## (QMahendra's

Q
nabard
nabard

## IBPS/SBI/RBI/NABARD

# REASONING CODING DECODNG <br> Civey 10:30 AM 



## UPCOMING ONLINE BATCHES

February 2022



C0:30 AM 50 12:30 PM bank online Live class

08:00 AM to $10: 00 \mathrm{Am}$ SSC ONLINE LIVE CLASS

01:00 PM 10 03:00 PM SSC ONLINE LIVE CLASS

BILINGUAL

07730 PM to 09.30 PM
BANK ONLINE LIVE CLASS
(BANK PO \& CLERK)
ENGLISH MEDIUM

FOR MORE DISCOUNT VISIT WWw．mahendras．org \＆USE PROMO CODE ：E14727


Rim 1 hour ago
Homework
option a Granddaughter
thank you for the session mam．
凸 円 REPLY


Shalu Saini 12 hours ago
Option A－Grandaughter
Thank u mam
凹 『 REPLY


Sarita 5 hours ago
Homework answer
Option A
Granddaughter
Today nice session mam
Read more
凸 円 REPLY
d
debasish chakraborty 11 hours ago
Homework ：Grandaughter

Thank you mam
（3）REPLY


AAYUSH SRIVASTAVA 5 hours ago
HOMEWORK QUESTION－（A）：GRANDDAUGHTER
凸 『 REPLY

Rahul Kumar Upadhyay 4 hours ago
Today home work will be
Option no Aaaaaaaa
Nice ession mam natale th th th th th thelanalo
B 马 REPLY


Atanu Das 4 hours ago
Options e－can＇t be determined
B 马 REPLY

Nabanita De 9 hours ago（edited）
H．W－Granddaughter．thank u ma＇am．
凸 『 REPLY

Rimjhim Singh 11 hours ago
Hw ans－Granddaughter（Option A）
凸 『 REPLY
shubhangi mishra 4 hours ago
H．w ans－Option a－granddaughter
凸 『 REPLY
Nitika Gupta 10 hours ago
Homework
Option a granddaughter
凸 马 REPLY

## BLOOD RELATION CODED FORM

' $P+Q$ ' means that $P$ is the mother of $Q$,
' $P \div Q$ ' means that $P$ is the brother of $Q$,
' $P \times Q$ ' means that $P$ is the son of $Q$,
' $P-Q$ ' means that $P$ is the sister of $Q$,

If ' $A \times B$ ' means ' $A$ is father of $B$ '.

If ' $A+B$ ' means ' $A$ is wife of $B$ '.
If ' $A \div B$ ' means ' $A$ is daughter of $B$ '.
If ' $A$ - $B$ ' means ' $A$ is son of $B$ '.
How is $L$ related to $Q$ in the expression / $L, Q$ से संबंधित कैसे है?
' $L \div M \times 0-P \div Q^{\prime}$ ?
A Granddaughter
B Niece
C Daughter-in-law
D Daughter
E Can't be determined

If ' $A \times B$ ' means ' $A$ is father of $B$ '.

If ' $A+B$ ' means ' $A$ is wife of $B$ '.
If ' $A \div B$ ' means ' $A$ is daughter of $B$ '.
If ' $A$ - $B$ ' means ' $A$ is son of $B$ '.

What will come in the place of the question mark, to establish that Q is the nephew of $T$ in the expression: ' Q ? $\mathrm{R} \div \mathrm{S} \times \mathrm{T}$ ' ?
A +
B $\times$
C -
D -
E Either - or $\div$

If ' $A \times B$ ' means ' $A$ is father of $B$ '.

If ' $A+B$ ' means ' $A$ is wife of $B$ '.
If ' $A \div B$ ' means ' $A$ is daughter of $B$ '.
If ' $A$ - $B$ ' means ' $A$ is son of $B$ '.
Which of the following relations are true based upon the relations given in the equation:
'A-B×C+D-E'?
$A C$ is mother of $A$
$B D$ is brother of $A$
C E is mother-in-law of C
D None is true
' $\mathrm{P}+\mathrm{Q}$ ' means ' $P$ is the sister of Q '.
' $P$ \# $Q$ ' means ' $P$ is the husband of $Q$ '.
'P \$ Q' means 'P is the daughter of Q'.
' $\mathrm{P} \% \mathrm{Q}$ ' means ' P is the mother of Q '.
'P @ Q' means 'P is the brother of Q'.
What should come in the place of the question mark (?), to establish that ' B is the child of K ' in the following expression?
T \% K \# F \% L + N ? B
A Only '\%'
B Either '+' or ‘@'
C Only '\#'
D Either ‘@’ or ‘\%'
E Only '+'

## CODING DECODING

## TYPES OF CODING DECODING

1.LETTER CODING<br>2.NUMBER CODING<br>3.SUBSTITUTION CODING<br>4.CONDITIONAL CODING<br>5.BINARY CODING<br>6.NEW PATTERN CODING

In a certain code 'MISSIONS' is written as 'MSIISNOS'. How is 'ONLINE' written in that code?

1. OLNNIE
2. ONILEN
3. NOILEN
4. LNOENI

5. ONNLIE

In certain code 'TIGER' is written as 'QDFHS'. How is 'FISH' written in that code?

1. GERH
2. GRHE
3. GREH
4. GHRE
5. GEHR

In certain code 'FROZEN' is written as 'OFAPSG'. Then how would 'MOLTEN' be written in that code?

1. OFPOMN
2. OFSMPN
3. OFUMPN
4. OFUNPM
5. OFUMON


In a certain code 'SEQUENCE' is coded as 'FDOFVRFT. How is 'CHILDREN' coded in that code?

1. OFESJMID
2. OFSEMJID
3. OFSEJIMD
4. OFSEJMID
5. None of these

'speak nicely to all' is coded as "ka cu ma he" 'all are like us' is coded as " si fo he to" 'teach us lesson nicely' is coded as " po ma fo re"
 'lesson like all humans' is coded as "he re gu si"

What is the code for 'are' in the given language? A si
B to
C fo
D Either A or B
E Can't be determined
'speak nicely to all' is coded as "ka cu ma he" 'all are like us' is coded as " si fo he to" 'teach us lesson nicely' is coded as " po ma fo re" 'lesson like all humans' is coded as "he re gu si"


What would be the code for 'speak to me'?
A ma ka go
B lo ma fo
C re maku
D ka culo
Ecu mapi
'speak nicely to all' is coded as "ka cu ma he" 'all are like us' is coded as " si fo he to" 'teach us lesson nicely' is coded as " po ma fo re" 'lesson like all humans' is coded as "he re gu si"


What would be the code for 'nicely'?
A he
B ma
C si
D fo
E None of these
'speak nicely to all' is coded as "ka cu ma he" 'all are like us' is coded as " si fo he to" 'teach us lesson nicely' is coded as " po ma fo re" 'lesson like all humans' is coded as "he re gu si"


What would be the code for "lesson"?
A fo
B re
C ma
D he
E si

Letter/ अक्षर : M K A D E T R J I W U B F H Q
Digit/Symbol code/अंक/प्रतीक कोड : 7 \%

## Conditions/शर्ते:

(i) If the first letter is a consonant and the last letter is a vowel both are to be coded as the code for the vowel./यदि पहला अक्षर एक व्यंजन और अन्तिम अक्षर एक स्वर है तो दोनों को स्वर के कोड द्वारा कोडित किया जाना है।
(ii) If the first letter is a vowel and the last letter is a consonant, the codes for the first and the last letters are to be interchanged./यदि पहला अक्षर एक स्वर है और अन्तिम अक्षर एक व्यंजन है तो पहले और अन्तिम अक्षर के कोडों को आपस में बदल दिया जाता हैं।
(iii) If the third letter is a vowel it is to be coded as ' $\mathbf{S}$ './यदि तीसरा अक्षर एक स्वर है तो इसको ' $\mathbf{S}$ ' द्वारा कोडित किया जाना है।

## WHIMTD

(1) @3S786
(2) @3S768
(3) 63S73@
(4) @3S78@
(5) None of these

Letter/ अक्षर : M K A D E T R J I W U B F H Q
Digit/Symbol code/अंक/प्रतीक कोड : 7 \%

## Conditions/शर्ते:

(i) If the first letter is a consonant and the last letter is a vowel both are to be coded as the code for the vowel./यदि पहला अक्षर एक व्यंजन और अन्तिम अक्षर एक स्वर है तो दोनों को स्वर के कोड द्वारा कोडित किया जाना है।
(ii) If the first letter is a vowel and the last letter is a consonant, the codes for the first and the last letters are to be interchanged./यदि पहला अक्षर एक स्वर है और अन्तिम अक्षर एक व्यंजन है तो पहले और अन्तिम अक्षर के कोडों को आपस में बदल दिया जाता हैं।
(iii) If the third letter is a vowel it is to be coded as ' $\mathbf{S}$ './यदि तीसरा अक्षर एक स्वर है तो इसको ' $\mathbf{S}$ ' द्वारा कोडित किया जाना है।

## WEMKUA

(1) \$5d \%\#\$
(2) \$d7\%\#\$
(3) \$57\%\#@
(4) \$57\%\#\$
(5) None of these

Letter/ अक्षर : M K A D E T R J I W U B F H Q

Digit/Symbol code/अंक/्रतीक कोड : | 7 |
| :--- |

## Conditions/शर्ते:

(i) If the first letter is a consonant and the last letter is a vowel both are to be coded as the code for the vowel./यदि पहला अक्षर एक व्यंजन और अन्तिम अक्षर एक स्वर है तो दोनों को स्वर के कोड द्वारा कोडित किया जाना है।
(ii) If the first letter is a vowel and the last letter is a consonant, the codes for the first and the last letters are to be interchanged./यदि पहला अक्षर एक स्वर है और अन्तिम अक्षर एक व्यंजन है तो पहले और अन्तिम अक्षर के कोडों को आपस में बदल दिया जाता हैं।
(iii) If the third letter is a vowel it is to be coded as ' $\mathbf{S}$ './यदि तीसरा अक्षर एक स्वर है तो इसको ' $\mathbf{S}$ ' द्वारा कोडित किया जाना है।

EMDFHK
(1) $\% 76 \rightarrow 3 \%$
(2) 576~35
(3) 576?3\%
(4) \%76ヶ35
(5) None of these

Letter/ अक्षर : M K A D E T R J I W U B F H Q
Digit/Symbol code/अंक/प्रतीक कोड : 7 \%

## Conditions/शर्तो:

(i) If the first letter is a consonant and the last letter is a vowel both are to be coded as the code for the vowel./यदि पहला अक्षर एक व्यंजन और अन्तिम अक्षर एक स्वर है तो दोनों को स्वर के कोड द्वारा कोडित किया जाना है।
(ii) If the first letter is a vowel and the last letter is a consonant, the codes for the first and the last letters are to be interchanged./यदि पहला अक्षर एक स्वर है और अन्तिम अक्षर एक व्यंजन है तो पहले और अन्तिम अक्षर के कोडों को आपस में बदल दिया जाता हैं।
(iii) If the third letter is a vowel it is to be coded as ' $\mathbf{S}$ './यदि तीसरा अक्षर एक स्वर है तो इसको ' $\mathbf{S}$ ' द्वारा कोडित किया जाना है।

## QTRUJE

(1) 48d\#95
(2) 581\#95
(3) 581\#94
(4) 582\#95
(5) None of these
Q. If TEACHER is coded as JAWYWTH. How is RECHARD written in that code?
(1) JAJTWYA
(2) WYXTJAJ

(3) TXYWJAJ
(4)XYWJAJT
(5)XYWTJAJ

## Q. If DECISION is coded as 2157. How is DECODING written in that code? <br> (1) 2734 <br> (2) 3227 <br> (3) 2237 <br> (4) 7322 <br> (5) 6417

In a certain code PRICE is written as CEIPR and MEANS is written as AEMNS, how is SCAMP written in that code?
(1)ACMPS
(2) CMPSA
(3) SPMCA
(4) HXZNK

(5) KNZXH

If SULTAN is coded as HAABAC, how is NOIDA coded in that code ?
(1) MINDA
(2) NMDAI
(3) MNIDA
(4) INMDA
(5) None of these

. In a code, DURATION is written as VEBSJUOP ,how is FORECAST written in that code?
(1) PGSFBDTU
(2) PGFSUTB
(3) PGSFUTBD

(4) PGFSBDUT
(5) None of these

| Digit/Symbol | 3 | 8 | $\wedge$ | 4 | $\$$ | $@$ | 1 | $\#$ | 7 | $\%$ | 9 | $\&$ | $*$ | 2 | 5 | $!$ | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Code | D | A | M | H | Q | C | R | G | B | J | F | K | N | L | T | P | E |

## Conditions:

(1) If both the left most and the right most elements are symbols, then the codes for the first two elements get interchanged between them and the codes for the last two elements get interchanged between them.
(2) If the left most element is a symbol and the right most element is an even digit then the code for both will be $Y$.
(3) If the left most element is an odd digit and the right most element is a symbol then the codes of these two elements got interchanged.
(4) If the left most element is an odd digit and the right most element is an even digit then the code for both will be W.
(5) If the left most element in the group is an even digit and the right most element is an odd digit then reverse the order of the code for the group.

836@497

1) PDECHFA
2) BFHCEDA
3) $A D E C H F B$
4) XDECHFX
5) YDECHFY

3\#\%7964

1) HEFBJGD
2) WGJBFEW
3) $X G J B F E X$
4) HGJBFED
5) None of these
