



The Hindu Vocabulary: 08.03.2024

1. CONNIVED

Parts of Speech: VERB

Meaning: To secretly cooperate or conspire with others, often with the intent to deceive or commit wrongdoing.

Synonyms: Conspire, collaborate, collude, scheme.

Antonyms: Oppose, resist, thwart.

Sentence: The corrupt officials connived to embezzle funds from the government, leading to a major scandal.

2. PRECINCTS

Parts of Speech: NOUN

Meaning: The area within the boundaries or confines of a particular place or building; a district or locality.

Synonyms: Area, region, district, locality.

Antonyms: Outskirts, periphery.

Sentence: The historic town center is divided into different precincts, each with its own unique character and charm.

3. ILLICIT

Parts of Speech: ADJ.

Meaning: Forbidden by law, rules, or custom; illegal; involving activities that are not considered morally or socially acceptable.

Synonyms: Illegal, unlawful, prohibited, forbidden.

Antonyms: Legal, lawful, permitted, allowed.

Sentence: The police discovered an illicit drug operation in the abandoned warehouse, leading to multiple arrests.

4. FRINGE

Parts of Speech: ADJ.

Meaning: Not part of the mainstream; unconventional or on the outskirts.

Synonyms: Unconventional, alternative, marginal.

Antonyms: Mainstream, central, conventional.

Sentence: The artist embraced a fringe style that challenged traditional artistic norms.

5. FRINGE

Parts of Speech: NOUN

Meaning: The outer edge or border of something; an ornamental border of threads left loose or formed into tassels or twists.

Synonyms: Border, edge, margin, periphery.

Antonyms: Center, core, mainstream.

Sentence: The painting had a fringe of intricate patterns that added a decorative touch to the artwork.

6. ALLUDED

Parts of Speech: VERB

Meaning: To make an indirect reference to something; to mention something indirectly or in passing without explicitly stating it.

Synonyms: Refer, suggest, hint.

Antonyms: Explicitly state, specify.

Sentence: The speaker alluded to a potential change in company policy but did not provide specific details.

7. VICINITY

Parts of Speech: NOUN

Meaning: The area or region near or surrounding a particular place; the immediate neighborhood or proximity of a location.

Synonyms: Proximity, nearness, surroundings, area.

Antonyms: Distance, remoteness.

Sentence: The hotel is located in the vicinity of the main tourist attractions, making it convenient for visitors to explore the area on foot.

8. AMBIT

Parts of Speech: NOUN

Meaning: The scope, extent, or range of something, often referring to the limits or boundaries of a concept or area.

Synonyms: Scope, range, extent, boundary.

Antonyms: Limitation, restriction.

Sentence: The project's ambit extended beyond the initial plan, encompassing various aspects of the organization's operations.

9. OVERARCHING

Parts of Speech: ADJ.

Meaning: Including or influencing everything; overarching refers to something that is comprehensive, all-encompassing, or universal.

Synonyms: Comprehensive, all-encompassing, inclusive.

Antonyms: Limited, narrow, specific.

Sentence: The team developed an overarching strategy that addressed both short-term and long-term goals for the company's growth.

10. TRANSLOCATION

Parts of Speech: NOUN

Meaning : The process of moving something from one place to another; the movement of molecules or other substances within a cell.

Synonyms: Relocation, transfer, displacement.

Antonyms: Fixed position, immobility.

Sentence: The translocation of the factory to a more strategic location improved its efficiency and accessibility to resources.

