



The Hindu Vocabulary: 26.047.2024

1. DEPLOY (VERB): (तैनात करना): position

Synonyms: station, post

Antonyms: concentrate

Example Sentence:

Forces were deployed at strategic locations.

2. UBIQUITOUS (ADJECTIVE): (सर्व-भूत): omnipresent

Synonyms: ever-present, everywhere

Antonyms: rare, scarce

Example Sentence:

His ubiquitous influence was felt by all the family.

3. MISADVENTURE (NOUN): (अनिष्ट): accident

Synonyms: problem, difficulty

Antonyms: good luck

Example Sentence:

The coroner recorded a verdict of death by misadventure.

4. EXCLUSIVE (ADJECTIVE): (पूर्ण): complete

Synonyms: full, entire

Antonyms: partial

Example Sentence:

We need exclusive focus on education.

5. DE JURE (ADVERB): (क़ानूनन): by right

Synonyms: rightfully, legally

Antonyms: de facto

Example Sentence:

The President aims to create a de jure one-party state.

6. WANE (VERB): (क्षीण होना): decrease

Synonyms: decline, diminish

Antonyms: increase

Example Sentence:

About half-past eight the combat began to wane.

7. MULTIPLICITY (NOUN): (बहुतायत): abundance

Synonyms: scores, mass

Antonyms: lack

Example Sentence:

The demand for higher education depends on a multiplicity of factors.

8. PLAUSIBLE (ADJECTIVE): (विश्वसनीय): credible

Synonyms: reasonable, believable

Antonyms: unlikely

Example Sentence:

A discourse for which there were few takers earlier began to sound plausible.

9. FAINTLY (ADVERB): (थोड़ा): slightly

Synonyms: vaguely, somewhat

Antonyms: extremely

Example Sentence:

She just smiled faintly.

10. MYRIAD (ADJECTIVE): (असंख्य): innumerable

Synonyms: countless, infinite

Antonyms: numerable

Example Sentence:

He gazed at the myriad lights of the city.

