



The Hindu Vocabulary: 18.03.2024

1. PERENNIAL

Parts of Speech: Adjective

Meaning: Lasting or existing for a long or apparently infinite time; enduring or recurring continuously.

Synonyms: Everlasting, enduring, eternal, constant

Antonym: Temporary, transient, ephemeral

Sentence: The perennial beauty of the mountains attracts visitors from all over the world year after year.

2. VINDICATE

Parts of Speech: VERB

Meaning: To clear someone of blame or suspicion; to justify or prove someone's innocence or correctness.

Synonyms: Justify, exonerate, acquit, validate

Antonym: Condemn, accuse, blame

Sentence: The new evidence presented in court helped to vindicate the defendant, leading to their acquittal.

3. CONTENTIOUS

Parts of Speech: ADJ.

Meaning: Likely to cause disagreement or argument; characterized by heated argument or controversy.

Synonyms: Controversial, disputable, debatable, contentious

Antonym: Agreeable, harmonious, peaceful

Sentence: The contentious issue of gun control sparked heated debates among politicians and citizens alike.

4. EXHILARATING

Parts of Speech: ADJ.

Meaning: Making someone feel very happy, animated, or elated; invigorating or stimulating.

Synonyms: Thrilling, exciting, electrifying, stimulating

Antonym: Dull, boring, mundane, unexciting

Sentence: The roller coaster ride was exhilarating, with twists and turns that left us screaming with excitement.

5. SOBERING

Parts of Speech: ADJ.

Meaning: Making someone feel serious or thoughtful; causing one to become solemn or thoughtful, especially by confronting them with unpleasant or serious facts.

Synonyms: Serious, grave, solemn, thought-provoking

Antonym: Comforting, reassuring, lighthearted

Sentence: The documentary presented a sobering look at the effects of climate change on vulnerable communities around the world.

6. PROPAGANDA

Parts of Speech: Noun

Meaning: Information, especially of a biased or misleading nature, used to promote or publicize a particular political cause or point of view.

Synonyms: Misinformation, disinformation, publicity, promotion

Antonym: Truth, honesty, impartiality

Sentence: The government's propaganda machine worked tirelessly to shape public opinion in favor of its policies.

7. BLARING

Parts of Speech: ADJ.

Meaning: Very loud and harsh; producing a loud, unpleasant sound.

Synonyms: Loud, noisy, deafening, booming

Antonym: Soft, muted, quiet, subdued

Sentence: The blaring horns of the traffic jam outside made it difficult to concentrate on work.

8. REVELATIONS

Parts of Speech: NOUN

Meaning: A surprising or enlightening disclosure or realization; something that is revealed or disclosed, especially something that was previously unknown or hidden.

Synonyms: Disclosure, discovery, enlightenment, insight

Antonym: Concealment, secrecy, suppression

Sentence: The revelation of her long-lost family history was both shocking and heartwarming.

9. STAGGERED

Parts of Speech: VERB

Meaning: To walk or move unsteadily, as if about to fall; to arrange or present in a series of alternating or overlapping positions or intervals.

Synonyms: Reel, lurch, falter, wobble

Antonym: Proceeded, continued, marched

Sentence: After being hit by the sudden news, he staggered backward, struggling to maintain his balance.

10. EQUIVOCATION

Parts of Speech: NOUN

Meaning: The use of ambiguous or unclear language to deceive or mislead; the act of being deliberately vague or ambiguous.

Synonyms: Ambiguity, evasion, prevarication, double-talk

Antonym: Clarity, straightforwardness, candor

Sentence: The politician's equivocation on the issue only deepened the public's distrust in their leadership.