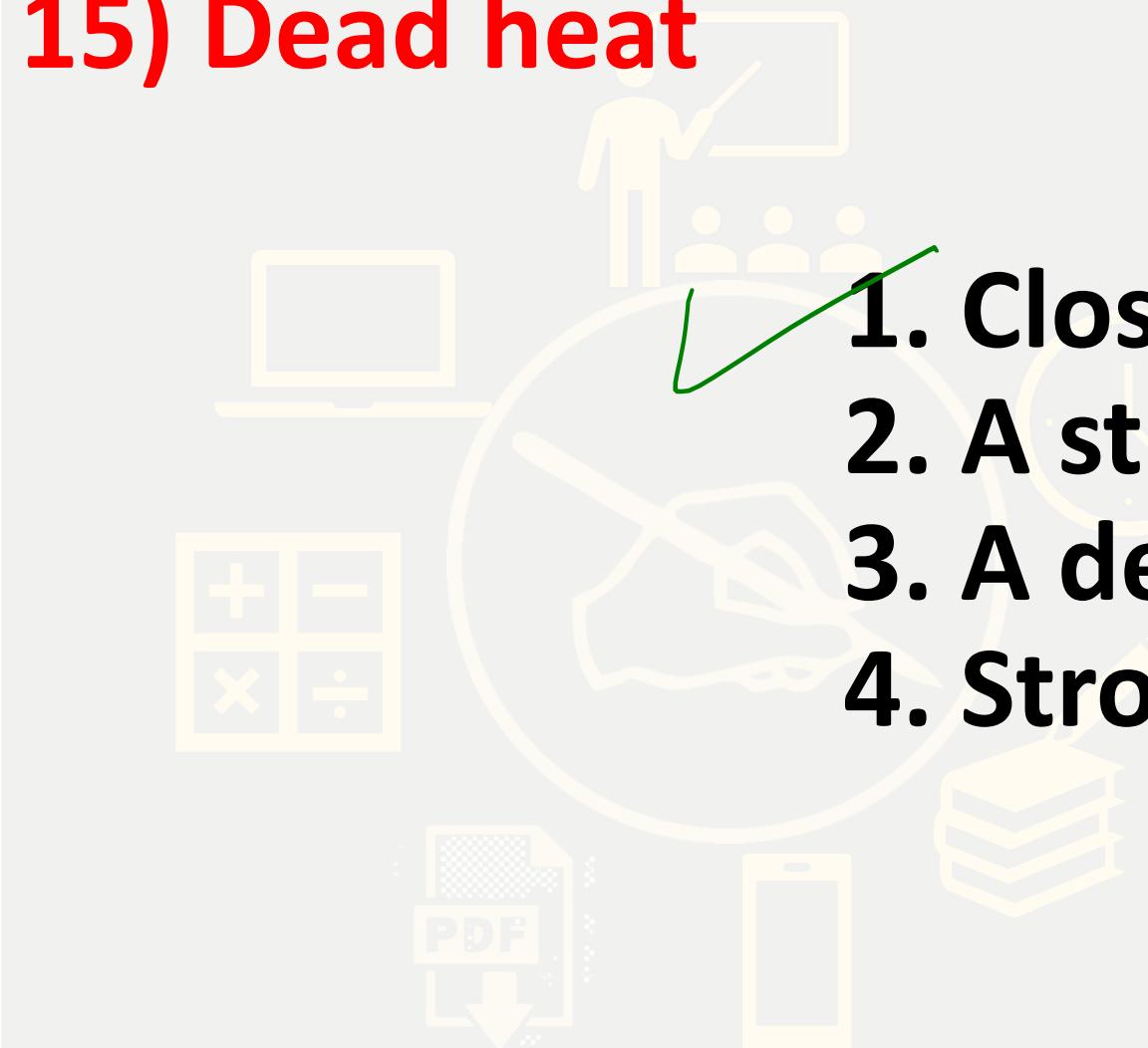
## 14) Spill the beans



1. Waste money
2. Perform magic
3. Give away a secret
4. Work hard



## 15) Dead heat

- 
1. Close contest that ends in a tie
  2. A strong heat wave
  3. A deadly blast of hot air
  4. Strong opposition to one's ideas







## 1) Succor (NOUN) (/ˈsʌkə/)

assistance and support in times of hardship and distress.

**EXAMPLE-** They give succour to the victims of war

**Similar:** aid, help, a helping hand, assistance,

मदद, राहत, परेशानी में सहायता



## 2) Nous (**NOUN**) (/naʊs/)

common sense; practical intelligence.

**EXAMPLE-** None of them had the nous to shut the door when the fire broke out.

**SIMILAR-** wisdom, wit, prudence.

बुद्धि, मन, समझ



### 3) Adroit (ADJ) (/ə'drɔɪt/)

clever or skilful.

**EXAMPLE-** "he was adroit at tax avoidance"

**Similar:** adept, dexterous, deft, agile, nimble

चतुर, चालाक, दक्ष, निपुण

#### 4) Clandestine (**ADJ**) (/klan'destin,)

kept secret or done secretively, especially because illicit.

**EXAMPLE-** "she deserved better than these clandestine meetings"

**Similar:** secret, covert, furtive, surreptitious, stealthy

अप्रकट, अवैध, अव्यक्त, गुप्त

## 5) Aspire (VERB) (/ə'spʌɪə/)

direct one's hopes or ambitions towards achieving something.

**EXAMPLE-** "we never thought that we might aspire to those heights"

**Similar:** desire (to), aim for/to, hope for/to, long for/to, yearn for/to, हौसला रखना, अभिलाषा करना, महत्वाकांक्षा करना

## 6) Assail (VERB) (/ə'seɪl/)

criticize strongly.

**EXAMPLE-** "he assailed a group of editors for their alleged excesses"

**Similar:** censure, condemn, castigate, chastise, berate

टूट पड़ना, चोट करना, धावा बोलना

## 7) Atrophy (VERB) (/'atrəfi/)

gradually decline in effectiveness or vigour due to underuse or neglect.

**EXAMPLE-** "the imagination can atrophy from lack of use"

Similar; dwindle, deteriorate, wane

**अपक्षय होना, क्षीण होना**

## 8) Confute (VERB) (/kən'fju:t/)

prove (a person or an assertion or accusation) to be wrong.

**EXAMPLE-** "restorers who sought to confute this view were accused of ignorance"

**Similar:** disprove, contradict, negate, deny, refute

**व्यर्थ कर देना, खंडन करना, गलत सिद्ध करना**

## 9) Burgeon (VERB) (/'bə:dʒ(ə)n/)

begin to grow or increase rapidly; flourish.

**EXAMPLE-** "the city's suburbs have burgeoned, sprawling out from the centre"

**Similar:** grow rapidly, mushroom, proliferate

**बढ़ना, फलना फूलना**

## 10) Circumscribe (VERB) (/sə:kəm'skrʌɪb/)

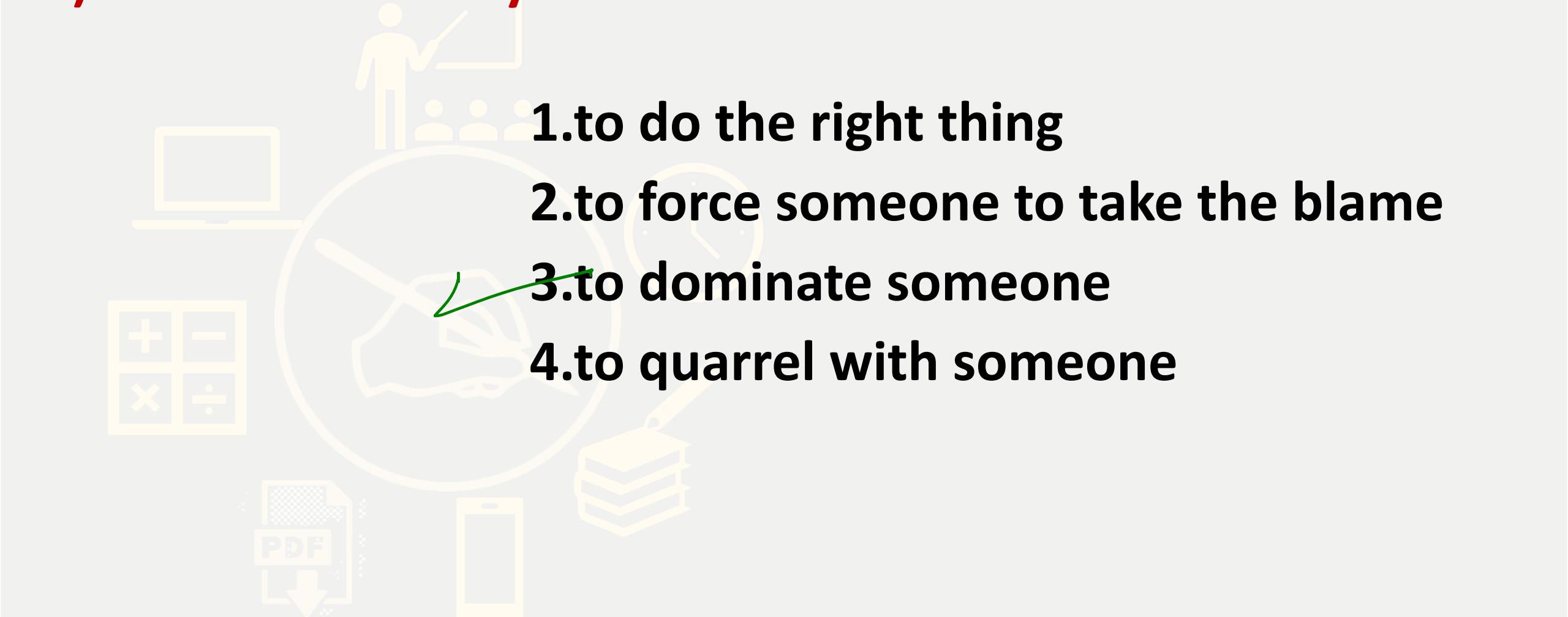
restrict (something) within limits.

**EXAMPLE-** "the minister's powers are circumscribed both by tradition and the organization of local government"

Similar; curb, confine, bound, restrain

प्रतिबंध लगाना, पाबंदी लगाना

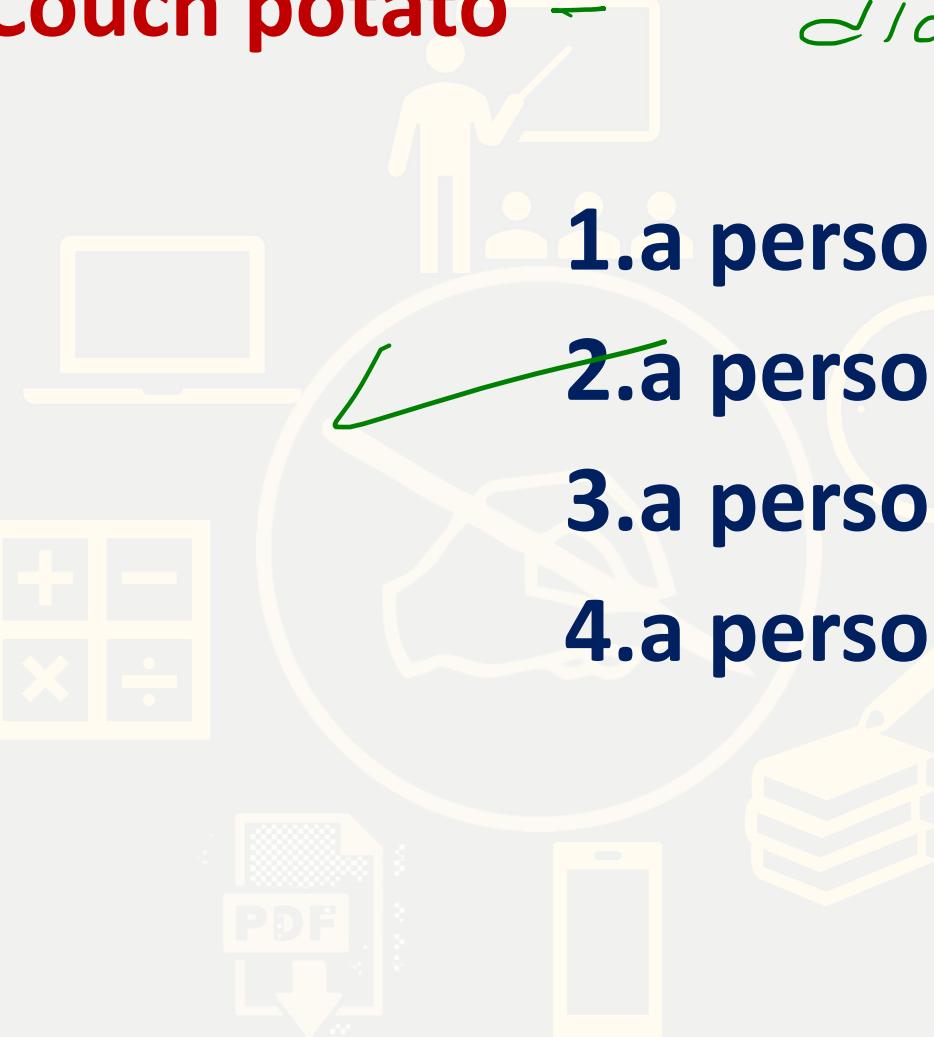
## 11) Lead someone by the nose

- 
- 1.to do the right thing
  - 2.to force someone to take the blame
  - 3.to dominate someone
  - 4.to quarrel with someone

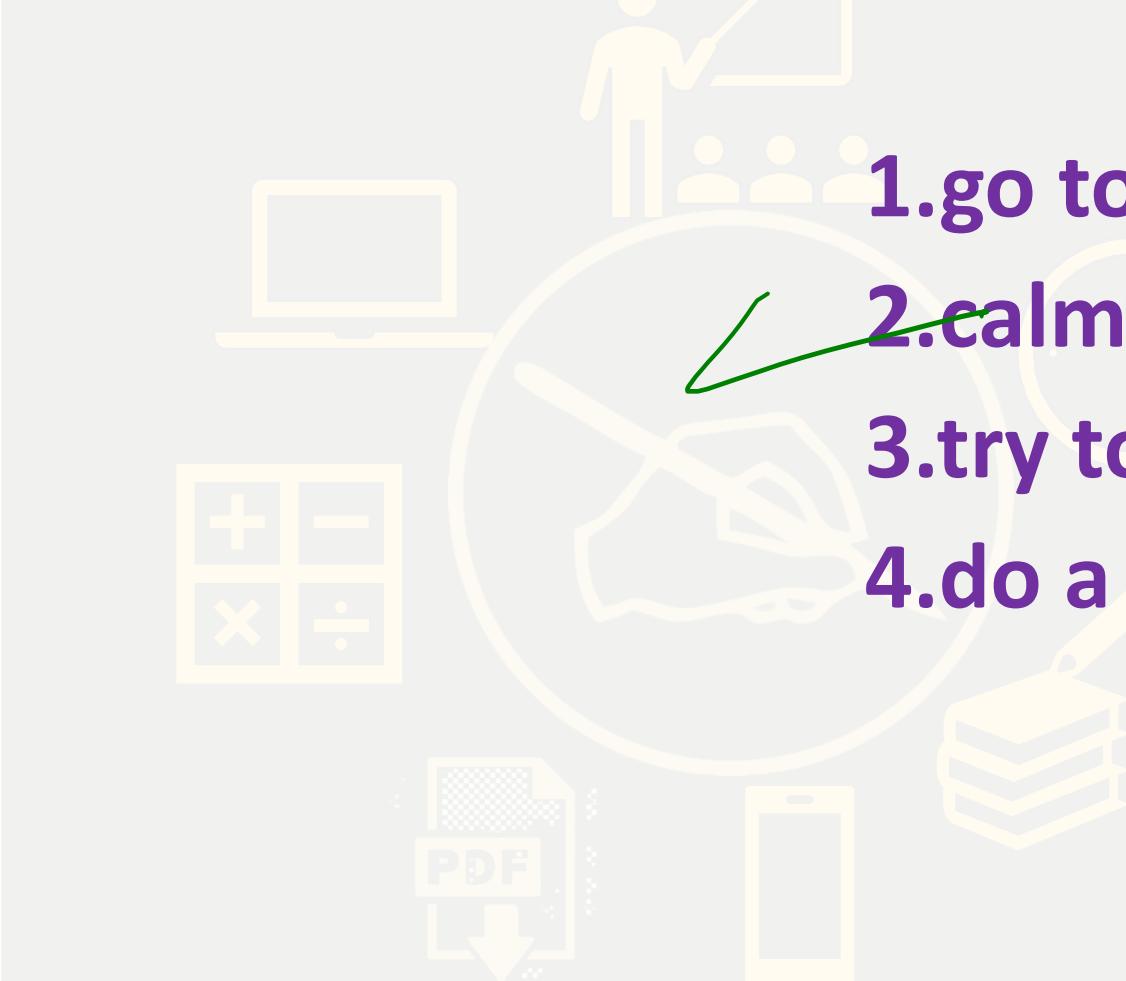


## 12) Couch potato

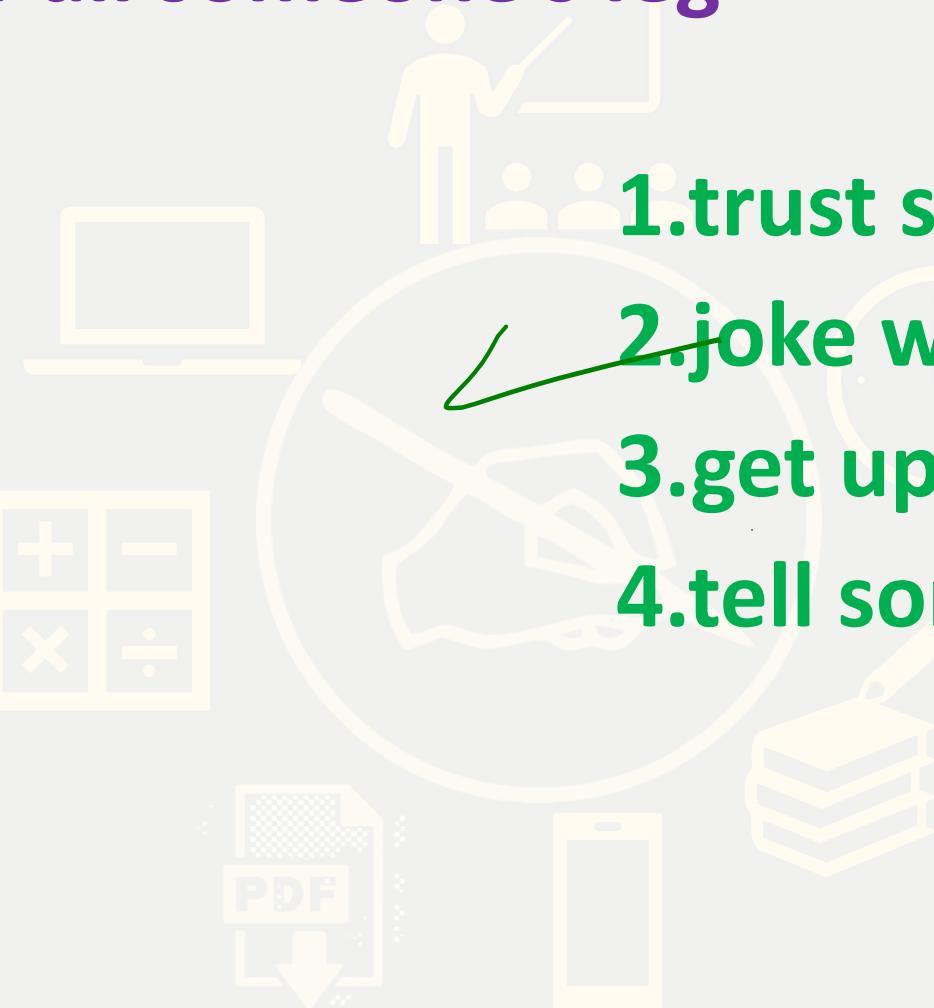
ପ୍ରୀତି କାଳିତା

- 
- 1.a person who sleeps all day
  - 2.a person who watches too much television
  - 3.a person who remains relaxed and calm
  - 4.a person who is simple in nature

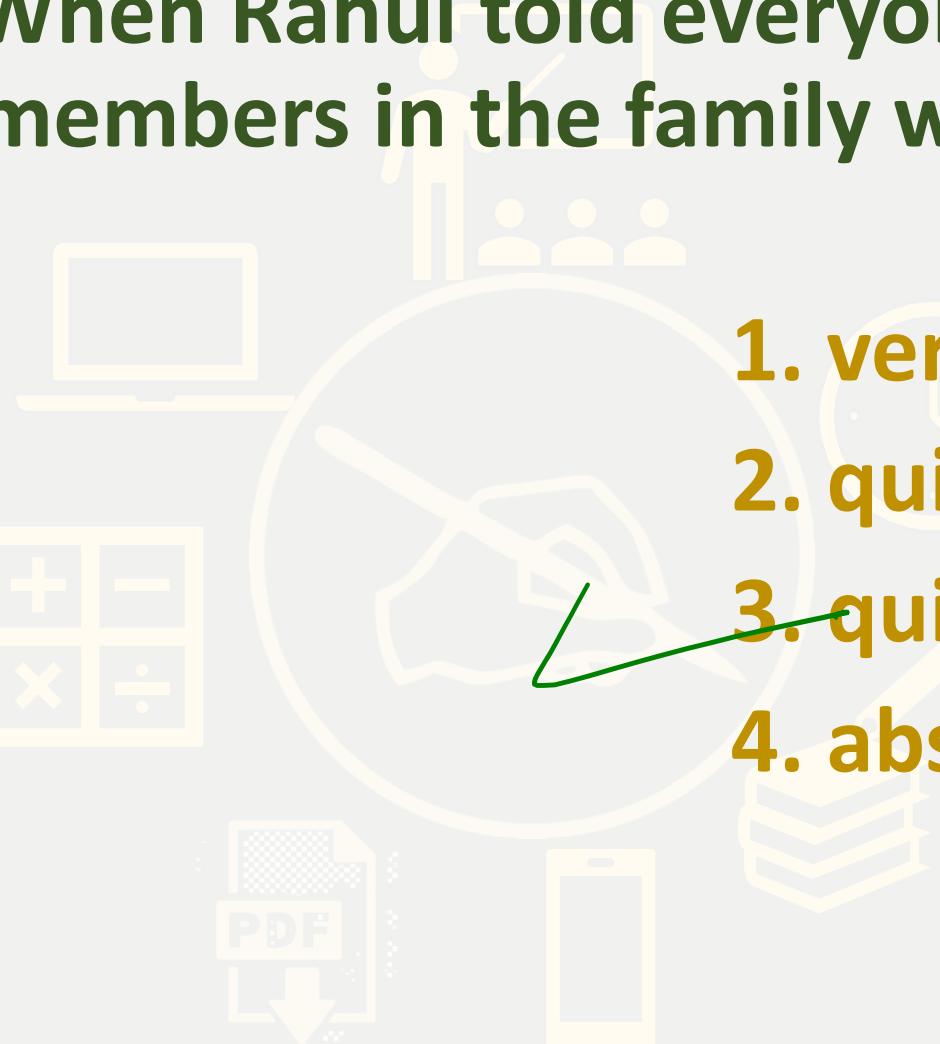
## 13) Pull yourself together

- 
- 1.go to sleep
  - 2.calm down
  - 3.try to understand
  - 4.do a good job

## 14) Pull someone's leg

- 
1. trust someone
  2. joke with someone
  3. get upset with someone
  4. tell someone a secret

15) When Rahul told everyone that he had resigned his job, all the members in the family were at their wits' end .

- 
1. very serious
  2. quite angry
  3. quite perplexed ~~चक्करले हु~~
  4. absolutely satisfied





## 1) Allude (VERB) (/ə'l(j)u:d/)

suggest or call attention to indirectly; hint at.

**EXAMPLE-** "she had a way of alluding to Lata but never saying her name"

**Similar:** refer to, imply, mention

संकेत करना, हवाला देना, ज़िक्र करना, इंगित करना

## 2) Ambivalence (NOUN) (/am'bɪv(ə)l(ə)ns,)

ce- NOUN

the state of having mixed feelings or contradictory ideas about something or someone.

**EXAMPLE-** "the law's ambivalence about the importance of a victim's identity"

**Similar:** equivocation, uncertainty, unsureness, doubt, indecision, **दोहरे विचार वाली अवस्था**

### 3) Anomaly (NOUN) (/ə'nməli/)

something that deviates from what is standard, normal, or expected.

**EXAMPLE-** "there are a number of anomalies in the present system"

**Similar:** oddity, peculiarity, abnormality, irregularity, inconsistency,,,अनियमितता, अवैधता, अव्यवस्था, असंगति

## 4) Articulate (ADJ) (/ə: 'tɪkjʊlət/)

having or showing the ability to speak fluently and coherently.

**Example-** "an articulate account of their experiences"

**Similar:** eloquent, fluent, communicative, effective,

स्पष्ट, व्यक्त, साफ़ साफ़ बोलना *dico*

*सुविद्धा*

## 5) Scrimmage (NOUN) (/ˈskrɪmɪdʒ/)

a confused struggle or fight.

**EXAMPLE-** "there was a considerable scrimmage, with people anxious to obtain cabs"

Similar: tussle, brawl, fracas, rumpus

लड़ाई, हाथापाई, गुत्थमगुत्था

## 6) Capitalize (VERB) (/ˈkapɪt(ə)lائز/)

take the chance to gain advantage from.

**EXAMPLE-** The venture was capitalized with a loan of one million dollars.

**Similar:** take advantage of, profit from, make the most of

लाभ उठाना, पूँजी में परिणत करना



## 7) Clout (noun) (/klaut/)

influence or power, especially in politics or business.

**EXAMPLE-** "I knew she carried a lot of clout"

Similar: pull, weight, sway, leverage

ताक्त



## 8) Confide (VERB) (/kən'fʌɪd/)

tell someone about a secret or private matter while trusting them not to repeat it to others.

**EXAMPLE-** "he confided his fears to his mother"

**Similar:** reveal, disclose, divulge

गुप्त रूप से बताना



## 9) Contend (**VERB**) (/kən'tənd/)

assert something as a position in an argument.

**EXAMPLE-** "he contends that the judge was wrong"

**Similar:** claim, argue, profess, affirm

**दावे के साथ कहना**

## 10) Corroborate (VERB) (/kə'rɒbəreɪt/)

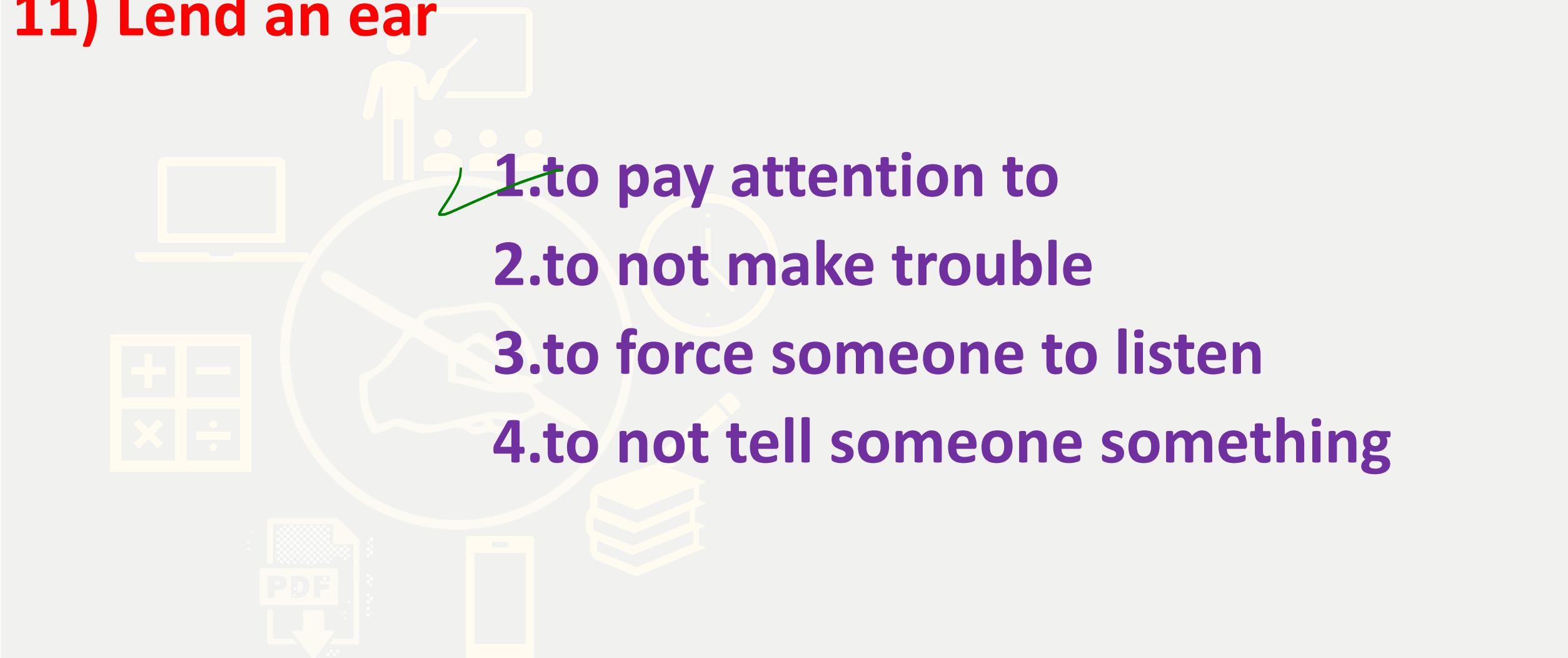
confirm or give support to (a statement, theory, or finding).

**EXAMPLE-** "the witness had corroborated the boy's account of the attack"

**Similar:** verify, endorse, ratify, authenticate, validate, certify

**समर्थन करना, पुष्टि करना, पक्का करना**

## 11) Lend an ear

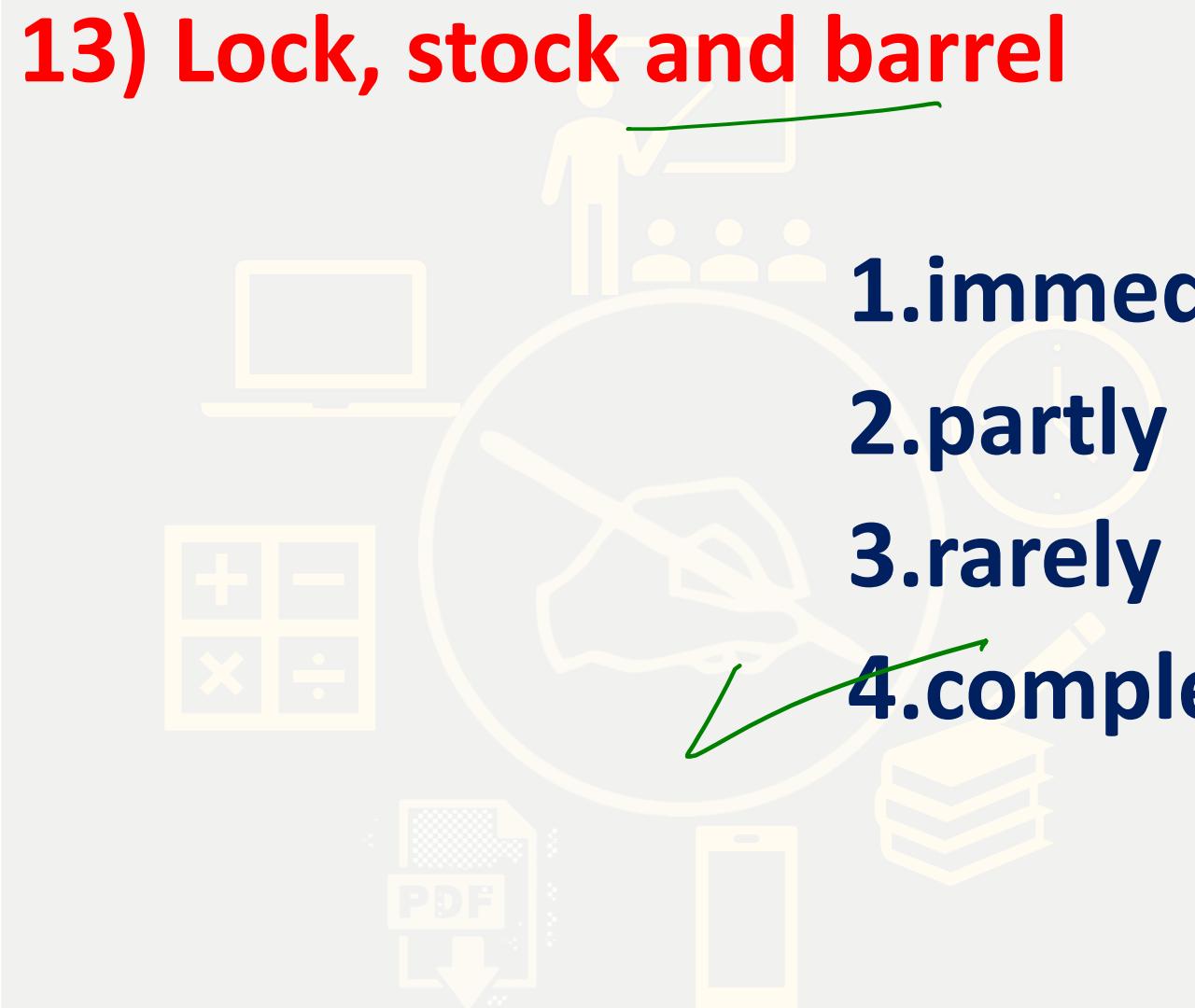
- 
1. to pay attention to
  2. to not make trouble
  3. to force someone to listen
  4. to not tell someone something

## 12) On tenterhooks

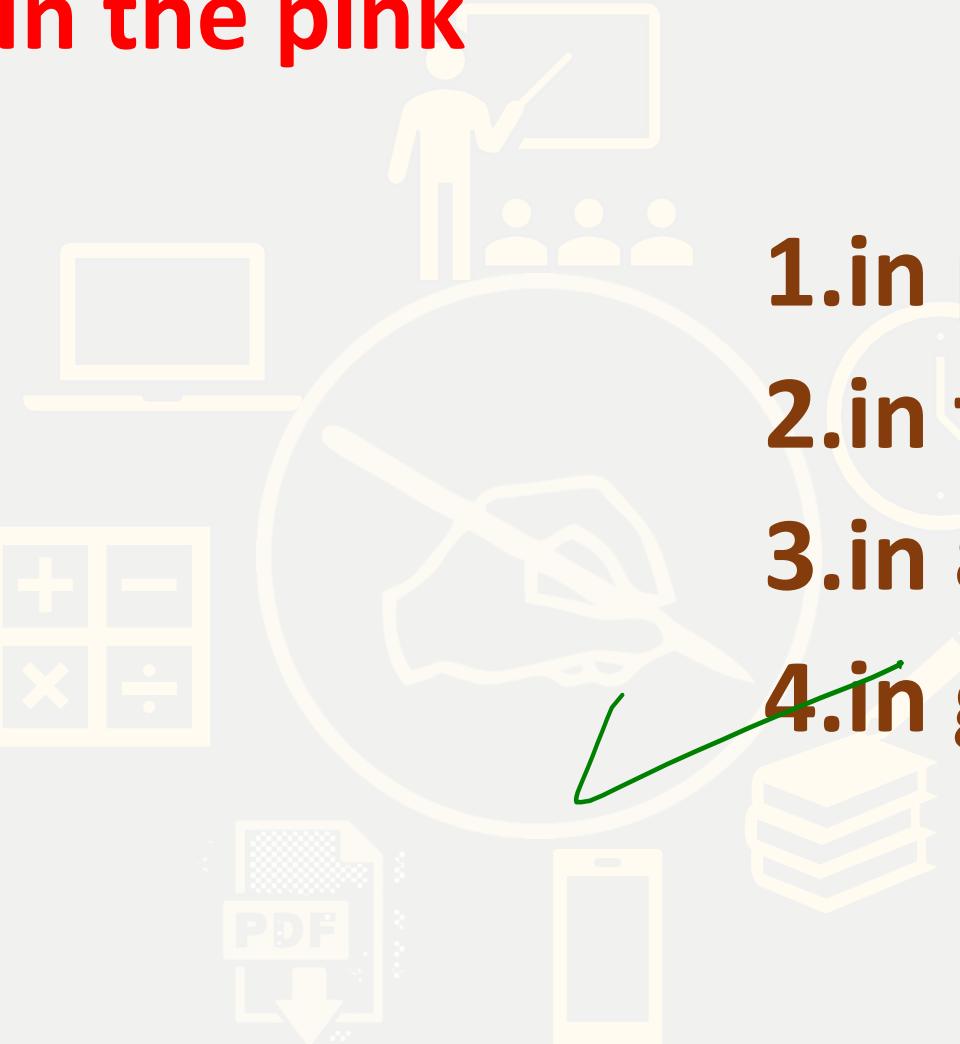
- 
- 1.unhappy
  - 2.angry
  - 3.anxious
  - 4.happy



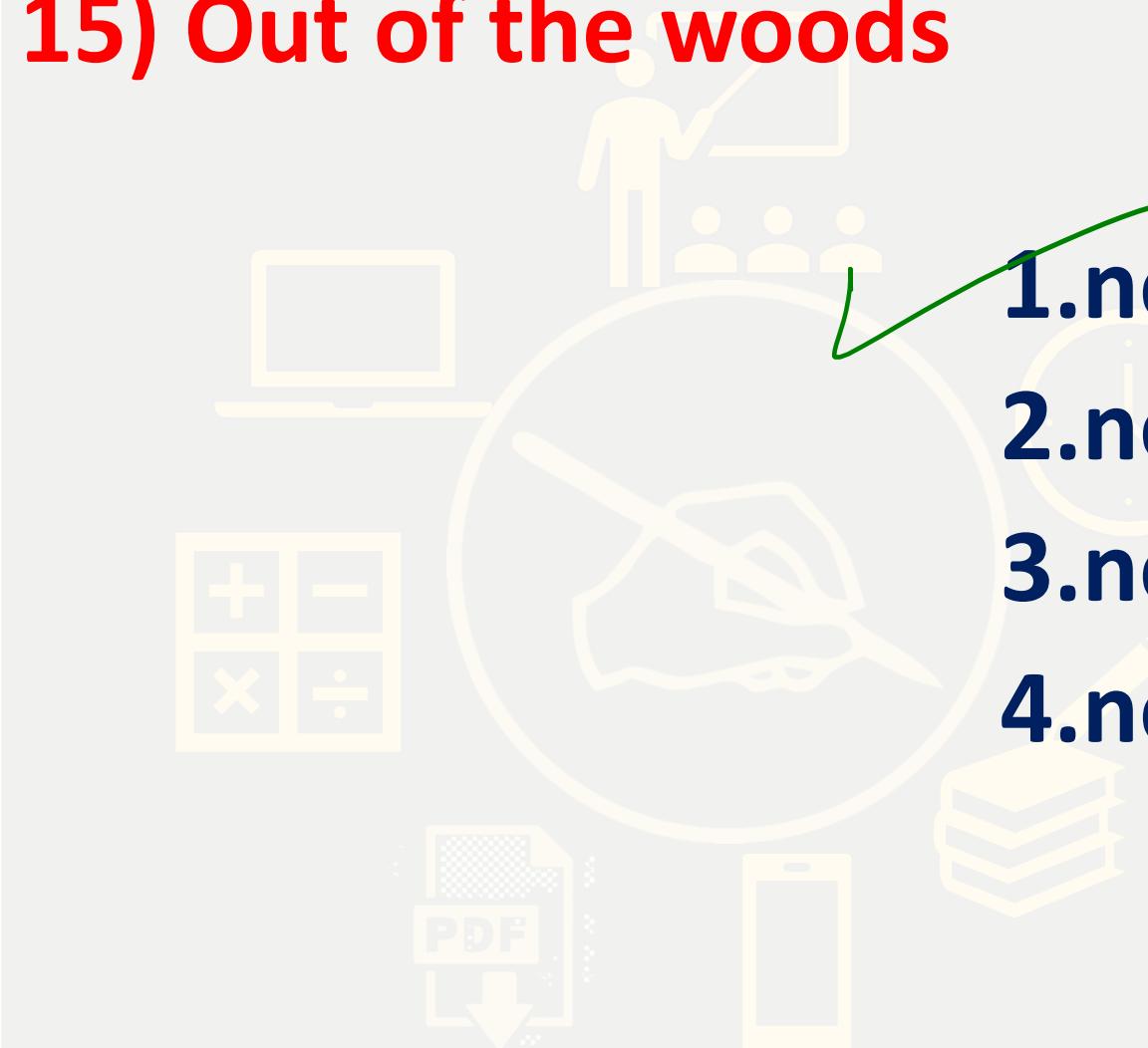
## 13) Lock, stock and barrel

- 
- 1.immediately
  - 2.partly
  - 3.rarely
  - 4.completely

## 14) In the pink

- 
- 1.in pink dress
  - 2.in the limelight
  - 3.in a happy mood
  - 4.in good health

## 15) Out of the woods

- 
- 1.no longer in trouble
  - 2.no longer in sight
  - 3.no longer famous
  - 4.no longer young



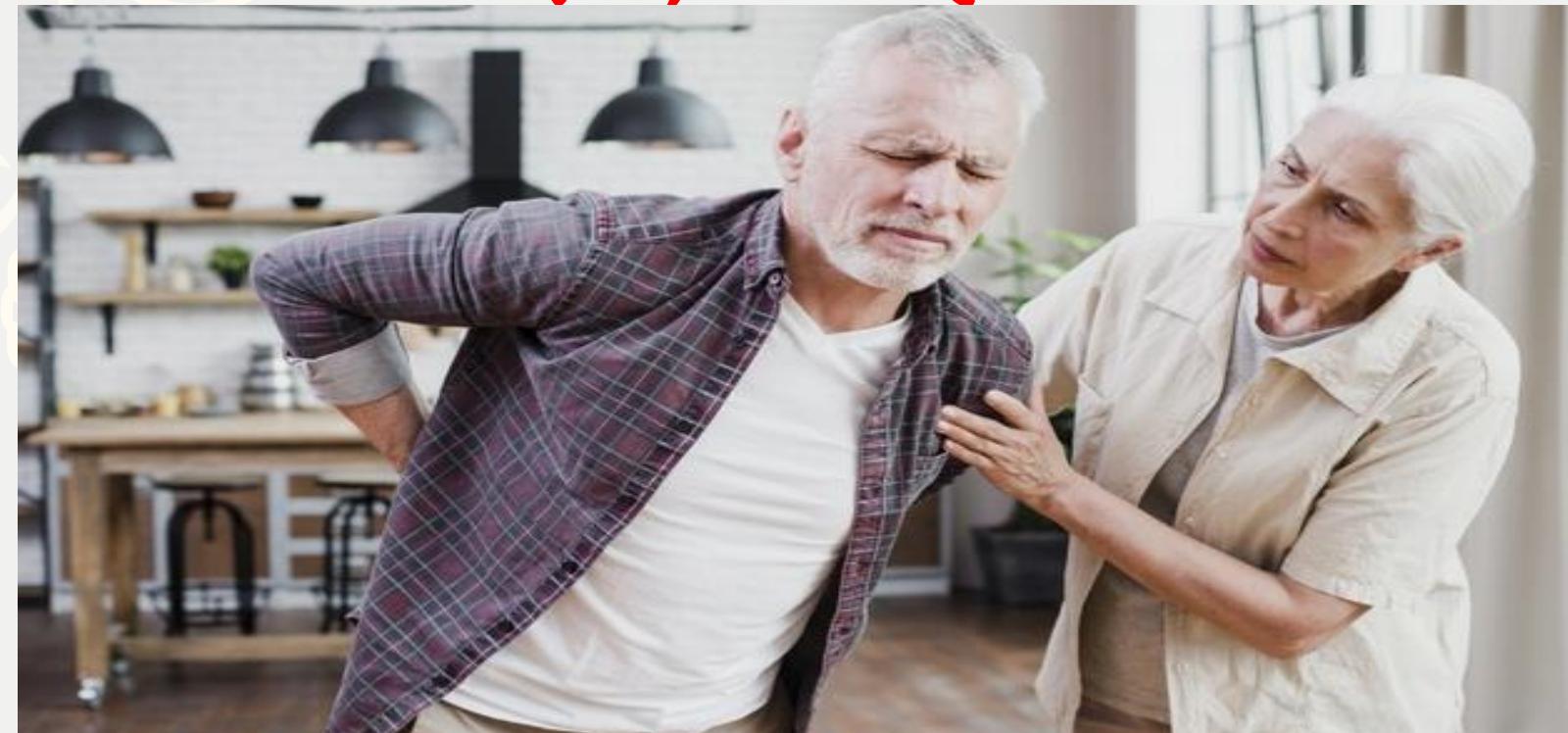


# 1) Sap<sup>1</sup> (VERB) (/sap/)

gradually weaken or destroy (a person's strength or power).

**EXAMPLE-** "our energy is being sapped by bureaucrats and politicians"/**Similar:** erode, wear away, wear down, deplete, reduce, lessen, lower,,,

अशक्त कर देना, शक्तिहीन करना



## 2) Inchoate (ADJ) (/ɪn'keʊərt,')

only partly in existence; imperfectly formed/ just begun and so not fully formed or developed; अपूर्ण, अविकसित, प्राथमिक

**SIMILAR-** elementary, formless, immature, imperfect, inceptive, incipient, nascent, preliminary, rudimentary, shapeless, unfinished, unformed, unshaped.



### 3) Maudlin (ADJ) (/mɔ:dln/)

self-pityingly or tearfully sentimental,

**Similar:** over-sentimental, emotional, tearful, weepy

अत्यधिक भावुक,



## 4) Lugubrious (ADJ) (luh·goo·bree·uh)

looking or sounding sad and dismal.

**EXAMPLE-** "his face looked even more lugubrious than usual"

**Similar:** mournful, gloomy, dolesome, melancholic, woeful,  
forlorn, विषादमय, शोकाकुल



## 5) **Galvanize (VERB) (/'galvənʌɪz/)**

shock or excite (someone) into taking action.

**EXAMPLE-** "the urgency of his

voice galvanized them into action“, प्रेरित करना, उत्तेजित करना

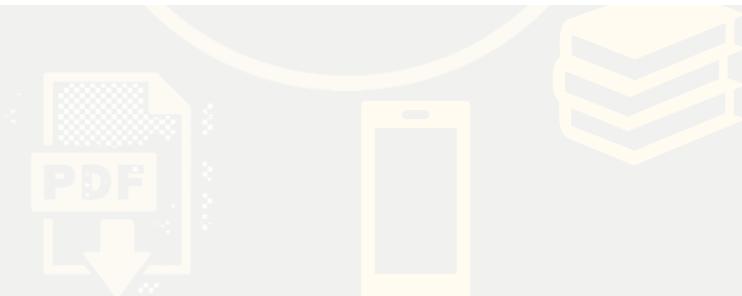
**Similar:** jolt, startle, impel, stir, spur, motivate





## 6) Providing relief

- A. reprieve
- B. rejoinder
- C. refuge
- D. reissue



## 7) The ceremony of crowning a sovereign

संक्षिप्त रूप से लिखें

राजनीतिक विधि

- A. promotion
- B. coronation
- C. installation
- D. felicitation



8) A person who opposes war or use of military force

- A. Narcissist
- B. Fatalist
- C. Pacifist
- D. Fascist

- शापुणिरा  
- फ्रांसीस कृष्ण  
- लाम्बेश्वर कृष्ण  
रमाधन



## 9) One who has long experience

- A. expert
- B. ~~veteran~~
- C. practitioner
- D. novice



## 10) Deliberately destroy something for military advantage

- A. Sabotage
- B. Devotion
- C. Ardour
- D. Fidelity

- तोड़पोड़ा  
- बधाई, जोरा  
① - लोल्य

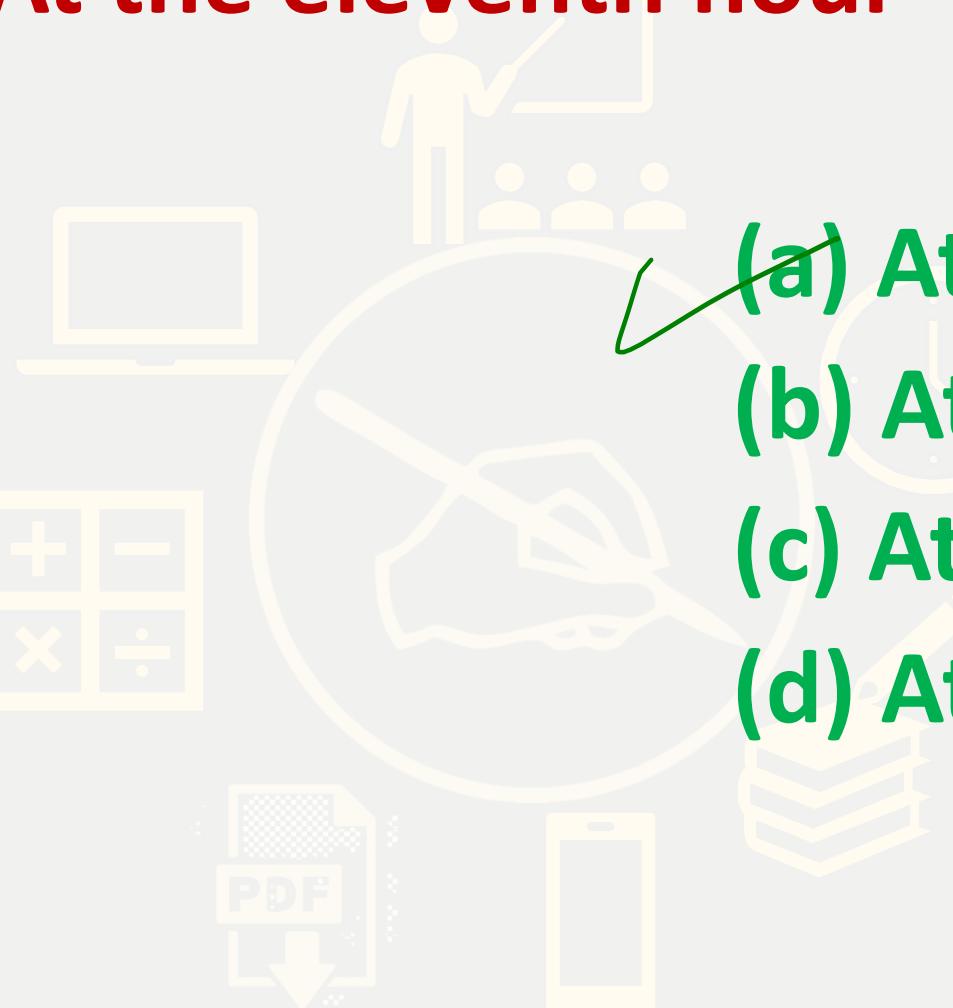


## 11) While away

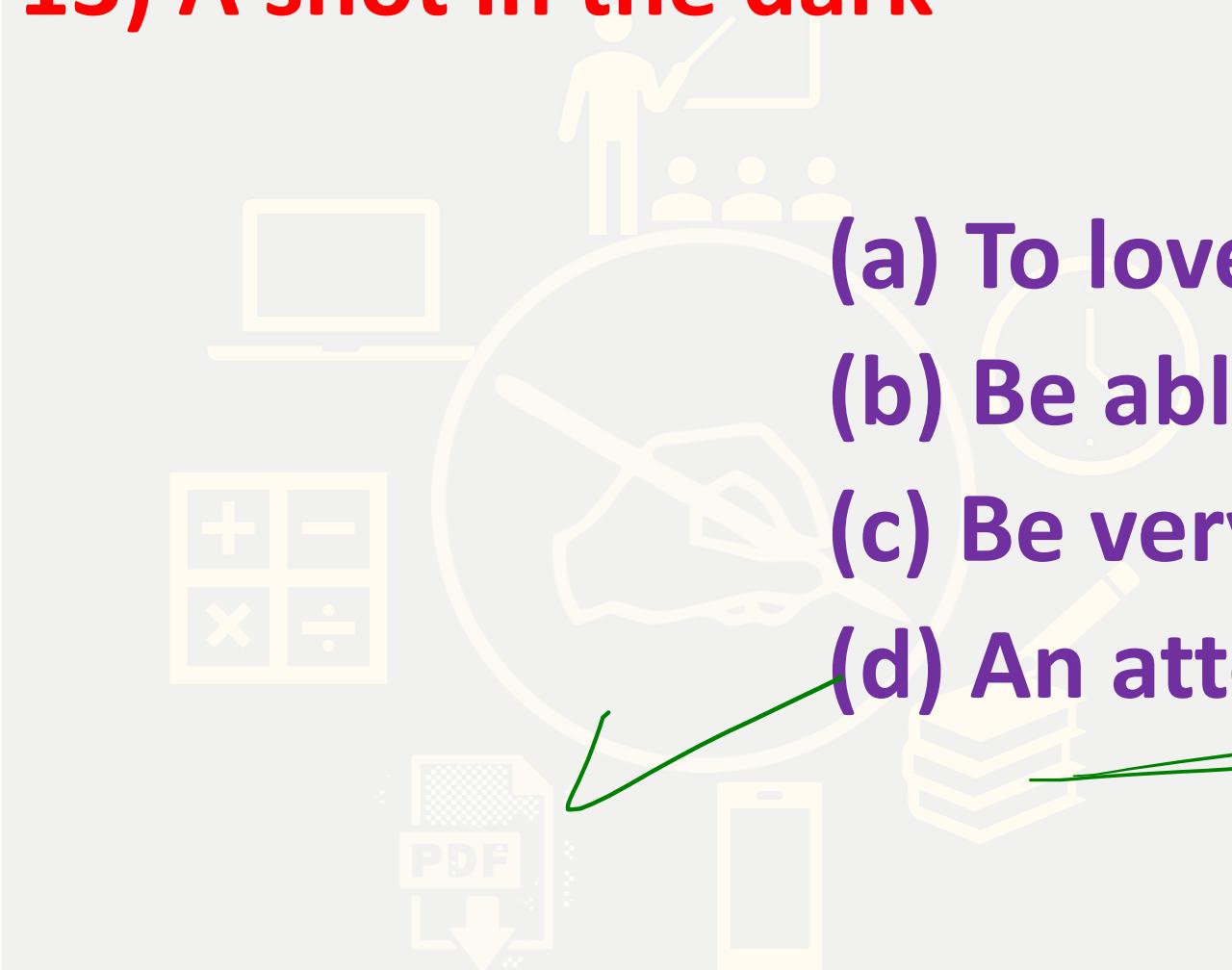
- A. To be on time
- B. To utilize time efficiently
- C. To be late
- D. Spend time uselessly



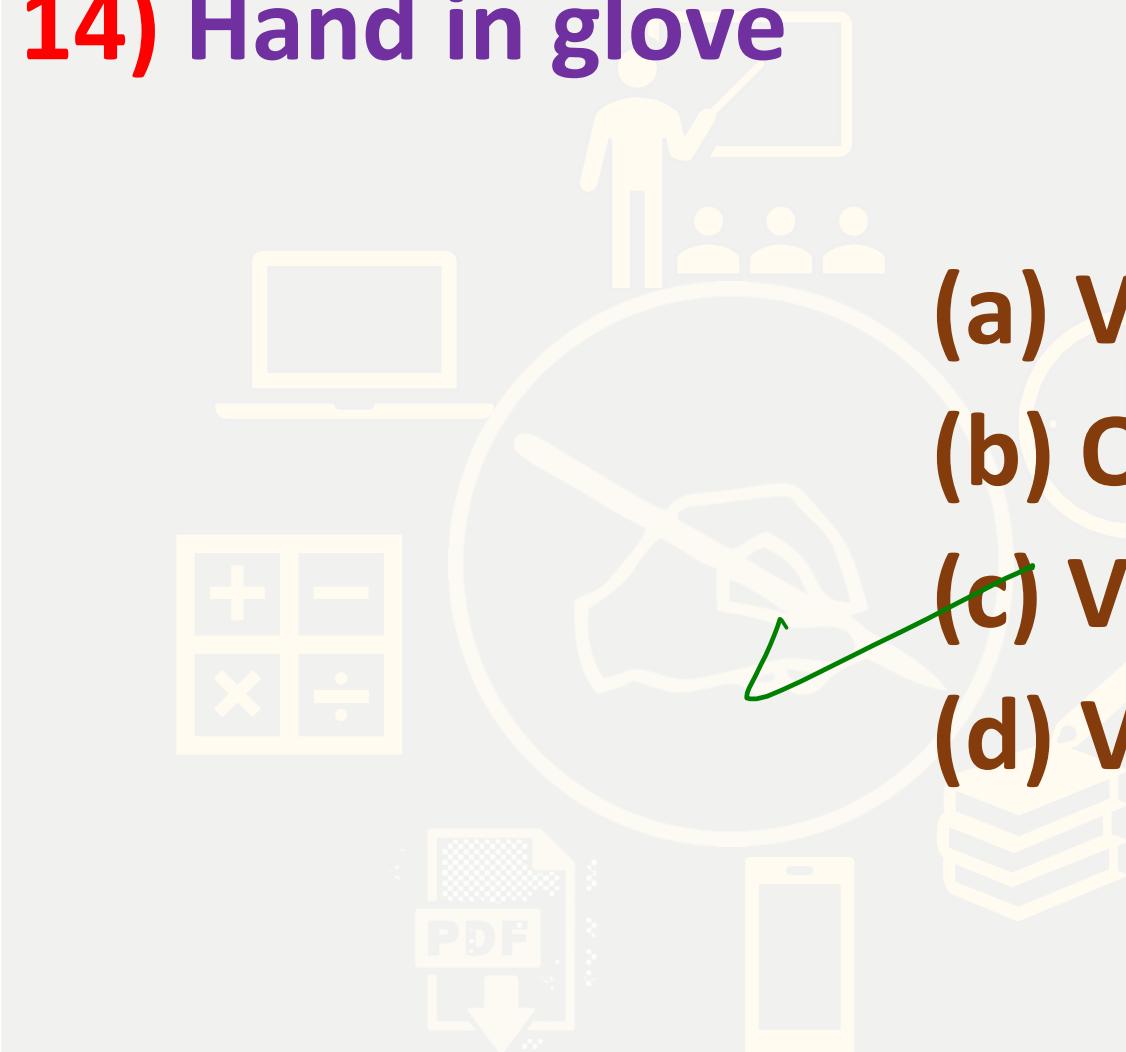
12) At the eleventh hour - अंतिम समय पर

- 
- (a) At a late stage
  - (b) At the beginning
  - (c) At 11 o'clock
  - (d) At an early stage

## 13) A shot in the dark

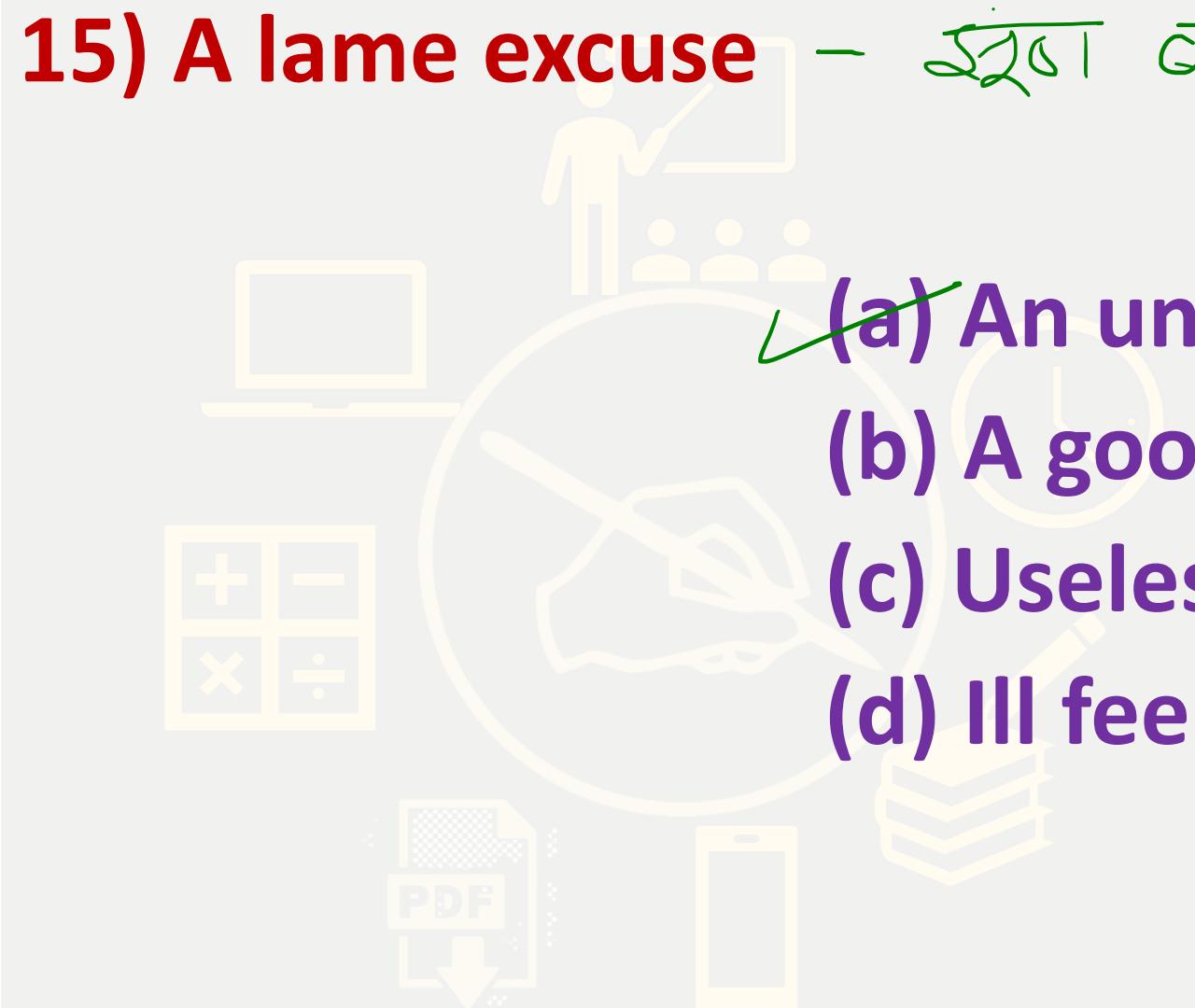
- 
- (a) To love to go out on adventures
  - (b) Be able to work very quickly
  - (c) Be very violent
  - (d) An attempt to guess something

## 14) Hand in glove

- 
- (a) Very difficult
  - (b) Open enemy
  - (c) Very intimate
  - (d) Very rude

- very close

## 15) A lame excuse - अवृत्ति गतिही

- 
- (a) An unsatisfactory explanation
  - (b) A good explanation
  - (c) Useless talk
  - (d) Ill feelings





# 1) Epitomize (VERB) (/ɪ'pɪtəmائز)

be a perfect example of.

**Similar:** embody, give form/shape to, incorporate, typify,  
exemplify

प्रतीक होना, साकार रूप होना





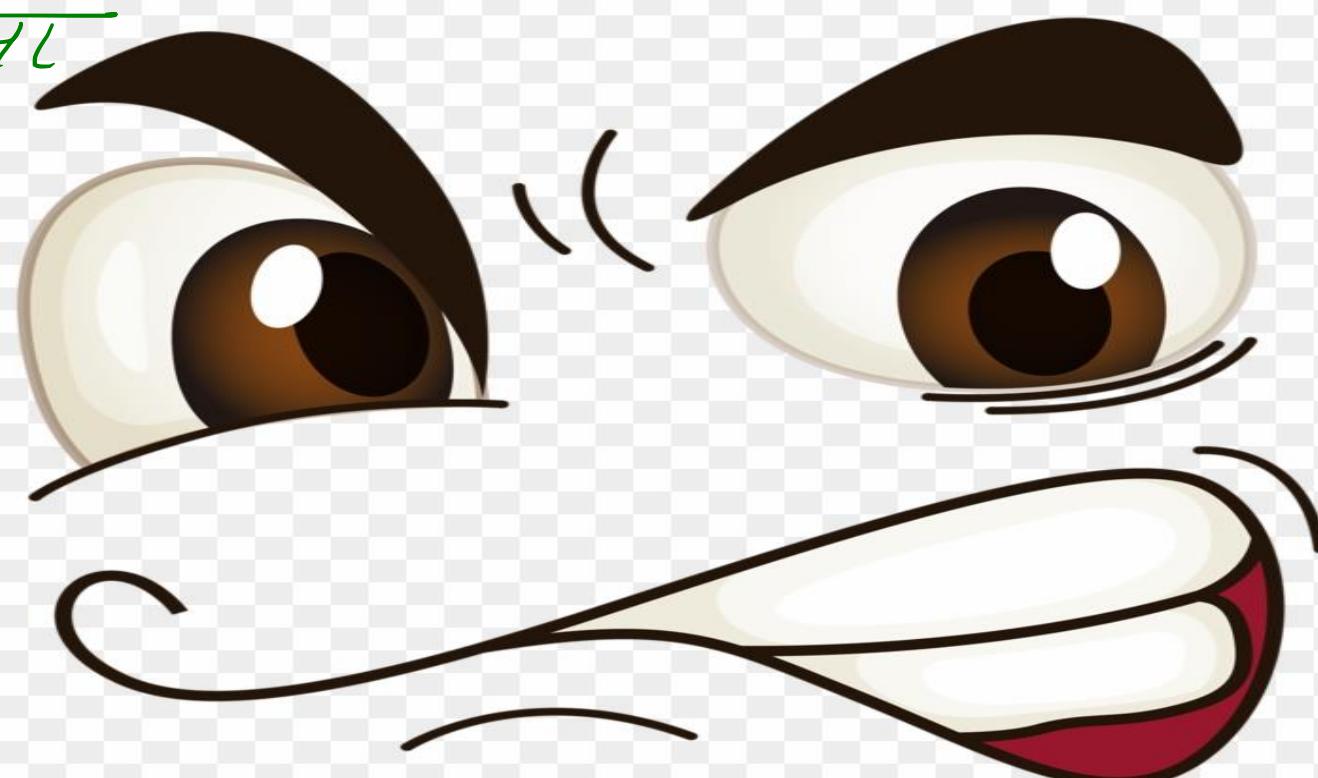
## 2) Fatuous (ADJ) (/ˈfætʃuəs/)

silly and pointless./ extremely silly or stupid

**EXAMPLE-** "a fatuous comment"

**Similar:** foolish, stupid, inane, nonsensical, childish, puerile

अनर्गल, ऊटपटाँग, लचकाहा



### 3) Exposition (NOUN) (/ɛkspə'zɪʃ(ə)n/)

a comprehensive description and explanation of an idea or theory.

**EXAMPLE-** "a systematic exposition of the idea of biodiversity"

**Similar:** description, elucidation, explication, interpretation

विवरण, व्याख्या, पर्दफ़ाश



## 4) **Ensconce (VERB) (/ɪn'skɒns,)**

establish or settle (someone) in a comfortable, safe place.

**Example-** “Boys ensconced themselves in their bedroom”

**Similar:** install, park, shut, plant, lodge, position

स्थापित करना, आश्रय देना, अच्छी तरह बैठ जाना



## 5) Debunk (VERB) (/di:'bʌŋk/)

expose the falseness or hollowness of (an idea or belief).

**EXAMPLE-** "she debunks all the usual rubbish about acting"

**Similar:** explode, puncture, quash

असली रूप दिखाना, भंडाफोड़ करना



6) A person who looks after horses at an inn

# Options:

- 1) matron 
  - 2) chandler
  - 3) ostler
  - 4) Effeminate

- 9/15, 8/15, 8/18m  
Mature

# womanish

## Q.7) To struggle helplessly - असहायता



1) implorer - फैसला करने

2) yokel - जिम्मेदारी

3) flounder

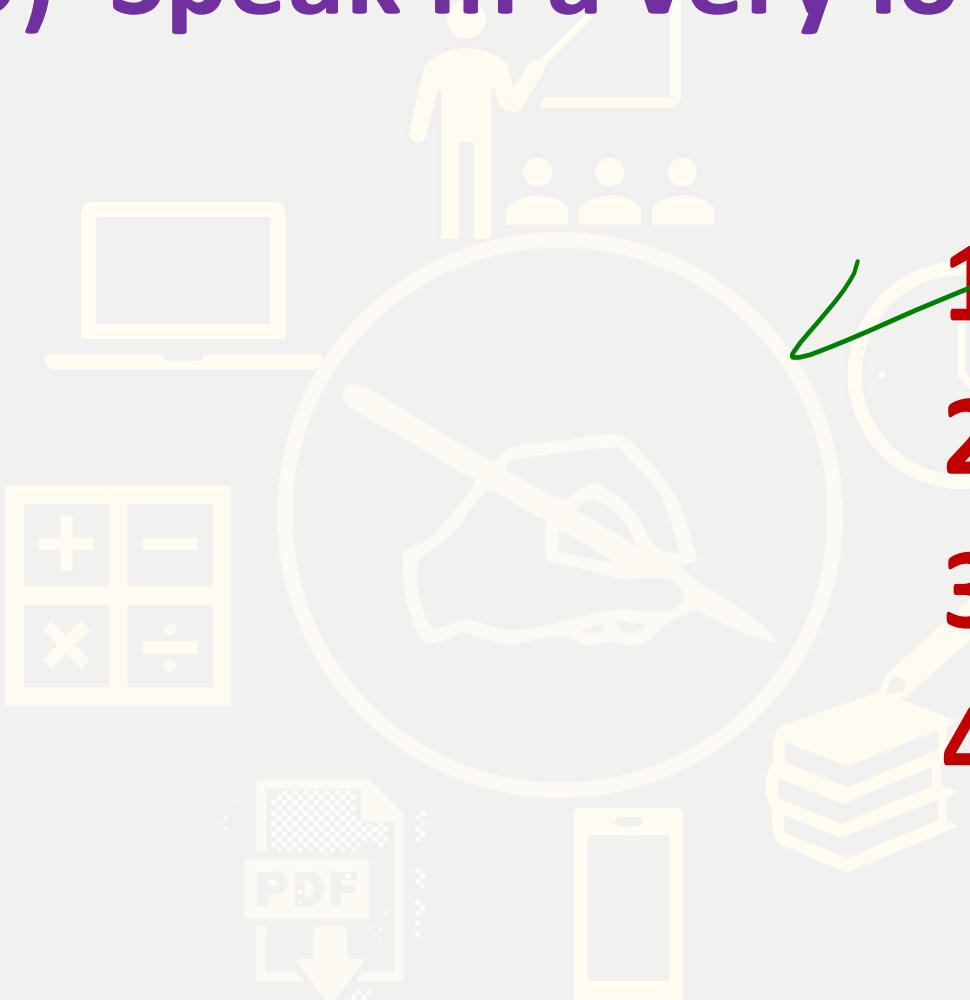
4) Chum - ट्रॉप  
first friend

## Q.8) To move along with quick, short twistings



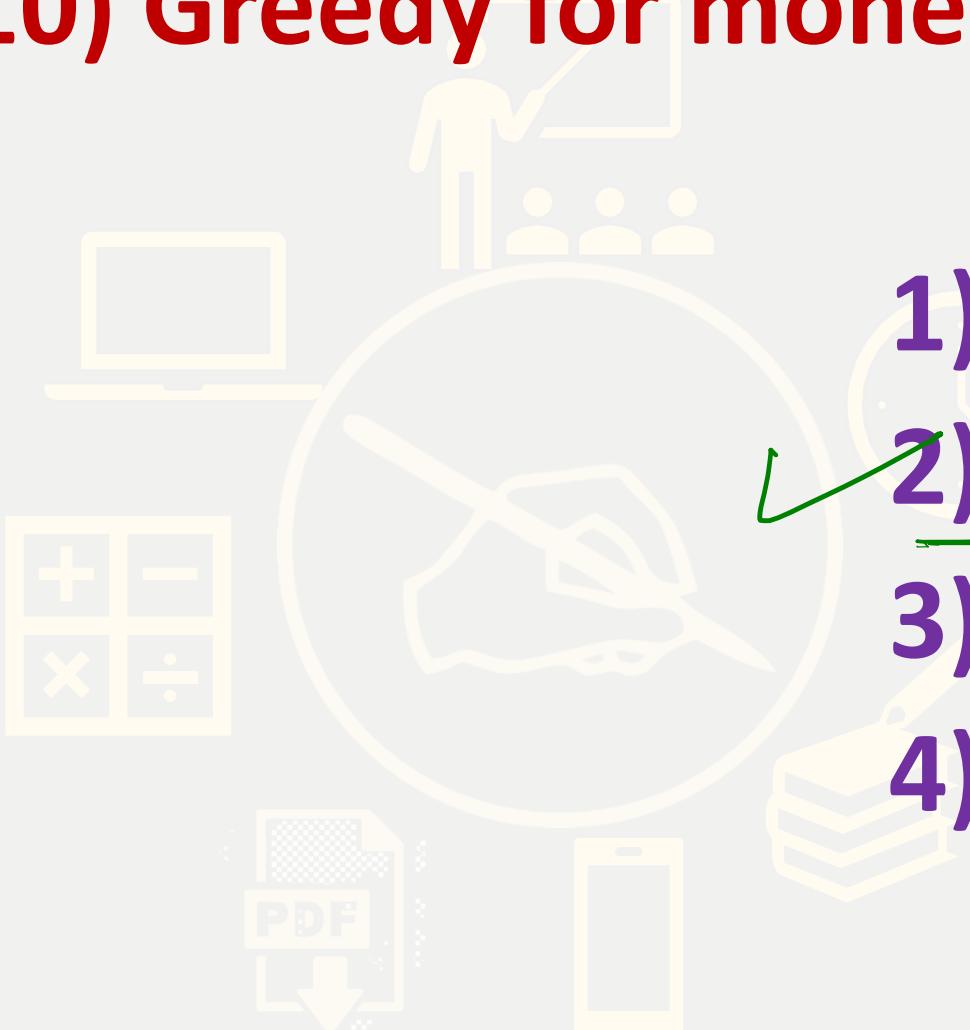
- 1) limp - *stagger*
- 2) stroll - *दौड़ाना*
- 3) wriggle
- 4) Stride - *अड़ाना, चाला अड़ाना*  
*Row*

## Q.9) Speak in a very low tone



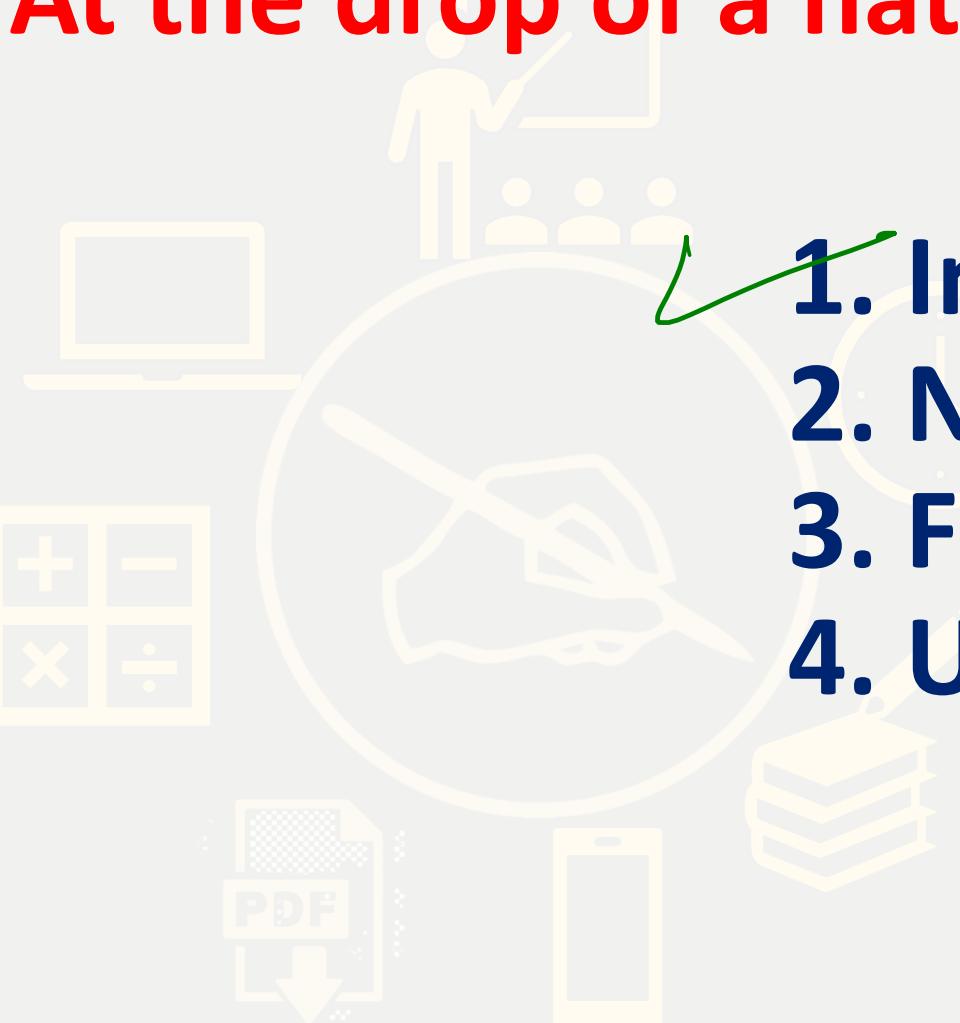
- 1) **whisper** - फ्लूच्चर(1)
- 2) **murmur** - असास्त्र
- 3) **bass** - Deep & low voice
- 4) **Baritone** - मधुस्त्र वोट

## Q.10) Greedy for money

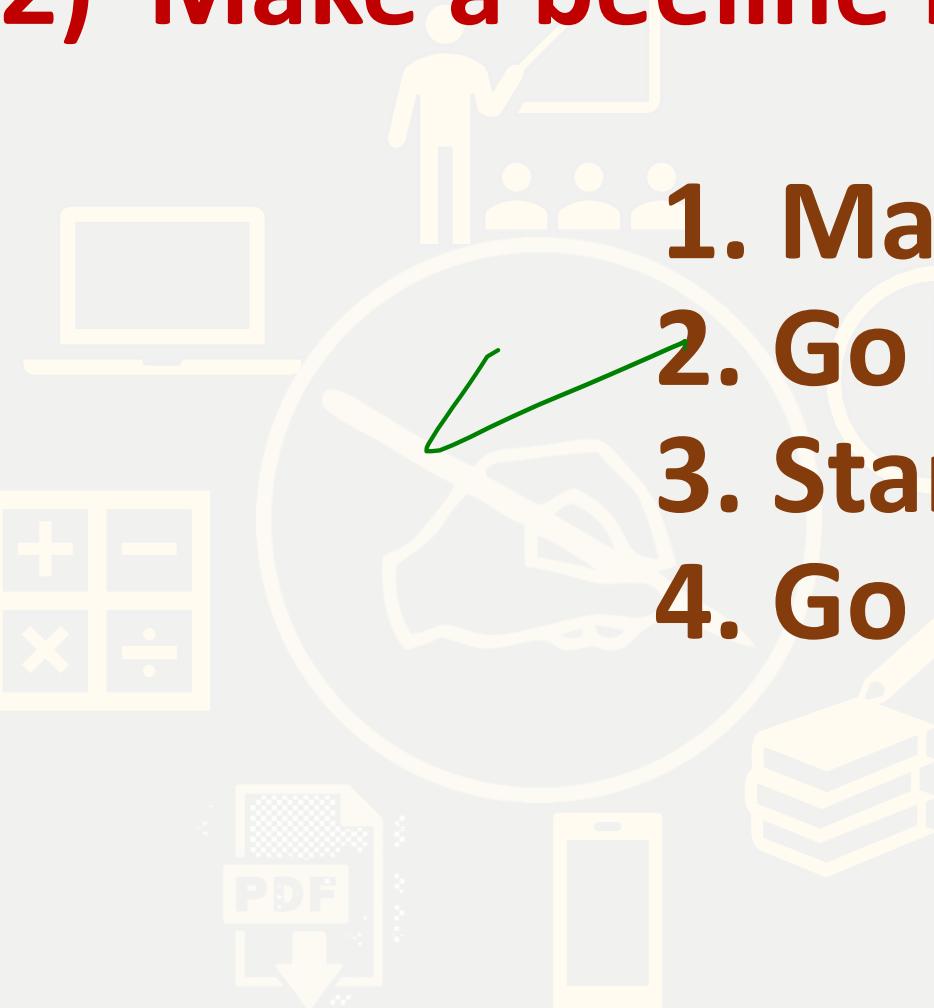


- 1) agnostic - अनिश्चयी
- 2) rapacious ~~अतिरिक्त~~
- 3) oblation - अपावृत्ति
- 4) Celibacy -

## 11) At the drop of a hat

- 
- 1. Instantly
  - 2. Normally
  - 3. Frequently
  - 4. Usually

## Q.12) Make a beeline for

- 
1. Make a line for honey
  2. Go straight to
  3. Stand in a queue
  4. Go for freebies

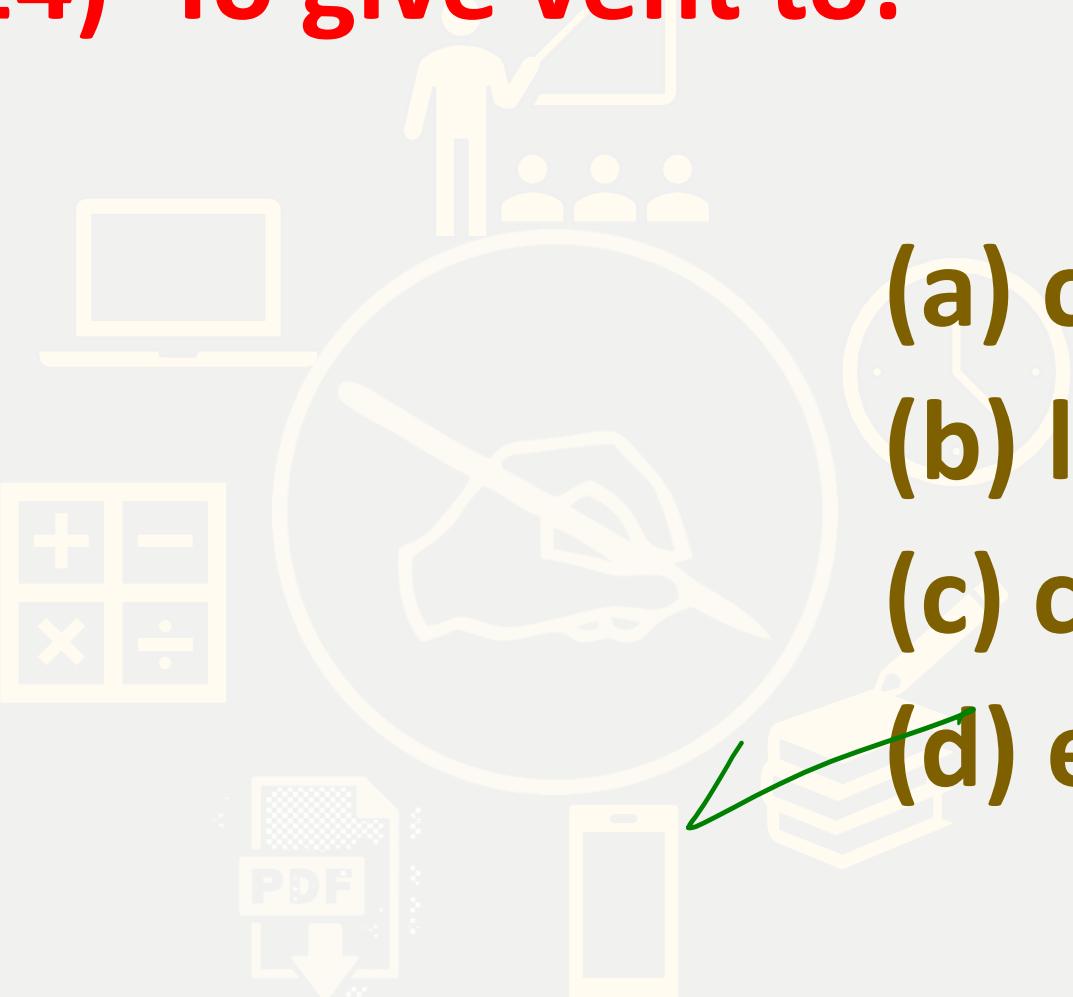
## Q.13) Stand by:



- (a) support
- (b) postpone
- (c) stand up
- (d) resist



## Q.14) To give vent to:



- (a) cause trouble
- (b) lose courage
- (c) circulate
- (d) express anger**

## Q.15) To follow the primrose path

- (a) To follow one's objectives very steadfastly
- (b) To go on wandering
- (c) To trek to the mountains
- (d) To go in for pursuit of pleasure or an easy life







# 1) Larceny (NOUN) (laa·suh·nee)

theft of personal property. / the act of taking something from someone unlawfully

**Similar:** theft, stealing, robbery, pilfering, purloining, burglary

चोरी



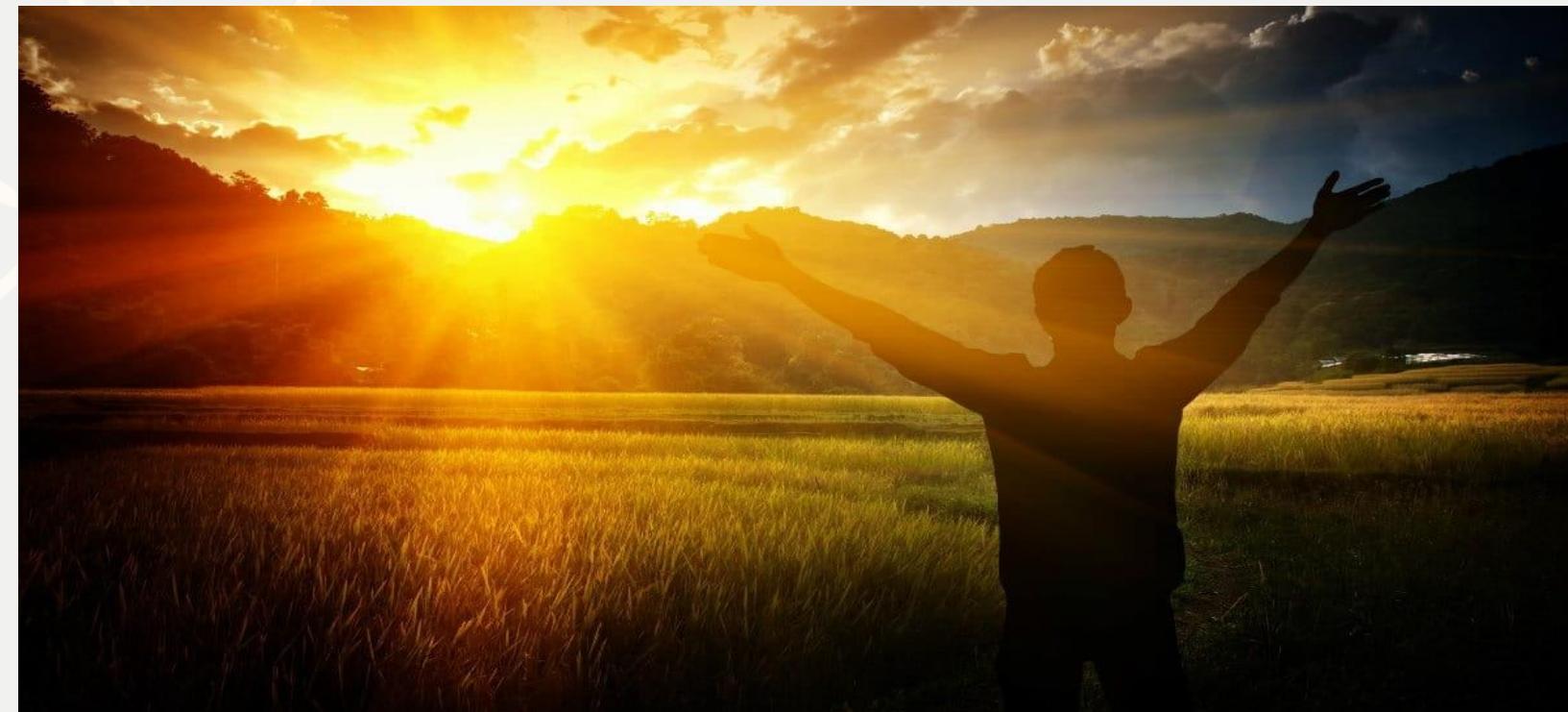
## 2) Laud (VERB) (lɔ:d/)

Laud *aʊd* लौज

praise (a person or their achievements) highly.

Similar: extol, hail, applaud, acclaim, commend, admire

सराहना, प्रशंसा करना, गुण गाना, तारीफ करना

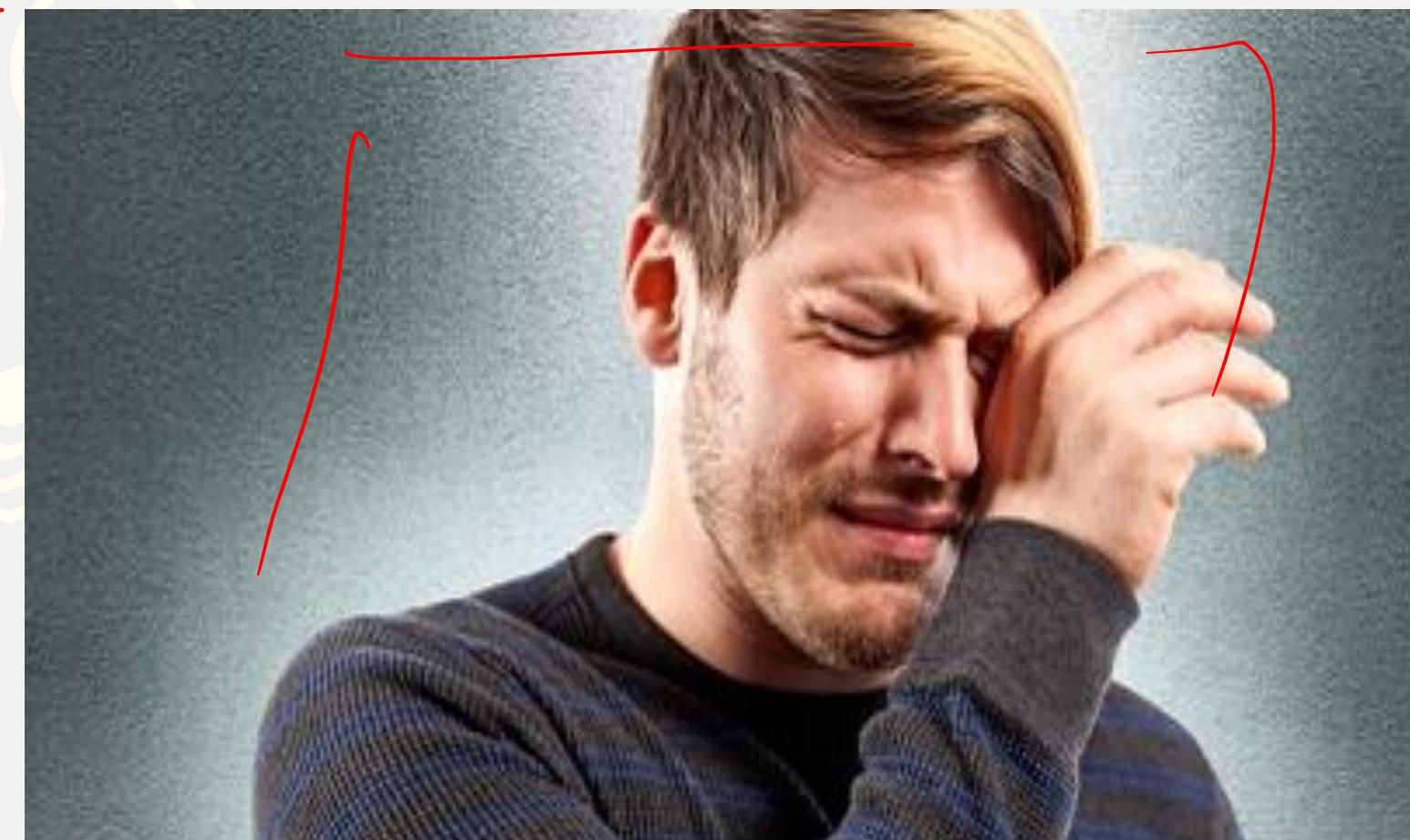


### 3) Lachrymose (ADJ) (/'lakrɪməʊs)

inducing tears; /showing sorrow

Similar: tragic, sad, poignant, heart-rending, dolourous, tearful

शोकपूर्ण, अश्र-पूर्ण





## 4) Pique<sup>1</sup> (VERB) (/pi:k/)

feel irritated or resentful./ cause to feel resentment or indignation

**Similar:** irritate, annoy, bother, vex, provoke, displease, upset

चिट्ठा



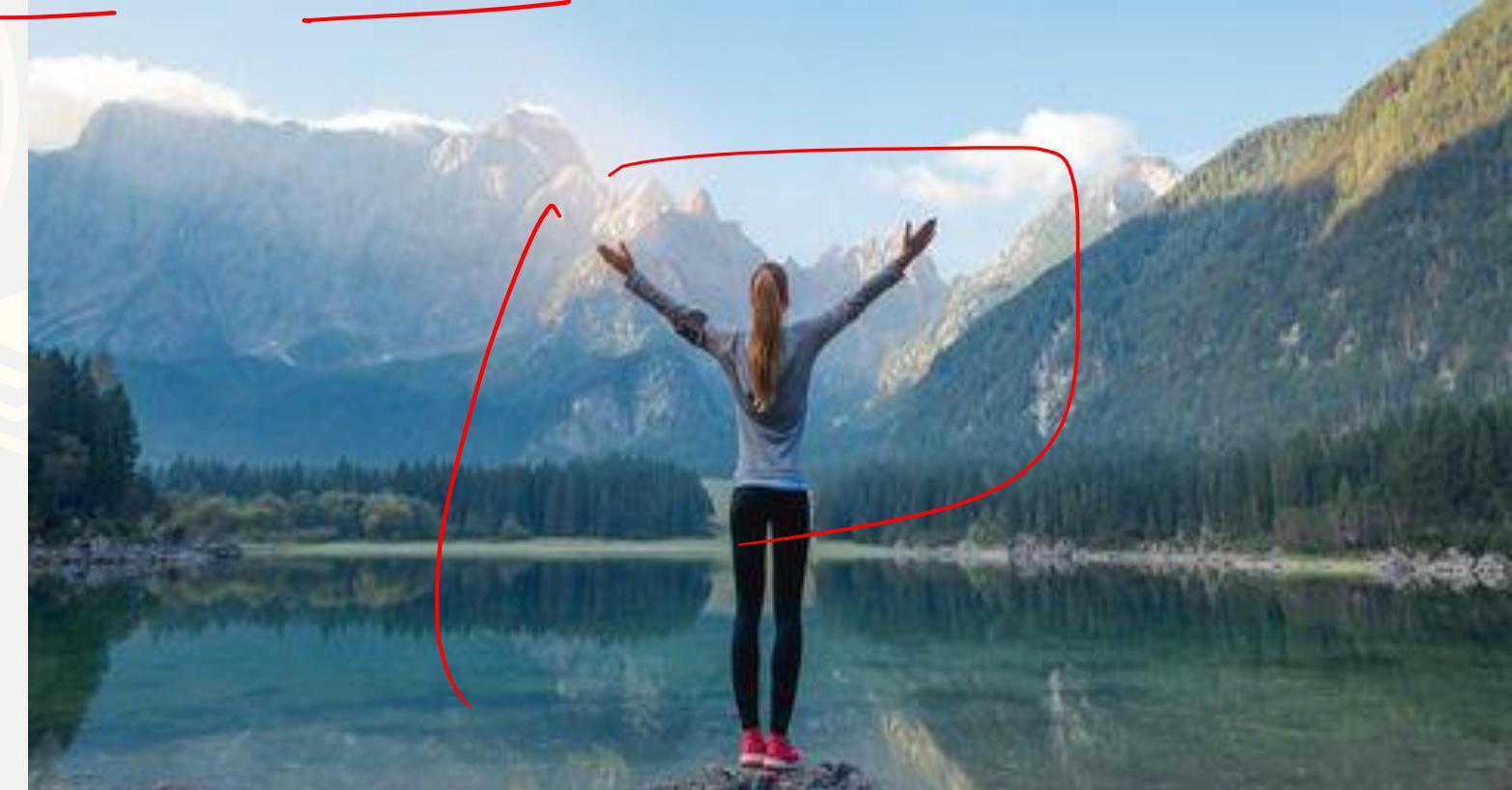
## 5) Kindle<sup>1</sup> (VERB) /'kɪnd(ə)l/

arouse or inspire (an emotion or feeling).

EXAMPLE- "a love of art was kindled in me"

Similar: rouse, arouse, awaken, stimulate

भड़काना, उत्तेजित करना



## 6) Melee (NOUN) (/məleɪ/)

a confused fight or scuffle./ a noisy riotous fight

**EXAMPLE-** "several people were hurt in the melee"

**Similar:** tumult, disturbance, rumpus, commotion, disorder,  
fracas,,, दंगा, लड़ाई, हंगामा, हाथापाई



## 7) Legion (NOUN) (lee-jn)

a vast number of people or things.

**EXAMPLE-** "legions of photographers and TV cameras"

**Similar:** horde, throng, multitude, crowd, mass, mob

दल, फौज, भीड़



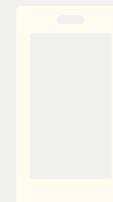


## 8) Lummox (**NOUN**) (/lʌməks/)

a clumsy, stupid person./ an awkward stupid person

**Synonyms** : clod, gawk, goon, lout, lubber, lump,

**मूर्ख, मूढ़**





## 9) Nifty (ADJ) (/nɪfti/)

particularly good, skilful, or effective.

Similar: capable, agile, useful, practical

कौशलपूर्ण, बढ़िया

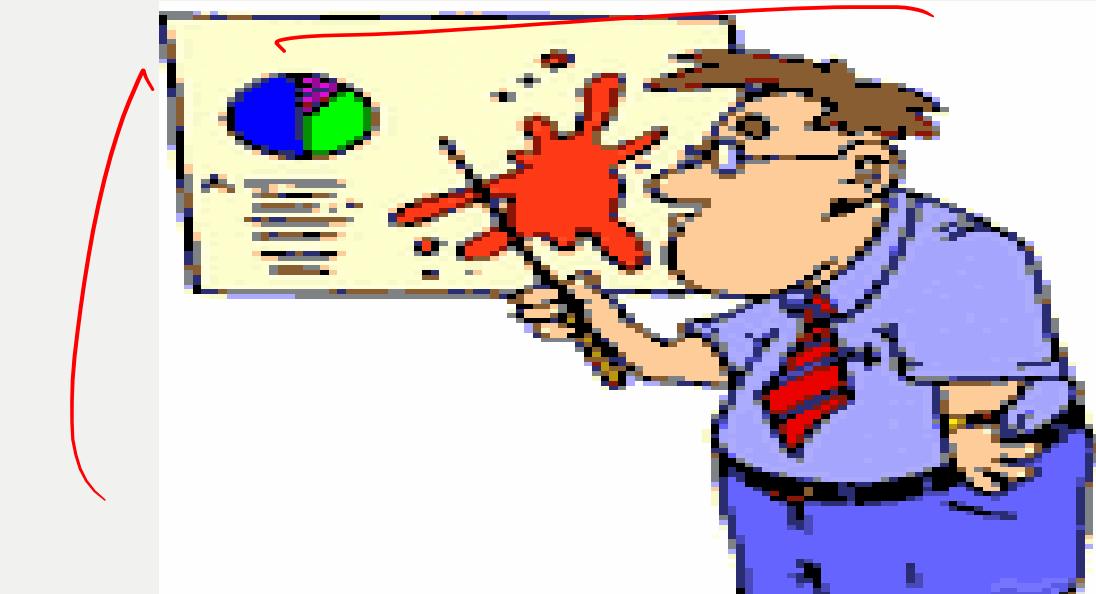


## 10) Martinet (NOUN) (/ma:tɪ'nɛt/)

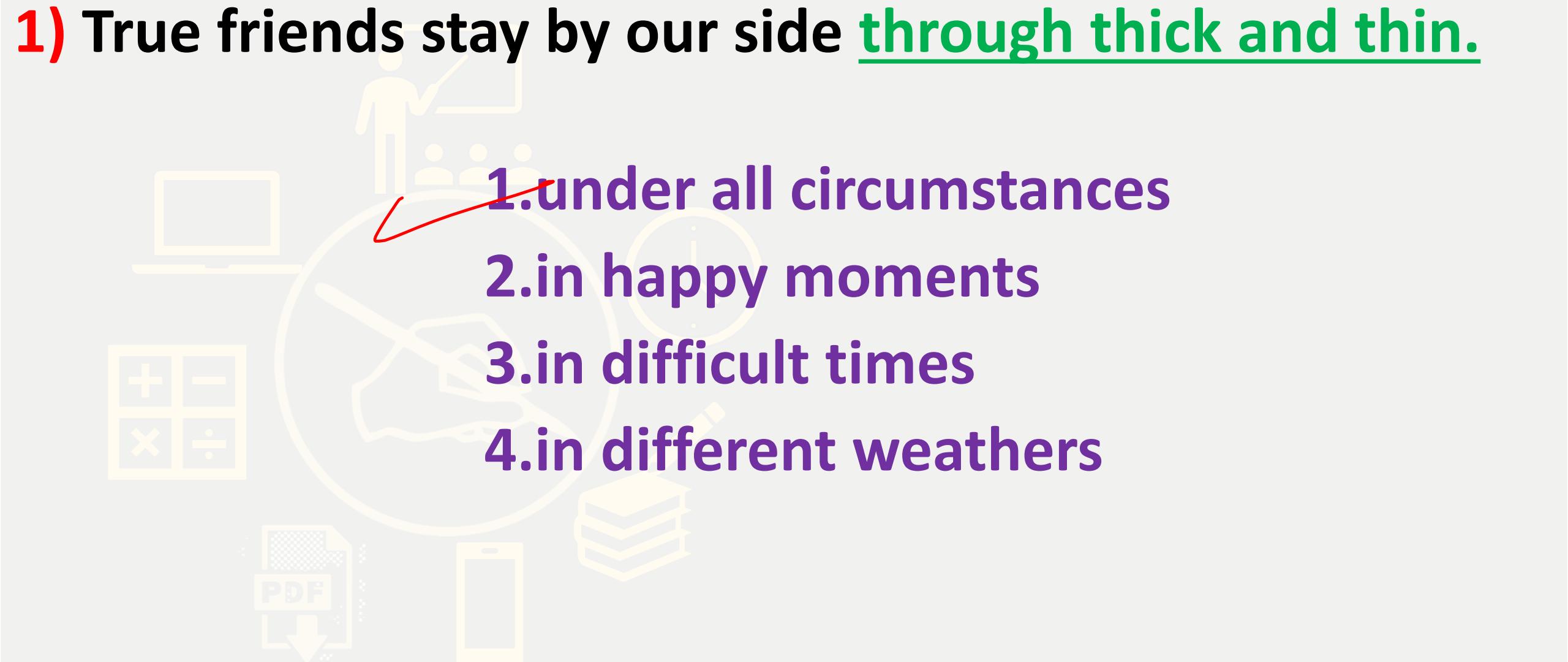
a person who demands complete obedience; a strict disciplinarian. कड़ा अनुशासक

**EXAMPLE-** "the woman in charge was a martinet who treated all those beneath her like children"

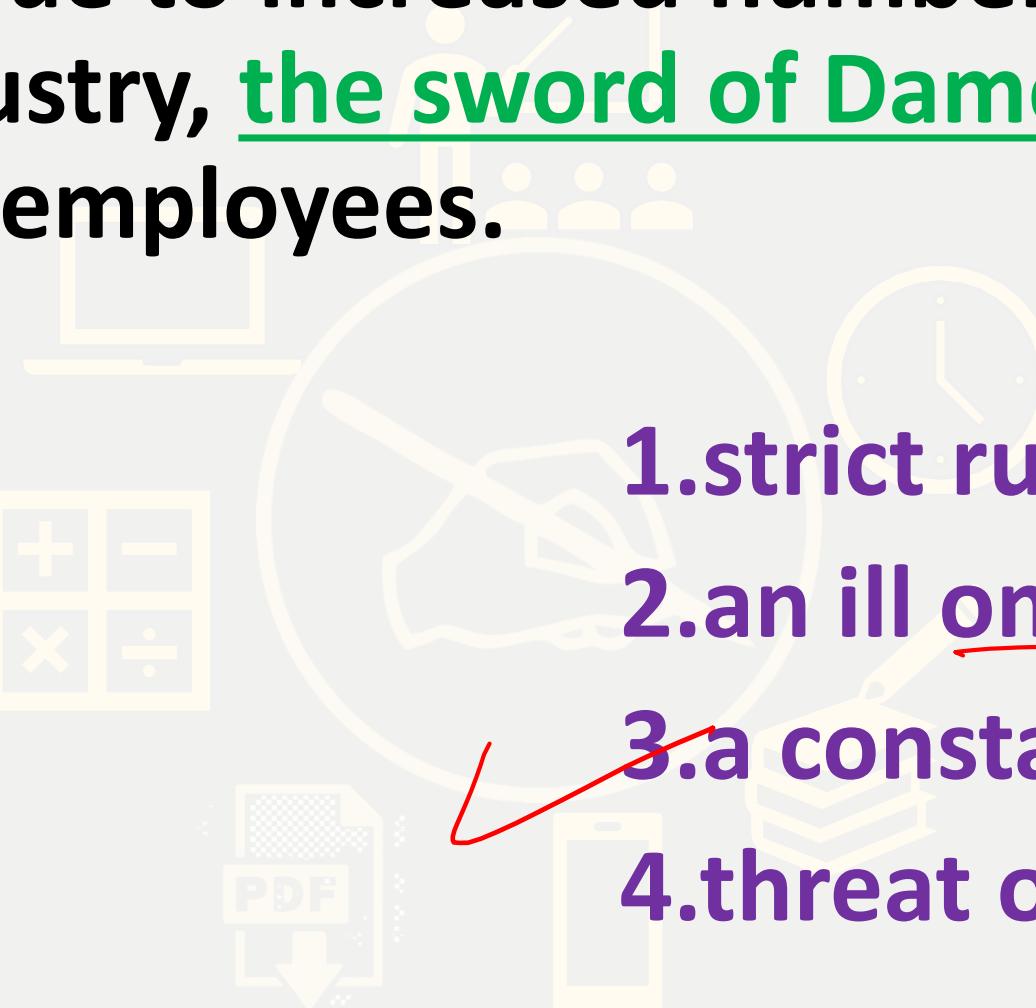
**Similar:** disciplinarian, stickler for discipline, authoritarian



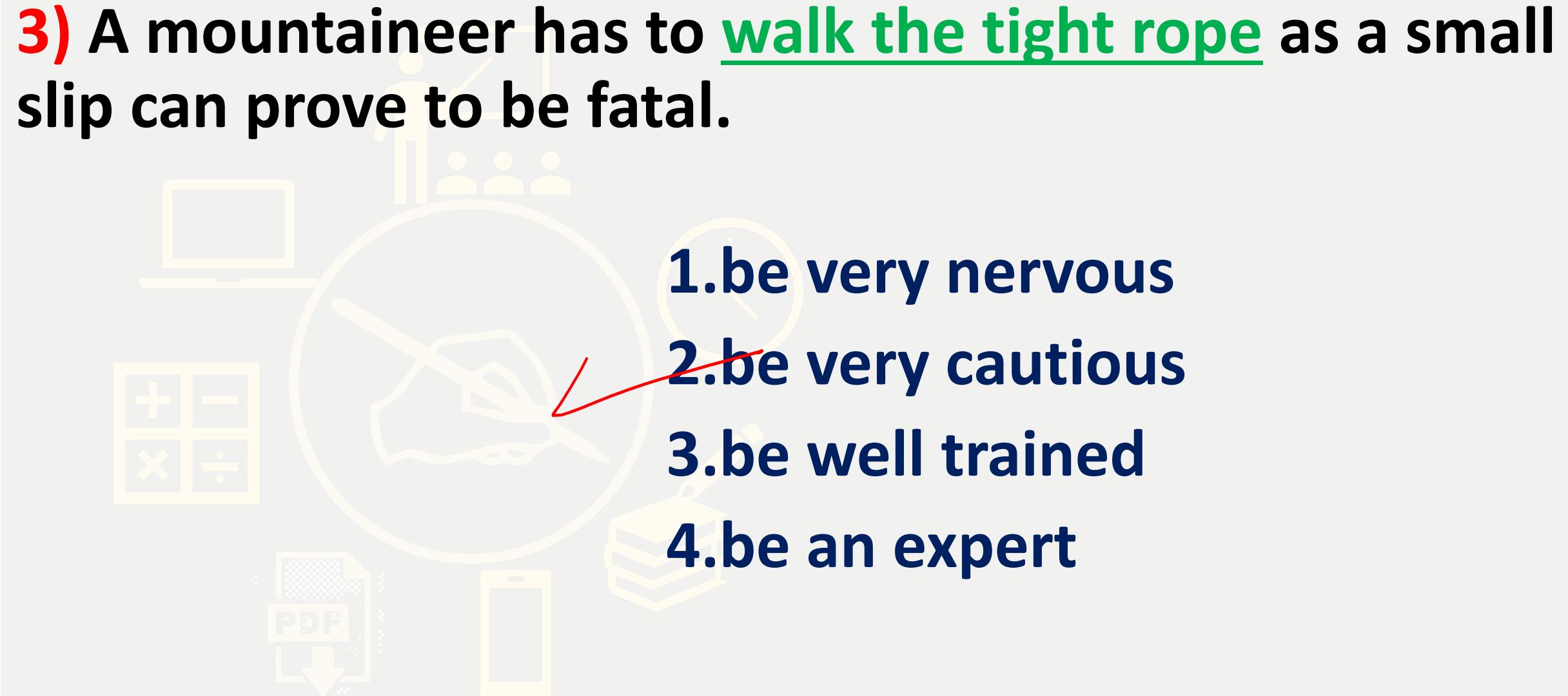
1) True friends stay by our side through thick and thin.

- 
- 1.under all circumstances
  - 2.in happy moments
  - 3.in difficult times
  - 4.in different weathers

2) Due to increased number of lay offs in the industry, the sword of Damocles is always hanging over the employees.

- 
1. strict rules and regulations
  2. an ill omen of death
  3. a constant threat
  4. threat of physical harm

3) A mountaineer has to walk the tight rope as a small slip can prove to be fatal.

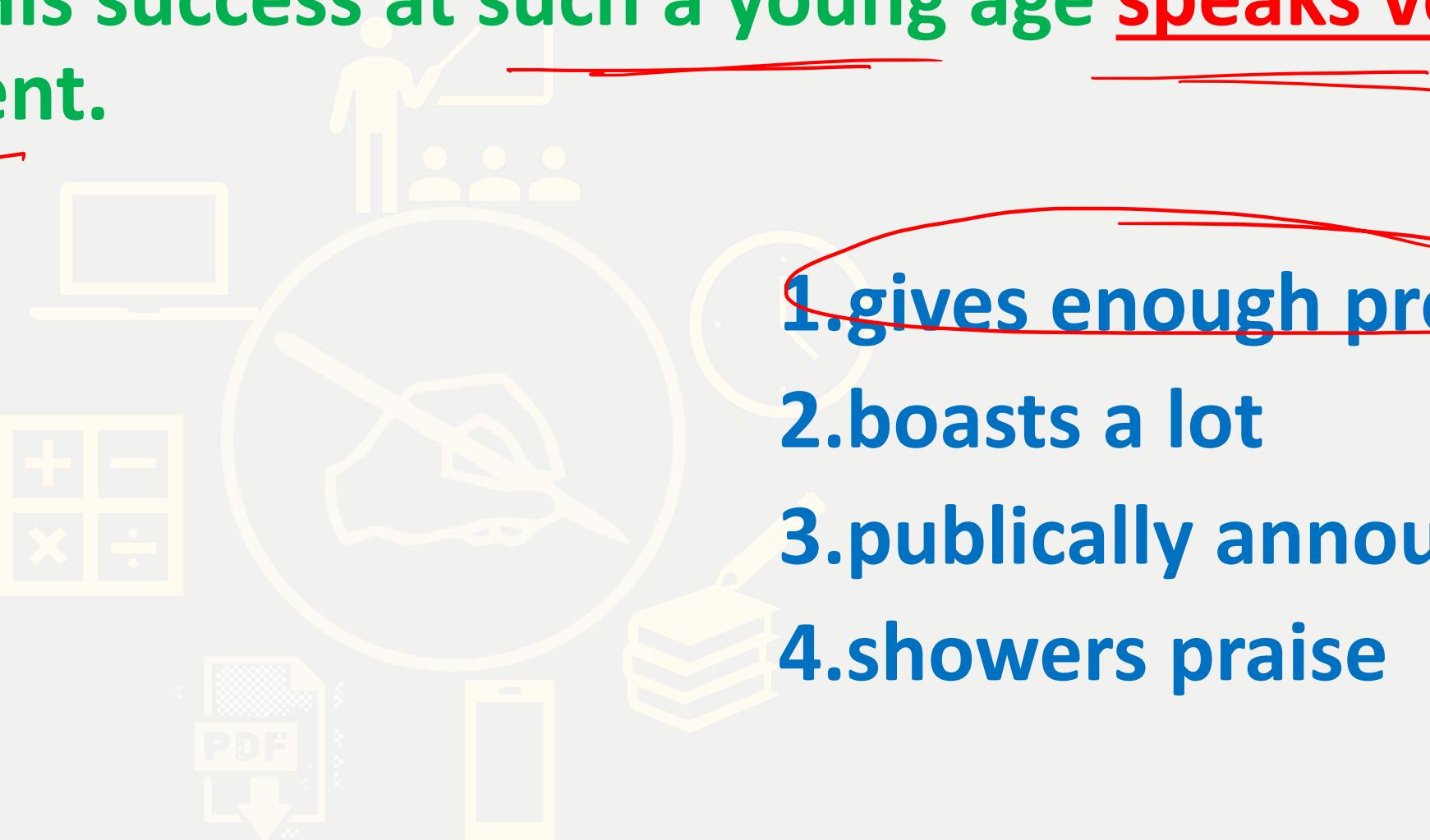
- 
- 1.be very nervous
  - 2.be very cautious
  - 3.be well trained
  - 4.be an expert



4) The boss is going to blow his top when he discovers the blatant mistake in the balance sheet.

- 
1. dismiss from job
  2. be very embarrassed
  3. be very angry
  4. attack fiercely

5) His success at such a young age speaks volumes for his talent.

- 
1. gives enough proof
  2. boasts a lot
  3. publically announces
  4. showers praise







# 1) Ramble ~~(VERB)~~ (/'ramb(ə)l/)

talk or write at length in a confused or inconsequential way.

Similar: babble, prattle, blather, gabble, jabber, twitter

बकना, गपशप करना, बकवास करना



## 2) Cupidity (NOUN) (/kju: 'piditi/)

greed for money or possessions.

**Similar:** greed, avarice, acquisitiveness, covetousness, rapacity

लोभ, लालच, तृष्णा



### 3) Diaphanous (ADJ) (/dʌɪ'af(ə)nəs/)

(especially of fabric) light, delicate, and translucent./so thin as to transmit light

Similar- ultra-fine, delicate, lightweight, thin, flimsy, silken

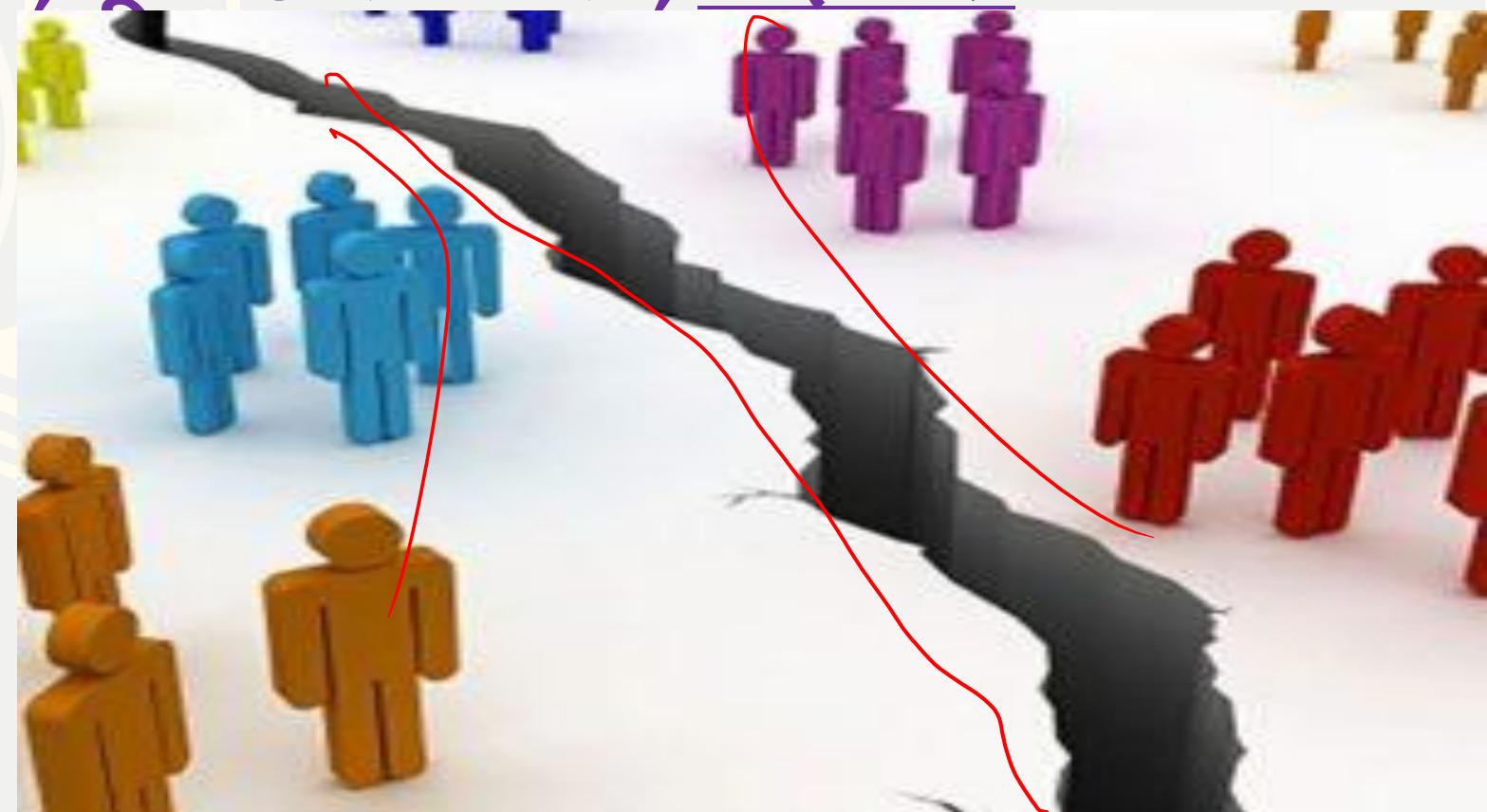
पारदर्शी, शीशे की तरह आर-पर दिखा सकने वाला पदार्थ



## 4) Factious (ADJ) (fakʃəs/)

relating or inclined to dissension.

**Similar:** divided, split, sectarian, schismatic, dissenting, contentious,,, **कलहप्रिय, फट डालनेवाला, भेदकारी**





## 5) Coercion (NOUN) (kow·uh·shn)

the practice of persuading someone to do something by using force or threats.

Similar: force, compulsion, constraint, duress, oppression

जबरदस्ती, दबाव, बलप्रयोग

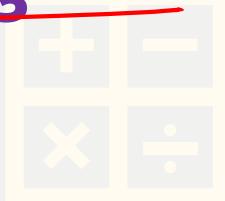


## 6) Empirical (ADJ) (/ɛm'pɪrɪk(ə)lɪ)

based on, concerned with, or verifiable by observation or experience rather than theory or pure logic.

**Similar:** observed, seen, factual, actual, real, verifiable

आनुभविक, प्रयोगाश्रित, अनभवसिद्ध

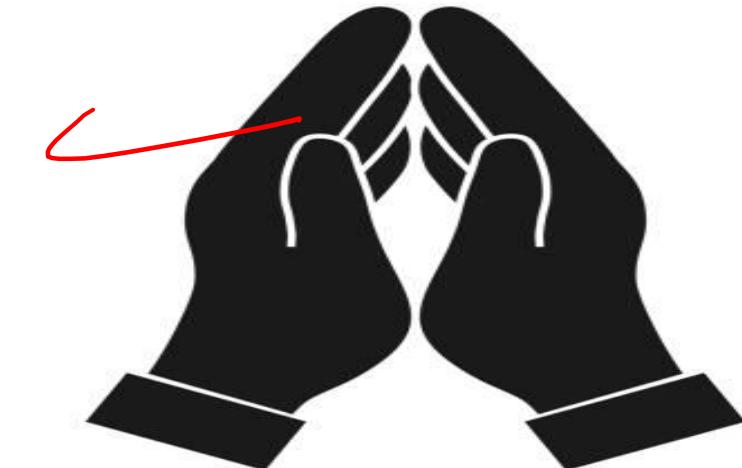


## 7) Espouse (VERB) (/ɪ'spaʊz)

adopt or support (a cause, belief, or way of life).

Similar: embrace, take to one's heart, accept, welcome

सहायता देना, समर्थन करना, पक्ष लेना, सहारा देना



## 8) Exhort (**NOUN**) (/ɪg'zɔ:t, ɛg'zɔ:t/) Verb

strongly encourage or urge (someone) to do something.

Similar: enjoin, adjure, spur, incite, goad

आग्रह करना, प्रोत्साहित करना, दबाव डालना



## 9) Fortitude (NOUN) (fɔ:tɪtju:d/)

courage in pain or adversity.

Similar: bravery, mettle, spirit, pluckiness, valour, endurance,  
forbearance,,, सहन-शक्ति, धैर्य

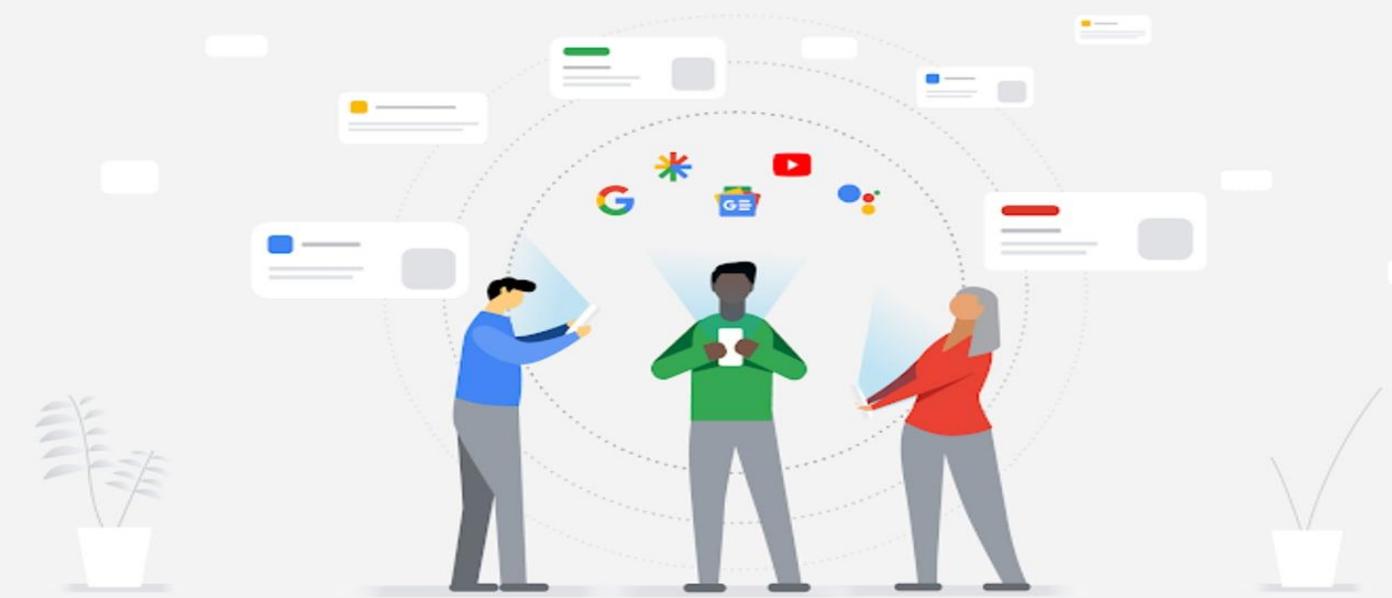


## 10) Gratuitous (ADJ) (/grə'tju:rtəs/)

given or done free of charge.

**Similar:** free, gratis, voluntary, unpaid

निःशाल्क, मुफ्त





## 1) An old head on young shoulders

Meaning- A child or young person who thinks and talks like an older and experienced person (अपनी उम्र से ज्यादा समझदार होना)

## 2) Apple pie order

Meaning- In good condition (बिल्कुल ठीक हालत में होना)

## 3) At a loss

Meaning- To be unable to decide (निर्णय न ले पाना)

## 4) At a pinch

Meaning- In a trouble (समस्या में होना)

## 5) At arm's length

Meaning- Avoid becoming too friendly (दूर रखना, दोस्ती न रखना)

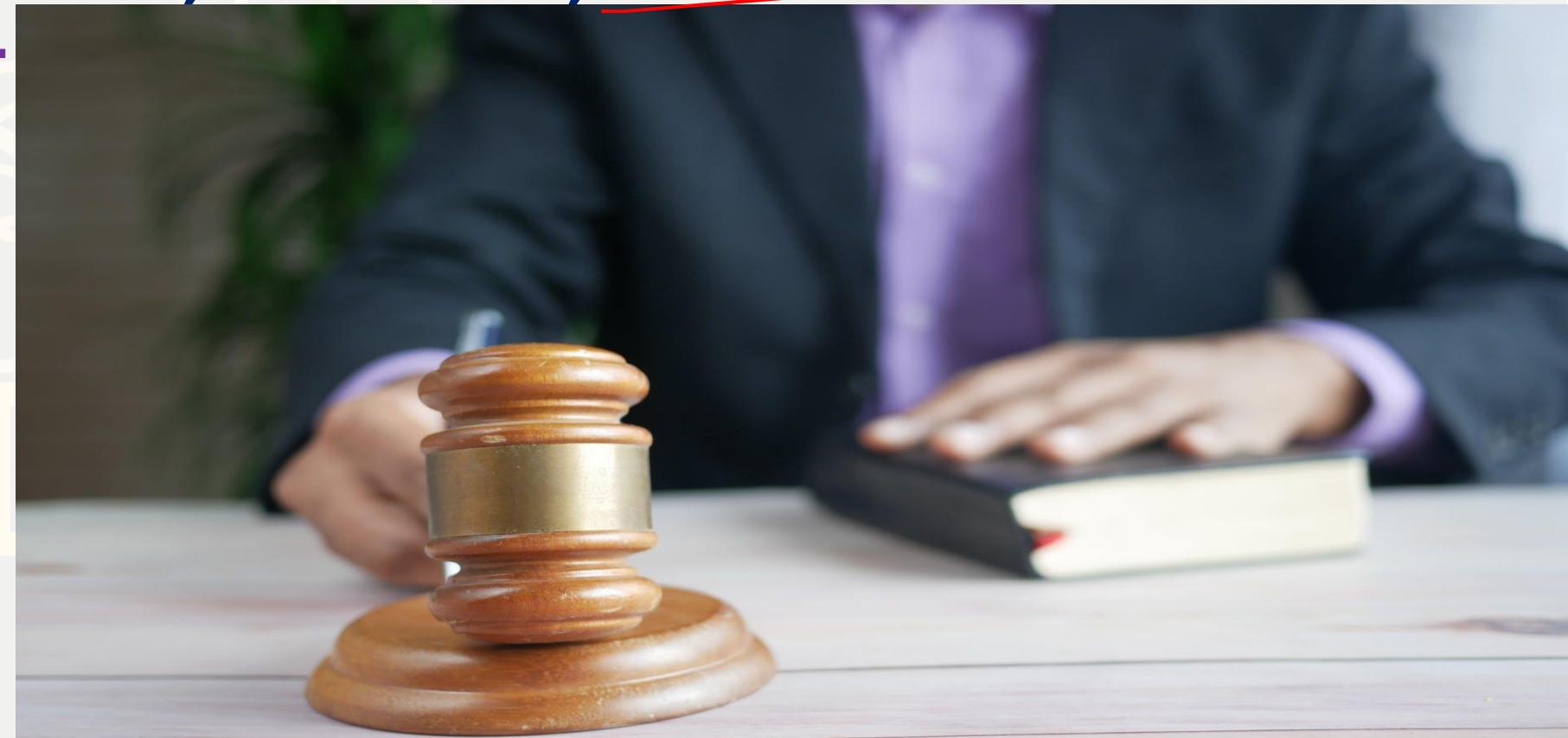


# 1) Injunction (NOUN) (uhn·juhngk·shn)

an authoritative warning or order./ a formal command or admonition

**Similar:** order, direction, command, instruction

हिदायत, हुक्मनामा



## 2) Plaudit (NOUN) (/ˈplɔ:dɪt/)

an expression of praise or approval.

**Similar:** praise, acclaim, acclamation, commendation

प्रशंसा, बड़ाई, शाबाशी



### 3) Cornucopia (NOUN) (kaw·nyoo·kow·pee·uh)

an abundant supply of good things of a specified kind.

**Example-** "the festival offers a cornucopia of pleasures"

**Synonyms-** abundance, profusion, richness

प्राचुर्य, जादा मात्रा में

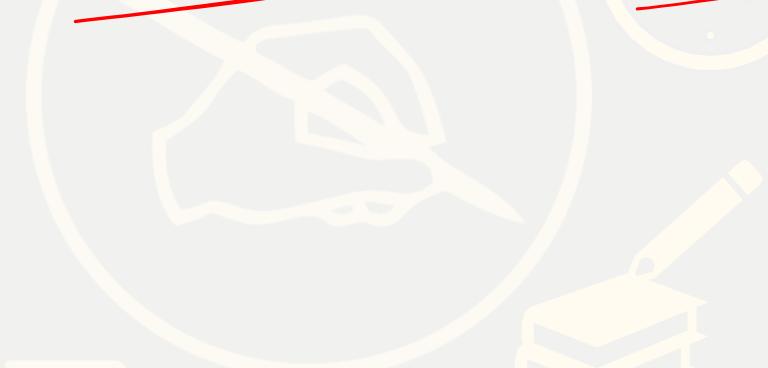


## 4) Interdict (VERB) (/ɪn'tɛdɪkt/)

prohibit or forbid (something).

Similar: ban, bar, proscribe, embargo, disallow, debar, outlaw

मना करना, रोक लगाना, प्रतिबंध लगाना



## 5) Scurrilous (ADJ) (skuh·ruh·luhs)

making or spreading scandalous claims about someone with the intention of damaging their reputation.

**Similar:** abusive, vituperative, derogatory, disparaging, pejorative,,,

अपमानजनक, अभद्र, गंदा



## 6) Serendipity (~~NOUN~~) (seh·ruhn·di·puh·tee)

the occurrence and development of events by chance in a happy or beneficial way./ good luck in making unexpected and fortunate discoveries **Similar:** happy chance, happy accident good luck, good fortune, आकस्मिक लाभ, अकस्मात से कछ खोज करना



## 7) Tome (NOUN) (təʊm/)

a book, especially a large, heavy, scholarly one.

Example- "a weighty tome"

Similar: volume, book, work, writing, publication

किताब, पुस्तक, बृहत् ग्रन्थ



## 8) Toady (NOUN) (/təʊdi/)

a person who behaves obsequiously to someone important.

Similar: sycophant, fawner, flatterer, spaniel, bootlicker, yes-man,

चाटुकार, चापलूस



## 9) Vilify (VERB) (/ˈvɪlɪfʌɪ/)

speak or write about in an abusively disparaging manner.

Similar: disparage, denigrate, defame, revile, berate, belittle

तिरस्कार करना, कलंक लगाना, बदनाम करना, कलंकित करना



## 10) Trenchant (ADJ) (/'*tren(t)ʃ(ə)nt/*)

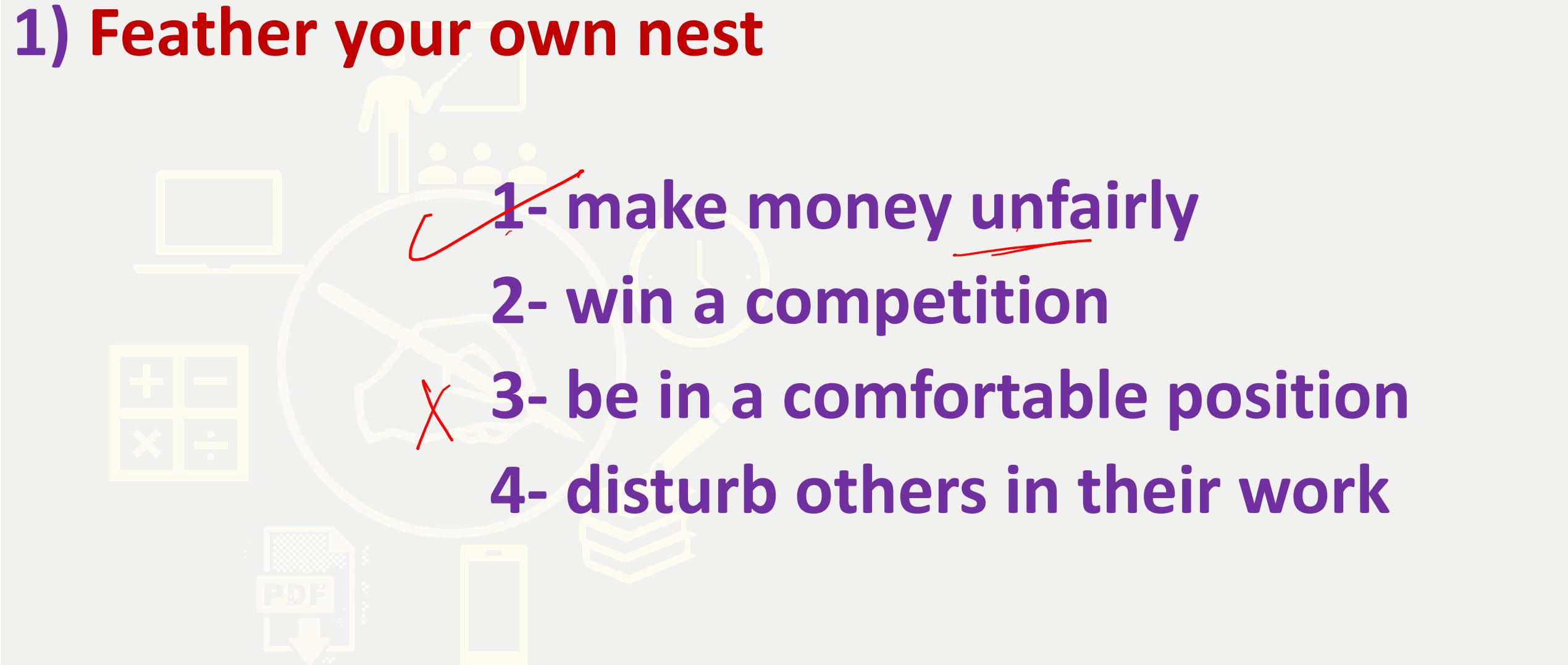
vigorous or incisive in expression or style./ clearly or sharply defined to the mind

**Similar:** cutting, pointed, piercing, sharp, biting, stinging, mordant, pungent,,

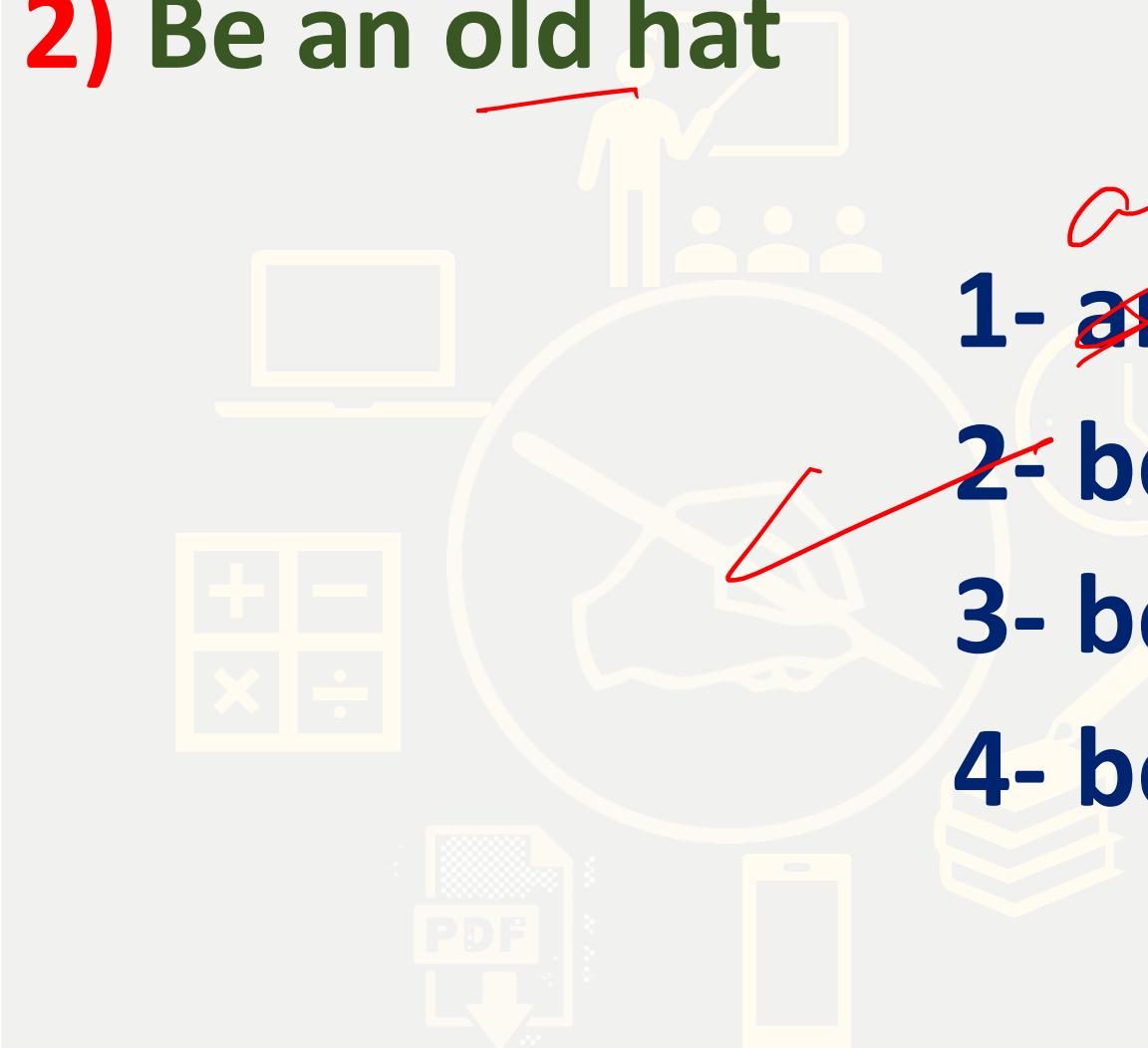
तीखा, पैना, तीव्र



# 1) Feather your own nest

- 
- 1- make money unfairly**
  - 2- win a competition**
  - 3- be in a comfortable position**
  - 4- disturb others in their work**

## 2) Be an old hat

- 
- 1- ~~a~~ superstitious
- 2- be outdated
- 3- be crazy
- 4- be foolish

### 3) Head in the clouds

- 
- 1- to daydream
  - 2- to be very tall
  - 3- to be very lazy
  - 4- to feel giddy

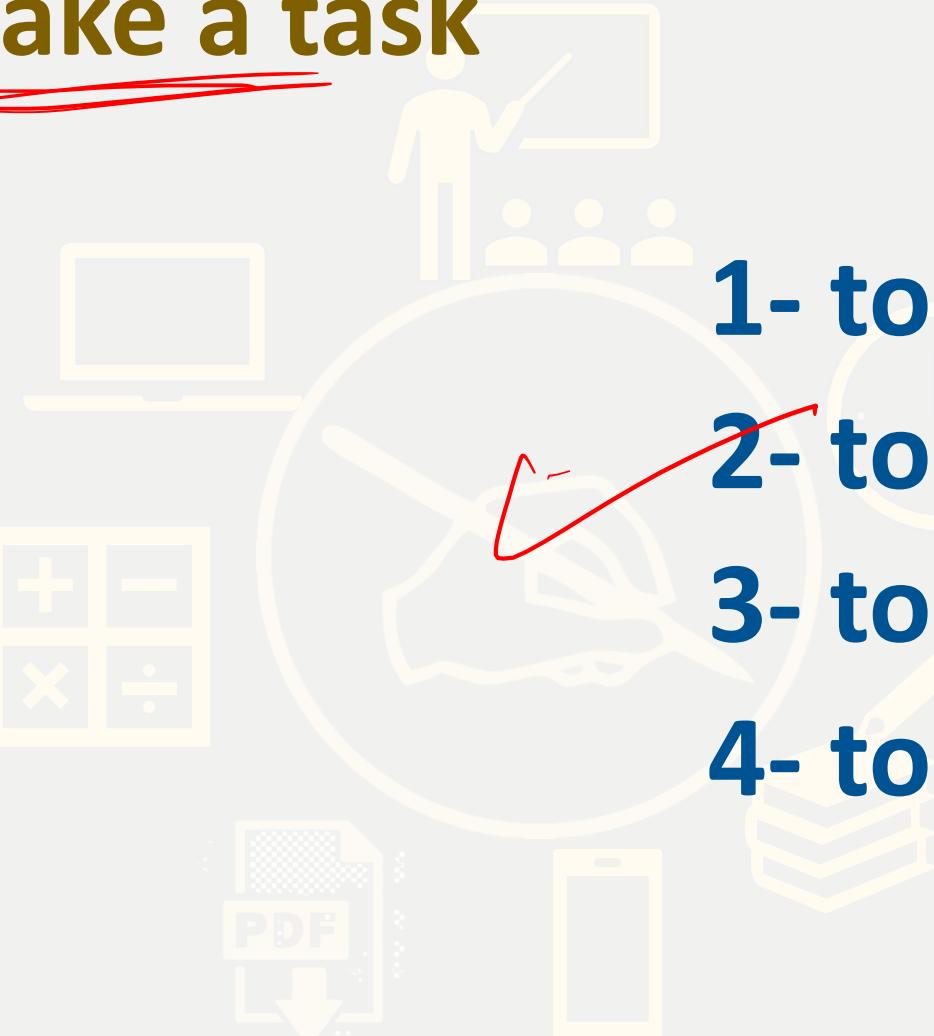


## 4) Green Thumb

- 
- 1- to have talent in gardening
  - 2- to be envious
  - 3- to be angry
  - 4- to have talent in painting



## 5) Take a task

- 
- 1- to assign work
  - 2- to rebuke *→ ~~STC71~~*
  - 3- to praise
  - 4- to give an award



