





Reasoning Ability

LIVE MOCK DISCUSSION

DAY - 11 10:30 AM





UPCOMING ONLINE BATCHES

November 2021

03 Nov 2021

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD

(BANK-PO & CLERK)

01:00 PM to 03:00 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD

(BANK-PO & CLERK)

05:30 PM to 07:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD

(SSC CGL & CHSL)

BILINGUAL

10 Nov 2021

03:00 PM to 05:00 PM

LIVE PREMIUM **GREEN CARD**

(BANK-PO & CLERK)

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD

(SSC CGL & CHSL)

BILINGUAL

17 Nov 2021

08:00 AM to 10:00 AM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD

(BANK-PO & CLERK)

05:30 PM to 07:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD

(BANK-PO & CLERK)

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD

(SSC CGL & CHSL)

BILINGUAL

24 Nov 2021

10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD

(BANK-PO & CLERK)

07:30 PM to 09:30 PM

LIVE PREMIUM GREEN CARD

(BANK-PO & CLERK)

03:00 PM to 05:00 PM

LIVE PREMIUM SILVER CARD

(SSC CGL & CHSL)

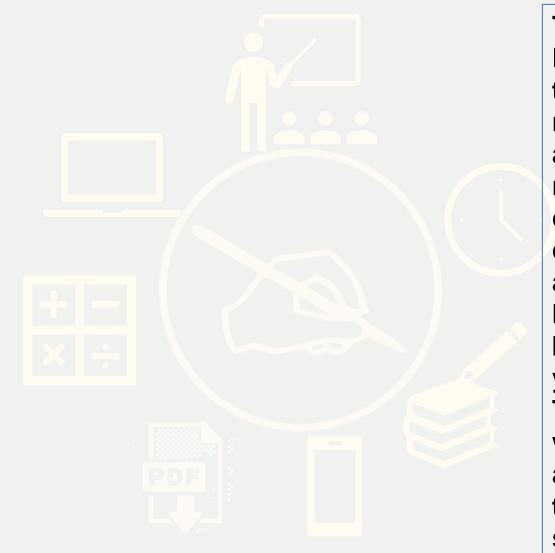
BILINGUAL



एक कंपनी में सात व्यक्ति हैं, अर्थात् ए, बी, सी, डी, ई, एफ और जी। उनके पास क्लर्क, पीओ, सहायक प्रबंधक, प्रबंधक, उप महाप्रबंधक, महाप्रबंधक, और प्रबंध से शुरू होने वाले अलग-अलग पद हैं। निर्देशक। प्रबंध निदेशक से शुरू होकर सर्वोच्च पद और लिपिक का सबसे निचला पद होना। वे सभी अलग-अलग रंग पसंद करते हैं जैसे कि लाल, नीला, सफेद, काला, हरा, या-एंज, और पीला। जिसे लाल पसंद है उसका पद सबसे ऊंचा है। केवल तीन व्यक्तियों के पद B से नीचे हैं, जिसे नीला रंग पसंद है। F को पीला रंग पसंद है और उसका एक पद B से ऊंचा है। B और E के बीच दो पद हैं, जिसे सफेद रंग पसंद है। काला रंग पसंद करने वाले व्यक्ति के पास एक पद है जो E के ठीक ऊपर है। F महाप्रबंधक नहीं है। A को हरा रंग पसंद है और वह G से वरिष्ठ है, जो सहायक मैन-एगर है और उसे नारंगी रंग पसंद है। C के पास सर्वोच्च पद नहीं है।

There are seven persons in a company namely A, B, C, D, E, F and G. They have different designations starting from clerk, PO, assistant manager, manager, deputy general manager, general manager, and managing director. Starting from the managing director being the highest post and the clerk being the lowest post. They all like different colours namely red, blue, white, black, green, orange, and yellow. The one who likes red has the highest post. Only three persons have posts lower than that of B, who likes blue. F likes yellow and has a post higher than that of B. There are two posts between B and E, who likes white colour. The one who likes black colour has a post which is just higher than that of E. F is not the general manager. A likes green colour and is senior to G, who is assistant man-ager and likes orange colour. C does not have the highest post.





There are seven persons in a company namely A, B, C, D, E, F and G. They have different designations starting from clerk, PO, assistant manager, manager, deputy general manager, general manager, and managing director. Starting from the managing director being the highest post and the clerk being the lowest post. They all like different colours namely red, blue, white, black, green, orange, and yellow. The one who likes red has the highest post. Only three persons have posts lower than that of B, who likes blue. F likes yellow and has a post higher than that of B. There are two posts between B and E, who likes white colour. The one who likes black colour has a post which is just higher than that of E. F is not the general manager. A likes green colour and is senior to G, who is assistant man-ager and likes orange colour. C does not have the highest post.



FOR MORE DISCOUNT VISIT www.mahendras.org & USE PROMO CODE : **E14727**

Designation	Names	Colours
Managing Director	D	Red
General Manager	A	Green
Deputy general manager	F	Yellow
Manager	В	Blue
Ass istan t Manager	G	Orange
РО	С	Black
Clerk	E	White

Who likes black colour?

- 1) E 2) A 3) F 4) The one who is the PO
- 5) The one who is the manager

Who has the designation of deputy general manager?

1) C 2) B 3) D 4) A 5) F



How many persons have posts lower than A?

1) Six 2) Four 3) Three 4) Two

5) Five



FOR MORE DISCOUNT VISIT www.mahendras.org & USE PROMO CODE: E14727

Designation	Names	Colours
Managing Director	D	Red
General Manager	А	Green
Deputy general manager	F	Yellow
Manager	В	Blue
Assi stan t Manager	G	Orange
РО	С	Black
Clerk	E	White

How many persons are there who have their posts in between D and the one who likes orange colour?

1) One

5) Two

- 2) Three
- 3) Four 4) N
 - 4) None

Which of the following pair of name –designation –colour is correct?

- 1) D –General Manager –Yellow
- 2) B -Assistant Manager -Blue
- 3) E -PO -White
- 4) A -General manager -Green
- 5) G -manager -orange





How many pairs of letters are there in the word "SECURITY" each of which has as many letters be-tween them in the word (in the forward and backward direction) as they have between them in the English alphabetical order? शब्द "SECURITY" में अक्षरों के ऐसे कितने युग्म हैं, जिनमें से प्रत्येक के बीच उतने ही अक्षर हैं, जितने उनके बीच अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला के क्रम में (आगे और पीछे की दिशा में) हैं? 1) One 2) Two 3) Three 4) None 5) More than Three





If 2 is added to each even digit and 1 is subtracted from each odd digit in the number 321754, then which number/numbers are repeated more than once? यदि संख्या 321754 में प्रत्येक सम अंक में 2 जोड़ा जाता है और प्रत्येक विषम अंक से 1 घटाया जाता है, तो कौन सी संख्या/संख्याओं को एक से अधिक बार दोहराया जाता है?

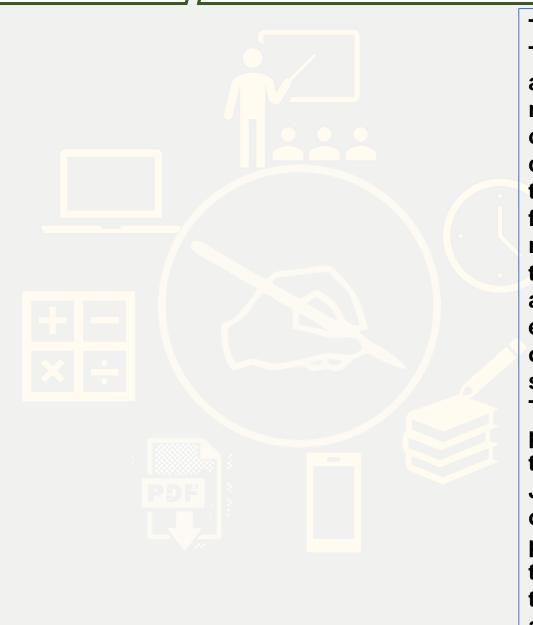
- 1) Only 4
- 2) Both 4 and 6
- 3) 4, 6, 8
- 4) Only 6
- 5) None



J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, और R नाम के नौ व्यक्ति हैं। वे सभी एक पंक्ति में बैठे हैं। कुछ का मुख उत्तर की ओर और कुछ का मुख दक्षिण की ओर हैं। समान दिशा में उन्मुख व्यक्ति का अर्थ हैं कि यदि एक व्यक्ति का मुख उत्तर दिशा में है तो दूसरे का मुख भी उत्तर दिशा की ओर है। यदि व्यक्तियों का मुख विपरीत दिशाओं में है तो यदि एक का मुख उत्तर की ओर है तो दसरे का मुख दक्षिण दिशा में है और इसके विपरीत। दक्षिण की ओर उँनमुख व्यक्तियों की संख्या उत्तर की ओर उन्मुख व्यक्तियों की संख्या से अधिक है। पंक्ति के मध्य में बैठे व्यक्ति का मख उत्तर दिशा की ओर है। अंतिम छोर पर बैठे व्यक्तियों का मख विपरीत दिशाओं में है। । किसी एक अंतिम छोर पर बैठा है। अंतिम बायें छोर पर बैठे व्यक्ति के दायें से दसरे स्थान पर बैठे व्यक्ति का मुख अंतिम बायें छोर पर बैठे व्यक्ति के विपरीत है। N का मख उत्तर दिशा में है। चरम दायें छोर पर बैठे व्यक्ति का मख दक्षिण की ओर है। N और Q के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। P, J कें ठीक दायें बैठा है, और । के विपरीत दिशा की ओर उन्मुख है। K, बाएं छोर से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। Q पंक्ति के मध्य में बैठा है। J का मुख दक्षिण की ओर नहीं है। R, N के निकट है। K और L के बीच तीन व्यक्ति बैठे हैं, और दोनों एक ही दिशा की ओर उन्मुख हैं। Q के निकटतम पड़ोसियों का मुख विपरीत दिशा में हैं। O और N का मुख एक ही दिशा में हैं और O और N के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति है

There are nine persons namely, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, and R. They all are sitting in a row. Some are facing north and some are facing south. The person facing in the same direction means that if one person faces in the north direction then the other also faces north direction. If persons are facing opposite directions then if one is facing north then the other faces in the south direction and vice-versa. The number of persons facing south is more than the number of persons facing north. The one who is sitting in the middle of the row faces in the north direction. The persons sitting on the extreme ends are facing in opposite directions. J sits on one of the extreme ends. The person sitting second to the right of the one who is on the extreme left end is facing opposite to the one who is sitting on the extreme left end. N faces in the north direction. The person sitting on the ex-treme right end faces south. Two persons are sitting between N and Q. P is sitting immediately to the right of J, and faces in the opposite direction to that of J. K is sitting third from the left end. Q is sitting in the middle of the row. J does not face the south. R is near to N. Three persons are sitting between K and L, and both are facing in the same direction. Immediate neighbours of Q are facing in the opposite direction. O and N is facing in the same direction and there is only one person be-tween O and N

FOR MORE DISCOUNT VISIT www.mahendras.org & USE PROMO CODE : E14727



There are nine persons namely, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, and R. They all are sitting in a row. Some are facing north and some are facing south. The person facing in the same direction means that if one person faces in the north direction then the other also faces north direction. If persons are facing opposite directions then if one is facing north then the other faces in the south direction and vice-versa. The number of persons facing south is more than the number of persons facing north. The one who is sitting in the middle of the row faces in the north direction. The persons sitting on the extreme ends are facing in opposite directions. J sits on one of the extreme ends. The person sitting second to the right of the one who is on the extreme left end is facing opposite to the one who is sitting on the extreme left end. N faces in the north direction. The person sitting on the ex-treme right end faces south. Two persons are sitting between N and Q. P is sitting immediately to the right of J, and faces in the opposite direction to that of J. K is sitting third from the left end. Q is sitting in the middle of the row. J does not face the south. R is near to N. Three persons are sitting between K and L, and both are facing in the same direction. Immediate neighbours of Q are facing in the opposite direction. O and N is facing in the same direction and there is only one person be-tween O and N



Who is sitting third to the left of K?

1) N 2) J 3) Q 4) O 5) L

How many persons are not facing north?

- 1) Four 2) Five 3) Two 4) Three

5) Six

Who is sitting third from the right end?

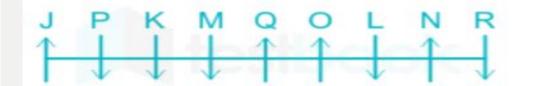
1) K 2) M 3) L 4) O 5) Q



How many persons are sitting to the left of L?

3)Two

- 1) Four 2) Six
- 5) Seven



Which of the following pairs of 'Name –Face direction' is correct?

- 1) L -North 2) M -South 3) K -North
- 4) N -South 5) J -South



4) Three

There are seven persons in a family namely, D, G, J, K, N, M, and P. N is the mother of J. D is the son-in-law of N. G is the son of D. K is the only aunt of G. D does not have any brother-in-law. N and M are a married couple. D has only one brother.

एक परिवार में सात व्यक्ति हैं, अर्थात् D, G, J, K, N, M, और P. N, J की माता है। D, N का दामाद है। G, D. K का पुत्र है। G की इकलौती आंटी है। D का कोई ब्रदर-इन-लॉ नहीं है। N और M एक विवाहित युगल हैं। D का केवल एक भाई है

How is P related to G?

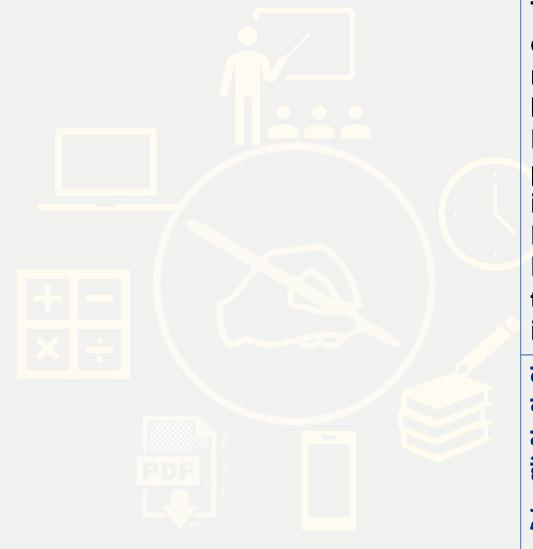
1) Aunt 2) Uncle 3) Father 4) Mother 5) Grandfather

How many female members are there in the family?
1) Two 2) One 3) Four 4) Three 5) Five

How is M related to D?

- 1) Father 2) Mother 3) Sister 4) Son-in-law
- 5) Father-in-law





Ten Boxes A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I and J are placed one above the other in any particular order. Box number 1 is at the top and Box number 10 is at the bottom. There are three boxes between Box A and Box B. Box I is placed on an even numbered position. Box J is immediately above F and immedi-ately below C. Box G is placed between the Box D and Box H. There are three boxes between Box D and Box I. Box B is neither at the top nor at the bottom. Box F is at ninth position. Box G is immedi-ately above Box H.

दस बॉक्स A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I और J किसी विशेष क्रम में एक के ऊपर एक रखे गए हैं। बॉक्स नंबर 1 सबसे ऊपर है और बॉक्स नंबर 10 सबसे नीचे है। बॉक्स A और बॉक्स B के बीच तीन बॉक्स हैं। बॉक्स I को एक सम संख्या वाली स्थिति में रखा गया है। डिब्बा J, F के ठीक ऊपर और C के ठीक नीचे है। डिब्बा G, डिब्बा-D और डिब्बा-H के बीच रखा है। डिब्बा-D के बीच तीन डिब्बे हैं। और डिब्बा I. डिब्बा B न तो ऊपर है और न ही नीचे। डिब्बा F नौवें स्थान पर है। डिब्बा G, डिब्बा H के ठीक ऊपर है।

CASE 1		
Α		
D		
G		
Н		
В		
1		
С		
J		
F		
E		

Which box is placed at the top?

1) A 2) C 3) D 4) I 5) B

Which of the following box is placed at the position number 3?

1) A 2) G 3) D 4) I 5) B

Which of the following box is placed immediately below I?

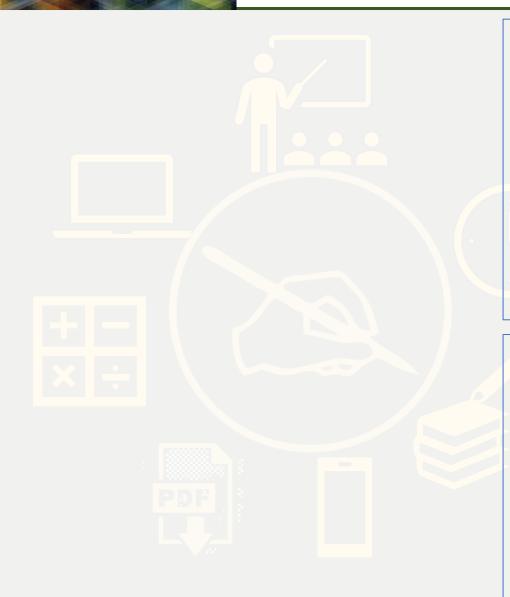
1) A 2) G 3) D 4) I 5) C

Four among the five are alike in certain way. Find the one that does not belong to that group.

1) G 2) B 3) C 4) J 5) F

What is the Box number of Box H?

1) 6 2) 2 3) 4 4) 5 5) 3



Certain numbers of persons are sitting in a row. All are facing in the north direction. M sits third to the left of N. Five people sit between M and K. S sits second to the right of K. O sits fifth to the right of R who is an immediate neighbor of M. L sits second to the left of O. K sits third from one of the extreme ends. O is not an immediate neighbor of N. Number of people sit between R and L is same as the number of people sits to the right of O

निश्चित संख्या में व्यक्ति एक पंक्ति में बैठे हैं। सभी का मुख उत्तर दिशा की ओर है। M, N के बायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। M और K के बीच पाँच लोग बैठे हैं। S, K के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। O, R के दायें से पांचवें स्थान पर बैठा है, जो M का निकटतम पड़ोसी है। L, O के बायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। K किसी एक अंतिम छोर से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। O, N का निकटतम पड़ोसी नहीं है. R और L के बीच बैठे लोगों की संख्या उतनी ही है जितनी O के दायें बैठे लोगों की संख्या है

1:30

FOR MORE DISCOUNT VISIT www.mahendras.org & USE PROMO CODE : E14727



How many people are sitting in the given row?

1) 18 2) 15 3) 17 4) 19 5) 13

If Q sits between R and N then what is the position of S with respect to Q?

- 1) Fifth to the right 2) Fifth to the left 3) Sixth to the right
- 4) Sixth to the left 5) Seventh to the righ

The number of people sits to the left of S is same as the number of people sits to the right of

1) N 2) L 3) O 4) R 5) None of these

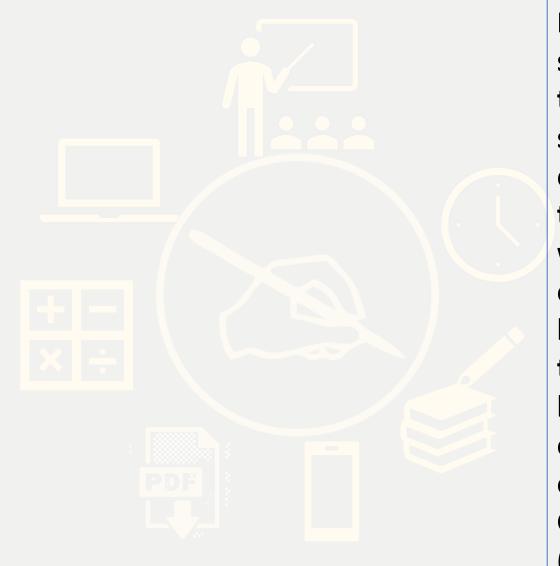
How many people sit between O and K?

1) Two 2) Seven 3) Nine 4) Eleven 5) Thirteen

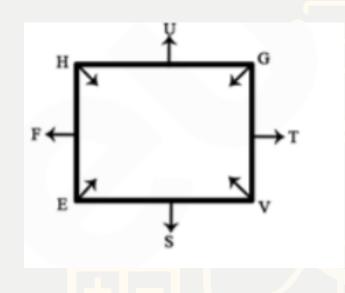
Eight friends E, F, G, H, S, T, U, and V are sitting around a square table in such a way that four of them sit at four corners of the square table while four sit in the middle of each of the four sides. The ones who sit at the four corners face the centre while those who sit in the middle of the sides face outside. S is an immediate neighbour of both E and V. S sits in the middle of one of the sides of the table. Only one person sits between E and H. T sits second to the right of U. U is not an immediate neighbour of E or V. F is not an immediate neighbour of G. G faces a direction opposite to that of U. (i.e, if U faces the centre, then G faces outside and vice versa)

आठ मित्र E, F, G, H, S, T, U और V एक वर्गाकार मेज के चारों ओर इस प्रकार बैठे हैं कि उनमें से चार वर्गाकार मेज के चार कोनों पर बैठे हैं जबिक चार प्रत्येक के मध्य में बैठे हैं। चार पक्ष। चारों कोनों पर बैठने वालों का मुख केंद्र की ओर है जबिक भुजाओं के बीच में बैठने वालों का मुख बाहर की ओर है। S, E और V दोनों का निकटतम पड़ोसी है. S मेज की किसी एक भुजा के मध्य में बैठा है. E और H के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति बैठा है। T, U के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। U, E या V का निकटतम पड़ोसी नहीं है। F, G का निकटतम पड़ोसी नहीं है। G का मुख U के विपरीत दिशा में है। (अर्थात, यदि U का मुख केंद्र की ओर है, तो G का मुख बाहर की ओर है और इसके विपरीत)





Eight friends E, F, G, H, S, T, U, and V are sitting around a square table in such a way that four of them sit at four corners of the square table while four sit in the middle of each of the four sides. The ones who sit at the four corners face the centre while those who sit in the middle of the sides face outside. S is an immediate neighbour of both E and V. S sits in the middle of one of the sides of the table. Only one person sits between E and H. T sits second to the right of U. U is not an immediate neighbour of E or V. F is not an immediate neighbour of G. G faces a direction opposite to that of U. (i.e, if U faces the centre, then G faces outside and vice versa)



21. How many people sit between F and G when counted from the right side of F?

F के दाहिनी ओर से गिनने पर F और G के मध्य कितने व्यक्ति बैठे हैं?
A. Three B. Four C. Two D. None E. One

22. Which of the following is true regarding F?

F के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सत्य है?

A. Only three people sit between F and H.

B. F sits in the middle of one of the sides.

C. F sits second to right of U.

D. None of the given options is true

E. Both S and G are immediate neighbours of F.

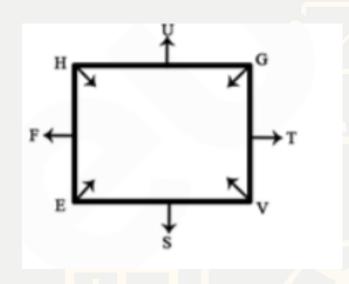


23. Who sits on the immediate right of H?

H के ठीक दायें कौन बैठा है?

A. U B. S C. G D. F E. T





24. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group? निम्नलिखित पांच में से चार एक निश्चित तरीके से समान हैं और इसलिए एक समूह बनाते हैं। वह कौन सा है जो उस समूह से संबंधित नहीं है?

A. H

B. V

C. G

D. T

E. E



25. What is the position of U with respect to E?

E के सन्दर्भ में U का स्थान क्या है?

A. Third to the right

B. Fourth to the right

C. Second to the left

D. Third to the left

E. Second to the right

- A. If only conclusion I is true.
- B. If only conclusion II is true.
- C. Either conclusion I or II is true.
- D. Neither conclusion I nor II is true.
- E. Both conclusions I and II are true.



$$A > B < C = D \le E, Q \ge R < O > E$$

Conclusions:

$$I. D > R \qquad II. B < O$$



27. Statements:

$$X < K \ge A = D < Y \le M, C \ge N = D \ge I$$

Conclusions:

